

The number of militia enrolled in the state of Pennsylvania is 154,308, of which 14,121 are volunteers.

We have heretofore stated, that the Board of Internal Improvement had decided that the sum appropriated for clearing out the Flats below the town of Wilmington, was sufficient for that purpose, and had authorized the State Engineer to contract with persons for the execution of the work. We now have the pleasure of informing our readers, that a contract has been entered into, agreeably to the provisions of the act of the Legislature and the directions of the Board, for the sum of 15,000 dollars; and that the contractors will proceed immediately to the execution of the work.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, 12th March, 1823. All persons having claims of indemnity for Slaves, or other private property, carried away from the United States by the British officers, after the exchange of the ratification of the treaty of peace of 24th Dec. 1814, between the United States and Great Britain, and in contradiction to the stipulation in the first article of that treaty, are desired to take notice of the following article, in the convention concluded at St. Petersburg, on the 12th of July last, ratified by the President of the United States, and the ratifications whereof have been duly exchanged:

ARTICLE 3. When the average value of slaves shall have been ascertained and fixed, the two commissioners shall constitute a board for the examination of the claims which are to be submitted to them, and they shall notify to the Secretary of State of the United States, that they are ready to receive a definitive list of the slaves and other private property, for which the citizens of the United States claim indemnification, it being understood, and hereby agreed, that the commissioners shall take cognizance of, nor receive, and that His Britannic Majesty shall not be required to make compensation for any claims for private property, under the first article of the Treaty of Ghent, not contained in the said list. And His Britannic Majesty hereby engages to cause to be produced before the commission, as material towards ascertaining facts, all the evidence of which His Majesty's government may be in possession, by returns from His Majesty's officers or otherwise, of the number of slaves carried away. But the evidence so produced, or its defectiveness, shall not go in bar of any claim or claims which may be otherwise satisfactorily authenticated.

The Commission may be expected to meet in this City by the first of May next.

Charleston, March 14. From Havana.—By the schr. Louisa, (of Philadelphia) arrived here yesterday, in five days from Havana, we learn that great activity and bustle prevailed there, preparatory to an apprehended attack from the British naval forces in the West Indies.—Every seaman found on shore was impressed into their service; and efforts were making to put their military defences in the best condition.—The U. S. brig Spark left Havana a few days before the Louisa, bound for Norfolk.—Capt. Jones passed in sight of Key West, and saw a number of vessels at that anchorage, which were probably a part of Commodore Porter's squadron.—Courier.

Philadelphia, March 11. Destructive fire at Canton.—The ship Caledonia, Captain Donaldson, is below.—She sailed from Canton on the 10th of November. Captain Donaldson brings information of a very disastrous fire which occurred in Canton three days before he sailed. It is said that several thousand houses were destroyed. After the preceding paragraph was written, we were favored by Mr. Kitchen with the following information:—Mr. William Smith and Mr. H. N. Kitchen, supercargoes of the ship Caledonia, captain Donaldson, came up last evening;—they sailed from Canton the 10th of November, and left the vessels as reported by the Comet at Holme's Hole, with the exception of the ship Columbian, Captain Shearman, of and for this port, which vessels sailed October 26, and was spoken by the Caledonia all well off St. Helena. Many of the American vessels would be detained on account of a destructive fire which broke out in the quarter called Hog Lane, which continued for four days—it destroyed from ten to twelve thousand dwellings of the natives, and all the factories and warehouses of the foreign merchants, with the exception of that occupied by Mr. Eding, from Philadelphia, who behaved most nobly, throwing his doors open and providing and distributing the stores for the relief of his distressed countrymen, without any reward. Most of the property belonging to the Americans was saved.—The Sailors and boats of the British and American vessels were ordered on shore to assist in protecting the property of their employers. The British Commodore, who had a very respectable force on shore, offered every assistance in his power to the Americans. The estimated loss, as far as could be ascertained, when the Caledonia sailed, would be to

the British, without calculating their supercargoes and store houses, one million and a half of dollars.—Mr. Cushing sent \$20,000 to Mr. Oliphant \$7000. The Caledonia's cargo was all on board.—One half of the Phoenix was on board. The factory occupied by Mr. Thompson, of Philadelphia, was destroyed, but the whole of the goods were saved with the loss of about one hundred and twenty dollars. No exertions were made by the Chinese to put a stop to the destructive element, they considering it a just punishment inflicted upon them by their Jao, whom they worship.

Riot at New Haven. The Litchfield American Eagle of Monday last, says—We understand a serious riot took place at New Haven a few days since, between the students of Yale College and some of the citizens. The particulars we have not learned, but understand that it was very serious. Two or three hundred students being engaged therein, proceeded to great lengths. Some bruised limbs and bloody faces was the result. Some of the students engaged have left town.

Philadelphia, March 8. An attempt was made on Wednesday night last, to perforate letters from the Post office in this city, by means of a machine introduced into the opening of the window through which the letters are deposited.—Freeman's Journal.

Philadelphia, March 10. Yesterday afternoon while divine service was performing at the chapel of the state prison in Walnut-street by the Rev. Mr. Chamberlain, a desperate but wild attempt was made by the prisoners present to effect their escape. The chapel is situated so that the Sixth-street wall forms one side of it. Through this wall it was their intention to escape, and after securing the keeper who was present with them, they commenced destroying it. But their efforts were quickly frustrated by the principal keeper, Mr. Holloway, who, being informed by a lad who, passing the wall in Sixth-street, had heard them trying to break through it, repaired with a number of citizens well armed, and demanded the key of the door; this was soon handed through the window, and being opened, the prisoners were ordered to present themselves at the entrance as their names were called over; intimidated by the appearance of the armed men, they obeyed and were immediately secured. The U. S. Marines, at the Navy Yard, turned out with great alacrity; but before they arrived the insurrection had been quelled.—Id.

Natchez, (Miss.) Nov. 5. The steam boat Tennessee, commanded by Captain Campbell, bound for Louisville, with a valuable cargo, and about 120 deck, and 18 or 20 cabin passengers, on the night of the 8th inst. at about 10 o'clock, struck a snag some distance from the shore, which caused her to sink in a very few minutes, consigning to a watery grave THIRTY of her passengers. An occurrence of this kind, involving such deep distress, and in which so many lives were lost, has never before taken place on the Mississippi. The boat and cargo was estimated at about 150,000 dollars.

Cabin passengers drowned.—M. J. Nouvel, of Lexington, Ky. Mr. Pool, of Baltimore, Mr. Maybin, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Carlietti, of Tennessee. Deck passengers drowned.—George Sanders, of Lexington, Samuel Cooper, of Kentucky, David Knaw, do. John Curby, Samuel Henecly, John Steward, John Kipler, Mrs. Mansker, and child, Mr. Terly James Bradford, negro Henry, do. two negro women, two negro boys, and ten passengers, whose names are not known.

It is reported in the Montreal Herald, that one of the St. Lawrence steam boats (the Malsham) has sunk at the wintering ground, in consequence of the rats having perforated several holes through her sides and hull.

The steam boat Commerce, Lubbock, was to have started yesterday at 12 o'clock, for Hamburg—but after her cargo was all on board, and preparations were making for getting under way, it was ascertained that a sugar hoghead (which had been taken in, supposing it contained sugar) was filled with gunpowder! It had been placed within a few feet of the furnace; and had not its contents been providentially discovered, the consequences would, in all probability, have been dreadful.—It was necessary to take out a considerable portion of the cargo, in order to get at it; which caused a delay of one day in the time of the boat's departure. Charleston Courier.

We regret to learn that the schooner Mary, Drummond, of Pittsburg, Maine, from Turk's Island for this port, with a full cargo of salt, was entirely lost, with her loading, on Ocracoke bar, on Wednesday, the 5th instant. Crew saved.—Wash. Recorder.

We learn that during a very severe thunder storm on Saturday night last, two negro houses on the plantation of Mrs. Sarah Mitchell, in St. James Parish, were struck by the lightning and consumed, together with eleven negroes, who were present, and were killed by the lightning.—Wilmington Intell.

Millington, March 11. The result of the late attempt to hold a treaty with the Cherokee Indians has been truly unfortunate. And, from the disposition manifested by that nation, there is but little hope that the meeting in August next will be more successful.

The Commissioners, we understand, under the expectation that the Indians would at least attend at the Agency, and hear what might be urged in favor of selling their lands, procured a large supply of provisions, and had tents built. Some few did attend, but so scrupulously did they observe the orders in Council which had been previously passed, that, although the weather was very inclement, they would not touch a ration, or venture in the inside of a tent. We could wish that civilized society should always present such examples of obedience to the laws of the land.

A deputation of the Commissioners, aided on Hicks, the principal chief, and remonstrated with him on the course that had been pursued by the nation. He heard them through their story very patiently, and dryly asked, "Will you give us two dollars per acre for our land?" Being answered in the negative, he said "Very well, we know its value, and can keep it. As for the claims your people have against us, we do not regard them. We can pay them without selling our land, whenever they are properly presented." These things are most infallible indications that the people of Georgia must be contented with what land they have already got, unless they adopt the idea of a certain titled son of Mars, who shall be nameless for the present, that Indians stand in the same relation to white men as the wild beasts of the wilderness, and that it is competent for the latter to drive the former from their possessions by force whenever douceurs fail of their usual effect.

Salem, (Mass.) March 3. Appropriate present.—A few days since, an enormous COD FISH, weighing eighty-four pounds, was caught by some Marblehead Fishermen. On its being landed, it was at once agreed to present it to John Quincy Adams, as an appropriate testimonial of the gratitude of Fishermen for his most able and triumphant defence of the American right to the Fisheries, in the negotiations of Ghent. The fish was accordingly frozen with great care, in order to preserve it, incased in a box of ice, and transmitted, with a letter from the donors, to the Hon. Secretary of State.

Wheeling, (Va.) March 1. Enterprize.—We have heretofore mentioned that Mr. E. Phelps was boring for salt-water on the margin of Wheeling creek, near this place. At the depth of 440 feet, he struck a vein of salt water, but not sufficiently large to answer his purpose; he has continued to persevere in his enterprize, and his well is now more than seven hundred and fifty feet deep. Mr. Phelps' machinery for boring is propelled by one horse; he has made a very important improvement in it, and he intends taking out a patent for his invention. He bores with one fourth of the expense that it costs in the usual method, by the application of the same power. As few wells have been sunk so deep, geologists may wish to know whether the appearance or density to the rock through which he is now penetrating, differs from those near the surface. We can simply answer, that it does not.—At the depth of 500 feet, he passed through a thin strata of stone coal.

Accident.—A few days ago, as a Mandingo man was washing himself by the side of his canoe in a small creek in the Bullom shore, an alligator seized him by the head, the upper jaw embracing the front and crown of the head and extending to the lower part of the back of the neck, while the under jaw covered the whole of the face and neck, tearing and burying the teeth in the fleshy parts; the poor fellow had sufficient presence of mind to dart his fingers to the eyes of the animal, which he thrust into with as much force as he could, the animal then letting go his dreadful bite, thus happily released the poor man from as horrid a death as can be supposed; he afterwards came to the Colony to procure dressings for the wound; he was dressed in the Colonial Hospital, and is doing well.



Attention! Raleigh Blues. A meeting of the Company will be held at the Court-house to-morrow (Saturday) evening, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of admitting those desirous of becoming Members, and considering the expediency of making alterations in the Uniform. By order of the Captain. WM. P. LAIRD, Ord. Surg. March 21

MARRIED. At Newbern, on the 16th instant, Mr. Stephen B. Forbes to Miss Maria Tisdale, daughter of Col. Nathan Tisdale.

DIED. In this county, on the 29th inst. Mr. Leese Hunter. At Salisbury, on the 5th instant, Mr. Dennis

Green, aged 27 years, who, on the same day, Mrs. Mary Goodwin, wife of Mr. Christian Goodwin, in the 2d year of her age. In Fayetteville, on the 14th instant, Mrs. Margaret, aged 44 years, widow of the late William, deceased, deceased. Near Hillsboro, on the 14th instant, James P. Lee, aged 27 years.

New Advertisements

Marshal's Sale. BY virtue of a warrant of distress, issued to the Comptroller of the Treasury of the United States, will be sold for cash, at the court-house of this county, on the 10th April next 16 likely NEGROES, the property of the estate of Andrew M. Taylor, late Collector of Direct Tax. Nothing will be received in payment except specie, or notes of the Bank of the United States. B. Y. DANIEL, Marshal U. S. Dist. N. C. March 10, 1823 12-3w



In addition to a former supply, I have just received the following SEEDS, with an additional supply of MEDICINES, &c. Early Potatoes, Large winter Cabbage, Butterbeans, Med. peashell, do Sugar Loaf do, Salmon, Codfish, Fat Hatteries do, Nasturtiums, Large Winter, Early and late Cauliflowers, Drumhead do. RANDOLPH WEBB March 20 12-3w

Notice. ON Friday, the 21st March next, will be sold at the late dwelling house of Britton DeLoach, deceased, in the city of Raleigh, on a credit of twelve months, for all sums over \$5, all the Household and Kitchen Furniture, the balance of the Stock of Groceries on hand, and sundry articles too tedious to mention, belonging to the estate of the said B. DeLoach, deceased. Feb. 27. 9-3t J. DUNN, Ex'r

The above sale is postponed until Thursday, the 27th March.

A Good Opportunity. THE proprietors of the Observer & Gazette, will sell a great bargain of their Printing Establishment in Fayetteville. From the many advantages in point of local situation, with the extensive patronage this paper now possesses, it promises to be, ere long, one of the most profitable Journals printed in the state, and at the same time to afford a good field for the display of useful talent. To a man of some capital, practically acquainted with the details of a printing office, such an opportunity seldom occurs. Further information may be obtained, by letter, addressed to James Sewell, Fayetteville, N. C. Fayetteville, Nov. 24

Notice. ON Thursday, the 17th day of April next, will be sold, at the court-house in Lenoir county, on a credit of 12 months, 12 likely NEGROES, consisting of women, boys and girls—only one of them over 22 years of age. Bond and approved security will be required before the property is conveyed. CHRISTOPHER FOSTER, Ex'r of John Foster, s'r dec'd. March 18 12-4w

Ten Dollars Reward. AN AFRICAN from the subscriber, on Monday night last, a negro boy, by the name of UBBARD, a tanner and carrier, about thirty years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, has a scar on one of his arms, occasioned by the cut of a knife, and has lost a thumb nail by a felon. JOHN REX. Raleigh, March 20 12-4f

Sheriff's Sale. WILL be sold, at the court-house in Washington, for ready money, on the 19th day of May next, the following property, or so much thereof as will pay the taxes due thereon, and cost, for the year 1821: 149 acres of land, the property of John M. Rao 300 do. the property of W. W. Rolland 70 do. the property of Edmund Jones, adjoining the lands of Charles Nelson and others TOWN PROPERTY 4 lots, given in by W. W. Rolland 4 do. given in as the property of Wm. Hugh Williams 1 do. given in as the property of George Howard, deceased. STEPHEN OWENS, Sh'f. March 11, 1823 12-5wp

Stray. A RICHARD M'DUFFIE, living five miles north of Fayetteville, on the Raleigh road, on the west side of Cape Fear river, owned a dark bay HORSE, as a stray, about or over 12 years old, with a white spot on the left side of his back, occasioned by the saddle, shot before about 4 feet 9 inches high, and valued at 15 dollars. GILGOLM BAY, Ranger of Cumberland county. March 14, 1823 12-3ip

Five Dollars Reward. STOLEN from my home, in Wake county, on the stage road, 12 miles south of Hillsboro, on the 18th instant, a red Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing five dollars in cash, one note for 20 dollars, in favor of Crawford Tucker, a judgment, Wm C & R Tucker vs. the subscriber, for 21 dollars and cost; a judgment against Catherine Smith, for 2 dollars and cost; besides other papers, not recollecting. The above note and judgment were paid off and taken in by me; but I neglected to cancel them. All persons are hereby forewarned against trading for any of the above papers, as they are nullified. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the pocket book and papers. WM. PIPASANT, S. March 20 12-3t

A Negro Woman FOR SALE. Also three Slaves, prime retailing MOLASSES. Apply to MOSES & SCOTT. March 12 11-3t

Buck Wheat Meal. MEN half barrels of the above article, for sale by N. HARDING & Co. Also 1 case, superior quality beaver HATS, very light, and suitable for the approaching season. March 14, 1823 11-2t

Five Cents Reward. AN AFRICAN from the employment of the subscriber, by the name of JOHN IVORY. The said apprentice is about 19 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, light complexion. All persons are forewarned harboring the said apprentice, as the rigor of the law will be enforced against them. No expenses paid for his delivery. JOHN PEARSON, Raleigh, March 5, 1823 10-3t

Bell Tavern, RALEIGH.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Bell Tavern, situated at the corner of Hillsboro and Salisbury streets, and about eight yards west of the State House, where he is prepared to receive all who may favor him with their company. Being determined to give satisfaction, he will spare no pains to furnish the best of the country liquors. His Beer will be constantly supplied with the choicest ingredients, and his Stables (which are very spacious and dry) will be well adapted for the most delicate and well situated in the highest and healthiest street in the city, and supplied with the purest and most delicious water. Dissipated Sufferers or Invalids will be provided at the shortest notice, and repair boarders taken on the most reasonable terms. He hopes that his old friends will continue their favors, and strangers will find it to their comfort and advantage to give him a call. Family travelling for health, will find his house well suited for a resting place, should they be induced to sojourn while in the city. ROBERT H. WYNN, March 4, 1823. 10-2t

A Larder. WHO understands both Fanning and Carrying perfectly, can have a fair chance of getting profitable employment at my Mill yard, five miles west of Smithfield, N. C. if application is made in any reasonable time. JNO McLEOD. Boss View, Johnston's Wy, 2 to 4w March 1, 1823 5

Auction and Commission Store, Hay-street, Fayetteville, N. C. THE subscribers are constantly receiving assortments of Groceries, Dry Goods and Hardware, which they will sell low for cash, or negotiable notes at Bank. They have at present in store: 54 Hhd. good retailing Molasses 21 do. prime Muscovado Sugar 10 do. fair do do 65 Hhd. light colored Cuba and Havana Sugars 2 pipes Cognac Brandy, 5 pun. Jamaica Rum 1 do Holland Gin, 2 do 3d proof do 10 casks new Rice 12 Hhd. Leaf and Lump Sugar 35 bags Green Porto Rico Coffee 24 do good St. Domingo do 15 Hhd. green Coparrans 20 casks Nails assorted 5 do Blains 5 do Truss Chains and 2 Winding Hoop 210 boxes Window Glass, 4 by 10 and 10 by 12, in whole and half boxes A good assortment of Dry Goods A great variety of Cutlery A large assortment of Bonnets, and a variety of other articles. J. LEVY & CO. Fayetteville, N. C. Feb. 21, 1823. 9-4w

Hamilton, Lemoine & Pannill. Public Vendue, SALE OF DRY GOODS.

ON Monday the 24th March next, we shall sell without the least reserve, at the store on Hollingsworth street, lately occupied by Messrs. John Smith & Co. the entire stock of Dry Goods, Hardware, &c. of said Smith & Co. which comprises an extensive and valuable collection of fresh imported British and other Goods. It consists in part of: Super. Cloths and Cambrics. (Sheppard's) of all colors; Flannels; Petticoats; Carpeting; Balizes; Blankets; Nap. Cottons; Bombazines; Checks; Irish Linens; Dimities; Calicoes; Ginghams; Vestings; Silks; Mullins; Cotton and Worsted cloths; Cambrics; Dimpers; Laces, &c. &c. And, in fact, nearly every article that is required to stock an extensive Wholesale and Retail Store. The Goods are generally of the very best quality, and nearly the whole have been recently imported. No sale has been lately offered to the public calculated to attract so much attention as this. The sale will be continued from day to day, until the whole stock is disposed of, on the following terms: all sums under \$200, cash. Virginia money—from 200 to \$400, 60 days—from 400 to 600, 90 days and 100 days—from 600 to 1000, 4 and 6 months—above \$1000, 6 months. All credit sales must be secured by approved endorsed negotiable notes. HAMILTON, LEMOINE & PANNILL, Trustees and Auctioneers. Petersburg, Feb. 18. 9-5tp

To Printers and Stationers. THE subscribers having lately commenced PAPER MAKING on an extensive scale, will be enabled to supply orders for all kinds of paper. They have also constantly on hand a general assortment of Books and Stationery, which they will sell for Cash, at very reduced prices. BENNETT & WALTON. Philadelphia, 2d Month, 1823. 6-15-

Notice. MY friends and the public are respectfully informed, that owing to some disappointments, the hope of publishing the "UNION," in this City, is abandoned. Those who have generously interested themselves in advancing the respectability of my Proposals, by their notice of them, will please accept my thanks. March 18, 1823. T. LORING.

Virginian. THE rare horse Virginian will stand the ensilage season at my stable in Mecklenburg county, Virginia, near Taylor's Ferry, on Goosecreek, about five miles south of the court house, and will be put to mares at fifty dollars the season, which may be discharged by the payment of thirty-five dollars, if paid by the first day of July next, at which time the season will expire; but if any gentleman will send us a mare or become responsible for them, the price will be reduced to thirty dollars each if paid as above one dollar to the groom in all instances. Good and extensive pasturage, strongly enclosed, and servants' hands ready, but no responsibility for accidents or escapes, though the greatest possible care shall be taken to prevent either. It cannot be expected, in a paper advertisement, that I should trace back his pedigree through a long race of ancestors, forty or three centuries, as has been done by his former owner and breeder, and credited to be pure. Suffice it to say, he was gotten by the noted stallion Bir Ar, sire of Marston, one of the best warblers ever raised in this country, and part-bred of the very best blood in England and America, both by the sire and dam side. See Mr. Harrison's last year's advertisement. It is also deemed unnecessary to give a detailed account of his performance; it is thought fully sufficient to say, that in sweepstakes and purses he won for his owner the sum of \$1,000, and was, and is still thought by him, to be the best horse ever raised in this or any other country. He is a beautiful bay, full sixteen hands high, of great beauty, fine made and excellent bone, and is a sure and consistent liver, and will surely improve his race, and the blood of his horses generally in the country. JOHN C. GOODE. Feb. 6, 1823 7-5f