

that Samuel M. Colloch, Esq., who lived within 10 miles of this town, was found in death, Saturday night, on his way home.

The People's Ticket, we are glad to perceive, is rapidly forming. It is a mighty Caucus, but by the People themselves, and the unbusiness which it gives the caucus men is evident, from the attempts which they are making to produce a belief that it originated like their own, in a caucus. But this won't do—the deception is too plain to take effect. This ticket is emphatically what it professes to be—the People's Ticket; and as signs, we trust, will triumph over that which the people had no agency in forming.

We learn from a letter, received since our last, that JOHN M. MOREHEAD, Esq., a gentleman of talents and irreproachable character, is talked of for the District composed of the counties of Guilford, Randolph and Chatham; and we hope soon to have the pleasure of adding his name to the popular and truly republican Ticket.—Fayetteville Observer.

Six Hundred Dollars Reward is offered by the County of Gates, for the apprehension and delivery, dead or alive, of Negroes Jim, Jack and Elisha, outlawed Slaves, belonging to Miles Parker, of said County.—These Negroes, it is supposed and believed, committed, or were accessories to, the murder of Mr. Elisha Cross, mentioned in our last.—Edenton Gazette.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Warren county to his friend in this city, dated Feb. 10, 1824.

DEAR SIR,—In addressing you, I fear not that I shall trespass either upon your time or patience, more especially as I am well assured the object of my letter will meet with your approbation.

The Presidential election, since the rise of our Legislature, has been much agitated here among all classes of the people, and popular opinion seems strongly indicated in favor of your friend Old Hickory; and, should a ticket be started in his favor, I have no hesitation in declaring it as my firm belief, that, notwithstanding the immediate superintendence and watchfulness of the old Warren Junto, Gen. Jackson will have a decided majority in this county and in this Electoral District.

I have lately travelled in the eastern part of this state, and I find an expression of sentiment pretty generally among the people favorable towards Gen. Jackson, and who, as well as ourselves, are desirous a ticket should be put forth favorable to his pretensions as soon as practicable. The people of this district will soon have a meeting, to select a proper person for an Elector; of which you shall have immediate notice. I write you in behalf of the friends of Jackson; and I have chosen so to do, because I know you are intimately acquainted with him, and with his worth and virtues, and will lend your aid to promote his claims to the Chief Magistracy of this nation, to which he can have no view in filling, but the common good, and to which a life of trial and danger demands at the hands of a grateful people.

I am, dear sir, your, &c. Letters from Washington state that the friends of Mr. CRAWFORD have had the "modest assurance" to sound the friends of Mr. ADAMS and Mr. CLAY to know if either would accept of a nomination of Vice-President in the contemplated Caucus of Saturday night next. To which, NO! was the just and indignant reply.—Baltimore Patriot.

It is now virtually admitted, in the National Intelligencer, that a proposition has been made to Mr. Adams, to accept of the support of Mr. Crawford and his friends, for the Vice-Presidency, with the understanding that Mr. Adams and his friends should support Mr. Crawford for the Presidency. That such a proposition is in its nature corrupt, and disgraceful to those who made it, no honest man, who understands the relation heretofore subsisting between Mr. Adams and Mr. Crawford, can deny. Have not the friends of Mr. Crawford continually charged Mr. Adams with being a federalist, and unworthy of the confidence of the Republican Party, of which they have represented Mr. Crawford as the exclusive candidate? Now, to offer, under such circumstances, to form a coalition with Mr. Adams, was an abandonment of all their own pretensions to principle; and, therefore, as corrupt as it would have been for the friends of Mr. Jefferson in 1800, to have proposed to bargain for the votes of the friends of Mr. Adams, on condition of assisting to elevate him to the Vice-Presidency. Any, and every proposition, on the part of public men, candidates for high offices, to bargain for the votes of the people, is, in its nature, corrupt, and a gross violation of the principles of our government.

But this outrageous proposition is not only admitted, but justified, in the official paper of this government, and not only justified, but the corrupt bribe is now extended. The offer now is to elevate Mr. Adams, at the next election, to the second office in the nation, and "eventually, probably to the first!"

Thus, it appears, that a corrupt bargain is offered to be made, by a candidate for the Presidency, in which, for the sake of giving a number of votes, for one object, he engages, on his part, to transfer a given number of votes in return for another object; and, in addition to this, it is proposed to pledge the votes of the People, eight years in advance, for the highest office in their gift. Was there ever a more profligate and abandoned proposition made in any of the rotten governments of the old world? The people are to be treated as vassal clans, to be bought and sold; and not only this, but their votes are to be mortgaged eight years in advance! Can it be possible? Are we already come to this, in the infancy of our republic? Wash. Rep.

FROM ENGLAND.

By the fast sailing Br. ship *Lalla Rookh*, Stewart, arrived yesterday afternoon in 36 days from Liverpool, we have accounts thence to the 6th, and from London to the 4th January. The intelligence furnished by the papers is uncommonly destitute of interest. Our readers will find a few extracts in our columns. It is said that another change in the Spanish Ministry is in contemplation.

The accounts from Greece continue to be of the most cheering nature. The Turkish Fleet has suspended its operations for the Winter, by which means the Greeks will gain time, which is important to them, for further operations. Accounts from Corfu, of 28th November, state that the Pacha of Scutari had sustained an entire defeat in a third attempt upon Missolonghi.

The small pox is rapidly spreading in several provinces of France.

7000 persons are said to be immured in the prisons at Lisbon, for political offences.

Belzoni, the celebrated traveller, is on a tour to Tombacoo.

It is still doubtful whether the Spanish Inquisition will be established. The King of Spain is said to be favorable to it.

The following is an extract of an article from Madrid, dated 1st December: "All the Ambassadors have remitted a note to our Government, to demand that all the capitulations concluded by the French with several corps of the Constitutionalists and the various garrisons, shall be punctually executed. It is also said that their Excellencies expressed a wish that Spain should be a Representative Government." It is further added that the Empecinado has been set at liberty.

VERA CRUZ. A letter from Vera Cruz, dated Jan. 8, says—"The firing continued between this city and the Castle, with more or less violence, by night and by day, until about three weeks since, when there were only from this side two balls at night and two in the morning, which were regularly answered by the Castle for each ball hence, one bomb and a ball thence. Now, for five or six days past, there has been no firing of balls or bombs from either side. How long this will continue is uncertain, for no intercourse has taken place between the contending parties; and, as in my apprehension it would be difficult to find any rational cause for their having provoked the war on this side, therefore, why discuss without a subject?"

The same letter states that the Commissioners sent out by the British Government had arrived at the city of Mexico. St. Louis, (Mo.) Jan. 20. The late Indian Outrage.—A letter from Col. Arbuckle, commanding at Fort Smith, on the Arkansas, states that the Osages made an attack on a party of Americans and half breed Quapaws, who were hunting on Blue Water, a branch of the Red river, and that five whites and one negro were killed; this attack was made on the 27th of Nov. and Col. Arbuckle's letter is dated 5th December. About eight weeks since, Col. Norton, the celebrated British Indian Partizan, who is well known on the Niagara frontier, passed through this place for the Arkansas, under the pretence of visiting his Indian relations in that quarter; he was dressed in military costume and accompanied by two Indians.

Dreadful Calamity.—On Sunday the 18th January, a daughter of Mr. Wm. Lyon, of Patrick county, between 19 and 13 years of age, was thrown from a horse and killed. It seems that she was going to meeting, in company, probably, with several others, of her relations, and her horse by some means became frightened, threw her off, and unfortunately, her foot hung in the stirrup of the saddle—she was dragged some distance under the feet of the horse, and after being considerably bruised and mangled, and having her breast bone, her arm, and leg broken, she expired instantaneously. "Unfortunate little girl! Thus has your existence terminated, in youth and in good health, without a moment's warning, and without the smallest foreboding of anticipation of death.—Oh death! how unexpected—but how inevitable!" Lynchburg Virginian.

CAUCUS.

Extract of a letter, received in this city, dated Washington, Feb. 15.—Sunday. You will see by the printed "Extra" of the Republican, that the mountain has again brought forth a mouse. The Radicals gave out that the doors of the Hall would be closed, in the hope that the public would not attend at the Capitol. They intended, however, to keep the doors open, well knowing the effect which closed doors always has with the public.

There was an immense crowd from all sections of the adjoining states.—One idea seemed to pervade the crowd generally. They liked the Caucus men to certain meetings of conspirators, plotting against the liberty of Rome. I assure you that even the boys, who attended, caught this general comparison, and made the welkin ring with its repetition. The idea was too natural not to present itself to the minds of those present. Two, or three persons (supposed to be attached to the Gazette office) attempted to cheer the Caucus; but a general hiss put them down instantly.—There was some complaint made by a New-York member that the ballots had not been properly counted.

We view this result as a complete prostration of all hope for Crawford.—Your members have heretofore, I am told, always contended that they would take 110 or 120 into Caucus. The voters were completely in the horrors.—Not a smile irradiated the countenance of one of them during the Caucus; and one of the South-Carolina members, in putting in his vote, stretched out his arm and averted his face, as if in the act of putting a lighted match to a magazine of gunpowder; and, in truth, they will all be blown up in the explosion.

Office of the Washington Republican—Extra—Saturday evening, Feb. 14.

RADICAL CAUCUS.

This evening, about 7 o'clock, the gentlemen who compose the radical faction in Congress, and who are the advocates of Mr. Crawford for the Presidency, assembled in the Chamber of the Representatives, for the purpose of proceeding to a nomination, which they hope will supersede the exercise of any choice on the part of the people, and force upon them the candidate whom, of all others, they have the least disposition to elect.

About 7 o'clock the members arrived pretty generally—a few stragglers having previously found their way into the Hall.

About 8 o'clock, Mr. J. Barbour, one of the Senators from Virginia, called the members in attendance to order. Mr. Barbour then moved that Mr. Ruggles, of Ohio, take the chair, which was agreed to unanimously; and Mr. Ruggles was conducted to the chair by Mr. Lloyd, of Maryland.

Mr. Barbour then moved that Mr. Collins, of New York, be appointed Secretary, which was also agreed to nem. dis.

Mr. Ruggles briefly stated the object for which the meeting was convened.

Mr. Dickerson then moved that the members present proceed to ballot for proper persons to be recommended to the people for the office of President and Vice President.

Mr. Markley offered to the consideration of the meeting, a preamble and resolutions, the object of which was to adjourn the present meeting until Saturday the 2th March, to give an opportunity for the other republican members, who differed with those present, as to the expediency of the present measure, to consider the subject more fully.

Before these resolutions were read by Mr. Markley, a brief discussion took place between Mr. A. Stevenson, Mr. Holmes, and Mr. Van Buren, as to the propriety of first calling over the names of the members present. A suggestion to this effect was withdrawn, and Mr. Markley stated his object in moving the resolution to be, to promote union among the Democratic party, and to give that influence to the nomination, which would be derived from an accession to their numbers.

Mr. Van Buren would have had much pleasure in acceding to the motion, but he thought it would be productive of injury rather than benefit. He thought it would be inexpedient to postpone the meeting at all. We should now pursue the course which has always been pursued. Many gentlemen thought with him, that the meeting had already been too long delayed. With respect to a call of members, he thought it would be better for the members from every state to give in their names by states, as they came up to ballot.

The question on Mr. Markley's resolution was then put, and negatived.

Mr. Dickerson moved that the meeting now proceed to the ballot, which was agreed to, and Mr. Bassett and Mr. Cambreleng, were appointed tellers.

It was then ordered that the ballots be for President first, and afterwards for Vice President.

The Chairman then proceeded to call the republican members from the states, in the following order.

Maine.—Messrs. Chandler, Holmes, Connecticut.—Messrs. Lanman, Barber, Stoddard.

Rhode Island.—Mr. Eddy.

New-York.—Hogeboom, Dwinell, Frost, Herkimer, Richards, Ten Eyck, Day, Tyson, Jenkins, Clarke, Foote, Van Buren, Litchfield, Eaton, Cambreleng, Collins.

New Jersey.—Mr. Dickerson.

Pennsylvania.—Messrs. Forward, Lowry, Markley.

Maryland.—Messrs. Lloyd, Smith, Hayward.

Virginia.—Messrs. J. Barbour, A. Stevenson, Rives, Leftwich, Tucker, Williams M. Coy, Wm. Smith, Archer, Floyd, Arthur Smith, Alex. Smyth, P. P. Barbour, Alexander, B. Bassett, Ball, (by proxy of Mr. J. Barbour.)

North-Carolina.—Messrs. Spaight, Hall, Williams, Gatlin, Long, Saunders, Burton, Hooks, Edwards.

South-Carolina.—Messrs. Gist, Wilson.

Georgia.—Messrs. Fors, Elliott, Ware, Cobb, Cary, Abbott, Thompson, Cuthbert, Tattall, (by proxy of Mr. Forsyth.)

The Chairman began to call the del. grades from the territories, but some objections were made by Mr. J. Barbour, which were treated by Mr. Markley. The call was then resumed, but Mr. Markley again stated that they had a right to vote on the subject, were not present; it was therefore agreed to call over their names.

The tellers then proceeded to examine the ballots, and declared the following result:

Whole number 66
For Wm. H. Crawford 62
Proxies 2-64
J. G. Adams 2
Andrew Jackson 1
N. Mason 1

[Here the spectators in the gallery (which was crowded) set up a universal hiss.] Mr. Dickerson then moved to proceed to ballot for Vice President.

Mr. Van Buren stated that the Vice President had determined to retire.

The names of the members were then called over in the same order as before; and the ballots being examined, the tellers declared the following result:
For A. Gallatin 57—J. G. Adams 1—Erasmus Root 2—J. Tol 1—W. Lowrie 1—Samuel Smith 1—William King 1—W. Eustis 1—R. Bush 1.

Some little confusion occurred at the first declaration of the numbers, as only one vote was named for E. Root, and Mr. Clarke of New York said, that Mr. Foote and himself had voted for Mr. Root. The mistake was then rectified.

Mr. Clarke then moved some resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting, as shown by the ballots; and also stating that the members attended in the character of private citizens.

Mr. Holmes proposed that the Committee which called the meeting, with the President and Secretary, be appointed to prepare a report of the proceedings; and to address a letter to the persons nominated, to inform them of the fact, and to request their concurrence. The meeting then adjourned.

It will be seen, by the above statement, that instead of 80, (the number which we accorded to the Radicals,) only 67 could be mustered; and out of these, four individuals were so perverse as to vote against the radical chief. A few days since, the National Intelligencer and the City Gazette, the radical organs in this city, told us that Mr. Crawford would be nominated by 15 votes more than the number which nominated Mr. Monroe, in 1816.—Where is this boasted majority? Is it come to this, that Mr. Crawford has only sixty two friends in the House? It may be truly said they have made up in noise what they wanted in numbers. We request our readers to deduct the number of those who misrepresent their states, and then say whether we were mistaken when, at the commencement of the session, we asserted that the election of the Speaker tested the real strength of Mr. Crawford.

A DUEL.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Lee county, Va. to a member of the Virginia Legislature, dated Jonesville, 11th Jan. 1824.

We have had a duel fought in this county since you left here, between two negro fellows belonging to Edward Pennington and John Hoover. The fellow belonging to Pennington fell dead at the crack of the gun; the other survived a few days. I understand they differed about a girl belonging to Pennington.

Hard times indeed, when the lawyers complain! We copy the following from the *Fincastle (Va.) Mirror*. It would seem that the advertiser has hard luck in business, as it must have taken half of his single fee to pay for his advertisement—we cannot think of any employment to recommend the disappointed gentleman, unless he should think of publishing a NEWSPAPER—he would certainly have more cases, at that business.—U. S. Gaz.

A CARD.—To an enlightened public, I hereby give notice, that I have this day abandoned the practice of law, in this County. For the last ten months, I have brought one action of Assault and Battery—and received the sum of fifteen shillings, business that I had done twelve months ago.—Query—Can one support himself by such patronage? B. L. S***
January 15, 1824.

PETERSBURG PRICES.

Jan. 23.—Bacon, 8 a 9; Cotton, 12 a 13 Tobacco, 2 50 a 10 00; Flour, 5; Coffee, 25 a 28; Sugar, brown, 10 a 13; Salt, 75 a 87 1/2.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 12th instant, Priestly H. Mangum, Esq. of Hillsborough, to Miss Rebecca H. Sutherland, daughter of the late Col. R. Sutherland.

In Montgomery county, at the residence of Andrew Wade, Esq. on the 29th ultimo, Mr. Wm. B. Hall, of this city, to Miss Sarah Q. Legend.

In Orange county, on the 5th instant, Mr. Jeremiah Cunningham, of Tennessee, to Miss Polly Lynch, daughter of Mr. Jesse Lynch, formerly of Guilford county; and, on the 12th, Mr. Henry M'Collum to Miss Mary Hunter.

At Pittsborough, on the 5th instant, Mr. Joseph Small to Miss Elizabeth M. Bain.

At Newbern, on the 5th instant, Mr. Richard N. Oliver to Miss Elizabeth Hatfield.

At Trenton, on the 5th instant, Dr. Francis Duval to Miss Nancy Bryan.

At Salisbury, on the 6th instant, Mr. Matthew Locke to Miss Susan A. Fulton, daughter of Capt. John Fulton.

In Halifax county, Va. on the 29th ultimo, Mr. Robert A. Chappell, of Milton, to Miss Susan H. Chappell, of the former county.

In Franklin county, on the 27th ultimo, Thomas I. Judkins, Esq. of Warren county, to Miss Rebecca W. Ingram, of the former county.

In Gates county, on the 5th instant, Mr. Docton Hayes to Mrs. Peoplope Hofter, widow of Mr. James Hofter.

At Rockingham, in Richmond county, on the 1st instant, Tillotson O'Bryan Smith, Esq. of Mississippi, to Miss Jane M'Kay, daughter of Archibald M'Kay, Esq. of that county.

DIED.
In Halifax county, on the 7th instant, Col. Wm. H. Hays.

At Salisbury, on the 10th instant, Mr. Henry Hays, aged 77 years.
In Gates county, a few weeks ago, Mr. Joseph Williams and, on the 26th instant, Mr. Elisha Hattell, aged 21.
Lately, in Hertie county, Mr. Benjamin M. Williams.
In Washington county, a few weeks since, Mr. Christopher Duckett.
In Brunswick county, on the 7th inst. Henry H. Neal, Esq.

PRICES CURRENT.

	Wholesale	Retail	Wholesale	Retail
	Feb. 14.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 7.	Feb. 7.
Brandy Cogn.	125 a	125 a	125 a	125 a
Apple.	40 a 45	40 a 45	40 a 45	40 a 45
Bacon.	14 18	17 1/2 18	14 18	17 1/2 18
Butter.	33 a 34	30 a 31	33 a 34	30 a 31
Coffee.	45 50	44 a 45	45 50	44 a 45
Cotton.	12 15 1/2	14 1/2 15	12 15 1/2	14 1/2 15
Candle.	9 10	10 a 11	9 10	10 a 11
Flour, hbl.	625 650	400 425	700 a 800	
Gin, Holland.	100	90 a 100	125	
American.	40 42	35 a 45	43 a 50	
Iron, per ton.	55 00	55 00	55 00	
Lard.	8 9	8 a 10	9 a 10	
Molasses.	23 25	22 a 26	30	
Potatoes, hbl.	150			
Rum, Jamaica.	9 1/2	80 a 100	90 a 100	
W. India.	60 a 70	70 a 80	75 a 85	
Rice, per awt.	275 a 280	280 a 400	350 a	
Salt, Liverpool.	30 a	35 9 1/2	70 73	
York's Isd.	45 50	35 a 50	65	
Sugar Leaf.	—	18 a 20	23	
Brown.	9 a 10	8 a 10	10	
Tobacco, cut.	400 a 500	500 a 675	—	
Wallow.	8	6 a 7	7 1/2 8	
Whiskey.	38 a 40	37 a 40	40	

New Advertisements.

Doctor Bosworth, Having settled himself in Smithfield, offers his professional services to the citizens of Johnston County. Feb. 16, 1824. 4-5w

Bell Tavern for Rent.

Will be rented, on the 1st day of March next, if not previously disposed of, in the city of Raleigh, that well known stand for a Tavern and Boarding House, (west of the State Capitol) formerly kept by Col. Cook, and at present in the occupancy of Mr. Wyne, together with all the Household and Kitchen Furniture, now belonging thereto. This House is most eligibly situated for a public House, being within a few yards of the State House. It contains about 40 rooms and every necessary out building. As the establishment is well known, a further description is deemed unnecessary. WM. P. WILLIAMS, & Co. Feb. 19, 1824. 3-2t

For Sale.

FIFTEEN valuable NEGROES, consisting of men and women, and among whom are excellent cooks, house servants, bootlers, &c.—For further information, apply to the Editors. Feb. 19, 1824. 3-2t

For Sale.

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, lying in Wake county, on both sides of Mine creek, within six miles of Raleigh, north of Crabtree creek, containing 389 acres, or thereabout, adjoining the lands of Stephen Haywood, Burwell Jones, Derrel Rogers, and others. We would offer a great bargain in the sale of this Land, and if not sooner disposed of at private sale, it will, without reserve, be offered for sale to the highest bidder, at the tavern of Mrs. Jeter, in Raleigh, on Tuesday in next Superior court week. Apply to Sherwood Haywood, Esq. or to the undersigned. WILLIAM HARRISON, NAT. HUNT. Franklin County, Feb. 18, 1824. 3-5w

Fifty Dollars Reward.

WAS stolen out of the stable of Archibald Davis, in Franklin county, on the night of the 9th instant, a likely Bay HORSE, tall, white hands high, both hind feet white, with remarkable fast, and very spirited. No other marks recollected. The above reward will be given to any person that will return the said horse to Doctor Gillet, of Raleigh, or to me, in Louisa; and secure the thief in my jail in this state; or twenty-five dollars for the recovery of the horse alone. MILO LATIMER. Louisa, Feb. 18, 1824. 3-3w

State of North-Carolina,

Montgomery County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—

January Sessions, 1824.

Henry Delamater vs. Joel Estes.—Original attachment levied on 150 acres of land on Island Creek, adjoining the lands belonging to the Henderson Company on Pee Dee, and two lots in the town of Henderson, Nos. 8 and 9.

It appearing that Joel Estes, the defendant, is an inhabitant of another state, ordered that publication be made, for six weeks in the Raleigh Star, that unless he appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Montgomery at the court house in Lawrenceville on the first Monday in April next, reply or plead to issue, judgment will be entered against him for the amount of the plaintiff's demand. Test, JOHN D. MARTIN, C. P. Price adv. 32 62 1/2 3-6w

State of North-Carolina,

Montgomery County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—

January Sessions, 1824.

Fatham Kirk vs. Eli Crowell.—Original attachment levied on 65 1/2 acres of land, adjoining Daniel Biles, Francis Biles and others.

It appearing that the defendant, Eli Crowell, is an inhabitant of another state, ordered that publication be made, in the Raleigh Star for six weeks, that unless he appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the court house in Lawrenceville on the first Monday in April next, reply or plead to issue, judgment will be entered against him for the amount of the plaintiff's demand. Test, JOHN D. MARTIN, C. P. Price adv. 32 62 1/2 3-6w

Fifty Dollars Reward.

AN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 22d February last, a dark mulatto fellow named BEN; five feet eight or nine inches high; ten or two years of age; very quick spoken; with a scar on one of his arms, occasioned by a wound, cured by rowelling; it is said he has been one of his slaves, which was occasioned by the bite of a dog. It is expected he is passing for a free man. Any person apprehending the said fellow, shall receive the above reward. G. WIMBERLEY. Johnston County, Oct. 1, 1823. 40-3t