

THE STAR, And North-Carolina State Gazette.

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No. 38.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
BY J. S. LEADBETTER, Jr.
Subscription, three dollars per annum—No paper will be sent without at least \$1 50 paid in advance, and the paper discontinued, only at the option of the Editor, unless all arrears are paid. Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines inserted three times for one dollar and twenty-five cents for each continuance.

Madison Academy.
The Trustees of the Madison Academy are happy to inform the public that they have engaged James Franklin Martin, a late graduate of the University of North Carolina, to take charge of said Academy, as a teacher.—This Academy is situated in the west end of Wakeham County, N. C. The trustees can assure parents and guardians that board can be had in good families at fifty dollars per session. The school will commence on the 4th day of July next.
J. S. LEADBETTER, Secy.
June 15, 1820.

Wilson & Shelton,
Chair makers, house and sign Painters.
RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business in all its various branches. Their work shall be executed in a style equal, if not superior, to any done in this part of the state. Those wishing to purchase can call and judge for themselves, at the shop next door to Messrs. Savage and Standman's.
Raleigh, February 18, 1820.
One or two apprentices will be taken to the above business.

For Sale
An accommodating lot, half of Lot No. 33, in the town of Raleigh, N. C. 441, in the addition of lot off to said town, both unimproved.—Apply to
THOS. G. SCOTT.
Raleigh, April, 13, 1820.

Notice.
RANAWAY from the subscriber in June last, a Negro fellow by the name of Jordan, his of common age and about twenty three or four years of age, was purchased of Col. Hinton of Johnston county N. C. but has reason to believe he is a runaway in Warren county, in the neighborhood of New Hope, to whom he once belonged. A reward of ten dollars will be given for his being secured in any jail or thirty dollars if delivered to me in Charlotte or any other South Carolina.
CLAUDIUS M. PEGUES.
July 31, 1820.

State of North Carolina.
Rowan County.
Court of Equity, April Term, 1820.
The Administrators and Heirs of George Houser dec'd vs. James Bryson, and others.
A motion of complaint, Ordered that the defendants James Bryson, Fred Brward, Edward Bryson, Sarah A. Bryson, Eugene Brward, James Chesnut, Hanson M. Ray, John Taylor, Deas, Mary Melley; (wife of said Deas) Sarah Melley, wife of said John Taylor, Margaret H. Deas (wife of said James H. Deas) and Harriet Chesnut, appear at the Court of Equity to be held for the County of Rowan, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, and answer the Bill of Interplevy, & supplemental Bill, filed by the defendants in this cause, or the same will be taken pro confesso, against them and the subject matter thereof be decreed accordingly; and that this order be published three weeks in the Raleigh printer.
By order,
GEORGE LOCKE, C. M. E.
July, 24th 1820. price of adv. \$2.

State of North Carolina,
Mecklenburg County,
Superior Court of Law, May Term, 1820
Judith Baggett, vs. Irvin Baggett—Petition for Divorce and Alimony.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Irvin Baggett the defendant cannot be found in this State; ordered that publication be made for three months in the Star and Raleigh Register, that unless the said defendant appear at the next term of said Court, to be held at the Court House in Charlotte on the sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and enter his plea if he has, a decree and Judgment will be entered up against him according to the prayer of the petitioner.
GEO. GRAHAM, C. S. C. L.
4th July 1820 price of adv. \$4.

State of North Carolina,
Mecklenburg County,
Superior Court of Law, May Term, 1820.
Barbara Johnson vs. John Johnson—Petition for Divorce and Alimony.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John Johnson the defendant cannot be found in this State; ordered that publication be made for three months in the Star and Raleigh Register, that unless the said defendant appear at the next term of said Court, to be held at the Court House in Charlotte on the sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and enter his plea if he has, a decree and Judgment will be entered up against him according to the prayer of the petitioner.
GEO. GRAHAM, C. S. C. L.
July 4th 1820 price adv. \$4.

MAIL STAGE & STEAMBOAT LINE
THE Passengers in the Mail Stage from Fayetteville to Baltimore, by way of Raleigh, Warren, Petersburg, Richmond and Washington City, will, in future, sleep at Warren, on the second night, and reach the Steam Boat at Pocomoke Creek the third day about six in the evening, and Baltimore the 4th day to dinner, so that the whole route will be performed in about three days and a half.
The line being in excellent order, no disappointment will be experienced upon it; and every attention be paid to make accommodations agreeable.
The PROPRIETORS.
July 24th 1820.

LEWIS ZIMMER,
PETERSBURG—VIRGINIA.
INFORMS the public generally, that he has on hand, and will always keep an assortment of Piano Fortes, of first rate workmanship; Flutes, Flageoles, Clarionets, Fifes, Music for Piano and Violins.
ALSO, as Agent,
Keeps Peter Bauding's deposit of Gun Powder, of as good quality as any made in the U. S. and which he can furnish in any quantity on very easy terms.
Petersburg, July 12, 1820.

Notice, No. 2.
PERSONS indebted to the late firm of Savage and Standman, are solicited to come forward and settle their accounts without delay. It is indispensably necessary that the accounts should be adjusted very shortly.
J. S. LEDBETTER.
July 25th 1820.
N. B. NOTICE, No. 2, will come from RAGAN, J. C. S.

Valuable Land and Mills FOR SALE.
THE subscriber will sell on the most accommodating terms, 600 acres of Land, or a part of it, within three and a half miles of Raleigh, on which is a healthy high situation, where I now live, a Saw and Grist Mill nearly new, built on a very good stream, and runs with velocity. About 75 or 100 acres of the land is in cultivation, on which is a very profitable Crab Apple Orchard, together with other kinds of orchards, containing 4 or 500 trees.—There is also, 40 or 50 acres of rich meadow land, which can be watered with little work from springs that never fail. The land is very heavily timbered, and a better watered tract cannot be found in the county—the soil is well adapted to the culture of wheat, corn, cotton and tobacco. Persons desirous of purchasing are invited to view the premises.—Terms and payment will be made easy.
WILLIAM DANIEL.
Wake county, July 30.

Committed,
To the Jail of Person county, as runaways, two negro men, who call themselves JOHNSON, and W. SHAYERS—Johnson is a young likely fellow, about 25 years of age, very black, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, speaks rather slow, has a down look, and says that he belongs to a Mr. James Hooker, of the town of Washington in this state, and that he has been runaway nearly five years.—William Shavers is about 4 feet 2 or 3 inches high, about 30 years of age, yellowish complexion, has a scar across his breast, and one on the ball of his right thumb, also, one on the right side of his left hand near the joint of his thumb; says he is free, and produced a certificate of his freedom, signed by James Boleche, as Clerk of the Court of Southampton county, State of Virginia, but not having the court seal it is supposed to be a forged paper. The owner or owners of said slaves, if any, are hereby notified to come forward, pay expenses, and comply with the law in such cases made and provided, or else they will be dealt with accordingly.
JOSHUA A. POOL, Jailor.
Elizabeth, July 3, 1820—price adv. \$15 50.

Yellow Springs.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of North-Carolina, and all others who may be disposed, either for the benefit of health or for recreation and amusement during the season, that he has taken, and now keeps the above
SPRINGS,
which are situated in a fine delightful country, near the summit of the Alleghany, in Montgomery county, Virginia, on the direct route from the middle and upper parts of North-Carolina to all the celebrated watering places in Virginia, and also, nearly on the main route from the northern and eastern parts of Virginia to the south.
In addition to the advantages these springs possess from their locality, the subscriber takes the liberty to observe, that the salubrity of the surrounding atmosphere, being entirely free from all noxious vapour—the medicinal qualities of the water, which, on trial, by analysis, and numerous experiments of its salutary effects in removing many diseases incident to the human system, such as all cutaneous complaints, diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and all uterine affections, and its incomparable value in restoring debilitated habits, acting almost invariably on the system as a tonic, a diuretic, and (when very extraordinary, but rarely true,) as a cathartic; together with the accommodations, which the subscriber pledges himself shall be equal to those of any watering place in the state, will he flatters himself, by presenting these to induce gentlemen and ladies who may be disposed to visit any springs in the state, to give them the preference.
BIRD S. GRILLS.
52-31.

To Builders.
PROPOSALS to be received at the Bank in the town of Raleigh, on the 15th September next, for building an Academy and Masonic Hall, 36 by 24 feet, three stories high, faced, plastered, and painted, with two chimneys.
Further particulars will be made known on application.
August 5, 1820. 32-6w.

State of North-Carolina,
Duplin County,
July Term, 1820.
Samuel Sanford, vs. John Clugston.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant in this case is not a resident of this State; it is ordered therefore, that publication be made in the Raleigh Star, three months, that he appear at the next county Court to be held for the county of Duplin, at the Court House in Kenansville, on the third Monday in October next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment final will be entered against him.
Witness, James Pearsall, clerk of the said court at office, the third Monday in July, 1820.
JAS. PEARSALL, Clerk.
August 11th, 1820. 32-3m price adv. \$2.

State of North-Carolina,
Sampson Superior Court,
SPRING TERM, 1820.
Jennet Howard and Elizabeth Turner, vs. The Executors and Heirs at Law of John Turner, dec'd.—Petition for distribution.
IT appearing to the court that the defendants in this case are not inhabitants of this State. This publication is to require the said defendants to appear at our next Superior Court, to be held for the county of Sampson, & answer to the petition aforesaid, or it will be taken pro confesso.
Test, HARDYL HOLMES, Clk.
32-3ms price adv. \$3 75.

For Sale.
THE subscriber wishing to sell, offers his tract of Land, lying in the county of Johnston, and on both sides of Middle Creek, 6 miles west of Smithfield, containing 630 acres; the soil is good for the culture of Indian corn, wheat, cotton, &c. a young orchard of about three hundred apple trees, and about 400 peach trees, the orchards are both young, with about 200 acres of cleared lands. The buildings are a small single story house, with suitable out houses, sufficient to give comfortable accommodation to a small family; few plantations can boast of so many good springs. Persons wishing to purchase, are requested to call and see the land, I am willing to make the payment easy to the buyer, by receiving young negroes at a fair valuation.
JOHN EASON.
August 5th 1820. 32-5wp1.

Runaway,
From the subscriber on the 25th ult. a negro woman named TRAMP, about 25 years of age, not so black as some negroes, has no toes on her feet, occasioned by a burn when small, she speaks freely when spoken to. Any person who will bring her to me in Edgecombe county, about 9 miles North of Tarboro, or confine her in any jail so that I get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded for their trouble, and all reasonable charges paid.
WHITMELL BELL, Sen'r.
August 21 1820. 32-3wpd.

40 Dollars Reward.
RANAWAY from the subscribers, about two miles east of Hillsborough, on the evening of the 20th ultimo, two negro men, named GEORGE and PETER. George is a tall, well proportioned, about 19 years of age, about five feet 9 or 10 inches high, and slightly branded on each cheek, which may be discovered by close examination, he was dressed in a check shirt, a good deal mended, and nankeen trousers. Peter is a black fellow, of about the same age, and about five feet eight inches high, tolerably thick set, dressed in a coarse homespun shirt and trousers, thick set, dressed in the neighborhood of Tarboro, and they were thought they will attempt to go back there, or to Edenton. Any person who will apprehend said negroes and lodge them in jail so that they can be obtained by us, shall receive the above reward. Information to be sent to the subscribers at Murrayville, Brunswick county.
Wm. D. SMITH,
M. F. LEWIS.
August 11 1820. 32-6w.

Five Dollars Reward.
STOLEN from the subscriber on the 7th night of this month, on the road leading from Hains to Salisbury, in Johnston county, at the place called Rocky River, a top coat, Wallet, containing the following articles viz. 3 1/2 yards of blue Broad Cloth, one broad Broad Cloth coat with Metal buttons and homespun suspended lining, one pair mix homespun pantaloons, two waistcoats, one of which was blue with Ivory Buttons, the other a new mix one, two small books, a variety of buttons and four dollars and eighty cents cash, the thief that took them calls his name John Starling, is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of a sandy complexion, has only one eye and the other is not totally run out, says he got it hurt at the battle of the Horse Shoe. Any person that will take the said Starling so as I get him or my property, shall have the above reward.
NATHAN McCracken.
July 2nd 1820. 32-3w.

By the Governor of the State of North-Carolina.
A Proclamation.
WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, the Governor of the State is authorized to cause the Lands lately acquired by treaty from the Cherokee Indians to be offered for sale.
Now, therefore, I JOHN BRANCH, Governor of the State of North-Carolina, do hereby declare and make known that a public sale for the disposal agreeably to law of the said lands, shall be held at Waynesville in the county of Haywood, on the 16th day of October next, under the superintendance of Commissioners appointed for the purpose.
One eighth part of the purchase money will be required of the purchasers at the time of sale, and bounty and security for the payment of the balance, in the following instalments, viz: One eighth at the expiration of the twelve months; one fourth at the end of two years; one fourth at the end of three years, and the remaining fourth at the end of four years.
The sale will continue two weeks and no longer.
Given under my hand, and the Seal of the State, at Raleigh, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1820.
By the Governor, JOHN BRANCH.
WM. P. U. Secretary.
32 tds.

Private Entertainment.
THE subscriber has purchased the House and Lot formerly occupied by James Meares, as a Public House in the city of Raleigh, and has removed to the same, where he intends keeping a House of Entertainment for the accommodation of Travellers, and all others that may think proper to call on him.—Owing to the extraordinary embarrassment of the times, he has reduced his charges as low as possibly can be afforded— which are as follows:—\$9 per month, (lodging included,) Breakfast 25 cents, Dinner 40 cents, Supper 25 cents, Lodging 10 cents; the rooms are large and convenient he will also keep Horses at the following prices:—9 dollars per month, 50 cents per day, and 25 cents single feed; the stables are very large and in excellent order, which will be supplied with the best of provender.
The subscriber cannot refrain, on the present occasion, from expressing his thanks, for past favors, and solicits a continuation; no pains will be spared to render every thing comfortable.
WILLIE JONES.
Raleigh, August 11th 1820. 32-6w.

Division Orders.
THE Major General of the 7th Division of North-Carolina Militia, will be absent from the State until about the 1st of November next. The command during his absence will devolve on Brigadier General Whittaker.
On Wednesday the 15th day of November next, the two Regiments of Wake and the Regiment of Caswell attached to the 17th Brigade, will be reviewed in Raleigh by the Major General, and inspected by Colonel Caldwell Jones, the Inspector of Division, of which the respective commandants and all officers concerned, are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly. The other regiments of the 7th Division will be reviewed in April next, concerning which, other and timely orders will be given.
By the Major General, CHARLES L. HINTON, ROBERT FENNER, Aids de Camp.
August 1st, 1820. 32-1t.

SPEECH OF MR. SMITH, OF NORTH CAROLINA,
ON THE
Proposition to amend the Constitution so as to establish an uniformity in the mode of electing Electors and Representatives to Congress.
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
MR. CHAIRMAN: The resolution before us is one of more than ordinary importance. It proposes nothing less than to amend that instrument which, to every American, must be considered the palladium of his liberty—the Constitution of the United States; and a part of it, too, which the citizen of a republic should esteem far the most valuable and important—I mean that part which regulates the elective franchise.
Sir, I am aware of the ground on which I stand. I am aware of the magnitude of the subject before me. That the people of these states have, for this instrument, the most devoted attachment and profound reverence, must be obvious to the most superficial observer. They view it as the most noble work of their ancestors, and every attempt that may be made to alter or amend it, will excite distrust and jealousy.
But, sir, every day's experience teaches us

the frailty and imperfection of the works of man, we can improve them that have been in mechanics, and in every department of industry. We look back with the vague and visionary theories of their day, considered the most human genius. Although I believe the Constitution surpasses all other Constitutions as far as the sun does, in splendor and in the heavens; yet I am compelled to believe that it is capable of amendment. One of those that believe that our country has more virtue and talents than the present generation. I admire the political sagacity of a man who framed the Constitution of the United States; and if there is any thing about it that excites surprise, it is, that the work should have been at that time made as perfect as it is. We view that thing called a great man, at a distance, he appears to us as a giant; but as you approach him, you find him dwindle down to a pigmy; like the distant horizon, he appears above us, although we may occupy a point much more elevated than the one to which our eyes are directed.

In reconciling the various and conflicting interests of thirteen states, dissimilar in climate, population, and extent of territory, the conventionalists had a difficult task to perform; and, being themselves conscious that the instrument would require amendment they provided a way by which it might be amended in part, without submitting the whole to the discretion of a Convention.

If the proposition before you proposed the adoption of a new principle, I should be ready to shrink from so pernicious and dangerous an undertaking. But, such is not the fact. It only goes to regulate established principles, and to place them upon a ground more congenial with the true spirit and genius of republican government.

Nearly all the states in the Union have exercised the privilege of the elective franchise; at some one period, the way now pointed out in the resolution on your table.

This amendment proposes that each state shall be laid out into as many districts as such state shall be entitled, under the constitution & laws of the United States, to elect representatives to Congress, and that each district shall, as nearly as can be, be composed of contiguous territory, and the same district shall elect one Elector to vote for President of the United States, and for Vice President. The other two Electors to which each state shall be entitled, shall be elected by the states, in such manner as the Legislatures thereof shall direct.

I am aware that we shall be told that this Constitution does not require any amendment; that it is good enough, and that, under it, the people have enjoyed, to the fullest extent, their liberty; that it has guided us through peace & war, for thirty-two years past; and that under it, the nation has grown great and powerful. This is true, and the reason for it may be sought and found in the people themselves. Such a brave, high-minded, and virtuous people unbacked in the intrigues & vices of foreign countries and foreign courts, could have gotten on almost without the form of a written constitution.

And it is true, that, at this day, when all is calm and tranquil as the morning, when there are no parties in hostile array against each other, that the reasonings that would in other days, and at other times, of party rage and violence, have had great influence and effect on the minds of men, have now but little or no effect. And will be contended, no doubt, by those that are opposed to any amendment, that, if there is ever a necessity of amending this instrument, the day is very near.

Sir, we all view danger at a great distance from us with perfect indifference; but the most hardy amongst us begin to feel its effects as it approaches near to us. Nothing can constitute a more important quality in a statesman than that he should have political sagacity to see danger threatening his country at a distance, and skill to provide, before its approach, the means of averting it. If, then, there is any defect to be found in this instrument, why should we not apply the remedy at this time? Do gentlemen expect that a more favorable moment ever can present itself?

As before hinted, there was a time when many of the states in this Union acted on the plan now proposed, from their own sense of propriety. But as soon as parties of different political characters began to spring up, and when the two great contending parties, that have for some years past agitated the minds of the people so much, had formed themselves, under their respective leaders, and had put themselves in hostile array against each other, and when the contest for power and ascendancy was yet doubtful, each party, anxious to augment its scope of influence, lost no opportunity to make every thing yield that could be made to yield, to their ambitious views: When it was ascertained that one party had a few hundred votes majority in a state that party would resort to that mode of electing Electors that would promise most effectually to stifle the voice of the minority, and at the same time give the greatest majority in favor of the dominant party. No other considerations than these, seemed to have had any influence on the minds of the respective leaders throughout that arduous struggle. But now, when things have