[illegible] Mr. Peel [illegible] [illegible] to bring it forward the [illegible] And that all the [illegible] which have been circulated [illegible] subject will be set at rest [illegible] [illegible] when the measure [illegible] Duke of Wellington [illegible] yesterday in the House of Lords reply to the Bishop of Bath and Without going into any details, stated generally—

that the Bill hereafter to be introduced into the other House of Parliament and subsequently to come under [illegible] of their Lordships, would be perfectly free from the least encroachment on existing institutions, and would interfere with the baths taken Right Rev. Prelates and other s of that House.

it would not touch upon the in of the Protestant establishments, nor upon the existing se that integrity in any way

when those measures, which shortly be submitted to the other sequently to that House of par were before their Lordships, he d to prove—that so far from tend establish Popery, they would the growth of Popery, and pro extension of the Protestant re He engaged to prove, he would that those measures would check crease of the Catholics, while would tend to add to the numbers Protestants.

ually, that the measure tended, from establishing Popery, to check vent its growth, and to promote luence of the Protestant religion land."

TEST FROM BUENOS AYRES.

schooner Leo, Captain Raines, has d at Baltimore, in 47 days, from Buenos The Editors of the American have ed letters and papers from their cor dents, from which they make the fol extracts:

"*Buenos Ayres, February* 14. dmiral Brown continues Governor pro avalle being outside. News has just d here of Molini and 500 of his men nted by Suarez, one of Lavalle's He took 131 prisoners, killed 300, took 1500 horses. Five Provinces en against Buenos Ayres, viz: Cordo nta Fe, Mendoza, Entre Rios, &c. in l of Dorrego's friends."

"*Buenos Ayres, February* 15. e have nothing particular in the way tics, except the rout of the principal f the Insurgents. There is no little tion here, in consequence of General tin's not landing here after leaving video."

"*Buenos Ayres, February* 16. have this day witnessed the death of who was shot in the Public Plaza; he e of the chiefs opposed to the pre Government, and taken in arms against [illegible] brought into town on Friday, and condemned on Saturday, and exe this day (Monday.) A noble looking he met his death like a warrior, with the composure, tying his handkerchief d his eyes with his own hands. His was instantaneous: the muskets being within three feet of his breast. A horrid sight I never witnessed, his s broad as a bull's, was blackened explosion, perforated by upwards of dozen balls, and covered with blood." editor of the Gaceta Mercantil, who der arrest for an offensive publication General Lavalle, has been liberated

Buenos Ayres, February 14. prisoners taken in the late action at tas, arrived in town under an escort of rassie on Tuesday last, including hief Mesa, and *soi disant* Minister of espedes.—*British Packet.*

political news of the week is impor nd the destruction of Molini's force the Province in a very imposing situa il regards the hostile Province. It is al rumoured that Santa Fe has made prop for peace. Upon political subjects re generally two opinions, we there nsert the current observations of the pon the above topic: First then, one argues that moderation in the midst of s, and in the present state of the Prov would do more to ensure its future bility than a determination to carry all rce of arms. In opposition to which it rred, that fear alone makes the enemy able; its hatred to Buenos Ayres re unchanged, and that should the army, part of it be disbanded, a combined would take place; therefore, while the are flushed with victory over the for and domestic foe, it is better to march nce, and convince Lopez and the other that the Majesty of Buenos Ayres to be outraged with impunity.—*Ibid.*

mbia and Peru.—On the 17th of Janu Colombian army at the South, sent to re insurgions of the Peruvians, was seven and strong, well equipped, and eager to the evading foe. The Peruvian army bout five thousand strong.

not appear, notwithstanding the high f confidence which runs through the offi ocuments of the Colombians, and the con with which they affect to regard the inva that they have succeeded, as yet, in driv em from their territories.

engagement at Guayaquil, though parti unfortunate for the Peruvians, on ac of the loss of their brave Admiral, was ll, an unimportant affair, having cost the ians only five men, (cinco hombres enter s y paisanos) and the shattering of a few while it is doubtful whether, with the s above mentioned, the loss of the Peru s much greater.

ition to the troubles created by the Pe invasion, Colombia has been disturbed by rection in Popayan and Pasto, two of uth-Western Provinces of the Republic, however, appears to be partially suppress was headed by Colonels Lopez and Oban d was at one time so formidable as to re the presence of Bolivar, who arrived at y of Popayan on the 23d of January. Not nding the defeat and capture of Colonel les and Captain Viloto, on the 19th of De r, together with their arms, ammunition, ggage, a considerable portion of the forces their command escaped to Jimenes. Co Obando was in Pasto with two or three nd men; Colonel Lopez, although repre to be filled with terror, was marching to m, with thirty or forty men; and two gue with thirty or forty men each, were mov wards Timbio. These are *royalist* esti and therefore the numbers are probably rated. It appears that the insurgents acting in concert with the Peruvians, al t at a considerable distance from their of operations, and that they had tried sev times to bring the Province of *Buenaventura* heir measures, and "thus place themselves mmunication with Peru." But in this they not succeeded. All their despatches had intercepted by the Governor, (*Francisco*

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the Peruvians [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Fourth [illegible] of Bolivia of March 2, [illegible] of War, dated Quito, November 15th, which he says:

"I have heard intimations that the Southern Provinces of Colombia are suffering from a temporary invasion of foreign troops. Without the means of judging [illegible] the truth of these [illegible] I have only to entreat your Excellency, if [illegible] of Colombia should be invaded by any [illegible] that you would be so kind as to inform me, or at least give me some slight intimation. Whatever may be the state of my health, I will fly to the arms, and in the post which shall be assigned me, will share with my old companions their dangers and their victory."

We have stated above, that Bolivar was at Popayan on the 23d of January. The Bogota Gazette speaks of him as about to return to that capital. It may therefore be safely inferred, that the report of his assassination was incorrect.

THE STAR.

RALEIGH: APRIL 23, 1829.

Stage Robbery.—The trunks of Messrs. B. B. Smith and Ruffin Tucker, merchants of this city, who left here on Thursday last for the north, were cut from the stage about half a mile north of Louisburg: which being soon discovered, the gentlemen left the stage and returned to the village, engaged a company, and went immediately in search of the thief and trunks. They fortunately apprehended the thief and regained their trunks and contents. The rogue is a free mulatto, and is lodged in Franklin Jail.

The Warrenton Reporter announces Charles A. Hill, Esq. of Franklin county, as a candidate to represent the Warren district in the next Congress, Mr. Turner having declined a re-election, the contest will lie between Mr. Hill and Robert Potter, Esq. of Granville.

John Giles, Esq. is announced as a candidate to represent the Salisbury (Mr. Long's) district in the next Congress.

Appointments by the President.—Louis M'Lane, of Delaware, to be Minister to England, in the place of James Barbour.

Dabney S. Carr, Esq. Editor of the Baltimore Republican, to be Naval Officer of the Port of Baltimore, in the place of Wm. B. Barney.

We understand that James W. Clark, Esq. Tarborough, Clerk of the Senate of this State, has been appointed Chief Clerk in the Navy Department.

The report, that the Hon. John Pope, of Kentucky, had refused to accept the appointment of Governor of Arkansas, appears to be unfounded. The Louisville Advertiser of the 4th instant, states that Mr. Pope has accepted the appointment, and will repair to the seat of Government of that Territory as soon as practicable after the reception of his credentials.

Small Pox.—We learn from the Danville Telegraph, that there is a family in the county of Rockingham in this State, on the road leading from Danville to Salem, laboring under the Small Pox, believed to have been caught from a company of Indians that passed the house. The head of the family purchased of the Indians some blankets, and probably other things, which they had for sale; from which it is believed the disease was communicated. The necessary precaution has been taken to prevent its further spread.

The Philadelphia Sentinel states that Benjamin W. Richards, Esq. has been unanimously elected Mayor of that city, in the room of Geo. M. Dallas, Esq. resigned.

Fire at New York.—A destructive fire broke out at New York a few days ago, in the progress of which the Lafayette Theatre was burnt down, together with several other houses. A New York paper says, "estimating the loss of the Theatre at 50,000 dollars, the entire loss of property may be set down at 75,000 dollars."

Heavy Damages.—A suit was lately tried before the Superior Court in New York, brought by Captain Chandler, against Mr. Pettit, for malicious prosecution—and a verdict rendered for the plaintiff—*damages twelve thousand five hundred dollars!*

Mr. J. Matthews, Jr. of Baltimore has been so fortunate as to recover the large sum of money lost by him on the 10th instant, after he had left the steam boat, in which he came passenger from Philadelphia. His pocket Book was received on the 14th, through the Post Office; and in it were eleven thousand five hundred dollars. Mr. M. lost twelve thousand dollars; and as a reward of five hundred dollars was offered for its recovery, it is supposed the finder retained that amount as his due.

A fire occurred in Savannah, Geo. on the 9th inst. which destroyed about 80 or 90 dwellings, and 15 other buildings, among which was a ware house, which contained about 930 tierces of rice, and 1200 bushels of corn.

Andrew M'Collum was killed near Huntsville, Surry county, on the 6th instant, while attempting to enter a neighbor's house clandestinely.

Our celebrated countryman, Washington Irving, is preparing for publication an Abridgement of the History of the Life and Voyages of Columbus.

The Pennsylvania Reporter says, the Post Master General has appointed Mrs. Mary Dickson to the post office in the city of Lancaster, in the place of Mrs. Moore, resigned.

The Pittsburg papers states that the President of the United States has ordered a set of glasses for his table from Messrs. Bakewell Page & Bakewells, of that city.

The Norfolk Beacon of the 18th [illegible] states that an association of enterprising individuals in that place contemplates the immediate establishment of a line of Packets to run through the Dismal Swamp Canal from Norfolk and Newbern. One of the schooners will be in operation in about six weeks.

The steam boat Petersburg arrived at Halifax on the 16th instant, from Norfolk.

Celebration of Washington's Birth Day at Paris.—The last anniversary of the birth of Washington was celebrated at Paris, by a public dinner, at which Isaac Cox Barnet, Esq. United States Consul at Paris, presided, assisted by Samuel J. Fisher, Esq. of Philadelphia, as Vice President. Among the distinguished personages present we observe, were General La Fayette, Messrs. G. W. Lafayette, Levasseur and Jules Lasteyrie, (the General's grandson) and our Minister Mr. Brown. Many patriotic toasts were given, and several addresses made; from which we select the following:

General Lafayette: The early and constant friend of our country: he has beheld our progress from infancy to manhood, with the eye of a benevolent heart; our children shall rise up and call him blessed.

General Lafayette rose, and said—

Gentlemen: You will better feel than can be expressed the emotions which are crowding on my mind, when I, the only surviving of the Revolutionary Generals, have been allowed to stop on this side of death, with your rising generations, to celebrate Washington's anniversary birth-day, a birth that has been like an heavenly token, not only of American Independence and Freedom, but also of the progressive destinies of mankind.

It is to me an additional gratification here once more to share in our patriotic celebrations with the friends who, being the Representatives of People, the first in freedom upon earth, has filled that high and preeminent station in a manner which must leave in our hearts the deepest and most grateful remembrance.

You have been pleased to allude to the double felicity I had, to be associated, as a young soldier in glorious and fruitful revolution, and to be lately a witness to the blessed results of those principles of liberty, equality, and public order, which have marked the American era of political civilization: wonders in which, as an American veteran, as a faithful disciple of the American school, and amidst the favors of the People, so profusely, so affectionately bestowed upon me, I could not fail on every account to delight.

Of our great and beloved Washington what could I say, that is not engraved in every American breast? So shall his memory, his examples, his advices, be forever cherished, in common with that constitutional bond of union, which, in his farewell address, he has declared to be *the palladium of political safety and prosperity.* Permit me gentlemen, his adopted son, to second that sentiment, by introducing the following toast:

"The American Confederacy, and may Washington's birth day be forever celebrated under the full constellation of their united state."

Gideon Tomlinson has been re-elected Governor of Connecticut.

Halifax, April 16.

At a meeting of the citizens of this town, on Monday last, it was resolved to invite the Hon. John Branch, Secretary of the Navy, to dine with them previous to his departure for the Federal City. Committees of arrangements, &c. were appointed, and the following correspondence took place:

April 13th, 1829.

SIR,—We, the undersigned, in conformity to the wishes of the citizens of Halifax, and in unison with our feelings, seize this as the proper moment to congratulate you on your present elevation in the Republic. Wishing you all the happiness which you are so much entitled to, we at the same time respectfully invite you to dine with us, at the Mansion House Hotel, on Thursday next.

Your obedient serv'ts,

WM. L. LONG,
A. S. H. BURGES,
E. H. EURE.

To Hon. JOHN BRANCH,
Enfield, N. C.

Enfield, April 13*th,* 1829.

GENTLEMEN,—Your kind congratulations for the recent honor conferred on your old associate and friend, together with the polite invitation of the citizens of Halifax to dine with them on Thursday next, merits the warmest tribute of my heart. But, gentlemen, an imperious sense of duty constrains me to forego the high gratification which I should otherwise derive from mingling with friends so dear to me, around the festive board.

In every station in which I have been placed, my highest ambition has ever been to merit a continuance of the public confidence, by a faithful discharge of my duty. For a few days, in obedience to the dictates of a paramount obligation, recognized by every generous bosom, I have left the post assigned me by the greatest and best of men. In doing so, my determination was to return without a moment's unnecessary delay. Allow me, then, with emotions which my pen cannot describe, to assure you, and through you my fellow-citizens of Halifax, that while I decline the honor, I can never cease to cherish the liveliest recollection of their continued confidence and support.

With esteem and unfeigned respect, I am your's truly.

JNO. BRANCH.

To Messrs. *Wm. L. Long,*
A. S. H. Burges,
E. H. Eure.

Though they have been disappointed in meeting their distinguished friend and fellow-citizen at the festive board, our townsmen must, and do, approve the course he has taken.—*Minerva.*

New-York, April 10.

From Matanzas.—By the brig Telegraph, Capt. Blanchard, we received the following letter from our correspondent, dated Matanzas, March 25th:—

"The Captain of an English brig, from Jersey, reports having been boarded on the 18th inst. off cape Antonio, by the English brig of war Victor, the boarding officer of which informed that they had 20 men on board, in irons, Pirates, captured off Key Sal. The Victor was bound to Jamaica. The French brig L'Amelie, from Xagua, to this port, has been fallen in with deserted, trunks rifled and every thing portable plundered—the brig it is said has been towed into the Balize (N. O.) by one of the New-York packet ships.

"A report is now prevalent here of an engagement having taken place off Signapa about 24 miles hence, between a pirate schooner, and three open boats, which terminated in the destruction of the boats. The authenticity of this report cannot however, be exactly traced. There is one vessel of war now here, but being employed in affording convoy to American commerce, she is not enabled to ferret out these sea monsters, and we fear that unless other vessels of war should appear on the coast the bloody and destructive scenes of the past will be re-acted."

The Telegraph sailed on the 28th, under convoy of the U. S. schr. Grampus, Lieut. Voorhees. Capt. Blanchard informs, that it was reported, and believed at Matanzas, that about the 15th March a British [illegible] had been attacked near Sand Key [illegible] piratical schooner [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which was reported to be the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the British brig Victor, mentioned in our Correspondent's letter.

A passenger [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a few days before the Telegraph sailed, who reported having seen a schooner and the boats of a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in a bay about 20 miles west of Matanzas Point.

A Spanish [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] on the day previous to the sailing of the Telegraph, boarded a vessel supposed to be a pirate, and found several dead Spaniards on board, and having previously hailed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] where she fell in with a brig [illegible] [illegible] a few minutes before [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] nation she belonged. She was supposed to have had an action with some pirate, who had rifled and abandoned her.

A Boston brig which arrived just before the T. sailed, reported having been chased off the Double Headed Shot Key by a pirate, but night coming on, he was enabled to escape there.

Morning Courier.

We learn that a man by the name of M'Gannon was shot on the night of the 6th inst. by Wm. C. Byrd, in Surry Co. near the Shallow ford. Of the causes which led to this unfortunate occurrence we forbear to speak, as they are understood to be of a domestic nature, and deserving of the severest reprobation. Byrd gave himself up to the proper authority, to await his trial.—*Salem Gleaner.*

New York.—A bill concerning the Banks in this State, has passed both branches of the legislature of New York, and become a law. Its provisions are singular, & experimental. All the banks in the State are to be brought under the same regulations, which, briefly, are—that all the State banks are made responsible for the solvency of each, so that, if any one fail, the creditors of that particular institution are to be reimbursed from a joint fund furnished by the rest. A board of three commissioners is appointed, who are required at stated periods, and, at all other times on the requisition of any three of the Banks, to examine with the utmost detail into all the affairs of each institution—in the words of the law, thoroughly to inspect the affairs of the Banks, to examine all the books, papers, notes, bonds, and other evidences of debt—to ascertain the quantity of specie, and their ability to meet engagements, &c. Eight Banks in the city of New York have already signified their determination not to take a renewal of their charters under the conditions of the new law.—*National Intelligencer.*

Colombia.—Advices are received from Bogota and Maracaybo, to the 4th ultimo, inclusive. General Harrison, our Minister, arrived at Bogota on the 5th of February, and presented his credentials, on the 7th, to the Minister of State and Secretary of Foreign Affairs, in the absence of the Liberator President. The guerilla bands of Obando have been partially cut up in Popayan. The substance of an official despatch from the Secretary General to Bolivar, relating to the affair in the river of Guayaquil, in which admiral Guise lost his life by a gun bursting, has been anticipated by private correspondence published some days since. It is said that he manifested the greatest repugnance to executing the orders he had received from the Peruvian Government, to burn the city of Guayaquil. Bolivia is said to be more hostile to Peru than to Colombia; and a body of three thousand men is reported to have been organized to invade the former country.

N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

POSTSCRIPT.

From the New York Morning Courier.

Five days later from Europe.—The William Byrnes, packet ship, arrived yesterday from Liverpool, and has put us in possession of papers of that place to the 10th, London to the 9th, and Greenock and Glasgow to the 7th March, inclusive—also Lloyd's and Shipping Lists, and Commercial Letters of the latest dates. Extracts will be found under the usual heads.

ENGLAND.

Catholic Emancipation.—In the House of Commons, on the 5th March, Mr. Peel introduced the Bill for the emancipation of the Catholics. The following are its outlines:

1. Its basis is the removal from the Roman Catholics of civil disabilities, and the equalization of political rights.

2. Roman Catholics are to be admitted into both Houses of Parliament.

There are to be no restrictions as to numbers: Catholics becoming members of either House are to take an oath, to support and defend the succession of the crown—abjuring the sentiment that Princes excommunicated by the Pope may be deposed and murdered by their subjects—denying the right of the Pope to any civil jurisdiction in the British Kingdom—disclaiming, disavowing, and solemnly abjuring any intention to subvert the present Church Establishment as settled by law, &c.

3. Roman Catholics are to be incapable of holding the office of Lord Chancellor, or of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

4. They may hold all Corporate Offices—may be Sheriffs and Judges.

5. But they are not to hold places belonging to the Established Church, the Ecclesiastical Courts, or Ecclesiastical foundations, nor any offices in the Universities, the Colleges of Eton, Winchester, and Westminster; nor any School of Ecclesiastical Foundation. The laws relative to Roman Catholic right to presentations are to be retained. In cases where any Roman Catholic shall hold an office with which Church patronage is connected, the Crown is to have the power of transferring the patronage. No Roman Catholic to hold any office to advise the Crown in the appointment to offices connected with the Established Church of England and Ireland.

6. The existing Penal Laws affecting Roman Catholics are to be repealed.

7. Roman Catholics are to be put with respect to property, on a footing with Dissenters.

8. Catholic Members of Parliament are not to be obliged to quit the House upon any particular question.

9. There is to be no Declaration required against Transubstantiation.

10. Upon the subject of Ecclesiastical Securities, the Roman Catholics are to be placed on the footing of all other dissenters.

11. There is not to be any veto: nor is there to be any interference with the intercourse in Spiritual matters between the Roman Catholic Church and the See of Rome.

12. The Episcopal titles and names, now in use in the Church of England, are not to be assumed by the members of the Roman Catholic Church.

13. When Roman Catholics are admitted to corporate and other offices, the insignia of such offices are in no case to be taken to any other place of worship than the Established Church. No robes of office are to be worn in any other than the Established Church.

14. The Jesuits and Monastic Communities—The Names and Numbers of the individuals belonging to the existing Communities are to be registered—Communities bound by religious or monastic vows are not to be extended, and provision is to be made against the future entrance into this country of the order of Jesuits—The Jesuits now are to be registered.

15. *Elective franchise—Forty Shilling Freeholders.—The Elective franchise is proposed to be raised from Forty Shillings to Ten Pounds.*

Freeholders are to be registered, and the registry is to be taken before the Assistant Barrister of the Irish counties, with power of an appeal in certain cases from his decision to a higher tribunal.

Mr. Peel made a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of March, [illegible] [illegible]

For Mr. Peel's Proposition [illegible]
Against [illegible]

Majority in favour of Ministers [illegible]

The House having resolved itself into a Committee of the whole House, the Resolutions were moved and agreed to, and the Report ordered to be received on Monday. The House of [illegible] [illegible] on Saturday morning, March 7, adjourned.

London dates of March 9th, say the Clare Election Committee assembled this morning, and came to the resolution that Daniel O'Connell, Esq. had been duly elected, for the county of Clare, but that the petitions against his return were not frivolous.

Newly discovered MSS. of Locke.—A large [illegible] of old manuscripts has lately come into the possession of a gentleman at Horsham, in Sussex, England, which turn out to be original letters and writings of the illustrious John Locke. The MS. of his Essay on the Human Understanding, with all its corrections, and many letters written during his banishment in Holland, as well as some letters of Algernon Sydney, Lord Shaftesbury, and others, are amongst this collection.

N. Y. Morning Courier.

Columbia, S. C. April 10.

We understand that on Saturday last, at Fairfield Court House, the case of the State vs. Shadrack Jacobs, was tried.

Jacobs was charged with the Murder of Andrew Frazier, who was killed upwards of twenty-one years ago. The evidence against Jacobs was chiefly presumptive.—He was found guilty of murder, but recommended, by the jury, to executive clemency. We are also told, that he has appealed for a new trial.—*Gazette.*

A good Jackson Man.—The wife of Mr. Joseph Potter, of Steuben county, N. Y. having given birth to two boys on the 4th of March, Mr. P. named one *Andrew J.* and the other *Jackson A. Porter.*

The Grand Jury of New York has dismissed the case relative to the abduction of Rowland Stephenson.

There is now living in Providence, (R. I.) a man aged about fifty-eight years, who was never out of the State of Rhode Island, never sick, or took medicine, never shaved by any but himself, never used or was used by but [illegible] before sunrise every day in the last forty years, and has not tasted any kind of inebriating liquor for thirty years.

FOR THE STAR.

Messrs. Nathaniel Robards, James Wyche, Wm. S. M'Clenahan, Dennis T. Paschal and Wm. M. Sneed.

GENTLEMEN,—As you have presented yourselves before the citizens of Granville, as candidates to represent them at the ensuing Legislature, permit us to make a few enquiries of you relative to some of the most important subjects likely to be agitated at its next session.

1st. Do you, or do you not own *stock* in any of the Banks of this State?

2nd. Are you opposed to the practice which has been pursued by the several Banks of this State previous to the last Legislature?

3rd. Will you use your influence to have a resolution passed at the next Assembly, compelling the several Banks of the State to pay specie on demand for their notes, or pay a fine of —— dollars for every failure?

4th. Will you use your influence to prevent the Banks from calling in more than one tenth of their debts annually?

5th. Are you, or are you not in favour of extending the charters of the Banks?

6th. Are you indebted to any of the Banks of this State—either directly or indirectly?

Your answers to these questions will very much oblige

Several Voters of Grassy Creek.

The Correspondents.—"*The Chronicles of the Tribe of North-Carolina*" shall appear as early as practicable. "*Juvenal, Jr.*" should have received an impartial consideration, provided he had sent us a legible copy of his essay.

MARRIED.

In Warren county, on the 8th instant, Mr. Augustine W. Wortham, of Tennessee, to Miss Martha Ann Terry.

In Rowan county, on the 31st ultimo, Major Caswell Harbin to Miss Elizabeth Smoot; in Surry county on the same day, Mr. Nathan Moffitt to Miss Mary Hunt; and in Rowan, on the 2d instant, Mr. Peter Cauble, sen. to Mrs. Margaret Miller.

At Wilmington, on the 9th instant, Lieutenant Samuel M'Rae, of the 1st Regiment of United States Infantry, to Mrs. Mary Wheaton.

DIED,

In Sampson county, on the 9th instant, Brig. Gen. Thomas Boykin, a most respectable and useful man, for several years past the faithful representative of Sampson county in the State Legislature.

At Fayetteville, on the 14th instant, Mrs. Olivia Hamner, consort of the Rev. James G. Hamner, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in that place.

At Nashville, in Nash county, on the 14th instant, Mrs. Frances Blount, consort of General Henry Blount, of that place.

In Rowan county, on the 10th instant, Mrs. Caroline Chambers, wife of Otho Chambers, Esq.

In Stokes county, on the 13th instant, Mr. George Waterson, aged 77 years.

In Orange county, on the 8th instant, Mrs. Jane Murphey, consort of the Hon. A. D. Murphey, in the 49th year of her age.

Advertisement.

At the last term of Lenoir County Court, the subscribers qualified as Executors to the last will and testament of Benjamin Burns, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate of said Burns are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all those having claims, to present them legally, or this notice will be plead against them.

NATHAN B. WHITFIELD, } Ex'rs.
EDMUND WHITFIELD, }

Lenoir county, April 10, 1829. 17 4w

Sale of Brood Mares and Colts.

Will be sold, at Caswell Court-House, on Tuesday the 5th day of May next, it being the second day of our Superior Court, to the highest bidder, two choice thorough bred Mares, with each a Colt, by the distinguished Race Horse Monsieur Tonson. Those who wish to raise first rate race horses, would do well to attend the sale. An opportunity to purchase such property but seldom presents itself. These mares and colts will be sold as part of the property of the late Bartlett Yancy, dec'd. They were selected by the deceased, and purchased for his own purpose. They were formerly the favourite property of Gov. H. G. Burton. Bond and approved security will be required of the purchaser, and a credit until the 25th December next will be given. Further particulars respecting the blood of the mares, will be made known on the day of sale.

AZARIAH GRAVES, } Adm'rs.
NANCEY YANCY, }

April 10, 1829. 17 2w

State of North-Carolina,

Warren county.

In Equity—Spring Term, 1829.

George Anderson
vs.
Ann Brainerd, Lavinia Brainerd, Henry Brainerd, Susan Brainerd, Mary Brainerd and Joseph Brainerd.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh Star, notifying them to appear at the next term of said Court to be holden for the county of Warren, at the Court House in Warrenton, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday of September next, and plead, answer, or demur, otherwise complainant's bill will be taken pro confesso.

Teste, JNO. BRAGG, C. M. E.

April 15, 1829. 17 6w

Cotton Manufacturing.

The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

April 22, 1829. [illegible]

Notice.

Will be sold in Plymouth, N. C. at the Court House door, in Washington county, on Thursday the [illegible] day of May next, the following tracts or parcels of LAND and TOWN LOTS, or so much thereof as will satisfy the tax due thereon for the year 1827, with cost; and if the sale is not completed on the above day, it will be continued from day to day until it is [illegible]

No. of Acres	To whom belonging	Whose land it adjoins
640	Alexander Isaac	Near Scuppernong river
50	Alexander Zeno P.	do do
37½	Bisnet Robert	William Jones
100	Bisnet Prudence	William Jones
37½	Bisnet Stephen	William Jones
100	Bateman Abner	Hardy N. Spruill
63	Bateman Andrew, of Jesse	Daniel Oliver
37½	Bateman Malvin	Silvinus Spruill
75	Biggs Davis	Justus Ambrose
1000	Bateman Daniel H.	Near the lower end of Washington county
73	Brown Russell	William Brown
1000	16 Town Lots, Plymouth, Thos. Co[illegible]	Land adjoins Thos Sanderson
89	One [illegible] for Thos. Chilton	Edmund Blount
140	William Culipher	Annabe Culipher
100	Everett David, Est.	John Johnson
50	Freeman James	Near lower end of W. county
50	Freeman John, jun.	Downing Long
50	ditto for son	Near John Freeman senr.
100	Fagan Kenneth	Aaron Fagan's children
	Garrett John, est.	Joseph Garrett
49	Haszel Jeremiah	Near John W. Garrett
33¼	Hassell Joshua V.	Solomon Armstrong and others
100	Hodges Wilson B.	In or on the Dismal
200	Hollis Robert for child	Harmon Hollis
200	Hollis Harmon for child	Robert Hollis
302	2 Town lots in Plymouth, Ezekiel Hardison	
230	Harrison Lovick	Benjamin Harrison, junr.
100	Hardison John B.	Luke Legett's, sen. heirs
33 3-5	Harrison Aaron S.	Richard Everett
100	Harrison Anne	
139	Long Joshua	William L. Chesson
38	Long Downing B.	John Freeman, sen.
50	Lewis Joseph	Skinnersville
32	Mezzell Daniel	Silas Bembridge
32	Stubbs Archibald	Hardy N. Spruill
250	Spruill Silvinus	Samuel Oliver
100	Swain Stephen for son	Abraham Newberry
50	Swain John for son	Simeon Swain
50	Tarkinton Enoch B.	Josiah Collins
150	Wynn Robert	Near Scuppernong river
60	Woodly Daniel	do. do.
1000	Woodly Samuel	Reuben Chesson
50	Wiley Chapman	Joshua Alexander
50	Woodly Ellsy	Near Scuppernong river
60	Walker Taylor H. 1 town-lot in Plymouth	Land adjoins H. Ely
150	[illegible] heirs	John Johnson, sen.
28	Hambleton John	Josiah Flower
	1 Town lot, Plymouth, belonging to Thos. C. Armstead	
	1 Town lot ditto, belonging to [illegible] Barber's heirs	
279	Chesson Absalom	Ira E. Norman
97	Davenport's James heirs	Near Scuppernong river
344 2-3	Chesson John, [illegible]	Wm. M. Chesson
90	Davenport Charlotte	William Freeman
50	Davenport William for son	Benjamin Patrick
98½	Davenport Frederick	Bateman Abner
250	Davenport Aaron	At the head of the New Lands
25	Davenport Chas. B.	Silas Spruill
275	Davis Robert, jr.	Andrew S. Bateman's heirs
120	Bateman Joseph B. by H. B. Davis	Near Scuppernong river
17	Davenport Hugh	do. do.
520	Everett Hardy	Lovick Sexton
125	Everett Jesse, senr.	Lewis Bozman's heirs
1050	15 Town lots in Plymouth, H. Ely	Land adjoins Josiah Flower
70	Martin John	William Carroll
13	Norman Stark	Willoughby Spruill
6	Norman John, jun.	In lower end of Washington county
244	Norman Nehemiah, senr.	Abraham Chesson
203	Norman Mary	Nehemiah Norman, junr.
100	Norman Nehemiah, junr.	Mary Norman
7	Oliver Lydia	Near Scuppernong river
72	Oxly John	do. do.
128	Oliver Daniel	Andrew Bateman of Jesse
25	Amelia Culipher by D. Oliver	William Culipher
186	Oliver Samuel	Silvinus Spruill
50	Phelps Hosea	do. do.
5½	Penner Langley G.	Caleb Phelps
65	Phelps Charles P.	Jordan Phelps
194	Phelps Caleb	Langley G. Penner
32	Phelps' Edw. heirs	Dempsey Spruill
400	Pierce Stephen	Line on the Dismal
70	Phelps Joseph, jun.	Enoch Phelps
403	Rhodes Mary by H. White	Josiah Flower
81	Sexton Lovick	John Sexton
50	Spruill Ephraim	Lower end of Washington county
34	Stubbs Africa	Aaron Harrison
156	Vail Abner	Ephraim Davenport
109	Wiley Charles	James Wiley
160	Wiley Harvey	Hardy J. Phelps
277	White Asa for W. White's Est.	Solomon White
153	White Henry	Mary Rhodes
118	White William	Solomon White
137	Ditto, for estate of Asa Harrison	Asa White
48	Ditto for Isaac Harrison	
631	Phelps' Benjamin heirs	Harvey Wiley
180	[illegible]	Daniel Legett, sen.
	2 Town lots in Plymouth, belonging [illegible]	
	1 Town lot [illegible]	

I hereby give notice to all of the above persons [illegible] [illegible] their taxes and charges [illegible] said [illegible] of their real estate, will deliver it in front of the Court-House door on the above stated day, and I will offer, for the purpose of satisfying their tax, [illegible] of their real estate; if not, I shall proceed to sell their real estate.

THO. SANDERSON, [illegible] Sheriff.

April 7, 1829. 17 5w

[illegible]

Of every description, for sale at this Office.