

THE STAR, North Carolina State Gazette, Published weekly, by LAWRENCE & LEMAY.

Subscription, three dollars per annum. No paper will be sent without at least \$1 in advance, and no paper discontinued, unless the subscriber sends all arrears.

General Orders.

General M. T. Hawkins will review the 25th regiments of North Carolina militia, at Raleigh, on Tuesday, the 21st day of July, at 10 o'clock, at the tower of the capitol on Thursday, the 4th day of August.

Mortality of a House & Lot

WILLIAMSONBOUGH, FOR SALE. Will offer for sale, before the court house door, Greenville county, on Monday the 1st instant next, the interest which late James Taylor, Esq. had in and to the house and lot Williamsonbough, recently occupied by Mr. Taylor as a tavern. Sold by a decree of Wake county Equity. Terms of sale \$5 and 12 months.

H. M. MILLER, D. C. M.

Miller's Botanic Family Physician. TO THE PUBLIC. In presenting to you this new system of medical practice, I must beg indulgence of those who do not readily stand up to make a decision, and who do not stand up to make a decision.

PROCLAMATION

The Governor of North Carolina. \$100 Dollars Reward!!

It has been made known to me, that there has been a conspiracy in the county of Wake to commit the murder of THOMAS HEDGECOCK, a citizen of Wake county, and State at large, and to prevent his trial.

Lost

On the 24th of June, a topaz ring, set with a pearl, of an oblong shape, and weighing about 100 grains, was lost by leaving it with Mr. John Smith, of Raleigh.

Notice

The trustees of the institution under the direction of the Board of Trustees, will receive the books of the owner, and will continue till the 15th December, for tuition will be \$15, and an extra two dollars for house rent and other expenses.

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Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between Sarah S. Pulliam and Martha A. E. Pulliam is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

WILLIAM MERGER GREEN, Superintendent. June 22, 1881.

Hillsboro Female Seminary.

The summer session of this institution will commence on the 14th of July, 1881. Tuition from \$10 to \$15 per session. Board from eight to ten dollars per month.

From the Doylestown (Pa.) Democrat. Reception at home of the Honorable Samuel D. Ingham.

As soon as it was known upon what day Mr. Ingham might be expected to return home, a number of his republican fellow citizens of Bucks county, assembled, and requested John Pugh, Esq. and the Hon. John Fox, to meet him at Philadelphia, and conduct him to the county. These gentlemen performed that duty on Friday and Saturday last.

The cavalcade immediately formed, and moved in procession to the Bear Tavern under the direction of the Marshals of the day. Major General W. T. Rogers, and Col. John Davis, and Assistant Marshals, Captain Geo. Merrick and Mr. Jos. Archam.

A long line of carriages preceded and followed that in which Mr. Ingham rode. The horsemen forming in open order on either side of the carriages. In the carriage immediately preceding Mr. Ingham, who was accompanied by Mr. Pugh and Mr. Gowen of Philadelphia, rode the venerable soldiers of the revolutionary war, Gen. Samuel Smith and Capt. Francis Baird.

Upon their arrival at the Bear Tavern, where a large concourse were waiting to receive him, he was again heartily cheered. After receiving a hearty welcome, and the congratulations of all present, he was conducted to the head of a large table, spread under the shade of venerable trees, on which was prepared a good dinner.

When Mr. Ingham had concluded his address to the company, Judge Fox rose, and addressing Mr. Ingham, said, that many of his fellow citizens present, had a great desire to know the facts connected with the attempt to assassinate him before he left Washington, and as there was much anxiety to possess correct information on the subject, he requested him to relate to his friends assembled, such facts as would enable them to disseminate correct information on this interesting subject.

Mr. Ingham in reply, observed that he could not refuse to comply with the request, but he would much rather for the character of the government and the nation, that he had the power to buy the whole transaction in silence. This was not now possible, and he would state the material facts as minutely and briefly as he could.

On Friday evening, the 17th, about 10 o'clock, I received a note from Mr. Eaton, by the hands of Mr. Randolph, then chief clerk in the war department, demanding an avowal or disavowal of a publication in a newspaper, without any other connection with the paper being suggested, than that it was supposed to be friendly to us, and was published in the city where I resided.

I could not doubt that such a demand was a prelude to a wanton and premeditated quarrel, and although I did not understand whether it was the fact stated in the paper, viz: that my family had refused to associate with him, or the authority to publish, which I was called upon to disavow, I chose to avoid a prolonged correspondence, and gave him my answer in each alternative.

You have probably seen the correspondence, and I need not be more particular. On the same day that my note was delivered, I received a challenge, viz: about three o'clock, by the hands of Mr. Randolph, the chief clerk, now acting secretary of war. Having company to dinner, and until late in the evening, I sent no answer that night.

Thereafter, and went into it, and that he had spent a part of his time, since about ten o'clock, in the lower rooms of the treasury department, occupied by the register and treasurer, and that he had been seen in company with these officers, and had been for the greater part of his time stationed in a grocery store about half a square from my lodgings, during which he was occasionally visited by Mr. Randolph, and by a Mr. Yankeek, another clerk in the war department, who appeared to act the part of a witness, to prevent a surprise.

Three other young men were in company; but directed to follow at some distance behind, to prevent or resist an attack by superior numbers. My son, being the only person whose life I had any right to expose in such a conflict, was by my side, both of us well prepared for defence. I expected the attack in the passage of the treasury department, as Mr. Eaton had not long before taken that building, and after having taken so much pains to obtain a meeting it was scarcely to be expected that he would then avoid it, and as my approach could easily have been observed.

We passed in however, unmolested. I went into the second story to the room I occupied, and finished what little business I had to close before I finally left the office, which had been previously fixed for that day. I learned while in my room, that Mr. Eaton and Major Lewis, whose offices were in another building, more than a quarter of a mile distant, went out of the treasury department in a direction towards the president's house, where Major Lewis lived.

I was also informed that they came out of one of the register's rooms. Nothing further occurred, worthy of notice till evening. Soon after dark I was informed, by several persons calling in to see me, that Mr. Eaton, Mr. Randolph, and a Mr. Overton, the latter a clerk in Major Lewis' office, and near relative of Judge Overton, of Tennessee, who was there on a visit to the President, were seen apparently armed passing to and from the street, not far from my dwelling, and sometimes passing my door.

On one occasion, while thus passing, Mr. Eaton stopped at the door, and looked under the shade of venerable trees, on which was prepared a good dinner. He was supported on his right by the venerable patriot Gen. Samuel Smith and Judge Fox, and on his left by the Democratic Jackson electors of 1824 and 1828 respectively, John Pugh, Esq. and Capt. Francis Baird.

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