THE PRESIDENCY.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

At the muster of the two regiments of Wake county, in this city last week, just before the men were dismissed from the ranks, the several Captains were paraded in front when the Colonel commanding informed them, that he had been requested by several persons to test the strength of the different Presidential Candidates on the occasion. He further stated, that the officers were to consider it merely as a request of some of their fellow citizens, and as altogether optional with themselves whether to comply with it or not.

The following, from the first regiment, are the only returns we have yet received:

	Jack'n	Ad's	Cr'd
Capt. Murrell's Comp.	30	0	29
Dunn's	[illegible]	19	1
Rand's	32	3	3
Fowler's	21	1	1
Underhill's	35	0	0
Harris's	27	17	5
Jones's	33	1	5
	215	41	36

It is supposed, that owing to the inclemency of the weather, not more than two thirds of the citizens enrolled were on duty, and that the question would have been more generally taken, had it been proposed before the men had undergone so much fatigue. The proposition was made at a late hour of the day, and the most of those present, residing at a distance from the city, were, very naturally, anxious to reach home before night.

At a muster of capt. Brown's artillery company, in this place, on the 4th inst. a vote was taken on the presidential question; the result of which was, for Gen. Jackson, 29; Mr. Crawford, 17; Mr. Adams, 2; Mr. Clay, 2.

The vote of capt. Thompson's company, on the same day, was, for Gen. Jackson, 45; Mr. Crawford, 22; Mr. Adams, 12; Mr. Clay, 3.

It is true that many of the votes taken on these occasions cannot be legally received at the election in November next; but enough appears, from the votes taken on various occasions in different parts of the state, to show, almost to a certainty, that the result will be, the choice of electors favourable to Gen. Jackson.—*Hillsborough Recorder.*

The court for this (Cumberland) county was held in this place last week; we understand that the Grand Jury expressed their sentiments last Thursday on the Presidential question. Of the 15 votes, Mr. Adams received 8; Gen. Jackson 4; and Mr. Crawford 3.

From Sampson County.—Mr. Printer—The sentiments of the people here as to the Presidency, were taken at a muster of Capt. Uriah Westbrook's company, and were as follows: Jackson, 68; Adams 4; and *others none.*

Fayetteville Observer.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

At a meeting of a number of citizens of Richland district, friendly to the election of Gen. Andrew Jackson as President, and John C. Calhoun as Vice President, assembled at the Town Hall in Columbia on Monday the 6th of Sept. inst. the following resolutions, among others, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that we are decidedly in favor of Gen. Andrew Jackson to the Presidency, and John C. Calhoun for the Vice Presidency, of the United States, and that we will support them for said offices.

Resolved, That we will not give our support to any candidate for the Legislature, unless he is decidedly in favor of the election of the before named gentlemen, and we most respectfully recommend to our fellow citizens throughout the state, to pursue the same course.

At a meeting of Captain Daniel Smith's company, in Newberry district, S. C. which took place on the 4th inst. the sentiments of the members were taken by vote on the Presidential Question, when one hundred and one voted in favor of Gen. Andrew Jackson, for the Presidency, being the unanimous vote of all present.

At the same meeting, a resolution was unanimously passed in favor of supporting no man to the legislature, unless he was decidedly in favor of the election of Gen. Jackson to the next presidency.—*Columbia Telescope.*

ALABAMA.

Mr. Clay withdrawn in Alabama.—It gives us great pleasure to announce to the friends of General Jackson in Ohio, and to the cause of the *people* throughout the Union, that the advocates of Mr. Clay, in Alabama, have withdrawn from his support, and united with the citizens of that state in promoting the election of the Hero of New-Orleans.—This may be the commencement of a course of things which we have good reason to believe will pervade all the western and south-western states, and thereby secure to the people a glorious triumph over the aristocratic factions which surround the Cabinet candidates.

In the Huntsville "Democrat," the leading Clay paper in Alabama, of the 10th instant, it is stated, that "the friends of Mr. Clay acknowledge their minority, and are determined to support the ticket of Gen. Jackson. They pledge themselves to aid and assist in his elevation, by all the means in their power, and if it be possible to elect him to the Presidency, their votes shall be counted among his most ardent admirers. *In this there can be no duplicity or mistake.* They will go for him here and every where else, openly and fully, until he is safely seated in the chair of state. But, if by possibility, it shall be ascertained that he cannot be elected, then, and then only, do they desire to support another. The friends of Mr. Clay pledge themselves to assist in taking the General to the House, and afterwards in the House, till he shall be fairly elected President of the U. States."—*Cincinnati Repub.*

We say it once for all, without the fear of contradiction, from any thinking impartial man, who has much information on the subject, that Gen. Jackson will receive the votes of this state; and in all estimates of his friends at a distance, they may set down Alabama, and rely upon it, they will not be disappointed.—*Huntsville Alabamian.*

INDIANA.

Agreeably to public notice, a register was opened in this place some two or three weeks since, in which the friends of the different candidates in Knox county were requested to enter their names.—On yesterday I counted them, and the result was for Jackson, 121; Clay, 72; Adams, 18; Crawford, 1.

I shall continue to publish the state of the register from time to time, but have no doubt the ratio in this county will continue about as above quoted.

On Monday, the 2d inst. at the anual election, in Washington, Davies county, Indiana, for the purpose of ascertaining the strength of the different candidates for the presidency, the citizens agreed to divide, and on counting them there appeared to be, for Jackson, 30; Clay, 150; Adams, 16.

As an evidence that the opinion and feelings of the people of Knox upon the presidential question is not confined to her alone, in Indiana, I give the following extracts from a Salem paper.

At a barbacue, near Salem, Washington county, Indiana, on the 5th July, it was agreed to take the sense of the company on the next presidency.—M. G. Clark, a candidate on the Clay ticket, addressed the company, after which the vote was taken, and the result was, for Jackson, 160; Adams, 130; Clay, 23.

At another numerous meeting of the citizens of the same county, on the same day, the company agreed to divide upon the presidential question, without a regular count. It was evident Jackson had two to one over any other candidate.—*Vincennes Sun, Aug. 7.*

At a respectable meeting of the citizens of Franklin county, Indiana, on the 30th July, it was resolved to support Andrew Jackson for the office of President of the United States, and John C. Calhoun for Vice President.

A public meeting, favorable to the election of Gen. Jackson, was held at Lawrenceburg, Indiana, on the 14th ultimo.

A vote on the Presidential question was taken at the annual officer drill, at Cambridge, Dearborn county, Indiana, on the 14th ultimo; which resulted thus: for Jackson, 28; Adams, 3; Clay, 2.

OHIO.

The great popularity of General Jackson in Ohio, and the strong and decided expression of the *people* in his favor, can leave no doubt on the mind of any person who possesses extensive information on the subject, that he will receive the Electoral votes of the state. From all directions we continue to hear of his gaining upon the affections of our people, beyond the most sanguine expectations of his warmest friends.—*Cincinnati Repub.*

The standing Jury of Hamilton county, composed of citizens drawn from each township in the county, one evening this week agreed to take a vote on the Presidency. As their names were called over, there were for Jackson 10, 1 undecided, and one for Adams, who refused to vote. This may be considered as a fair expression of public opinion in this county.—*Ib.*

At an election of officers for the original surveyed township No 5, Range 3, in the Miami Purchase, held at said township, Warren County, on the 10th ultimo, the vote on the Presidency was as follows: for Jackson, 100; Adams, 31; Clay, 1.

Jackson in Ohio.

The increase in popularity of this distinguished *hero*, has far surpassed the most sanguine expectations of his most ardent friends, in this section of the country. A few months ago, it was confidently asserted, that he had but one avowed "friend in this county"—& now it is generally admitted, that he will have a *very large majority of the votes.*

In addition to the sentiments expressed at the township election, held at Mr. Hatfield's, two miles north east of Lebanon, on the 10th inst. (when Jackson had 100 out of 132 votes) the sentiments of Captain Fox's Company of volunteer Riflemen was taken at a muster held at Mr. Mulford's (4 miles west of Lebanon) on the 13th inst. which resulted as follows: JACKSON, 50; Adams and Clay, 7.

Lebanon Star.

From almost every county of the state, we learn that General Jackson is gaining beyond the calculations of his most sanguine friends. That in many places nearly all opposition has ceased, while in others, the efforts of the Clay and Adams parties, have become feeble and ineffectual. At an election for Magistrate in the township of New-Rumley, Harrison county, on the 12th ult. the citizens ballotted for President, when it appeared there were for Jackson, 42; Adams, 29; Clay, 12.

This vote is represented in the Harrison Telegraph, of the 21st ult. as a fair expression of the voice of that county.

At an officer muster, held at Georgetown, Brown county, on the 27th of last month, of the commissioned officers of the 4th Brigade and 8th Division of the Ohio Militia, a vote was taken on the Presidency, which resulted as follows: for Jackson, 45; Clay, 18; Adams, 17.

The Georgetown Advocate of the 30th informs us, that a large number of spectators were at the above meeting, who were almost unanimously in favor of Jackson. The officers present were from every part of the county, and the result may be considered a fair criterion of the public sentiment.

Since the above was prepared for the press, we have received the following proceedings of a meeting held at Lebanon, Warren county, on Saturday last, where a vote was taken on the Presidency. "At an officer muster held in the town of Lebanon, Warren county, on Saturday the 28th of August, 1824, and also a meeting of the citizens at the same place, for the purpose of electing two Justices of the Peace, it was agreed to ballot for the next Presidency; when on counting the votes, there were found to be for Jackson, 410; Adams, 119; Clay, 118.—*Cincinnati Republican.*

MISSOURI.

We have just seen a gentleman from St. Charles, who informed us that some short time after the opening of the polls, it was suggested to keep a separate vote for president; and the votes stood thus, for Jackson, 96; Clay, 23; Adams, 23.

We learn from St. Francois that a poll was also opened at one of the township elections, and Gen. Jackson obtained all the votes but one, which was for Mr. Adams.

St. Louis Enquirer.

DELAWARE.

At a meeting of the Democratic Republican Delegates from the several Hundreds of New Castle County, Delaware, on Saturday the 11th of September, to nominate a Ticket for the support of the Democratic Party, at the ensuing General Election, it was unanimously

Resolved, That this meeting disapproves of the nomination of WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD for President, and of ALBERT GALLATIN for Vice President of the United States, made at Washington in February last by a caucus composed of a small minority of the members of Congress; that they regard the same as a violation of the spirit of the constitution; as the unjustifiable and unworthy attempt of a few ambitious and unauthorized individuals to force upon the people a man who has no claims to that high station, and who would have no possible chance of their suffrages, but through the influence of office hunters and intriguing men; and that we will oppose the said nomination by all fair and honorable means.

Resolved, That this meeting will not support any individual as a candidate for the Legislature of this state, who does not decidedly, and, under all circumstances, oppose the election of WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD as President, and ALBERT GALLATIN as Vice President of the United States.

NEW JERSEY.

The Trenton True American, opposed to General Jackson, admits that the convention that met there on Wednesday last, and nominated an electoral ticket in favor of the hero of Orleans, contained representatives from eight of the thirteen counties in New Jersey. "This electoral ticket, adds the True American, is composed of gentlemen of respectability, belonging to both the great political parties, and is admirably adapted to unite the friends of General Jackson by a cohesion of the once opposing political interests of the state." The latter part of this remark, was doubtless intended to weaken the cause of Jackson with the republican party, by representing him to be supported by federalists as well as democrats. But such an objection can have no weight, when it is considered that *all* the other candidates have many federal friends; that some of the most obnoxious federalists of New Jersey support Mr. Adams, and most of the leading Hartford convention federalists in New England support Mr. Crawford. The democracy of General Jackson himself has been uniform and undeviating, while that of Mr. Crawford has always at best been doubtful and fluctuating, to say nothing of the early federalism of Mr. Adams. The real democratic party of this country consists of the great body of the people; and their untrammelled sentiments are generally in favor of Jackson.

The inhabitants of Middlesex, New Jersey, had a meeting on the thirtieth of August, at which they resolved to support General Jackson for President and John C. Calhoun for Vice President of the United States.

At Mount Holly, New Jersey, a meeting was held on the 28th August, at which a resolution was adopted to support Gen. Jackson.

The friends of Mr. Adams, as well as those of Gen. Jackson, in New Jersey, support Mr. Calhoun for Vice President. He will there have an almost unanimous vote for that station. The scandalous abuse heaped upon that able republican statesman, by the radicals, only renders "assurance doubly sure" of his election to the Vice Presidency *by the people.*

Franklin Gaz.

NEW-YORK.

The following was the result of the vote on the Presidential question, at a meeting of the officers and non-commissioned officers of the 1st rifle battalion of the county of Albany, N. Y. Jackson 30; Adams; 15; Crawford 2; Blank 3.

At a large meeting of the Republicans of the town of Phelps, Ontario county, N. Y. it was

Resolved, That the conduct of the senate of this state in refusing to pass, or even to consider the electoral law, is a high handed attempt to subvert our republican institutions.

It was then, on motion, resolved that the meeting proceed to nominate a suitable person for president, and on taking the votes, it was found that they were all for General ANDREW JACKSON, excepting one.

FOREIGN.

From Spain.—The brig Ontario has arrived at Boston from Malaga, bringing accounts to Aug. 4. The editors of the Palladium inform us it was reported at Malaga that the French Consul had been ordered to leave Gibraltar in eight days, and that 8,000 British troops had arrived at Lisbon. The Spanish Liberals at Malaga were highly elated at the news. Rumors were received daily of disturbances in different parts of Spain. About 2,000 persons had arrived at Malaga to be transported to different fortresses, for being concerned in the late Revolution,

It was reported that there had been a commotion at Algeziras between the inhabitants and French troops, in consequence of the former hoisting the Spanish flag above the French.

Several British gunboats having passed Gibraltar to the westward, it was inferred that the war with Algiers was at an end.—*Com. Adv.*

Latest from Spain.—Capt. Butler of the ship Thalia, reports that 4 or 500 of the Constitutionalists, who had been secreted along the coast near Tarifa,* had landed on the 4th ult. and were welcomed and joined by the garrison, and subsequently by a number of the peasantry from the interior.

Gen. O'Donnell, who was stationed at Algeziras, sent two companies, on the 5th to reconnoitre, who also joined the insurgents. Thirty individuals at Algeziras, suspected of being connected with the capture of Tarifa, were arrested and ordered to Cadiz, but the insurgents fitted out a vessel and re-captured them on their way. A report stated that from 500 to 1000 French troops had advanced upon Tarifa, from Cadiz. A body of exiles (about 100 in number) had left Gibraltar on the night of the 7th, for the purpose, it was supposed, to make a descent on Malaga.

At 12 o'clock, P. M. on the 8th, on passing Tarifa, heard a cannonading, which lasted for some time, but from the position of the Constitutionalists, had every reason to believe that they had not only kept possession of the island and town, but had made good their footing on the Maine.

The last mails from Madrid, had brought accounts of an affray between the French and Spanish troops, in that city, in which many lives had been lost. The troops at Algeziras were much dissatisfied with their clothing and pay.

U. S. Gazette.

*Tarifa is a sea port in Seville, Spain, situated on a bay to which it gives name on the north side of the Straits of Gibraltar, fortified with old walls and towers, with a Castle.

LAFAYETTE.

At a meeting of the citizens of Raleigh, on the 14th day of September, 1824, for the purpose of adopting such measures as may be most expedient and proper, for the reception and reception of Gen. Lafayette in this City,—Joseph Gales, Esq. President of Pro. tem. took the Chair, and Benjamin A. Barham, was appointed Secretary.

A letter from the Magistrate of Police of the town of Fayetteville, requesting the co-operation of the citizens of Raleigh, with those of Fayetteville, in receiving the Nation's Guest, was read.

On motion, *Ordered*, That Henry Potter, Joseph Gales, A. S. H. Burges, John J. S. Ruffin, and Benjamin B. Smith, be appointed a committee to prepare resolutions, recommending such measures as they may deem most expedient for the invitation and reception of General *Lafayette*, and report at a meeting of the citizens, to be held on Thursday next, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

J. GALES, *Chairman.*

B. A. Barham, *Sec'y*

Thursday, 16th Sept. 1824.

The committee appointed on Tuesday, to prepare resolutions recommending such measures as they may deem proper to adopt, for the reception of Gen. *Lafayette*, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

In the national joy which the visit of our distinguished guest, Gen. Lafayette, has inspired throughout the Union, the Citizens of Raleigh greatly participate; and, with deep impressions of gratitude for the disinterested motives, heroic valor, and splendid achievements displayed by this friend of liberty, for our deliverance in the darkest moments of our Revolutionary struggle, they are desirous of manifesting their high respect for his character, by tendering to him the hospitality of their town, with the tribute of their sincere affection. This is the only inducement they can offer, unless it be a view of the chief d'œuvre of Canova, the Statue of the immortal Washington; in which the General would recognise his venerated companion and friend: Wherefore

Resolved, That his Excellency, Governor Holmes, be respectfully requested, for and in behalf of the Police and citizens of Raleigh, to invite Gen. Lafayette to visit our city—desiring him to inform us of the time when we may expect him; and to transmit the invitation, with the proceedings of this meeting, by a special messenger.

Resolved, That a Committee of Arrangements be appointed, with full power to make every suitable preparation for the reception and entertainment of our country's Friend and Hero. To this end, they will consult with the Governor, and solicit his aid in accomplishing the object of their appointment, so as to do credit to the Seat of Government, and to the State of North-Carolina; they will also correspond with the Committee of Arrangements in Fayettville, and with such other Committees as are or may be appointed in the State, for the like purpose, with a view of concert and co-operation; and they will invite all the Commissioned officers of the Revolution, now living in the state, to attend on the occasion.

Resolved, That Col. Wm. Polk, a Revolutionary Officer, be appointed to address Gen. Lafayette on his arrival at Raleigh.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Raleigh papers.

The following gentlemen compose the committee of arrangement, to wit: William Polk, John Haywood, John L. Taylor, Joseph Gales, William Ruffin, Beverley Daniel, Benjamin B. Smith, A. S. H Burges, Stephen Birdsall, Henry Potter, Joseph Hawkins, William Hill and Henry Seawell.

J. GALES, *Chairman.*

B. A. Barham, *Secretary.*

From the Fayetteville Observer.

A meeting of the committee appointed by the citizens of Fayetteville, for the purpose of making arrangements for the suitable reception of Gen. La Fayette, on his expected arrival at this place, was holden at the court-house, on Wednesday, the 8th inst.

Present—Hon. John D. Toomer, chairman. J. A. Cameron, W. Lord, James Townes, Robert Strange, H. W. Ayer, and John M'Rae, Esq'rs, as members of the committee.

His excellency gov. Holmes, by invitation, attended the meeting, and stated his views upon the subject under consideration, in a polite and handsome manner. He expressed a wish that the reception of the distinguished guest of the nation, on his entrance into the territory of North-Carolina, might be the act of the state at large, and that it should be done in style of liberality and elegance, which might do justice to our feelings, our taste, and our pecuniary independence.

The following resolutions and proceedings were adopted:—

His excellency having retired—*Resolved*, That a correspondence be opened on the part of this committee, with the police of the city of Raleigh, for the purpose of enabling the sister towns to conduct the attentions, which they may severally propose bestowing on the benefactor of their country, in harmony, and with a decent regard to the convenience of each other.

The following resolutions were then adopted, as a general plan by which the citizens of Fayetteville, will demonstrate their gratitude for the services, and esteem for the virtues of their illustrious visitor, subject, however, to be varied as expediency or convenience may suggest.

Resolved, That a depudation be sent to meet Gen. La Fayette, at Yorktown, in the state of Virginia, on the 19th of October, with a letter from this committee, repeating the invitation that he honor us with a visit, and receive his answer.

That an escort, consisting of one or more citizens and capt. Towne's troop of cavalry, be sent to meet the General, at Monroe, on the Virginia line, to accompany him thence to this place.

That on the evening, preceding his arrival, he be requested to lodge at the house of Rob't Campbell, Esq. that on the morning of his arrival, he be escorted from thence to the western end of Clarendon Bridge, by the police of the town, the cavalry, and such citizens as may think proper to be of the party.—That a triumphal arch, with suitable decorations and inscriptions, having been thrown over the western end of the bridge, and the infantry and artillery, the citizens of the town, and the scholars from the several academies and schools, having been arranged in a double line, facing inwards, shall in a becoming manner salute the General and his escort, as he passes through them, and form a procession in the rear, which shall move towards the lodgings prepared for his accommodation; passing in their progress through another triumphal arch thrown across the street, at Liberty Point. That during the procession the artillery shall fire a national salute, and all the bells in town shall be rung.

That the chairman of this Committee, in behalf of the citizens of Fayetteville, present Genl La Fayette an address on his arrival at his lodgings, after which the several companies shall pass in review before him, giving him a marching salute.

That in the evening of the day on which Gen. La Fayette may arrive, there shall be a general illumination of the town, a public dinner on the succeeding day, and a ball in the evening.

That all the commissioned officers of the Revolution now in this State, be and are hereby invited to attend the General's visit to this place.

That Marshals be appointed to conduct the foregoing arrangements.

That a committee be appointed to make arrangements for the reception of the Gen. and his accommodation while here, pursuant to the foregoing plan.

That a committee be appointed to make arrangements for the suitable conveyance of the General through the State.

The following appointments were made: Mr. Strange, deputed to go to York Town; Messrs. Toomer, and Cameron, sub-committee of arrangements; Messrs. J. M'Rae and C. P. Mallett, committee for equipage; Col. Block, Marshall.

Maj. Wright and Mr. A. M. Fritz, assistant Marshals.

Messrs. Strange and M'Rae, a committee of correspondence in the absence of the Magistrate of Police and the chairman of the committee.

That the Magistrate of Police of this town be requested to address the Magistrate of Police of the town of Wilmington, and request him to join us, with such of the Military and citizens of Wilmington as can favor us with their presence on the interesting occasion.

That the Magistrate of Police be requested to address a similar communication to Capt. Buie, of Lumberton.

The chairman laid before the meeting a letter under date of August 27th, 1824, from Robert Strange, Esq. Maj. Commanding the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry Company, covering a copy of a resolution of the company, tendering their services as a body guard to General La Fayette, during such time or times as he may be in this place.—Whereupon it was *Resolved*, That the tender made by Maj. Strange be accepted, and that he be duly notified thereof.

JOHN M'RAE, *Sec'y.*

JNO. D. TOOMER, *Chairman.*

Raleigh:

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1824.

We are informed that Wm. S. Blackledge, Esq. intimated, some weeks since, his intention of withdrawing as a candidate for Elector of President and Vice President at the ensuing election, and that measures are in preparation for the nomination of a gentleman to succeed him.—*Newbern Sentinel.*

[We are authorized to state, that, although Mr. Blackledge does not wish to be run as a candidate for Elector, and has therefore expressed his intention of withdrawing his *name* from the list on the People's Ticket, he is not influenced by any motive of opposition to that ticket; but is still pointedly opposed to the election of Mr. Crawford.]

Ed. Star.

Messrs. Bell & Lawrence:

Gentlemen,—I see, from a publication in the Western Carolinian, and republished in your paper, that at a meeting held at Concord, in Cabarrus county, North Carolina, by a number of citizens of that county, who are friendly to the election of John Q. Adams, and who have recommended a separate Ticket for the support of that gentleman in the approaching election for President of the United States, they have requested me to receive such information as may be communicated to the public regarding the formation of a *separate Adams Ticket*, and to publish the same from time to time, until the Ticket shall be completed.

I feel myself flattered that my friends at this meeting should have entrusted me with a charge so important; yet I must beg to be excused from the performance of that duty, because, I am satisfied that nothing can be done for Mr. Adams in this state, (however much I may desire to promote his interest.) I am of an opinion that the piece, published in the Star of the 10th instant, signed "Union," is the best plan that can be devised to ascertain the strength of Adams and Jackson, and which promises to unite the friends of these two gentlemen.

Respectfully yours,

B. S. KING.

Raleigh, Sept. 22, 1824.

Gen. Lafayette.—In another part of this paper will be found the proceedings of the meetings held in this city last week, for the purpose of adopting suitable measures for the reception of this distinguished patriot, should he visit us during his stay in the United States.

The Governor, we understand, entered cordially into the views of the meeting, and has, in conformity with the resolutions thereof, appointed Gen. Robt. R. Johnson, of Warrenton, bearer of the invitation to Gen. Lafayette.

Cotton.—We continue to receive the most discouraging accounts respecting the havoc made by the Rot in the Cotton of this state. Fears are entertained that from one fourth to one half of the crop will be destroyed.