A FIRITIN ALL ROLLING

Russ.-9,

Newby.-3, For R. S. Donnell.-Messrs. Liles and Farrow.

For R. H. Cowan .- Mr. Meares.

Mr. Liles offered an amendment.

Mr. Hill accepted the amendment.

their names and they refused to vote.

postponed a half an hour, and it was adoped.

was not adopted.

which was not adopted.

ned until 7 o'clock.

Ir. Yeates for.

t was not adopted.

dispatched.

March.

the resolution was not read.

to-morrow, and it was adopted.

Ist day of February was taken up:

table, and it was not adopted.

journ, and it was adopted.

third and last reading.

House adjourned.

idopted

adopted.

donted.

For Lewis Thompson .- Mr. Henry.

Mr. Hill's resol2tion was again taken up.

Mr. Crrumpler moved to postpone indefinitely, and it

Mr. Merrimon moved an amendment, which was not

Mr. Clarke, of Craven, offered an additional resolution,

The special order, the Caswell Railroad bill was post-

Mr. Yeates offered an amendment, which was discussed

w Messrs. Person, Waters, Hill and Newby against, and

Mr. Davis, of Rutherford, moved to postpone the resolu-

Mr. Clarke, of Craven, said that if Mr. Hill would accept

Mr. Cowles offered an amendment, which was not

The question then recurred on the passage of the resolu-

Mr. Cheek rose to a point of order. He said neither Mr.

Ferebee or Mr. Crumpler had voted. The Clerk called

Mr. Hill moved that the resolution be read the third

Mr. Farrow moved to postpone until Monday next and

Mr. Wooten moved that the special order for 1 o'clock be

The question was then on the motion of Mr. Hill, to read

Mr. Hill moved to postpone the subject untill 11/2 o'clock

Mr. Meares gave notice that he would, to-morrow, in-

troduce a rule to authorise the calling of the previous ques-

tion; in order that debate might be cut off and business

Mr. Autrey's resolution proposing to adjourn sine die the

Mr. Martin moved to amend by inserting the 8th day of

Mr. Love, of Jackson, moved to lay the resolution on the

Mr. Foy moved to insert the 15th of February. Mr. Waters moved that a message be sent to the Senate,

proposing to appoint a Joint Committee of three from the

Touse and two from the Senate to report the day to ad-

Mr. Tapscott introduced a bill concerning the election of

Sundry other bills were introduced and referred, and the

Constables in Graham, Alamance county, which passed its

EVENING SESSION. Messages were received from the Senate, transmitting a

memorial from citizens of Halifax, praying their representa-

tives not to vote for any stay law. Also, an engrossed res-

a third time, and two-thirds not voting in the affirmative,

ion, the second reading, and it passed. Ayes 94; nays 5.

tions before the House until to-morrow at 12 M. Not

slight amendment, he would vote for it with pleasure.

Mr. Liles amendment was then put, and not adopted.

# THE STATE JOURNAL: RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRU ARY 6, 1861.

# Legislative Proceedings.

#### SENATE.

THURSDAY, Jan. 31st. 1861. Recommendations from various counties for the appoin ment of Magistrates. Concurred in.

PETITONS, MEMOBIALS, &C. Mr. Barringer, a memorial from Nelson Patterson, a free person of color. Referred.

Mr. Whitaker, a memorial from the citizens of Halifax opposing the stay law. Sent to the House. On motion of Mr. Faison, a bill to charter a branch of

the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad to Fayetteville, was made the special order for Tuesday next.

Message from the House, concurring in the Senate amendments of the bill for calling a Convention; also concurring in the proposition to appoint a Committee of Conference on the pay of Commissioners to Washington and Montgomery. Also a proposition to go forthwith into the election of

United States Senator, announcing that Hons. Thos. L. Clingman and S. H. Rogers were in nomination.

Mr. Dockery said, in obedience to the wishes of friends and in obedience to his own feelings, he nominated the Hon. Bedford Brown.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Stubbs and Burton to su-perintend the election.

Mr. Shaw said he, was requested by the Hon. Bedford Brown to state that he did not desire his name to be run, although he considered the nomination made by Mr. Dockery a great compliment.

The Senate proceeded to vote for Senator with the following result :

For Mr. Clingman-Messrs. Speaker, Avery, Burton, Bledsoe, Dickson, Dobson, Faison, Hall, Harris of F., Har-ris of C., Humphrey, Lane, Pitchford, Rogers, Shaw, Simmons, Speight, Street. Stowe, Taylor, of G., Taylor of B. Thomas of Jackson, Walker, Watson, Waugh, Whitaker, Winstead -27.

For Mr. Brown-Messra, Arendell, Dockery, Eure, Grist, Morehead, Sharp, Slaughter, Spencer, Thomas of Davidson, and Whedbee,-10.

For Mr., Rogers-Messrs. Barringer, Blount and Stubbs.

For Mr. Badger-Mr. Turner.-1. For Mr. Gilmer-Mr. Worth .-- 1. For Hon. D. S. Reid-Mr. Simpson.-1. For Mr. Eaton-Mr. Brown.-1.

Mr. Taylor, of Nash, paired off with Mr. Walkup.

RESOLUTIONS. Mr. Sharpe offered a resolution requiring the Governor to suspend a flag over the Capitol during the present ses-

sion of the Legislature. Mr. Turner moved a suspension of the rules, to pfit this resolution on its several readings. Two-thirds not voting, a call of the House was made.

The Senate then refused to suspend the rules. Mr. Humphrey, a resolution requiring and authorising the Governor to advertise in two newspapers of each Congressional district, the act for calling a Convention of the people of North-Carolina.

On motion of Mr. Humphrey, the rules were suspended to put the resolution on its several readings.

Mr. sepadell moved to amend by inserting that the act a each district." The amendment was adopted. dution as amended passed its several readings. INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. Speight, a bill to provide for the relief of sheriffs and their secretaries. Referred.

Mr. Burton, from the committee to superintend the election of United States Senator, made the following report : Whole number of votes cast 147-necessary to a choice 74.

Mr. Clingman received. ..171 W. A. Graham, ... .16 Bedford Brown, ... H. Rogers .... .11

A bill to appoint tax collectors for the counties af Wayne Clarks, of C., Davis, of R., Marsh, Merrimon, Perkins, and and Haywood.

Mr. Turner arose to a personal explanation, with regard For B. S. Gather.-Messrs. Burgin, Dickson, Folk, Horto a report of his remarks in the State Journal, He said ton, Jordan, and Rogers.-6. For Bedford Brown.-Messrs. Bowman, Carson, Crumthat the reporter had made him say, in that paper, that he was a federalist, and that the States had no rights expler, Martin, and Whitehurst. -5. For W. N. H. Smith.-Messrs. Latham, McCleese and cept such as are given under the Federal Constitution." In explanation of these remarks, the reporter understood Mr. Turner to say that the reporter had misunderstood him-that he was no federalist, and did not hold the doctrine that States had no sovereignty upon which they might Mr. Fleming had previously paired off with Mr. Simon-ton, and Mr. Harrington with Mr. Kelly.

fall back whenever their rights were invaded. He repelled the idea that he was a federalist. Mr. Turner then read the following paragraph from the

State Journal : "The Senator from Orange proposes to send Commisioners to Washington to preserve the Unien. What kind of a Union does he wish to preserve ? Does he wish to preserve a Union in which we, of the South, are required to get upon our knees and beg that our rights may be respected?"

The reporter of the Journal, (said Mr. Turner,) not only misunderstood me, but he undertakes to propound certain questions to the Senator from Orange. He said reporters were only allowed upon this floor to report what Senators said, and not to report upon them. In this instance, (said Mr. T.,] the reporter of the Journal has arrogated to himself the right to propound certain-questions to him, (the Senator from Orange.) If the reporter wished to know his opinions upon certain questions, he (Mr. T.) would give that opinon to the reporter at his tables, but he did not acknowledge the right of the reporter to propound questions to a Senator upon this firor.

A WORD OF EXPLANATION.

The reader will perceive that Mr. Turner charged in the Senate that the reporter of the State Journal had, in his eport, propounded certain questions to him (Mr. T.) Knowing that the extract which Mr. T. read was unrue, as to the reporter, we went to Mr. Turner's desk and asked him for the paper from which he read, and for the aragraph which he quoted. Upon examination we found that the questions, which the Senator from Orange had imouted to the reporter, were propounded by Mr. Hall, of New Hanover, in a debate, which occurred on the 25th ult. etween those two Senators. And yet the Senator from )range, with the State Journal in his hands-with the report of the speech of Mr. Hall before his eyes,-charged us, (the reporter,) who had no voice upon the floor of the Senate, with the arrogance of propounding questions to him, and proceeded to deliver us a lecture for this arrogance.

The reporter immediately repaired to Mr. T.'s desk, and n examination of the copy of the State Journal, from which he (Mr. T.) read, found that the questions which had been attributed to the reporter, were propounded by Mr. Hall, of New Hanover, as above stated. The Reporter will not pretend to say that Mr. Turner was, wilfully ignorant of the facts in the case, but he does think it remarkably strange, that with the paper in his hands, he should have attributed remarks to him which the paper shows were made by Mr. Hall.

He called the attention of the Senator from Orange to hese facts, and he promised to set us right before the senate, which he subsequently did. REPORTER. Mr. Hall said, upon examination he found that the lan-

guage imputed by the Senator from Orange to the reporter was substantially his language, and was contained in a report of the speech made by him favoring the Majority Report of the Committee on federal relations. He then gave in substance what he did say on that occasion. Mr. Turner said, since the Senator from New Hanover

had made himself a witness, for the accuracy of the reporter, he would ask that Senator if he ever heard him Mr. Turner) make use of the following language ; "That the States had no rights except such as are given under the Constitution ?"

Mr. Hall said he did not recollect the particular language, but from the speeches made here, he thought the Senator from Orange came as near being a federalist as any man he ver saw.

versely to the passage of all bills for incorporating volun-

Mr. Barringer enquired of the Committee their reason for so doing.

Mr. Street said the Committee were preparing a general bill, the object of which was to put all military companies upon the same footing. Mr. Bledsoe thought there were provisions in the General bill which would work injuriously. For instance, there was a provision that each company shall contain a certain number of soldiers. There were a great many companies already formed and this bill could not apply to them.-There never was a time, he thought, when military companies should be more encouraged than now. The bill

bassed its several readings. Mr. Hall presented a resolution from the Mayor and officers of the town of Wilmington, tendering the use of Thalian Hall and others, to the use of the General Assembly, in case it became necessary for the Legislature to adjourn from this city, on account of the prevalence of the Small Pox.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, it was transmitted to the House, with instructions that the Speakers of the two Houses respectfully decline the tender, but return the thanks of the General Assembly to the citizens of Wilmington for their kind offer.

A bill to incorporate the Albemarle Guards was taken up. discussed at length, and on motion of Mr. Bledsoe, it was amended by inserting after the "Albemarle Guards" the Sharon Riffemen," the "Franklin Rifles," the "Elizabeth City Grays," and other companies. Mr. Street moved to lay the bill with amendments on th

table. Not adopted. The bill as amended passed its third reading.

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Charlotte.

Some opposition was made to the bill on account of its ength, the Speakers taking the position that it would be a aseless expenditure of money to put the act of incorporation apon the pages of the Laws. Mr. Turner offered an amendment to the bill, providing

that this act shall not be published among the laws of this General Assembly. Mr. Walker accepted the amendment. The bill as amended passed its final reading.

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate Mars Hill College. Passed its several readings. A bill to incorporate the "Orange Light Infantry." On motion of Mr. Simpson, the third section was stricker out and, as amended, passed its final reading.

A bill for the better regulation of the town Carthage .-Passed over. A bill to incorporate the Fayetteville Savings Bank.

The bill was so amended that the profits and dividends of aid Bank should not be exempted from State tax. Mr. Dockery opposed the bill,

Mr. Bledsoe favored it. At the suggestion of Mr. Dowd, the bill was passed over nformally, because of the absence of Mr. Shaw. Engrossed resolution in favor of Daniel Willis and David

Lewis. Passed its several readings. A bill to incorporate the Rudisill Gold Mining Company of Baltimore city. Passed third reading ... A bill to incorporate the Davidson Copper Mining Com-

pany. Passed its final reading. A bill to incorporate the Chatham Mining Company.-Prssed over informally for the lack of sufficient notice. A bill concerning the corporation of the town of Ashe-

boro'. Read a third time. A bill for the protection of Haywood Male and Female Academy. Passed its final reading.

Mr. Outlaw made a report from the Committee on the Library. On motion of Mr. Waugh, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Person, from Committee on Finance, reported a rev-

enue bill. The bill provides for a reduction of the tax on

On motion of Mr. Person, the bill was ordered to be

printed, and made the special order for Monday at 12

Mr. Williams, of Nash, resolutions in favor of 'E. B

Freeman, clerk of the Supreme Court, and also, a resolu-

Mr. Person, a resolution in favor of D. W. Courts, Pub

Mr. Harrington, a resolution in favor of Martha Speares.

Mr. Meares introduced a bill to establish the Mariners

Mr. Fagg gave notice that on Tuesday next he would

move to take up the bill to alter the rules of pleading, and for the relief of the people. He said relief had been ex-tended to the banks, and it should be given to the people

Mr. Dickson introduced a bill to charter the North-

The bill to allow the authorities of Hertford to sell cer-

Bill to incorporate the Valley Gold Mining Company.

Bill to amend an act passed in 1858-'9, incorporating the

Bill to incorporate the trustees of the Balds Creek camp

Mr. Ewell, at the request of Mr. Foy. moved to recon-

On motion of Mr. Foy, the motion was postponed until

Mr. Bowman, introduced a resolution, with a memorial,

Bill to incorporate the Wilmington Water Works Com-

A message was read from the Senate, transmitting an in-

itation from the authorities of Wilmington to adjourn to

Wilmington in the event they should determine to adjourn

from the Capital on account of the prevalence of the Small

Pox ond tending the use of the falls of that city. Also a

roposition from the Senate to decline the invitation, and

that the Speakers return their thanks for the polite invi-

A large number of private bills were read the second

Bill to incorporate the Greensboro Hotel Company passed

Leave of absence was granted Messrs. Hoke, Foy, Flem-

Mr. Yeates gave notice that he would hereafter move to

reconsider the vote by which the office of State Geologist

Mr. Davis of Rutherford moved a call of the House, and

he motion was adopted. The names were taken, of those

present, and Mr. Shober moved that the proceedings on

Mr. Wilkerson moved that the absentees be excused.

A PUBLIC MEETING IN HARNETT.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens

of Harnett county assembled at James A. Johnson's

store, on Saturday, the 12th ult. The following

On motion of John Mathews, the meeting came

The Chairman explained the object of the meet-

On motion, John C. Ballentine was requested to

On motion of L. H. Penny, the Chairman appoint-

ed the following committee to draft resolutions for

the consideration of the meeting : John Matthews,

James A. Johnson, David Stewart, Ica Matthews.

A. B. Gregory, L. H. Penny, William T. Johnson,

The committee returned >nd reported the follow-

to order, by calling John Green, Esq., to the

The ayes and nays were taken on the motion of Mr

ime, and disposed of on their second readings.

The motion of Mr. Shober did not prevail.

for the relief of Benjamin Henlien, late superintendent of

ider the vote by which the bill to charter the New River

tain town lots was read the third time and passed.

Perquimans Male and Female Academy. Passed.

Navigaiian Company was defeated on yesterday.

ground, in Catawba county. Passed.

Common Schools in Yancey county.

any; passed its last reading.

The message was concurred in.

Mr. Watson, a resolution in favor of Chas. Beasley.

lands to 15 cents on the hundred dollars, and makes many

other changes in the old revenue law.

tion in favor of Henry J. Brown and others.

chool of North-Carolina, at Smithville.

Western Railroad Company.

'clock

Passed.

tation.

ts third reading.

ng and Winslow.

was abolished vesterday.

he subject be suspended

The House adjourned.

proceedings were had :

act as Secretary.

in a few appropriate remarks.

John Gregory and Warrick Hockaday.

ing preamble and resolutions :

Chair.

Wilkerson, and it was adopted.

l'hursdav next.

ic Treasurer.

SATURDAY, Feb. 2, 1861. umber of hills were reported back by the com utional law should command

#### For the State Journal. Meeting in Gates.

A meeting of the citizens of the county of Gates, irrespective of party, solicited by public notice, for the consideration of our federal relations, was held at the Court House at Gatesville; on Saturday, Dec. 29th, -David Parker, Esq., being called to the chair.

After much discussion of the resolutions then reported by a committee appointed (being the 1st, 3d, 5th and 6th of resolutions below) on motion, the meeting adjourned to Friday, Jan. 4th.

The meeting, according to order, convened on the 4th day of January, at Gatesville .- David Parker, Esq., presiding.

Resolutions by a majority, and others by a minority of the committee then appointed, were reported-(the majority, resolutions being the same as reported on Dec. 29th-the minority in substance as those reported by Mr. Holden, in the Raleigh meeting.)-a motion to amend the majority resolutions by substituting the minority resolutions, having been put, and the voice of the meeting being uncertain, a call was made that the vote be taken by rising and sitting, when it was adjudged to be carried-a large part of the meeting voting against the motion to amend, no motion having been made, (though attention was several times called to it) for the adoption of the minority resolutions. On motion the meeting adjourned. Notice was then given that the adjourned meeting would be held at Mintonsville, Jan 12th.

On Saturday, Jan. 12th, according to proclamation made, and notices posted, a meeting was held at Mintonsville, a large crowd being assembled, David Parker, Esq., presiding, the meeting having been called to order by the chairman, the Rev. Wm. Potter, was on motion appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting was then explained by W. H. Manning, Esq., to give an expression of opinion upon our federal relations, and especially upon the subject of a convention of the State, contemplated in a bill reported to the Senate of the General Assembly,-the meeting having been called to order for this purpose, in which all would participate irrespective of former party distinctions.

On motion, a committee, to report resolutions for the consideration of the meeting was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen: W. H. Manning, A. J. Walton, Rev. Q. H. Trotman, Jno. W. Hays R. H. Ballard, Joseph Hurdle, Wm. H. Harrell, and Caleb Hays, Whereupon, the following resolutions, after a short recess, were reported by the chairman of the committee.

Resolved 1. That the perpetuation of the Union of the States, dear to the hearts of all good citizens, is no longer compatible with the safety of the rights and liberties of the people of North-Carolina, unless these rights and liberties shall receive from the Northern kinky hair. Hannibal and Scipio are both favorite States the respect which the obligations of the Consti-

Resolved 2. That the enunciation of the higher law

doctrine which nullifies the obligations of all Consti-

tutions and of all laws protective of our rights-the

declaration that an irrepressible conflict between free

and slave labor has already begun, and shall never

cease until the one or the other be extinct; that no.

more slave States shall be admitted into the Union;

the denialal to us of equal rights in the common Ter-

ritories; the threatened abolition of the intenstate

slave trade and of slavery in the District of Columbia;

the furtive abduction of our slaves, and their forcible

rescue by mob violence from the very officers of the

law; the legalized obstruction of the constitutional

remedy for the recovery of fugitives from service; the

refusal of the constituted authorities of Northern

States, after lawful demand, to deliver fugitives from

justice because their alleged crimes, recognized the

right of property in the slave; the instigation of ser-

vile revolt, imperilling the lives of our wives and

our children; the murderous assault, during the silent

hours of a Sabbath night, upon the peaceful citizens

of Harper's Ferry; the desseolation of Northern Texas.

the conflagration of her towns and settlements, the

poisoning of her people, the murder and violence of

lefenceless women and children; the bloody raids upon

Kansas and Missouri, all done, fostered, encouraged

and consummated by the sectional party, whose con-

tinued aggressions upon Southern rights, have now

culminated in the election to the chair once occupied

by a Washington and a Jefferson, of candidates

oledged to engraft into the administrative policy of

the government, their obnoxious principles, which are

destructive of the peace, the happiness and the pros-perity of the Southern people, foreshadow our inevita-

le doom in the Union as it now is, forewarn us as

freemen, to assert our rights, and prepare for the de-

Resolved 3, That hitherto we have flattered our-

selves with the hope that the sober second thought of

the citizeds of the non-slaveholding States would

eventually respect our Constitutional rights, and be

content to leave us in the enjoyment of domestic

peace. We have hoped that a returning sense of jus-

tice might induce the settlement of all subjects of con-

of the peace and concord, and brotherly love which

once prevailed. We have hoped much from the

efforts of patriotic men in Washington city and else-

where, that something might be done to allay the ir-

ritations of Southern mind, and to protect the citizen

of the South in the enjoyment of his rights of person

and property by such constitutional guaranties, as

would forever put at rest the difficulties between the

States of the confederacy, but events already trans-

pired throughout the land and now transpiring in

Congress, have almost destroyed the hope that the

Union of the States can longer be preserved, if we

Resolved, 4. That however much the haste and pre-

would regard the happiness and welfare and pros-

cipitancy of South-Carolina may be regretted, for her

we cherish the warmest sympathy, being the sole judge

for herself of the infraction of the constitution, and re-

sponsible to no one in her decision. it is her indefeas-

able right to resume the powers once granted by her

tion shall have been broken, "a bargain broken on one-

side being a bargain broken on all sides," and no pow-

er on earth can rightfully coerce her into submission.

meeting that the people of the State, through delegates

of their selection, should meet in Convention to delib-

erate upon such measures for the protection of the

rights and equality of the State of North Carolina as a

member of the Union, so that the Union may be pre-

served, if its preservation with adequate protection to

Resolved, 5. That it is the solemn conviction of this

to the Union whenever the compact of the constitu-

perity of ourselves and our posterity.

troversy in such way as would lead to the restoration

ence of "our altars, our homes and our firesides."

## From the New Orleans Della FORT SUMTER.

Ask the fort-let peace prevail; Claim the fort-but yet forbear; But if words of kindness fail Then cry rescue ! and-prepare . Feel no anger-give the hand . Fling no menace no retort: If the foe relentless stand, South-Carolina! take the fort:

Sumter! name of old renown : Sumter ! spirit ! guard your own : Be thou still; chivalric town ! Let the seeds of wrong be sown

People ! strike-but not till when Right lies in that sole resort-

Be ve armed-but only then, South-Carolina ! take the fort.

Take the fort-but yet beware : Strike not at an idiot's call : "Tis not who the most shall dare, But 'tis who shall dare at all : If all kindness, spurned shall fail-If all argument fall short-Then, though Heaven itself grow pale,

South-Carolina ! take the fort.

Take the fort-but not till they, Baser even than kings or slaves-Men in place and men in pay. Dare be idiots or be knaves : Peace ! then hide thee, shrunk and pale-Hide in corridor or court; Then, at last, let blood prevail-South Carolina ! take the fort. NEW OBLEANS, December 31, 1860.

PEDIGREE OF HANNIBAL HAMLIN. In support of the charge heretofore made, that HAN-NIBAL HAMLIN, the Black Republican Vice-President elect, is a negro, we offer the following testimony of a credible witness. In this connection we may remind our readers of the fact that the submissionists in submitting to Lincoln's administration, and, in the event of that functionary's death; also submit to the rule of a free negro.

For the benefit of all concerned we publish the following letter relating to the pedigree of the Black Republican Vice-President elect of the Northern States It came to us through the hands of a gentleman, who vouches for the truth of the writer, a gentleman of New Hampshire. Its statements but confirm the assertions of one of Hamlin's colleagues of the House of Representatives, from Maine, in former years, who then assured the Hon. R. B. Rhett that Hamlin had negro blood in his veins, and that one of his children had names on the plantations. Doubtless this Hannibal

inherited his classic appellation from an imported an-

cestor dubbed Hannibal by his owner. We have been

informed of a desire, on the part of some Alabamians,

to purhcase the title and to fetch him down to Alaba.

ma. But as he is only one-sixteenth negro, he is entitled

by our own laws, to be whitewashed, and therefore us

these gentlemen might lose their money and their

trouble, we would respectfully advise against the plan.

Besides, it would be cruel to his constituency of the

Northern States. " Ephriam is joined to his idols; let

LETTER FROM A GENTLEMAN OF THE HIGHEST RE-

SPECTARILITY.

DEAR SIR :- On my return to this place, after an

absence of ten days, I found your letter of the 9th

inst., making inquiries respecting Senator Hamin's

pedigree, which I hasten to answer. I was told by

the Hon, John Burnham, of Hancock county, Maine,

who was many years a member of our State Schate

and Executive Council, that "he knew Hannibal Ham-

lin's ancestry well, having lived, in early life, in their

immediate neighborhood. He said that his great-

grandfather was a mulatto, and married a French

woman (Canadian) for his wife. I have a very dis-

tinct recollection of his remarks, and have quoted his

exact words. My father, who was a soldier in the

revolutionary army under Generals Sullivan and Green,

at Rhode Island, often told me that he knew Hannibad

Hamlin's grandfather, Captain Eleazer Hamlin, who,

at that time and place, commanded a company of ne-

groes, mulattoes and Indians. He once heard the

inspector of the regiment enquire of Captain Hamlin,

"how many blacks, besides himself, he had in his com-

It is not true, as some of the republican papers re-

present, that the grandfather, Eleazer Hamlin, servel

he country faithfully during the revolutionary war,

My father said he embezzled the money he received

for paying his men, and after stealing a quantity of

wine and other necessaries provided for the sick and

wounded, sold them, pocketed the money, and left the

The father of Hannibal Hamlin lived, where Han-

nibal was born, within a quarter of a mile of my resi-

dence in Paris. Maine. /The father was a Federalist.

of the Hartford Convention stamp, and had a brother

named Africa Hamlin. . It is a current report in that

neighborhood, that a servaut girl once heard an uncle

of Hannibal Hamlin, while looking at him in the cra-

dle, remark, "For God's sake, how long will this

The above facts are all that have come to my know-

ledge, and I have stated them correctly. But you

mistake, I fear, the sentiment of Pennsylvania and

the Free North, if you suppose that proof of African

blood in the veins of any candidate of the Republican

party for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency will de-

Douglas and Dred Scott would command a still

tach from them votes. I verily believe that Fred

If the election of Lincoln occurs, as it now seems

probable, there will, I predict, be, within one year; a

dissolution of the Republican party, or of the Union:

Lincoln should sustain it in good faith, the Abolitionists

But if, on the other hand, he heeds their counsels

and represents truly their sentiments, the whole fabtic

of our Government must crumble, and we, at the

North, must be the greater sufferers, as it will be the

THEN AND NOW.

We find the following in the Asheville News of last

week, and it admirably shows the Editor of the Son-

The only bond of Union is the Constitution, and if

damn black blood remain in our family.

stronger vote in the Free States.

of the North will not sustain him.

seat of civil strife.

bany.

army in disgrace.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Oct., 20, 1860.

him alone.-Charleston Mercury.

Gaither,	
Smith	
Eaton.	
Badger,	
Donnell,	
Cowan,	
Reid	
Gilmer,	
(The second seco	a subscription of the second states of the

Mr. Clingman was duly elected-majority 22. Mr. Lane, from the Committee of Propositions and

Grievances, reported sundry bills. Message from the House, transmitting sundry bills and resolutions :

Engrossed bill, providing fer the reading of the minutes of county courts. Referred.

A bill to incorporate Greensboro' Gas Light Company. Referred.

A bill for the relief of Cynthia Chavis. - Referred. A bill to establish a county by the name of Mitchell.

Referred. A hill to repeal 16th and 17th sections, chap. 32, Re-

vised Code. A resolution in favor of the sureties of S. M. Gardner,

late sheriff. Referred. A bill to incorporate the Union Agricultural Society in

Newbern. A, bill to incorporate Tally Ho Female Academy. Re-

ferred. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Button, Arendell and Harriss, of Franklin, the Senate branch of the Committee of Conference on paying the Commissioners.

SPECIAL ORDER. The Senate proceeded to consider the bill to charter th Milton, Yanceyville, and Junction Railroad.

The question recurred upon the amendment offered ve terday by Mr. Winstead, which was rejected.

Mr. Barringer offered a substitute for the bill, the purport of which was to charter a road from Greensboro' to Danville.

Mr. Brown opposed the substitute. Mrs.Bledsoe moved to amend the substitute by striking

out Greensboro' and inserting the." Company's Shops. The amendment was discussed at sour length by Messrs. Barringer, Thomas, of Davidson, Dobson, Bledsoe and Morehead.

Mr. Hall moved to adjourn. , Rejected. Mr. Sharp favored the Danville connection with Greens

boro', speaking at some length ... Mr. Waugh opposed the bill, as well as the substitute of fered by the Senator from Cabarrus. He said it would be unjust for this Legislature to grant a charter to cut off the trade which the people of Rockingham and other counties were proposing to bring to the North-Carolina railroad.

He argued that there was more mineral and agricultural wealth in the counties of Stokes, Surry, Forsythe and Yadkin than any other counties in the State. He did hope that Senators would not cut-off these iniportant interests. He

hoped the proposition would be voted down. Mr. Avery said he favored the Danville connection. He favored it two years ago, though he was not a member of

this body. The substitute and the amendment were withdrawn.

The question recurring upon the original bill its second reading, the vote stood as follows : Affirmative.—Messrs. Avery, Brown, Barringer, Døb-son, Dockery, Dowd, Eure, Harris of C., Morchead, Sim-

mons, Simpson, Stowe, Sharp, Slaughter, Spencer, Stubbs, Thomas of J., Thomas of D., Walker, Winstead, Walkup, Whedbee and Worth:-27. Negative .- Messrs. Bledsoe, Blount, Dickson, Faison

Grist, Hall, Harriss of F., Lane, Pitchford, Rogers. Speight, Street, Taylor, of G., Taylor of B., Turner, Waugh, and Whitaker.-17. On motion the Senate adjourned.

#### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Jan. 31, 1861. Mr. Shaw and Mr. Wooten presented memorials from their respective counties.

Mr. Wright, the proceedings of Buckhorn meeting, Harnett county.

Mr. Ward presented a petition of Leah 'White, a free woman of color, praying to be allowed to sell herseif and children into slavery.

The Committees reported back a number of bills heretofore referred.

A message was received from the Senate, proposing that the Speakers of the two Houses send a telegraphic dispatch to the town of Charlotte, thanking the citizens for their invitation to adjourn to that place. The message was concurred in.

Also a message from the Senate insisting on their amendment to the resolution to pay the Commissioners to Washington and Montgomery, and asking for the appointment of.

ing the Governor to have the Convention act published in all the papers of the State, and to furnish all the sheriffs of the State with fifty hand bills, advertising the day of election.

The Caswell Railroad bill, from Milton to the Company's Shops, was taken up as the special order. Mr. Hill advocated the bill, and said that they only

wanted a naked charter. There was no intention on the part of its friends to connect the road with Danville, but. on the contrary, it was regarded by the friends of the road to be injurious to the road to connect it with the Danville

Mr. Person opposed the bill, and thought it would be in-

arious to other State roads. Mr. Meares also opposed the bill.

The vote was taken on its second reading and it did not pass. Ayes 45, navs 49.

Mr. Peebles, by request of the friends of the bill, moved o reconsider the vote.

Hr. Meares moved to lay that motion on the tagle, and, cendiug its consideration, the hour arrived, and the military bill, "An Act to amend the 70th chap. of Revised. Code," was taken up, the question being on the substitute offered by the committee.

Various amendments were offered to the bill, which ere defeated, and the bill passed its second reading.

The question again recurred on the motion of Mr. Peeles to reconsider the railroad bill, and it was reconsidered. Mr. Waid, an amendment, that in case the road should ever be extended to the Virginia line, the Company should

forfeit their chartar.

Mr. Hill accepted the amendment. Mr. Batchelor spoke in opposition to the bill, and Mr.

Davis, of Mecklenburg, in favor of it. Mr. Person introduced an amendment that the road ter-

minate at Hillsboro: Not adopted. Mr. Tapscott spoke in favor of the bill. The bill was again put on its second reading and it

passed. Oo motion, its further consideration was postponed until

O-INOTTOW.

Mr. Williams, of Nash, from the committee of conference, appointed to consider the Senate amendment to the resolution, which provides for the pay of commissioners. reported the Senate amendment; and the House did not

concur in the report. Mr. Foy moved to reconsider the vote.

Mr. Latham moved to lay that motion on the table; andit was not adopted.

The question on the motion to reconsider was carried. and the House adjourned.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 1, 4861.

Senate met at 10 o'clock. Journal read and approved. Message from the House, proposing to raise a joint select committee, to appoint some day for the adjournment of the

Legislature sine die. Senate concurred, and Messrs. Worth and Pitchford

vere appointed on the part of the Senate. Mr. Dockery, from the Committee on Agriculture, made

sundry reports. Mr. Bledsoe, a report from the Committee on Constituional Reform, which was made the special order for

Thursday next at 12 o'clock. Mr. Walker, a report from the Committee on Literary Fund.

Mr, Avery, sundry reports from the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Humphrey, from the Committee on Corporations, reported sundry bills.

Mr. Whedbee, a report from the Committee on Corpor-

A communication from the principal of the Deaf and Dumb Institute was read, inviting the officers and members of the General Assembly to an exhibition at the Institute.

Mr. Thomas, of Jackson, reported a bill from the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Pitchford, presented a petition from a free person of color from Warren county, which was duly referred. RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Morehead introduced a resolution in favor of the Green Monumental Association, which on a suspension of the rules, passed its several readings.

Mr. Bledsoe, a resolution in favor of Wm. Thompson. Referred to the Committee on Claims. INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. Stubbs, a bill concerning the town of Jamesville, in the county of Martin. Placed on the file. Mr. Barringer, a bill to charter the Greensboro' and

Danville Railroad Company. Placed on file. Mr. Walkup, a bill to extend the corporate limits of the town of Monroe, and for other purposes. Referred.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Conference, ported that they had agreed upon allowing the commissioners to Washington and Alabama six dollars per diem and mileage, as proposed by the Senate. Message from the House, concurring in the report of said committee, and the resolution was ordered to be enrolled. Mr. Street, a bill to protect the Fair Grounds of the Union Agricultural Society" of the town of Newbern. Referred.

Mr. Turner said he thought the federalists were all dead. The Senate resumed the reading of bills a second and hird time, as follows :

A bill for the management of insolvent estates. Read a hird time.

A bill to provide for the establishment of schools for the ducation of common school teachers.

A bill to authorise the appointment of special Magistrates in the county of Craven. Passedits several readings. A bill to change the place of holding the Courts of Warlen for Northampton county. Passed its several readings. A bill to change the place of comparing the polls for the 44th Senatorial district, passed its several readings.

A bill to prevent the sale of spirits within two miles of evnoldson Institute in the county of Gates.

Mr. Pithford was, on motion, excused from serving on e Committee of adjournment. A bill concerning the Inspectors of Naval Stores in the

own of Wilmington. Referred.

A bill to permit persons to remove the remains of their ceased relatives from the lands of another. Leave of absence was granted to the Senator from Marin county from to-day until Tuesday next. Mr. Turner moved to take up a bill to repeal so much of

he Revised Code as exempted State bonds from taxation. adopted

Mr. Morehead spoke at length against the bill.

Mr. Bledsoe replied in favor of the bill. Mr. Sharp concurred in the remarks of Mr. Bledsoe. Mr. Dockry followed Mr. Sharp, favoring the repeal of he law which exempts State bonds from taxation.

Mr. Pitchford moved that the Senate adjourn. Motion rithdrawn. Mr. Morehead replied to the remarks of the Senators

om Wake, Richmond and Iredell. Mr. Bledsoe replied to Mr. Morchead. The Speaker announced that Mr. Avery would fill the

lace of Mr. Pitchford on the Committee of Adjournment. On motion of Mr. Taylor, of Brunswick, the Senate adurned

### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 1, 1861. The committees made sundry reports on bills referred. Mr. Haves introduced a bill to increase the pay of memsers. The speakers to receive \$5 per day, and the members and doorkeepers to receive \$4 per day. Mr. Hayes moved to have the bill read a second time.

and it was not adopted. Mr. Persón, from the Committee on the Judiciary, re-

ported back the bill to divide the State into 8 Judicial Disricts-with a substitute. Mr. Haves, a resolution in favor Samuel Byles.

The House concurred in the report of the Committee of onference, which provides that the commissioners to Washington city and Montgomery, shall receive \$6 per

liem and mileage. A bill to charter the New River Canal Company, in Onow county, was taken up as the special order.

Mr. Foy advocated the passage of the bill. The question was on a motion to strike out the 4th secon of the bill, which provides for an appropriation, on e part of the State, of \$10,000. The ayes and nays were

aken and the section was stricken out. On motion of Mr. Fleming, another clause was stricken at, and the bill passed its second reading.

The bill to abolish the office of State Geologist was taken oon its second reading. -

Mr. Ferebee spoke in opposition to the passage of the ill, and Mr. Folk spoke in favor of the bill Mr. Merrimon opposed the bill, and thought it was an

office of great importance to the State. Mr. Slade favored the passage of the bill, and also Mr.

Newby Mr. Wright opposed the bill, and thought the present

officer very efficient. The discussion on the bill was extended to some length, and was participated in by many members. Mr. Love, of Jackson, moved a substitute to the bill, Mr. Fleming moved to indefinitely postpone, and it was

not adopted. Ayes 30, nays 66. Mr. Shober moved to postpone until Wednesday next.

Mr. Crumpler moved that the special order (the hour having arrived) be postponed a half an hour, and it was adopted The question was then on the substitute of Mr. Love, and

bill was not stricken out.

Mr. Crumpler, calling for a division of the question, the

bill its second reading, and it passed. Aves 65, nays 33.

The ayes and navs were then taken on the passage of the

Message from the Senate, concurring in the proposition

ttee of Conference.

The House concurred in the message, and the Speaker appointed Messrs. Williams, of Nash, Merrimon and Bul-

Mr. Bullock moved that a message be sent to the Senate. proposing to go forthwith into the election of United States Senator, and announcing that the name of the Hon. T. L. Clingman was in nomination. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Marsh put in nomination the Hon. Sion H. Rogers. Mr. Haves introduced a resolution that the House order that twenty copies of the Convention bill be printed for each member west of the Blue Ridge.

Mr. Williams, of Nash, moved to amend by including all the members. Mr. White moved to make the number twenty-five for

each member, and it was adopted.

Mr. Hill introduced the following resolutio Resolved by the General Assembly of North-Carolina That if all efforts to reconcile the unhappy differences exist ing between the two sections of the country, shall prove abortive, then, in the opinion of the General Assembly, every consideration of honor and interest demands that North-Carolina shall unite her destiny with the slaveholding States.

On motion of Mr. Hill, the resolution was read the second time, and on its passage the second time, Mr. Henry called for the aves and nays.

Mr. Farrow moved to lay the resolution on the table: Not adopted-ayes 26; navs 71.,

Message received from the Senate, concurring in th proposition of the House to go into the election of United States Senator, and announcing the Hons. T. L. Chingman and Bedford Brown in nomination.

Mr. Marsh withdrew the name of the Hon. S. H. Rogers, Mr. Withers withdrew the name of Mr. Brown.

Mr. Burgin nominated Burgess S. Gaither. Mr. Cowles nominated W. W. Holden, and afterwards withdrew his name.

Mr. Bridgers and Mr. Marsh were appointed to superin tend the election, and reported as follows :

For Mr. Clingman .- Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Autry, Barrow, Batchelor, Baxter, Branch, Bridgers, Bullock, Bynum, Cannady, Cheek, Cline, Crawford, Davis of B., Davis of H., Davis of M., Ewell, Fagg, Faison, Ferguson, Foy, Galloway, Green of F., Hall, Hill, Hoke, Jenkins, Kallan, Lemonds, Logan, Love of H., Love of J., McMillan, Miche-ner, Mordicai, Padget, Pearson, Peebles, Person, Pope, Potts, Ransom, Shaw, Slade, Small, Tapscott, Ward, Waters, Watson, Waugh, White, Wilkerson, Williams of C., Williams of N., Wishart, Woodard, Wooten, and

Wright.-58. For W. A. Graham.-Messrs. Barringer, Clarke of D., Cowles, Ferebee, Foust, Gaither, Gorrell, Green of C., Green of S., Guthrie, Harris, Hayes, Patterson, Poindexter, Shober, Siler, and Winslow .- 17. For S. H. Rogers.-Messrs. Albritton, Blue, Booth,

Mr. Faison recommended several names from the county f Sampson for magistrates, which were approved.

Mr. Brown moved to take up and consider a bill to charter the Milton, Yanceyville and Junction railroad.

Mr. Hall said, while he was disposed to accommodate his friend from Caswell, he should most reepectfully object to the motion. He preferred that the Senate should proceed regularly with the Calendar. He was not disposed to give

this bili preference over others of equal importance. The motion to take up did not prevail.

Message from the House, transmitting sandry engrossed bills, asking the concurrence of the Senate, which were read, and appropriately referred.

A bill providing for the registration of coroner's bonds. A bill to incorporate Jefferson Academy.

A bill to incorporate the Ashville Water Company in Buncombe.

A bill to incorporate a Female Academy in the county of Buncombe.

A bill to amend an act to incorporate the town of Thomasville

A bill concerning the wardens of the poor for the county of Wake.

Resolution in favor of P. A. Smith of Cabarras county. A bill for the relief of Evans Ferguson and Benj. Smith, free persons of color.

A bill to amend a section of the Revised Code, entitled. Idiots and Lunatics.

A bill to lay off and establish a county by the name of Transvlvania.

A bill to prohibit the sale of expectancies.

A bill concerning the Superior Courts of Rowan.

A bill concerning an act to incorporate the Jonathan

Turnpike Company. A bill to amend the charter of the Farmer's Bank.

A bill to amend certain section of Revised Code, relative to free negroes carrying arms. A bill to prevent damages by camp fires.

A bill relating to the election of constables. Resolution in favor of John Tapscott, and other sheriffs, providing for the collection of arrearages of taxes.

A bill providing for giving control of certain turnpikes to the county courts of certain counties.

A bill to incorporate Oak Hill Academy in Granville. Mr. Brown renewed his motion to take up the Milton, Yanceyville and Junction railroad. Motion did not pre-

The following bills were put upon their second readings :

of the House to appoint a joint committee to decide on the day of adjourning sine die. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Waters, Fagg and Ferebee the committee on the part of the House.

Mr. Newby moved to suspend the rules, and have the bill read the third time.

The vote was taken and the rules were suspended. Ayes 67, nays 30.

The bill was put on its passage the last reading, and it passed, by ayes 68, nays 29.

The question next before the House was the concurrence of the House in the Senate recommendation of magistrates for Camden county

Mr. Marsh spoke in opposition to some of the names, and thought the Legislature should only appoint those recommended by the County Court. The House adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 2, 1861. Senate met at 10 o'clock. Praver by the Rev. Mr. Fitzgerald, The Journal of yesterday read.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. Mr. Thomas, of Jackson, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, made sundry reports. On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the report of the committee made on the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal, was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Avery, from the Judiciary Committee, reported sundry bills.

Mr. Barringer, from the Committee on Federal Relations, reported a bill to provide for the defence of the peo-ple of the State, this bill being a substitute for one referred o said Committee.

Mr. Avery, from a Joint Select Committee on Adjournment, reported that such was the condition of the public business that it was impossible to fix upon any day for adjournment. There were about 150 bills before the Senate, and as many as 290 before the House. He asked that the Committee be discharged from further duty. So ordered.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS. Mr. Walkup, a bill concerning the Revenue Law. Referred.

PRIVATE CALENDAR.

The following bills were read a second-and some a second and third time. A bill to incorporate Judson Female College, in the

county of Henderson. A bill to incorporate the "Franklin Rifles" commanded

by Capt. Wm. F. Green, in the county of Franklin. Lies on the table. A bill to incorporate the "Old Topsail Riflemen. Laid

on the table. A bill to incorporate the "Independent Grays" in the town of Elizabeth City.

The Committee on Military Affairs, having reported ad- | night.

WHEREAS, a convention of the citizens of Harnett county, at Summerville, on Tuesday of December court ultimo, passed a resolution recommending the Legislature of North-Carolina to call a Convention of the State, to consider our Federal Relations, which we endorse and declare to be our undivided sentiment. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we endorse the same in every particular.

Resolved. That, in our judgment, the calling of a Convention of the State to consider our Federal Relations reflects the wishes of a very decided majority of the citizens of Harnett county.

Resolved, That we feel proud to own the Hon. Warren Winslow as our representative in the Congress of the United States, and freely endorse the manly stand he has taken to secure to us our rights: Resolved. That we freely endorse the message of John W. Ellis, Governor of North Carolina, and declare that the communication in a late number of the Standard, setting forth that there were not fifty persons in the county of Harnett who would endorse the Governor's message, is totally untrue.

Resolved, That it devolves upon the present General Assembly to elect a. United States Senator to fill the expired term of the Hon. T. L. Clingman. Resolved, That, as the 'Ion. T. L. Clingman has been tried and found faithful we recommend his reelection.

On motion of John A. Matthew the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

On motion, it was ordered that a copy of these resalutions be sent to our representatives in the General Assembly, with a request that they lay them before the General Assembly, and that they are hereby instructed to vote for the same.

Op motion, it was ordered that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the State Journal and Fayetteville Carolinian.

On motion, the meeting adjourned. JOHN GREEN, Chairman,

JOHN C. BALLENTINE, Secretary.

Nathan Mitchell was murdered by his wife on Rlock Island, Rhode Island, on Saturday

their rights be possible, and if not, then to consider their grievances and to determine the mode, measure, and time of redress, the action of the said convention to be final and conclusive when ratified by the vote of the people, the sense of this meeting being through a State Convention, to provide for the representation of the State in a Southern Convention called to devise measures for the peaceful adjustment of difficulties now endangering the Union, and the preservation of our rights and equality therein ; and failing in that effort, to pre-

the establishment of a Southern Confederacy. Resolved, 6. That the representatives of this County

and District in the General Assembly be and they are hereby requested and instructed to use their influence secure the passage of a bill through the respective branches of the Legislature for the holding of a State | should obtain possession of required fourteen years of Convention, and to use their influence to secure the the Government. But what toil, and blood, and sacrifipassage of a joint resolution of the two Houses inviting of that? Must we wait 'til ces of all kinds to establish he slave States to a common Congress or Convention | this change is made ? Shall the present Union. We beof the said States to be held at an agreed time and place, for the purposes respectively before declared and herein set forth.

The resolutions were then carefully read-explanatory remarks were made by Messrs. Q. H. Trotman A. J. Walton and W. H. Manning,-the attention of all was directed to each resolution, and especially to those relating to a convention-these were again read-the motion for the adoption of the resolution having been made, and the vote being taken by rising and sitting, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The names of gentlemen who acted with the oppoing and underscored, to show that each party was frirly treated.

It was resolved that copies of the resolutions adopted by this meeting, be sent to our representatives in. the Senate and House of Commons of the General Assembly, and likewise to Messrs. Burwell W. Baxter, B. T. Simmons, R. A. Small and John Fergusson of the General Assembly. It was, on motion ordered, wise to the decisions of an 1860. that the proceedings of the meeting be published in abolition court. It will be the papers of the State. A motion of thanks to the too late to resist the court. officers of the meeting having been carried, the meet- after having submitted to ing adjourned.

DAVID PARKER, CH'N. WM. POTTER, Sec'y.

dard up. Comment is unnecessary :

"But it is said that the STAND FIRM !- Every Supreme Court may be in effort is being made to drive the future an unsafe tribu-the Constitutional Union nal for the South : that the men in the Legislature into Black Republicans will ob-extreme measures. Let them, tain control of it and turn stand firm. The people are its decisions against the standing firm, and "watchpare for the maintenance and defence of southern rights' slaveholdidg States. That ing and waiting." They may be so. At present it have given no orders yet for is certainly a safe tribunal extreme. or violent meafor the South. It may be sures. What is needed now, changed, and no doubt will is forethought, firmness and be, if Black Republicans decision of character. 1 we permit Lincoln to per-lieve the people are opposed vert the whole power of the to breaking it up "before" Government, and in addi-breakfast," and without tion to turn the Supreme good cause. Good cause Court against us? We are for disunion may arise, init for meeting the enemy at let us not hasten to make the threshold, for vanquish-or meet it. Above all let ing him or being vauquish-nothing be done in haste or ed long before his law, his passion. The foundations adjudications against us are of States, to be enduring, made. If the people of the must not be laid in passion South are true to them-or resentment, but with sition party, mentioned in the proceedings of the meet- selves and their posterity, caution, circumspection, they will never be troubled gravity, and wisdom. Who by the decisions of Black is wise enough to say and Republican Judges. But if to know that the Union they submit to the inaugu-ought to be dissolved toration and the rule of Black day? Stand firm, and Republicans, they will bind watch and wait. themselves to submit like- [Standard of December. the President. That is our view of it."-Standard June 24, 1860, \*\*