hed, more in keeping with the mare events since July. The populace of completely triumphed; the fleurs is are every where disappearing the public buildings by order of the dorities, and even the great seal of kingdom has been remodelled, those ing been entirely effica

adent of Gory's

very breeze that comes from Will we have war is the generequiry, and unmbers are found at influential circles to proclaim barfel affirmative. Certainly the sect of affairs on the Continent is dethe citizen King, to rein in those arspirits, who sigh for war, and mld riot in spoliation. The French rtainly is not great. He wants the aster mind "to ride;on the whirlwind direct the storm."—He is already spected by the Republicans, and I ed not add, hated by the Carlists. e culpable negligence of the Governt in permitting the late display in the urch of St. Germain L'Auxerrois, has atusted in a manner that the court ald never have anticipated; the modte part of the ministry have been asled in a manner that I fear leaves n no alternative but retirement; ind the accession of the ultra liberals dready confidentailly mooted, which, ound correct, then indeed the warri-need not bid farewell to the " plumfrom Poland, nothing of a

inite nature has yet arrived in the frontiers with an army of 100 to housand men; to meet these, about the number of Polish veterans are ady on the march, with an endusi-action besupport them. The next mate are thought will be decisive. are are upours of a mutiny smang Russian troops, but I could not e them to any authentic source om Belgium, we have still uncer-ity and intrigue, and it is new said this Datch Majesty will proceed le hand against the Belgians. The tation has left Paris, and it is staey are determined to recommend ngress the establishment of a Since writting the above, I this has created a great sensation London, February 23

received last night-Hamburg pathe 15th February. They des An engagement of no great contaken place near Novogorod; but Poles intend to have their grand gle near Warsaw.—They conside early than as very much in their , as impeding the advance of the ian material. The spirit in Prus-Poland is said to have evinced its n the most decided manner in fa-of the Poles. e revolution in Italy spreads rap-

New York, April 4. Flour Market .- After the news anus Jenkins, a material dein our Flour Market was anthou on the receipt of the acto per ship France, from Havre, on day, holders were much more the only transaction, however, came to our knowledge was the of 1000 bris Trey at \$6 87, cash.

New York, April 6. accounts from England by the are unfavorable to flour. The ackets throughout England were the but this was to be expected. hall be entered for consumption material fact in the case, is the de of Flour in bond. Our previous as left the price at 35s, 6 a 36s. we have sajes at 34s, a 34s, 6; the ess being at 35s. but without m at that N. York Commercial.

Rain of Life.—Our readers no recollect, that Ponce de Leon was it to explore Florida, on the reat there existed in that country that there existed in that country itain, the waters of which were of wonderful virtue, that whoever do in them was immediately resto youth.—Ponce de Leon in earched for this fountain. It was ted to our days to make the disjusted to the full vigor of a fountain which, if it does logether restore an old man of score and ten to the full vigor of a of 18, cures all diseases, and a any body "feel as young as he was but twenty-five." The Savangah Republican, of March 22 chave been permitted to make an at from a letter written at Florida, is any—"A spring has lately been sered in Hamilton County, Florities a boiling spring, the boil of

out into the river. It is said to perform some wanderful cares. A person went there that had lost the use of his arm another of both of his legs, one woman that was blind and had been blind for several years, a man with the dropsy, and one with the white swelling, and the were all cured and came away as sound as ever they were in their lives. There is thrown out by the force of the water slarms the timid and fires the loyster shells, little stones, sharks teeth and the claw or toe pail of some animal which is said to be three inches long Another instance of the benefit of the water might be noticed. An old man went to the springs, troubled with rhen-matism in both legs, half bent, being drawn with the pains, and his fluger foints about twice as large as naturalhe could not raise his hands to his head when he left home-he staid there ten ing has been tried, and I fear has been days only, getting to the spring by be and wanting; he may be wise, but ing carried down by the people-He said that he was much better, and felt as young as though he was but twenty-

THE STAR.

RALEIGH APRIL 14, 1831.

Governor STOKES returned to this city, on the st instant, from his residence in Wilkes county Superior Court.-At the Superior Court of is county, held last week, the following cases were disposed of:

William Spirry was convisted of an assaul with intert, to marder William Holmes, a free man of color, and was sentenced to be imprison ed for one year, and at the expiration of that time to enter into a recognizance in the sum of 40 oliars, with two securities in the more sum, t

keep the peace for one year. Bullits Bell, indicted for an assault with inter o murder his brother John Bell, was found guilty of the smartt, and sentenced to pay the costs, enter into recognizance for his appearance at the next term of the Court, and then and there make appear that he has kept the peace, and been o good behaviour.

John Funderriff, indicted under the set of Assembly for harboring and maintaining a slave was found guilty of maintaining, but not guilty o harboring the slave. Whereupon, on motion of his connect, the Judge granted him a new trial. Barry Carrell, a free boy of colour, aged shout 17 years, was indicted in Johnston county and, on affidavit, moved his trial to this county He stood charged with an assault with intent t soromit a rape on a young lady, of the former county. His trial did not occupy more than two that affairs in France are verging hours; Signif was placed beyond a doubt by ards a crisis — Montalivet the Miner of the Interior, has resigned, and ented on Friday, the 6th of next month. The prosecution was conducted by R. M. Saunders Esq. the Attorney General, and Charles Manl and Geo. W. Haywood, Esqra, asted as counse

for the prisoner by assignment of the Court.
The said Harry Carrell's brother was bung phaston, three or four years ago, for a similar

Judge Nonwoon, we are happy to state, has o far recovered from his indisposition at the close of the Term, as to be able to proceed on

The Commissioners for adjudicating claims to pollations under the late treaty with Denmark assembled in Washington City on the 4th instant Florida .- The St. Augustine Herald says tha the last Legislative Council of Florida, an act was passed, extending the laws of the Territory over the Indians residing within the limits there-

Clay Meeting in Philadelphia .- The friend of Mr. Clay held a meeting in Philodelphia on the 4th inst. the Hon. John Sorgeant presiding, and adopted resolutions approbatory of the proposition for a convention to be held in Baltimore; and also declaring their confidence in Mr. Clay, and of course condemning the Administration.

University of Pennsylvania.—At a Medical Commencement of this institution, held on the 14th ultimo, the degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred on the following gentlemen from this State: George Blackasil, Lawson F. Henderson, Robert H. Dalton, Thomas D. Parke, Algernon S. Perry, G. W. Caldwell, James K. Niebet, William L. Hogan, John Allison, Calvin C. Covington, Joseph H. Chesirs.

South Carvina Medical College.—At the Commencement of this Gollege, held on the

18th alt. the following gentlemen from this Sta also received the degree of Doctor of Medica James F. Hardy, Walter A. Norwood, Willia C. Tate and William H. Trent.

Transylvania University, Ky.—At a late ommencement of this University, the same derom this State: Chas. W. A. Alexander, S. P. Burnett, N. E. M'Lelland and Rufus A. Wallace.

Firginia.-The election law, as finally passed by the Legislature of Virginia, under the new constitution, requires that the elections in that State shall be held during the present year in the mouth of August, and in subsequent years in April, as heretotore.

The Rosnoke Advocate says that during the evere thunder storm on the night of the St in-ant, a cotton gin belonging to Capt. Alfred immons, of Hallifus county, was set on fire by the authing and entirely consumed, together with enty or thirty bales of outton, 14 of which bed to Capt. S. A barn on the plantation of arges, Esq. was also very much shattered by

the proceedings of the Legislatu Maine, in regard to the North Eastern Boundary, on the 14th ultimo from which it appears that a copy of the decision has been transmitted by Mr. Van Buren, accompanied by the protest of Mr. Preble, and other documents relating to the decision .-The subject was referred to a committee, whose report and resolutions. expressing the opinion in very decisive language that the arbitration is not binding, were accepted with great unanimity, there bring only ing not to the report, but to a particular expression relating to Mr. Preble. The following paragraph from the Richmond Compiler shews the character of the report:

There is much excitement protion of the King of the Netherlands. fler Legislature has taken up the subject warmly; and a report of nearly 20 pages has been made to the House of Representatives by the se-lect committee. It is ordered to be printed, and a copy to be transmit-ted to the President of the United States, and to the Governor of each of the States. It denies the validity of the decision upon two grounds: 1st. That the King of the Netherlands having lost the greater part of his kingdom, and become peculiarly dependent upon Great Britain, is no longer an independent arbiter, and his decision is not biggling; and 2d. That he did not decide the question submitted to him, and his decision is therefore a nullity. The report con-cludes, that the Federal Government is not bound to ratify a decision. without violating the constitutional rights of Maine.

The following article, from Carfield's American Argus, will give some idea of the nature of the deci-

The King of the Dutch by his de cision of the contested boundary line between Maine and Canada, has given universal dissatisfaction. The English think that he has not given them enough, the Americans, that all he has given has been taken from them unjustly. He was requested to all) had the same common object, the arbitrate between the two boundaries | society was dissolved. The people had that were proposed, and instead of that he has drawn a third one; he ciety upon it was no longer required. Was to determine which thighlands. He stated these facts for the information were alluded to in the terms of the negotiation, along which the line not what the consequence of making was to run, whether the bighlands such a declaration might be to himself which actually divide rivers, or the small spor which only divides the branches of one river; instead thereof, he has run the line through the bed of a river. In our opinion neither party is bound to abide by such a decision, which is contrary to the terms of the assistance requested of that arbitrator. The parties referred it to him to examine and decide which line was the right one, and by that decision were to abide, But for him to have run a third line, is a totally unasked for interference. which transcends the powers intrusted to the royal judge.

Extract of a letter from an Officer in the army, dated Cantonneot Leavenworth, (\$20 miles above St. Louis, Missouri.) 10th March, 1831, to a gentleman in Philadelphia.

"Yesterday an express arrived from the Bluffs, bringing information that Mr. Vandeberg's party was attacked by the Black Feet Indians, on the Madison Fork of the Missouri. The Indians atracked them in camp, at the dawn of light in the morning, and fought all day. At dark the Indians withdrew, and left forty killed, and a number of horsest the wounded not known, as they were carried off, but from the sp they were carried off, but from the sp pearance of blood supposed to be a num-ber. Mr. Vandeberg had one killed and two wounded; and eleven horses killed and fifty wounded. This infor-mation was received through Mr. M'-Kenzie, who is at the Mandan villages. No further news from Upper Missouri was received of any importance."

Nat. Gaz.

The Legislature of the State of Louisiana terminated its acssion on the 25th uitimo, having been in sitting for three months. Among their last measures was the adoption by the two Houses of an address to the People of France, congratulating them on the restoration of their liberty, and the appointment of W. C. C. Clai-borne, Esq. to be the bearer of it.

the appointment of W. C. C. Chalborne, Esq. to be the hearer of it.

At the usual hour in the evening the prisoners were conducted within the watch over this field walls, and the customary inspection made to see that none of the number obstacle to their house, delphia paper, recently been revised and amended. According to the new code, murder, in the first degree, is a long punishable with deam; and, io the second degree, to imprisonment from 10 to 21 years. The crime of stealing before they reached it, he that was new virtums to the bid.

Literary Tolonts Remarded.—The N. York Commercial Advertiser says, Washington Irving published his life of Columbus, History of Grenada, and Abridgment of the Life of Columbus, within the period of 18 montas, and received for the copy rights \$58,000. The Messrs. Carvills paul him \$10,000 for his Columbus. We presume no other American ever received so large aum for his literary labors in the same a sum for his literary labors in the same shart space of time, though we have understood that Cooper's last Novels have preduced him about \$18,000 each. He one dissenting vote, and that object. receives one dollar a copy, for the sales in this country, which vary from 5 to 8,000 enpies.

> France and Belgium - We have received Paris Journals to the 9th February. The Journal des Debats, of the 8th, intimates that the union of Belgium with France is inevitable; and the London Morning Chronicle expresses the opinion that the very relusal of the Belgic throne will "hasren rather than retard that upion." To judge from the record of the proceedings of the diet of Poland, the patriots of that country are resolute, and will proceed to the last extremities. We have not any further intelligence concerning the tumults in Italy. Much political fire is every where found in France, but complaint is made of universal languar in the branches of trade and civil industry. Nat. Gazette.

> Secret Society in Ireland .- Mr. O' Gorman Mahon, in the course of his recent speech in the British Parliament. on a motion for producing the procla mation of Lord Anglesey, made a bold avowal of the existence of a society for a long time past, whose object was the

repeal of the Union. " He warned the House of the situ ation of affairs in Ireland, and he would state one fact, which ought especially to call forth the spirit of concilation which he required. He had been for eleven years and a half a member of a select society, which had for its object the repeal of the Union. This would show to the House how Irishmen felt, and what was their determination. When he had last addressed the House he had not been permitted to state this fact, but now he had authority to do so The proceedings of the society, and its existence, had been kept secret, and when it was found that the whole a Ireland (Orangemen, Presbyterians, and taken up the question, and a secret soof the House and the government, and to show the state of Ireland. He cared such a declaration might be to himself. If he were not too insignificant he might find himself on . z way to the Tower or to Newgate to morrow morning; but he cared not.

at Sing Sing to escape from prison are very frequent, and some of them are characterised by great ingenuity. So careful a guard is kept, that it is seldom the efforts of the rogues are successful; but instances do now and then occur of their cluding the vigilance of their keepers and getting senseless on the ground. The slain safely off. One of these, which occurred a short time ago, has lately Bataille, to be all removed the next curred a short time ago, has lately been related to us. A large number of the prisoners, it seems, were employed in wheeling dirt from one place to fill up a hollow to another at some distance. In a part of their the night young Roux gendently reroute they passed so far from the line covered the use of his senses. It
of sentincis, that a brief dialogue, in was with the utmost difficulty that a low tone, might be carried on, with out their voices reaching the nity to communicate a plan which he had formed, to the convicts near him. and solicit their assistance. On drawing near the cavity, he wheeled his barrow to a point of its bring where an intervening rock or mound hid him from the sight of the sentihid him from the sight of the scaling and in his enorts to take training nets. Springing into the hole, he had a some clothes which had escaped drawn his wheelbarrow in with him, he capsized it over his body io such a way, that it formed a sort of shelter. The convicts who followed, trundled their loads along to the trundled their loads along to the same place, and dumped them (as the cartmen technically express it) over their fellow scoundrel, as if nothing unusual had taken place. In a few minutes, prisoner and wheel-barrow were completely buried under a light heap of earth, and when one of the keepers soon after passed by the place, nothing was seen that was calculated to excite his suspicion.—

which the hogshead was composed, weigh upwards of 250 pounds. A letter from Bromen, mentions that frauds of this character have been frequently committed in shipments from New Orleans .- Sav. Rep.

Philadelphia, March St. on, in North Fourth street was yesterday left on the bed in the nursery, while the mother went into the lower part of the house. On her return, which was in a few minutes. he saw the house cat leap from the bed. She immediately went to the child, and to her surrow, discovered it lifeless. There were on the infant no marks of violence, and its death is imputed to the cat sucking its

Extraordinary Escape from Death One of the most surprising narra-tives we have any where met with is contained in the history of a scene of the "Reign of Terror," which we copy from a recent work entitled the Journal of a Nobleman.

"Two men, by the name of Roux.

father and son, who are still living.

and are employed in the Navy Office

at Toulon, were condemued to death

after the evacuation of that place by

the English, on prefence of having

betrayed the interests of France.

They were with 900 others ordered to be shot at a placed called Le Champ de Batalle. Without being made to undergo any form or trial, without even having had an opportunity of being heard in exlanation of their conduct, they were torn from the bosom of their family, and taken to the place of execution. When all the intended victing were placed in a heap to the middle of the plain, several field pieces loaded with grape shot were brought up close to them, as well as a regiment of caralry, and one of infantry, which were to charge those whom the cannon had not wholly destroyed, and finish them. The two Roox had been separated from each other, The son fearing least the discharge of caunon should not dispatch him with sufficient speed, placed himself as much forward as he possibly tery, that when the guns went off the power of the explosion knocked him down. That histinet which impels mankind to the preservation of tife, made him feign that he was dead, when the cavale; were order. The attempts among the convicts t Sing Sing to escape from prison back. The uniantry came after, and one of the soldiers perceiving that young Ronx had not ceased to breathe, gave him a violent blow on the head, with the but end of his musket, which so completely atomsed him, that he lay for several hours morning for interment, were some stripped of their garments by the liberated prisouers of the bagnio, and all left nearly naked. During mands, corred. The horrors of the day much-presented themselves at hist fully to nich he his mind. He ruse to quit, if possible, the scene of death, and it was then that he perceived that he was naked and covered with blood. He sought to find some garments among the dead by whom he was surrounded, and in his efforts to take from vain. The joy and surprise of both may be easily conceived when they discovered they were the father and son. They alone had escaped the carnage! It was with difficulty they could procure sufficient cloth-ing from among the surrounding victims of this act of unheard of atro

city, in order to withdraw from the

horrid scene. Fortunately for them, no sentinel had been stationed to watch over this field of butchery, and the Roux returned without any obstacle to their house.—It was with

We have this day a proof of the politeness of the Danish Authorities, and a pleasing tribute of respect to our Washington. A hall is to be given this evening to the Captain and Officers of the U. S. aloop of war Finctures, which arrived here on Thurday last, bringing Gov. Von Scholton on his return from the United States. All the Americans nited States. All the America resident here, the levalids and the healthy, have received invitations,

It is gratifying to see the courte to the present generation thus doub-led by a reference to the illustrious dead, and to find the subjects of Den-mark, thus mindful of the birth-day of our liero. We recognise too, this compliment the advantage which belongs to Americans, who in discarding off titles and orders of no bility, have never relinguished the claim to the honor of being all fel-

The Ginemans of the West,
The Ginemans of the West,
Who left the same of Washington,
To make men blush there was but one
Baston Baily Mar.

The son of a dentist, in Philadelphia clastic (India Rubber) at school. The tutor had discovered that several of the papils were chewing it, and threatoned to chartise those who did so, when this lad, having a piece in his mouth, awallowed it to avoid detection. It swelled within him and caused death in a few hours.

ful the thergars make their rounds asking alms on horse-back, and do not consi-der that position as diminishing in any degree, their claims to sympathy.

To Correspondents, -" Tobise" cume late for this paper. It shall appear in our s

MARRIED.

On the 23d attimo, Me. Frederick J.
of loans noutry, to Miss Eliza A. G. R.
of Newhern.
In Jones causely, as

Stephen Kincey,
H. Fotone.
In Macklebburg con
Ms. Robert Bavis to 7
daughter of Capt. In
Sulf. De. Jefferson O
der, daughter of the

Attention! City Guards



Was goners Take Notice