

THE STAR, And North-Carolina State Gazette.

No 26.

RALEIGH, (N. C.) FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1819.

Vol. XI.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
BY THOMAS HENDERSON, Jr.
Subscription, THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM—50 CENTS
WILL BE SENT WITHOUT AT LEAST \$1.50 CENTS IS PAID IN
ADVANCE, AND NO PAPER DISCONTINUED, UNTIL THE OP-
PORTUNITY OF THE EDITOR, UNLESS ALL ARREARS ARE PAID.—
ADVERTISEMENTS, NOT EXCEEDING TWELVE LINES, INSERTED
FOR THREE TIMES FOR ONE DOLLAR, AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT TIME.

Entertainment.

HAVING taken into consideration the scar-
city of money, and the consequent reduc-
tion in the price of provisions, I intend accommodating
my customers at lower prices than usual. Those who
may be pleased to call on me at the sign of the Cross
K, will find their accommodations equal to any in the
city.

JOSIAH BILLIARD.

Raleigh, June 16, 1819.

25 4c

Found.

ON my plantation, a red POCKET BOOK,
with Bank Bills in it. The owner may
have them by proving property and paying all
expense, by applying to the subscriber living at
Cross Roads, Stokes county N. C.

JOSEPH KERNER.

June 5, 1819.

25—3w

Twenty Five Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the delivery of
BARKLET to me in Louisa: The above negro
was purchased by J. W. Clay in Granville county of
Ephraim Bailey; I expect he is at present in the neigh-
borhood of Louisa; I purchased said negro of Clay.

R. WYNNE.

25—3w

Five Dollars Reward.

RANA VAY from the subscriber on the 15th
inst. a bound mulatto boy, named JAMES
MELLOW; he is about five feet 8 or 9 inches high, has
grit hair, carried away with him a pair of dove color-
ed velvet pantaloons and one pair of homespun black
and white pantaloons striped in the flannel, one spotted
silk vest and a felt hat, nearly half worn, other clothing
not recollected.—The above reward will be given to any
person who will apprehend the said boy, and confine
him, so that I get him again and all reasonable expen-
ses paid.

HENRY TERRILL.

Wake county near Rogers's Cross Roads.

25—3w

Examination.

ON Monday the 28th instant, will commence the Ex-
amination of the students of the Hilliardston Aca-
demy and continue two days. Parents, Guardians and
other friends of the institution, are invited to attend.
The 2nd session of the Hilliardston school will com-
mence on Monday 12th July next.

25—2w

WM. BURT, Sec'y.

Franklin Academy.

THE Examination of the students of this institution
closed on the 2nd day of June, inst. much to the
satisfaction of the Trustees and those who attended the
examination. The exercises of this institution will a-
gain commence on the third Monday of the present
month, under the direction of Mr. John Bobbitt as principal.

25—2w

S. JOHNSON, Sec'y.

Leghorn Hats just received.

MRS. RABOTEAU respectfully informs
her customers and the ladies of Raleigh,
and its vicinity, that she has just received 1 box Leg
horn Hats of a superior quality, also rich fancy Ribbons,
Artificial Flowers and almost every article in the Mill-
inery and Fancy line, likewise at the same place a fresh
supply of reasonable staple goods as usual.

Raleigh, June 18 h. 1819.

State of North-Carolina,

Rutherford County.

Superior Court of Law. April Term. 1819.

John Long, vs. Solomon Beason—Attachment.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the
defendant in this cause is not an inhabitant of this
State, it is therefore ordered that publication of this
notice be made in the Raleigh Star for six weeks, for the
defendant to appear at the next court to be held in
Rutherford, on the 3rd Monday after the 4th Monday
in September next, and plead or judgment proconfesso
will be entered up against him. Witness, James Mor-
ris, Clerk of the said court at office, 30th April, 1819.

25—6w

JAMES MORRIS, Clerk.

Cape-Fear Navigation Company.

PURSUANT to the provisions of the act of incor-
poration, notice is hereby given, that the annual meet-
ing of the stockholders of the Cape Fear Naviga-
tion Company will be held at the town house in Fayetteville
on Thursday the first day of July next, at which time
the attendance of the proprietors is required personal-
ly or by their representatives.

By order of the President and Directors.

J. W. WRIGHT, Sec'y.

Fayetteville, June 7.

25—2w

Cape-Fear Navigation Company.

PURSUANT to the provisions of the charter,
notice is hereby given that the shares of such
of the stockholders of the company as have any instal-
ment due and unpaid thereon, will be sold at public
auction before the Town-House in Fayetteville on Mon-
day the 7th of June next, and such delinquents are no-
ticed that "if such sales shall not produce the full sum
hereof ordered and directed to be advanced on their
shares, with interest and incidental charges," the Pres-
ident and Directors are authorized by the charter of
the company "to sue for and recover the balance by
motion in any court of competent jurisdiction, on ten
days previous notice," and they will feel themselves
bound to enforce the provisions of the charter in this
behalf.

By order of the President and Directors.

HENRY BRANSON, Pres't.

Fayetteville, May 8, 1819.

UNDER authority of the President and Directors,
the sale of stock above mentioned, is postponed until
Monday the 12th day of July next, of which delinquents
have this notice.

J. W. WRIGHT, Sec'y.

Fayetteville, June 7.

25—tds.

Camp Meetings.

ONE to commence 8th of July, on Adam's
creek, about 30 miles below Newbern.

One to commence 26th of August, about 5
miles South of Raleigh, near the stage road
leading from Raleigh to Fayetteville.

And one to commence 12th of September at
the Rain-bow meeting house, in Greene county,
about 4 miles nearly a S. E. coast of Snow
Hill, on the road leading from Snow Hill to
Newbern.

It is humbly hoped that the Ministers of the
Gospel of Christ will attend in the spirit of
their office, and the Laity in the spirit of
prayer and devotion.

LEWIS SKIDMORE.

June 17th 1819.

Committed.

TO the jail of Orange county on the 10th instant, a
negro man by the name of Lunrick, about 45
years of age, dark complexion, with a large pair of whis-
kers, and says that he is a Brick Layer by trade, and
that he belongs to the heirs of Thomas Fitzgerald and
was hired to William McGray, of Wilmington, N. C.
Said negro is about 5 feet 10 inches high. The owner is
requested to come forward, prove property and take
him away.

25—3tp

WM. H. ADAMS, Jail.

Poetical.

HARD TIMES.

ADDRESSED TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

"HARD times!" from every quarter is the cry;
Hard times, indeed! The fact I do deny.
Is it hard times, when, if the truth you tell,
You must confess you live extremely well?
On best of meats and on wheaten bread you dine,
And drink in plenty whiskey, ale or wine;
Dress fine as lords; move to and fro at ease,
Work when you choose, and play when'er you please.

Q. Providence have such a people cause.
(People who own no sovereign but their laws.)
To mourn their plight, thy mercies to decry,
Because on wings of gold they cannot fly?
Ungrateful race to whom your God hath given,
The best, the choicest, richest boon of heav'n

Turn but your eyes to Europe's distant shore,
Silence your groundless plaints and sigh no more,
There view your fellow man; behold his doom—
Bound to the soil or fastened to the loom:
For priests and nobles daily forc'd to toil,
Who of his labour makes a sport and spoil:
A scanty pittance to their victim give,
And call it charity, to let him live.
Your fate with his Americans! compare;
Be thankful, and your countrymen adore.

Washington Gazette.

From the N. Y. Evening Post.

ODE TO FORTUNE.

Fair lady with the bandaged eye!
I'll pardon all thy scurvy tricks,
So thou wilt cut me, and deny
Alike thy kisses and thy kicks:
I'm quite contented as I am—
Have cash to keep my duns at bay,
Can choose between beefsteaks and ham,
And drink Madeira every day.

My station is the middle rank;
My fortune—just a competence;
Ten thousand in the Frank'n bank,
And twenty in the six per cent;
No amorous chains my heart enthrall,
I neither bowwow, lend, nor sell;
Fearless I roam the city hall,
And bite my thumb at Mr. Bell.*

*The horse that twice a year I ride,
At Mother Dawson's gets his fill;
My books at Goodrich's abide,
My country-seat is Weehawk hill;
My morning lounge is Eastburn's shop;
At Poppetown I take my lunch;
Ribs prepare my mutton chop,
And Jennings makes my whiskey punch.

When merry, I the hours amuse
By squibbing Bucktails, Guards, and Balls;
And when I'm troubled with the blues,
Damn Clinton, and abuse canals.
Then for one I since I no prize,
At least preserve me from thy frown;
The man who don't attempt to rise,
'Twere cruelty to tumble down.

CROAKER & CO.

*The Sheriff.

Agricultural.

From the Massachusetts Spy.

Brother farmers.—Have you any cider to
cheer and comfort you in your spring work and
hay? None! I have; and will tell you
how, by the blessing of Providence I came by it.
I took care that the caterpillar should not
devour my fruit. It is my practice in the fall,
to examine my trees, and remove the eggs
which are deposited for a next year's stock from
the twig, on which by a glutinous covering,
they are fastened. I examine them again
early in the spring, to take care of such as
have been overlooked. Those that have es-
caped my attention, are hatched by the sun,
as soon as the buds expand enough to feed on,
(for they always keep pace with the vegeta-
tion of the tree,) and form themselves nests in
the first crotch they find. A few days they
are all hatched and sheltered in this new cov-
ering. In a few days more, sometimes the
whole but more commonly a division of this
foraging army, take up their encampment in a
large crotch, where the junction of the limbs
favour their excursion over the whole tree.—
Previous, however, to this stage, taking a cold
cloudy, or wet day, I begin my work of exter-
mination. My weapons of warfare, are, a fine
saw, a piece of fine woollen cloth, a twist of hay

or straw, or any other flexible matter with
which I can the most easily crush them, by
passing it round, or drawing it through the
crotch. If any are deposited in a limb beyond
my reach, with a ladder, or by climbing the tree,
I can have recourse to my saw, taking care to
cut away with as little damage to the tree as
possible. This being the season of the year
which I prefer for pruning my fruit trees, much
of the labour of destroying the caterpillar, by
the process just mentioned, is saved, as many
of their nests are found on branches which ought
entirely to be removed. Some years, instead
of fine cloth, &c. I have taken a 4 ounce phial
of oil, no matter what kind, and with a feather
pass a little of it into their nests; taking care
to give all an allowance, no matter how small.
For the least touch kills them at once. I have
also tried burning them, shooting them, putting
"salt" on their tails and pulling their houses
down about their ears with a hair brush—but
these methods are not so effectual. My objec-
tion to the last is, that until they have comple-
ted half their work of destruction, there is not
substance enough in the nest to bear the force
necessary to remove it from the tree. If it
breaks, many of the caterpillars are left in the
crotch, or lodge in their tail on the other limbs.
That certainly is the best method, which, with
the least labour, will the most effectually kill
them.*

It took me about four hours this spring to go
over fifty or sixty trees. And what is four
hours labour compared with the loss of my or-
der and winter apples? Even this labour I
should have saved, if my neighbours, last year
had not been too lazy or too thoughtless to take
care of their fruit. Perhaps I do them wrong.
Possibly they may have some superstitious no-
tion that it is wicked to kill caterpillars. This
seems the more probable, as, in the season of
the kanker worm, they will spend a month and
two dollars worth of tar, to destroy an insect
much less noxious and unsightly than the cater-
pillar. It may be, however, in the days of
improvement, when premiums are so liberally
offered for domestic and other manufactures,
that my neighbours have found the caterpillar a
valuable substitute for the silkworm, and keep
their orchards to feed them on, and convert
their nests into some fine fabric for their wives
and daughters, to exhibit at our Cattle Show;
but, until I have learned their secret, and know
the value of their discovery, I will not
venture for the largest breed, and biggest nest
of caterpillars in my orchard.

NOGGIN.

*I recollect to have heard of a famous powder ad-
vertised for killing fleas. The directions for adminis-
tering it was, to pinch the animals by the neck till they
gasped for breath, and then to cram it down their
throats. But after all the experiments, the old fashion-
ed way of breaking their bones between the thumb and
finger, is found to be the most certain and expeditious.

To Farmers.—Take roil brimstone and melt
it, add to it gunpowder, in the proportion of one
4 lb gunpowder to three 4 lbs of brimstone; mix
them well together. Of this mixture prepare a
bundle of matches; fix the bundle to the end of
a rod and fire it under your apple trees, that
are infested with Caterpillars. The fumes
from the matches will destroy them.

FOREIGN.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The Albion, Captain Williams, arrived at
New York, from Liverpool, has brought ac-
counts to the 2d May.

NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERIES.

In the House of Commons on the 26th of A-
pril, Mr. Robinson moved that the House should
resolve itself into a committee, to consider of
the Convention with the United States of A-
merica. This having been agreed to, he said,
that by the treaty a considerable portion of
the fishery carried on by Americans, on our
coast of North America, had been given up by
the United States; but there was still no law to
condemn American vessels, fishing, for in-
stance, in the harbor of Halifax. It was there-
fore necessary, that some law should be enact-
ed, for the punishment of Americans violating
the treaty and therefore he should move, that
the Governors of our Provinces, and the Com-
manders, should be empowered, by orders in
Council, to take American vessels violating the
Treaty. He then moved for leave to bring in a
Bill, to prevent subjects of the United States
from fishing on the coasts of Newfoundland
and Labrador.

Mr. J. Newport said, this was a subject of
most momentous importance, and he begged the
House would attend to it in a future stage.—
Leave was then given to bring in the Bill.

Speech payments.—The bills which have pass-
ed Parliament restricting the Banks of Eng-
land and Ireland from paying specie for their
notes is a measure of policy more than neces-
sity. In the debate on the subject, the Mar-
quis of Lansdown, (an opposition peer) said,
that as a member of the secret Committee on
Bank affairs, he knew that there was specie en-
ough in the Bank to answer all demands
which could be made on it, and that the time
was not far distant when unlimited specie pay-
ments might be safely allowed.

The Jews.—In the year 1290, in the reign of
Edward I. the property of all the Jews in Eng-
land was confiscated to the use of the crown;
200 of them were hanged in one day, charged

with adulterating the coin. Above 15000 of
these unfortunate people in that reign were
plundered of all their wealth, and banished the
kingdom. In the year 1818, in the reign of
George III Mr. Roffield, a celebrated Jew,
was at the head of most of the loans to the Eu-
ropean kings and emperors.

A letter from Hamburg of the 20th of April,
received in London, announces that "The
house of Haak and Schroder, together with
that of Schuapf and Rittmeister, are this day
declared insolvent, the former to the amount of
165,000, and the latter to that of 233,000 marks
banco."

The Plymouth dock-yards which, says a Lon-
don paper, cover 70 acres of land, are well sup-
plied with timber imported from Dalmatia,
Africa and America.

Lieut. Gen. Count Ricard, peer of France,
is appointed ambassador to Russia. A fire oc-
curred on the 24 of April, at Hitzkinnal, in
Hungary, which destroyed the barracks, two
churches, and 600 dwelling houses.

Interesting Commercial Letter.

LIVERPOOL, MAY 1, 1819.—A arm and anx-
iety are constantly kept alive, by failure con-
tinuing to succeed failure, not only here and in
London, but also in the manufacturing towns.
Distrust and want of confidence prevail to a
great extent, not only from what has happened,
but from an apprehension of others still sinking
under the pressure of the times. This unhap-
py posture of affairs, as you will readily im-
agine, tends to depress every kind of produce.

"Cotton is in tolerable fair demand, but at
comparatively low prices. Uplands 11 1-2 c
13 1-4d. New-Orleans, 12 a 15d Sea Islands,
2 a 3s pr lb.

"Common Tar 15 a 16s. per bbl. New Rice
25s. a 27-6d per cwt. in bond, but in little re-
quest. Tobacco, has experienced a further de-
cline; export qualities, 8 3-4 a 4 1-2d; pretty
good Virginia leaf may be got for 5 1-2, and very
fine for 5 1-2d per lb.

"The average returns of Wheat are so low,
that our ports will be shut against foreign im-
portation for another three months from the
15th of this month. Sweet Am. Flour, old im-
ported but of good quality, is in some demand
at 84 a 87s per bbl.; sour is in limited request
at 28 a 31s."

Accounts received at Baltimore from St. Sal-
vador, state that the Portuguese are very much
exasperated at the Americans, in consequence
of their losing so many vessels by insurgent pri-
vateers fitted out and principally manned in the
United States.

Selected for the New York Daily Advertiser.

ROMAN COINS FOUND.

Last summer, as some workmen were employ-
ed at Vaynol, near Bangor, in removing some
rubbish contiguous to a lime kiln, they discover-
ed a large collection of Roman silver medals,
and a pair of small antique brazen spurs, about
two feet below the surface, by the side of a
round grit stone. They are in a high state of
preservation, and appear to have formed part of
a collection as they are of various dates. The
ancient name of this part of the parish, as ap-
pears by an old extant book of the See of Rye,
gor, of the date of 1286, was Varchwel, a name
which seems to designate its proximity to a mili-
tary station; and it is not improbable but that
Vaynol was formerly a Roman villa, situated
as it is near the Roman Trajecto over the Mo-
nai. The number found was 73; and the his-
torical period which they serve to illustrate,
embraces an interval of 23 years reckoning from
the commencement of the reign of Vespasian to
the death of Commodus. Of these there are 9
of the emperor Vespasian, 6 of Titus Vespasian,
3 of Domitian, (one of which records the cele-
bration of the Ludi Seculares, A. D. 84,) 3 of
Nerva, 16 of Trajan, 10 of Hadrian, and of the
empress Sabina, his wife, 8 of Antonius Pius, 7
of the empress Faustina, 6 of M. Aurelius An-
toninus, 1 of Commodus, and 3 which cannot be
ascertained. The poor workman, who first
made the discovery, was liberally rewarded for
his honesty in communicating the same to the
proprietor, T. A. Smith, Esq. in whose posses-
sion this classic treasure remains.

[Lit. Panorama.]

New Monthly Magazine for April 1819.

LITERARY CURIOSITIES.

R. Watson, Esq. who purchased the Stuart
MS. at Rome, is arrived in London from
Paris, and has brought with him a valuable col-
lection of literary curiosities: among which is
the celebrated MS. Hebrew Bible, that long or-
namented the library at Constantinople. It is
beautifully written on vellum, and is supposed
to be a work of the 5th century. After the fall
of the Greek empire it was carried to Vienna,
where it was preserved for ages in the private
cabinet of the house of Austria, until the capture
of that capital by the French troops, when it
was transported to Paris by a general officer,
who did not know its value, and sold it to the
present proprietor. The most learned men in
Europe consider it to be unique in its kind, and
without a price.

The intelligent collector has 20 figures of the
actors who performed before Francis king of
France, and Henry king of England, in "The
Field of Gold Cloth." It is supposed to be by
Parrogianna, and was preserved in the Guards