happily accomplished "the objects for which it was called on the first day of its session-and as matters of ordinary legislation should properly be left to the body recognized by the Constitution, as the legislative body of the State, and as a further continuance of the Convention is only subjecting the State to an unnecessary expense, the petitioners prayed the speedy adjournment of he Convention. The memorial was signed by about 150 names. ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Rayner, in regard to holding courts in and for the County of Hertford. Read three times under a suspension of rules, and ordered to be en-

By Mr. Gorrell, an ordinance concerning the election of Governor-provides for the election of a Governor in August, to be qualified in September, to fill the unexpired term; and that Gov. Clark shall contique in office until the qualification of his successor. Read and ordered to be printed.

the 30th of April, at 12 M., the Convention adjourn sine die-Lays over under the rules. By Mr. Howard, an ordinance amendatory of an

continued in service under the Conscript Act.

Mr. Smith, of Halifax, moved to amend by extending the bounty to all troops raised under the Conscript Act. Both of which were read and ordered to

On motion of Mr. Badger, the ordinance to exempt members of the Society of Friends from militia duty and military service, was taken up, read the second time, and after a lengthy discussion, participated in by Messrs. Rayner and Smith of Halifax, in opposition to the ordinance, and Messrs Badger, Kittrell, Gilmer and Ruffin in favor of it-was on motion of

gard to the death of his late colleague, W. J. Ellison, Esq., and paid a generous tribute to the honest worth, the merits and integrity of the deceased.

also joined in eulogy to the deceased, and bore cheerful testimony to the innocent simplicity and purity of his life, and his conscious worth as a private citizen and

SIXTH DAY-SATURDAY, April 26. Pursuant to adjournment the Convention was called

The journal of yesterday was read and approved. Mr. Battle from the committee on enrollments reported as ready for the signature of the Speaker a resolution in regard to certain claims in favor of J. R. Davidson; also an ordinance in relation to the holding of Courts in and for the county of Hertford. RESOLUTIONS AND ORDINANCES.

By Mr. Atkinson, an ordinance for the relief of the UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

to adjourn sine die, April 80th, was taken up. Mr. Satterthwaite opposed the resolution. He was opposed to adjournment sine die, because in that event, whatever contingencies may arise, even though the enemy should overrun the State, no legislative | bound to ratify this opinion by his vote. He thought body would be in existence to provide for such emergency; besides he thought it was impossible to finish the business of the Convention in the time expressed

the day before yesterday, on the amendment offered by him that no amendments to the Constitution should be considered during the present session of the Convention, a test vote; and as by the adoption of that amendment, the Convention had declared it would not consider such propositions, he thought that the Legislature—a body provided by and existing on a virtute officii Governor of N. C., and consequently constitutional basis—the proper body to consider the | could not be divested of the authority of that office, other matters of legislation now before the Convention. The delegate from Pitt (Mr. Satterthwaite) assigned no reason sufficient in his estimation, why the Convention should not adjourn. If in the event a legislative body should be necessary during the interval between the adjournment of the Convention, and the assembling of the next Legislature, it was only necessary to pass a resolution convening the present Legislature, upon the summons of the proper

bound by the vote referred to, even though designated

Mr. Satterthwarte said that his legislative experience had convinced him that more time was consumed in discussing questions relating to adjournment than was uccessary to complete the business of sulted as follows: the body. He therefore moved to lay the resolution Aves-Messrs.

and nays-they were called with the following result: AYES-Messrs. Allison, Atkinson, Bagley, Barnes, Batchelor, Battle, of W., Berry, Brown, Bryson, Calloway, Cannon, Christian, Dick, Douthit, Eller, Foster, of R., Fuller, Gilmer, Gorrell, Graham, Green, Headen, Holden, Joyce, Kittrell, Long, Mann, Manning, McNeil, of C., McNeil, of H. Meares, Mebane, Rhodes, Ruffin, Sanders, Satterthwaite, Smith, of J. Starbuck, Warren, Washington, Wilson-42.

ing, Caldwell, Cunningham, Dickson, Durham, Edwards, Foster, of A., Greenlee, Hargrove, Holmes, Houston, Howard, Johnston, Kelly, Leak, of A., Leak, of R., Lindsay, Lyon, McDowell, of B., Mc-Royster, Schenck, Setzer, Smith, of H., Speed, Strange, Williamson-40.

ernor was taken up, and Mr. Gorrell's amendment (more minute in details) was accepted and put upon its second reading.

Mr. Green said he was opposed to continuing in office one day, a man who has refused and neglected to defend the State and its interests, therefore he moved to strike out the 5th section of the bill, providing for the continu nce of Gov. Clark in office until

man in North Carolina. He said that the same acts that called upon him the denunciations of some, as an | Thomas, of C., Thornton, Williams-35. arbitrary exercise of power, were condemned by others as exhibibiting the sheerest want of competency. No man in North Carolina, said Mr. Rayner, ever had more sincerly and honestly the interests of North Caro'ina, o' more cautious, and as he thought, with a view to her best interests, more prudent, or considerate than Henry T. Clark. He had been in error; no man was free from it, and he would never join in condemnation of a man, who had erred honestly and con-

Upon Mr. Green's motion, Judge Howard demanded the ayes and nave. Messrs. Green aid Smith, of Johnston, voted in the flirmative, all the rest voted in the negative-2 to

The main question recurring, Mr. Ruffin was op posed to the ordinance. He thought the office was. filed until the 1st of January 1863. He thought also that Gov. Clark virtule officii, was Governor not only until the 1st of January, 1863, but also until his successor could be qualified. He saw no difference on this subject between the constitutions of the United States, the Confederate States, and this State, and as in those nstruments, the person who succeeds to any office by virtue of an office he held, in consequence of a vacancy therein, such person exercises all the functions of Dowell, of M, McNeil, of C., McNeil, of H., Mcares, the office as fully and validly, to all intents and purposes as his predecessor—so it is in this State. Governor Clark is now exercising the functions of the Executive office, and no provision can be found in that instrument limiting the time when those functions shall cease. It was never intended that either of the three departments of the government, the executive, legisla-

the enemy, but being incompetent to discharge the duties of the office, Mr. Martin, by virtue of his power and duty ex officio, donned the executive robes and discharged the duties of the office until the return of

the Governor. Judge R. entered into an elaborate, constitutional rgument to prove that the speaker of the Senate, and in case of his incompetency, by death or otherwise, the Speaker of the House, being Governor virtute offieii, it would be legally wrong, and an usurpation of power to fill the office during the competency of said

officers, to elect another. Mr. Graham said that it was evident Gov. Clark did not consider himself as actual Governor, but 'Governor ex officio," as appeared from a proclamaion published in the papers and signed "Henry T. Clark, Governor ex officio." It was evident he considered the Executive authority vested in him as incidental to his original office-the same opinion held by Mr. Winslow after the resignation of Gov. Reid. Mr. Winslow, said Mr. Graham, by refusing to yield his office as Speaker, and by communicating messages to the Legislature, from the Executive Department, and then running to the Senate Chamber to receive them, presented the amusing spectacle of a man corresponding with himself. Gov. Clark, he continued, never took the oath of office, and no man should exercise the high functions of the Executive office without subscribing to the oath prescribed by the Constitution; and surely when the highest authority of the State refuse to take an oath to faithfully discharge hi duties, it cannot be expected from an under office. He also thought that his functious ceased with his Senatorship, and hence he could not be Governor af-

ter that time. Judge Ruffin thought it unnecessary that an cath should be taken in such a case, as in taking the oath as Senator of the State, he comprehended in the duties he affirmed to discharge faithfully all that would devolve upon him by virtue of his office. Governor Clark and the others alluded to, he thought, were in error-they had placed what he considered a wrong construction upon the Constitution, and the question now at issue is, whether or not such an error, affirmed by only one Senate, shall be made to bind this body and the people of this State. -

Mr. Brown said that when the question was before the Legislature, it was whether he held office only during his Senatorship or for the residue of Gov. Ellis' term. He favored the latter idea-Gov. Clark favored the former, but the question never was definitely settled. But as the Constitution never intended that the office should be vacant for a moment, and as Gov. Clark had erred in thinking he was not authorized to continue in the office after the expiration of his Senatorial term, he would vote for the ordinance as the best means of remedying the defect.

Mr. Ruffin said that the construction of the Constitution, recognized as correct, should be accepted in opposition to all erroneous precedents, and that to adopt this ordinance would be to engraft upon the banks of this State. Provides that if the places ex- Constitution a construction wrong in principle. We pressed in their charters for the holding of their annu- have no right to interfere with an office already filled; al meetings, be endangered by the enemy, they may and that this office is filled, all will admit who will hold them at any other time and places convenient. acknowledge the long recognized principle, that he who performs acts de facto, acts as validly and legal-The resolution offered by Mr. Howard yesterday ly as though the powers were originally conferred upon him.

Mr. Rayner thought Gov. Clark Governor, absolutely and completely, until January 1st, 1863, or until his successor is qualified, and thinking so, felt it an arbitrary act on the part of this body to say how long he should hold his office. He was opposed to the ordinance.

M. Radger said that as Gov. Clark minself dis-claimed the authority of the office after the expiration of his Senatorship, as the same opinion was held by many public officers, and coincided in by a large number of the people, he was in favor of the ordinance to set the matter at rest.

Mr. Ruffin replied, that whatever Governor Clark might think of the matter, in his opinion he was save by death, resignation, or other disqualification. Mr. Speed considered that the authority vested in Gov. Clark, by virtue of his office, expired with his

Senatorship, and that neither he nor any one else could hold the office after that time, unless he was elected to it either by the people themselves, or through them by their representatives. He would vote for Gov. Clark to fill the unexpired term. Mr. Howard submitted an amendment to the bill which was in effect that " the true construction of the

Constitution is that upon the death of the Governor, the person designated by the Constitution to be his successor is empowered to fill the residue of the term of the deceased. Mr. Battle, of W., asked a division of the question.

The question recurring first upon the motion to strike out, Mr. Battle demanded the ayes and nays, which re-Aves-Messrs. Batchelor, Battle, of E., Battle, of

N., Bunting, Caldwell, Calloway, Dickson, Durham, Edwards, Fuller, Green, Greenler, Holmes, Howard McDowell, of B., McDuffie, McNeill, of C., McNeill, o. H, Michal, Mitchell, Moody, Moseley, Rayner, Rhodes, Ruffin, Schenck, Setzer, Smith, of H., Strange, Strong, of W., Thomas, of C., Williams-33.

NAYS-Messrs. Allison, Armfield, Badger, Ragley, Barnes, Battle, of W., Berry, Bogle, Brown, Bryson, Cannon, Christian, Cunningham, Dick; Donnell, Douthit, Eller, Foster, of A., Foster, of R., Gilmer, Gorrell, Graham, Hearne, Headen, Holden, Jones, of R., Joyce, Kelly, Kittrell, Leak, of A., Leak, of R., Lindsay, Long, Lyon, Mann, Manning, Meares, Mebane, Myers, Royster, Sanders, Satterthwaite, Smith. of J., Speed, Starbuck, Thompson, Thornton, Warren, Washington, Williamson, Wilson-51.

Mr. Rayner submitted an amendment, to the effect that Governor Clark be declared Governor until the Strong, Thomas, Thompson, Thornton, Williams, 1st of January 1863, and asking the opinion of the Governor in regard to the acceptance of the office. Mr. Badger called for a division of the question.

The question recurred first upon the motion to strike out, and upon this motion Mr. Battle, of W., demanded the ayes and nays. The demand was sustained and resulted as follows: AYES-Messrs. Batchelor, Battle, of E., Battle, of

N., Bunting, Caldwell, Calloway, Cunningham, Dickson, Durham, Edwards, Fuller, Green, Greenlee, Holmes, Howard, Johnston, Lyon, McDowell, of B., McDuffie, McNeill, of C, McNeill, of H., Michal, Mitchell, Moseley, Rayner, Rhodes, Royster, Ruffin. Smith, of H., Strange, Strong, of M., Strong, of W.,

NAYS-Messrs. Allison, Atkinson, Badger, Bagley, Barnes, Battle, of W., Berry, Bogle, Brown, Bryson, Cannon, Christian, Dick, Donnell, Douthit, Eller, Foster, of A., Foster, of R., Gilmer, Gorrell, Graham, Hearne, Headen, Holden, Jones, of R., Joyce, Kelly, Kittrell, Leak, of A., Leak, of R., Lindsay, Long, Mann, Manning, Mearcs, Mebane, Myers, Sanders, Satterthwaite, Schenck, Setzer, Smith, of J., Speed, Starbuck, Thompson, Warren, Washington, Williamson, Wilson-49.

The ordinance after some slight amendments was read the third time, passed and ordered to its enroll-

The ayes and nays on the passage of the ordinance

are as follows: AYES-Messrs. Allison, Atkinson, Badger, Bagley, Barnes, Batchelor, Battle, of E., Battle, of N. Battle, of W., Berry, Bogle, Brown, Bryson, Bunting, Caldwell, Calloway, Cannon, Christian, Cunningham, Dick, Douthit, Durham, Eller, Ferebee, Foster, of A., Foster, of R., Fuller, Gilmer, Gorrell, Graham, Greenlee, Hargrove, Hearne, Headen, Holden, Holmes, Houston, Howard, Johnston, Jones, of R., Joyce, Kelly, Kittrell, Leak. of A., Leak, of R., Lindsay, Long, Lyon, Mann, Manning, McDowell, of B., Mc-Mebane, Michal, Moseley, Myers, Rhodes, Royster, Sanders, Satterthwaite, Schenck, Setzer, Smith, of H., Speed, Starbuck, Strong, of M., Thornton, Walton, Warren, Washington, Williamson—73.

NAVS—Messrs. Dickson, Edwards, Green, Mitch-

ell, Ruffin, Smith, of J., Strauge, Strong, of W., Williams-9.

Judge Ruffin explained his vote by saying that while he would accept this as the construction of the Constitution, after it was adopted, he could not vote to give it that construction.

munication from his Excellency the Governor in regard to the report of Jonathan Worth, salt commissioner, which on motion was laid on the table and Mr. Meares introduced a resolution that a commit-

tee of five be appointed to procure a burial ground for the soldiers at some convenient point near Ra-The unfinished business of vesterday was resumed

and the bill to exempt quakers was taken up. Pending its consideration the Convention adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

SEVENTH DAY-MONDAY, April 28. Pursuant to adjournment, the Convention assembled this morning at 10.20, A. M. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardy, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved. The Committee to purchase a burial ground, was nnounced. ORDINANCES AND MEMORIALS.

By Judge Howard, to amend an ordinance to secure certain officers and soldiers the right to vote. The ordinance extends the time for receiving the returns from one to two weeks. Read 1st time, and lays over under the rules.

By Mr. Warren, a resolution in relation to the assessment and collection of taxes in certain counties. Provides for a committee of enquiry. Passed under a suspension of the rules.

By Mr. Schenck, a resolution concerning the report f the Congressional Committee on the fall of Roanoke sland. Lies over one day under the rules.

On motion of Judge Howard, the ordinance amendatory of an ordinance to raise North Carolina's quota of Confederate troops was taken up and read the second time, and after a lengthy discussion, in favor of a reference of the ordinance with its amendment to a committee—participated in by Messrs. Graham, Badger and Ruffin, and in opposition to a reference, by Messrs. Howard and Strong—it was referred to the committee on military affairs.

The Chair stated that in the communication from the Governor in regard to the report of the Salt Commissioner, submitted Saturday, certain suggestions were made which required consideration in secret session, whereupon the Convention resolved to go into secret session at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Graham submitted an ordinance to complete and tender two brigades to the Confederate States. Laid over one day under the rules. Proposes that one brigade be placed under the command of Col. G. E. B. Singletary; the other under the command of Col. Z. B. Vance. Lays over one day.

Mr. Leak, of Richmoud, moved to take from the table the resolution offered by Judge Howard that the Convention adjourn sine die.

Mr. Badger moved to lay that motion on the table, and upon that motion, Mr. Leak demanded the yeas and nays .. They were called and resulted as follows: YEAS-Messrs. Allison, Badger, Barnes, Battle of W., Bryson, Bogle, Calloway, Cannon, Christian, Dick, Doutlit, Foster of R., Gilmer, Graham, Green, Joyce, Kittrell, Long, Manu, Manuing, Mitchell, Philer, Rhodes, Ruffia, Satterthwaite, Spruill of B., Starbuck and Wilson-28

NAYS-Messrs. Atkinson, Bagley, Batchelor, Buttle of E., Battle of N., Berry, Bunting, Dickson, Durham, Edwards, Hearne, Headen, Holmes, Houston, Howard, Jones of R., Kelly, Laak of A., Leak of R. Lindsay, Lyon, McDowell of B., McDuffie, McNeill of C., Mearcs, Michal, Morely, Rayner, Schenck, Setzer, Smith of H., Smith of J., Strange, Strong of M., Strong of W., Tiompson, Thornton, Williams, Williamson and and Wooten-39.

The hour for the consideration of the order of the day having arrived, Mr. Leak moved to postpone the order that a resolution he wished to introduce, designating an early day for adjournment, might be considered-and on that motion the yeas and nays were demanded, and given with the following result : yeas

The motion not having prevailed, the ordinance to exempt members of the Society of Friends from performing military duty was taken up, and an amendment was offered by Mr. Schenck demanding in lieu or mintary duty an assessment of \$100, to be appropriated to the general purposes of the treasury, or a rendering of services at the salt works, or in the hospitals of the State. The amendment was adopted. and pending the main question,

The hour having arrived for the consideration of the special order, the Convention resolved itself into After some time in spent secret session the doors

vere opened and the Convention adjourned. * THE "WAR TAX" IN THE NORTH.—The "War Tax" bill meets with intense opposition in the North .-The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnatl

Commercial writes of it: The t:x bill is an awful affair. It will raise an enormous amount of money or destroy a vast amount of buisiness-one or the other. It will pass Congress. The public debt by the first of July will be \$1,500,-000,000. That is the calculation of the chief auditor of the Treasury. I think it is short of the reality .-The public really know little of what is the true condition of the finances. They will find it out hereafter, when they are called upon to pay the interest of the public debt. The principal no person expects will

ever be paid. The Secretary of War says that the increased transportation required by the advance in the enemy's territory has increased the war expenses to five millions per day-more than the printing machine has the power to supply.

A letter from Beaufort, N. C., of the 10th inst. published in the New York Herald, among other

Major Allen, who is the Provost Marshal of Beaufort and vicinity, has administered the oath of allegiance to some three hundred of the male residents .-Now, allowing four persons to a family, it will be seen that out of the population of the place, which is about 1600, three-fourths are loyal to the Union. Another letter of the same date, written from Newpern, furnishes the following information:

The rebel Generals Gatlin and Branch, who commanded the enemy previous to the fight here, have been arrested by order of the authorities at Richmond, and are now in confinement at Goldsboro', awaiting trial by Court Martial. They are charged with cowardice upon that and previous occasions. The rebel prisoners, now in our bands, numbering about 150, including Col. Avery, are to be sent North in a few days, under the recent order of the war department to release no prisoners until Col. Corcoran is set at liberty. They are on board the transport Cossack, Capt. J. W. Bennett.

BUNCOMBE ARILLERY .- This company was mustered into service last Saturday, and paid their bounty. The following are the officers elect: Captain-W. M. Hardy.

First Lieu. - W. H. Deaver. Second " Pleasant Israel. Third " J. T. Weaver. .

The three first named have seen hard service, and the fourth one, Lieut. Weaver, will do to "tie to" in any emergency. We congratulate the company on having as good a set of officers as ever marched nucler a flag. The company have four guns, and when "big thunder" is needed will do their work up well. A few more good men can get into this company by early application .- News.

AN ENGLISH OPINION OF THE BURNING OF OUR COTTON AND TOBACCO.-The London Times, in an editorial, says that the time cannot be far distant when the South must either surrender their cotton and tobacco or burn them. If they give up their crops to the invaders we may consider they intend to succumb. If they give them to the flames, all the worst that can happen to them will have happened, and

that task of conquest which never can be performed will have commenced. Confederate States Armory, Asheville, N. C.

WANTED,

A large number of Machinists, Gun-Smiths, Filers and good Black Smiths, to whom wages will be paid in conformity to the prevailing rates at such establishments in the Southern Confederacy.

This is a fine healthy region. The climate is unsurpassed for salubrity. The water is pure, cool and invigorating. Whilst the locality will, in all probability, remain undisturbed by Yankee invasion.

Address CLAYTON & WHITSON, or the subscriber.

R. W. PULLIAM, Agent C. S. A. Asheville, N. C., April 12, 1862. 47-3tw

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT, RALEIGH, March 24th, 1862 A LL pure Saltpetre delivered at the Ordnance Depot at Raleigh, within the next six months will be paid for at the rate of sixty cents a pound. All that is impure will be received and paid for at the same rate for the same rate the pure Saltpetre it may contain. Transportation from any point on the Railroads will also be paid by the Depart any point on the Railroads on this subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the Depart of the subject should be paid by the subject should be paid by

ment. All communications on this subject should be addressed to Capt. A. W. Lawrence, Ordnance Department Raleigh, N. C. J. G. MARTIN, Adjutant General and Chief of Ordnance March 25,

Wilmington Journal, Fayetteville Observer, Salisbury Watchman, Greensboro' Patriot, Charlotte Democrat, Asheville News, Western Carolinian, Salem Press and Henderson Times, please publish weekly till lat of May and forward accounts to this department.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,)

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, April 15, 1862 To the people of North-Carolina : BY an advertisement in the public paper, signed W. L. Ashe, you are informed that he will appoint and send agents, through every county in the State, and if necessary to impress all

to borrow, purchase and if necessary to impress, all arm Any attempt to seize the arms of our citizens is directly at variance with the Constitution; and in opposition to the declared policy of the Government, which makes it the duty of every citizen to keep and bear arms, and protects the arms of the militia even from execution for debt. But while I notify you that these agents have no lawful authority to seize your private arms and you will be protected in preserving the means of self-defence. I must also enjoin upon you in this emergency, as an act of the highest patriotism and duty, that you should discover to the proper State authorites all public arms, muskets or rifles within your knowledge, and of selling to the State all the arms, the property of individuals, which can be spared.

The Colonels of the several regiments of militia will act arms for the State, and will notify me whenever are

as agents for the State, and will notify me whenever any

such arms are delivered or offered to them-their promp

and earnest attention is called to the execution of this order

HENRY T. CLARK

DARTIES WISHING TO PURCHASE NORTH to John A. Lancaster & Son, Agents for the State, Rich mond, Va. Present price 102. March 25,

LA DIES---ATTENTION

OL. Z. B. VANCE'S BRAVE AND GALLANT MEN are entirely destitute of socks, or a change of under clothing. The undersigned calls upon the ladies of Raleigh and the surrounding country to aid him in making them comfortable. I wish to sand them a box of socks, shirts, drawers, &c., on Saturday of this week or early next week Who will be first to send a contribution? P. F. PESCUD.

Army Medical Board. A N ARMY Medical Board for the examination A of all the medical officers in North-Carolina is now convened at Goldsboro, N. C., by order of the Secretary

The following officers compose the Board : Surgeon N. S. Crowell. MEMBERS : Surgeon J. J. Waring; Surgeon Edward Warren; Surgeon Wyatt M. Brown. Applicants for appointment in the Provisional Army

must present letters of invitation from the Secretary of War. Medical officers, and candidates for such positions who do not report to the Board, will, at the end of the month, be reported as having declined an examination. March 6, 1862. To the Heirs of Mahala Jackson, Dec'd.

NORTH CAROLINA. FRANKLIN COUNTY. THE heirs of Mahala Jackson, dec'd to wit: Robt. W. Jones, Louisa Upchurch, Jos. W. Jones, Thos. Jones, Wm. W. Jones, Whitmel Jones, Caleb Jack

son and -- Crow, are hereby notified, that said estate has been settled and the distributive shares due to them will be paid on application. LEROY MITCHELL, Adm'r of Mabala Jackson, dec'd Louisburg, N. C., March 17th, 1862.

NOTICE. OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. CO.,

COMPANY SHOPS, March 18th, 1862. ON and after April 1st next, all passengers Conductor, wil be charged six cents per mile. Tickets will be sold by the Agents at the Stations, at the rate of four cents per mile, as heretofore.

By order of the Board of Directors. JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr., Sec'ry.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE. MR. JAMES SOUTHGATE, of the University of Va., (but for several years past, President of the Norfolk Military and Classical Institute,) has taken charge of this clegant COLLEGE, with the hope of establishing School in every respect, highly acceptable to the people

MR. SOUTHAGE will be assisted by his LADY, a Teacher of varied accomplishments and vast experience who for fifteen years has been connected with some of the largest and best Seminaries in Virginia, Schools of ANCIENT and MODERN LANGUAGES, MUSIC and PAINTING, will have gentlemen Professors presiding over them. We shall offer the best educational advantages to a people whom we know can appreciate them, and all we ask, is, give us a trial, and after this is fairly done, those who are not satisfied can remove their children or

wards, free of charge.

The Boarding Department shall have all the comforts and attractions of a well-ordered home, and the Boarders as tenderly and affectionately watched over and cared for tas even the most anxious parent could desire, every attention being given to the health, manners and literary advancement of each Pupil. Diplomas will be given to those who can pass rigid examinations on five Schools.-Gold and Silver Medals will be awarded for perfect deport. ment. Young ladies wishing to educate themselves for teachers will find unusual inducements here, as the terms for them shall be made suitable to circumstances.

The School is not sectarian, though the purest moralit is taught and required of every member of the Institution The building is large, new and magnificent, well adapted to School purposes. The location is unsurpassed, being one of the loveliest, he althiest and most refined sections the South, 30 miles North of Raleigh, and 10 miles from Franklinton Depot, where hacks are always in readiness to convey passengers to and from the village. The entire expenses for ten months will be from \$150 to \$250. For further particulars, apply to Gen. J. B. Littlejohn, Wm. P. Wiillams, Daniel S. Hill, Richard F. Yarborough, or to

March 29, 1862.

NOTICE. TAKEN UP and COMMITTED to JAIL INROCK

LOUISBURG, N. C.

ingham county, on the 27th day of January is negro man who calls his name Frank and says he belong to James Pearce of Chatham county; says he was bout to said Pearce, and at the age of twenty-one years he will be free, and says he is about twenty years old at this time Said boy is a dark mulatto color, bushy head of hair, stout built, full face, about five and a half feet high, and had o when taken up a brown homespun sack coat, pantaloons kersey nearly the same color, a good heavy pair of shoes and no socks, and a drab felt hat. The owner is requested he will be dealt with according to law. JAMES H. HALL, Jailot April 2, 1862.

A Regiment for the Confederate States Service. HE undersigned, having been authorized to

Taise a Regiment for the Confederate States army, takes this method of informing persons who are now are gaged in raising companies, that this is the first opportunity ty offered for joining a Regiment to go directly into the Confederate service. Rank of officers and pay to officers and soldiers will begit with their enrolment.

A bounty of FIFTY DOLLARS and the bounty from the State will be paid at the time of organization. Arms and full equipments of the best class will be fur-nished to the nished to the companies. Term of service three years or the war. For further particulars, address the subscriber immediately

M. D. CRATON, Lt. Col. 35th Regt., N. C. Troops. Newbern, N. C. Feb. 18, 1862.

Wanted to Hire. PIFTEEN INTELLIGENT NURSES FOR THE North-Carolina General Military Hospital at Raleigh Middle aged men preferred. Also two washer-women.

E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Surgeon

April 9, 1862. BANK CAPE FEAR.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House in this place on Thursday, the 1st of May next. J. G. BURR, Cash'r. Wilmington, N. C., April 16, 1862.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of FROELICH & ESTVAN, (C. S. Arms Factors) has the state of the state o ry,) has this day been disselved by mutual consent, a sail factory settlement having been made between them.
L. FROELICH. R. ESTVAN.

Wilmington, N. C., April 14, 1862. Mr. L. FROELICH will carry on the business of sal factory, on his own account, as sole proprietor.
LOUIS FROELICH.

PERSONS having claims against the late firm of FROELICH & ESTVAN, (C. S. Arms Factory, for which I may have become responsible, or stand as security, will please present the same to me immediately.

M. NEWHOFF.

Wilmington, N. C. April 15, 1862.

No. 88-WILSON COUNTY. JOHN T. BARNES, Sheriff 208,806 Valuation Land, \$1,177,820 Town Property, \$158,700 STATE TAXES.

COUNTY TAXES.

Poor, 8 cents per \$100 value real estate,

County Purposes, 24 do., and 36 do., Schools, 20 do., and 30 do.,

Asylum Tax, 8 do., and 12 do.,

Town Property,

Dividend and Profit

Salaries and Fees.

Gold Watches,

Silver Watches

Studs and Jacks

Pistols and Knives.

Plate and Jewelry.

Merchants' Capital.

Marriage License,

Privileged Woters,

Gross amount.

and 12 cents per poll.

Total amount.

Riding Vehicles.

Liquor Dealers.

Note Shavers.

Polls.

Interest.

Pianos,

No. 80-WATAUGA COUNTY. Acres Land, 240.438 Valuation Land. \$444,479 Town Property, \$3,605 STATE TAXES. Town Property, Polls, Interest, Salaries and Fees, Studs and Jacks, Pistols and Knives, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, 3 75 Pianos, Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Liquor Dealers, Note Shavers. 22 70 Merchants' Capital 41 90 Peddlers, 40 Patent Medicines, Daguerreotypists, 10 Exhibitions for Reward 10 Marriage License, 38 80 Deeds for Real Lstate, Subjects Unlisted, 7 65 Gross amount, \$1,569 19 County Purposes, 25 cents per \$100 value real estate, and \$1 per poll \$1,671 21 Schools, 5 do., and 20 do., 333 24 \$2,004 45 No. 81-WAYNE COUNTY. J. R. SMITH, Tax Collector, Acres Land, 335,786 Valuation Land \$2,212,555 Town Property, \$824,538 STATE TAXES. Town Property, 407 22 Polls, Interest 2,247 15 Dividend and Profit 103 64 Salaries and Fees, 439 38 Studs and Jacks. Pistols and Knives 133 75 Dirks and Canes, Gold Watches, 106 51 Silver Watches. Pianos, 79 50 Plate and Jewelry, 40 52 Playing Car Is, Riding Vehicles, Liquor Dealers, 1,803 69 Note Shavers, 196 10 Merchants' Capital Bowling Alleys, Express Companies, Exhibitions for Reward, 25 Horse and Mule Drovers, Liquor Peddlers, Patent Medicines, Marriage License, Mortgages and Deeds, Deeds for Real Estate. Distress, Privileged Voters, 18 \$14,459 57 COUNTY TAXES. Poor, 6 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 15 cents per poll, County Purposes, 10 do., and 20 do., 2,027 56 Total amount. \$7,276 88 No. 82-WILKES COUNTY. ROBERT M. SMITH, Sheriff. Acres Land. Valuation Land, \$1,054,698 Town Property, \$21,455 STATE TAXES. Land

Acres Land, Valuation Land,

Town Property,

Town Property,

Dividend and Profit,

Salaries and Fees,

Studs and Jacks,

Dirks and canes,

Silver Watches,

Playing Cards, Riding Vehicles,

Liquor Dealers,

Merchants' Capital,

Horse and Mule Drovers.

Note Shavers

Livery Stables,

Patent Medicines

Marriage License

Patrol, 10 do.,

Mortgages and Deeds, Deeds for Real Estate,

Retailers.

Plate and Jewelry

Gold Watches,

Pistols and Knives

Polls,

Interest,

\$603,261.50

\$127,005

46 79

3 15

120 43

525 33

39 77

8 22

120

STATE TAXES.

COUNTY TAXES.

Poor, 15 cents per \$100 value real estate,

For the town of Plymouth, 45 do., and \$1

and 45 cents per poll, County Purposes, 27 do., and 81 do.,

Public Buildings, 20 do., and 60 do.,

Insane Asylum, 2 do., and 6 do.,

Schools, 10 do., and 80 do.,

Playing Cards, 254 .68 Riding Vehicles, 2,312 66 Liquor Dealers, 490 57 Note Shavers, 873 70 Merchants' Capital, 240 Retailers, Bowling Alleys, 125 Billiard Tables, 10 Express Companies, Horse and Mule Drovers, 25 Livery Stables, Auctioneers, 42 35 Patent Medicines, 48 Marriage Lice 18e, 41 Mortgages and Deeds, 24 Deeds for Real Estate. 14 93 100 52 50 Distress, \$11,484 85 Gross Amount, COUNTY TAXES. 1,284 80 Poor, 2 cents per \$100 value real estate, \$417 86 and 6 cents per poll, County Purposes, 30 de., and \$1,10 do., 6,771 16 911 20 Schools, 4 do., and 15 do., \$8,100 22 Total Amount, No. 84-YADKIN COUNTY. W. W. Long. Sheriff. Acres Land, \$1,000,173 Valuation Land, Town Property, STATE TAXES. Town Property, Polls, Interest Dividend and Profit, Salaries and Fees. Studs and Jacks, Buying and Selling Slaves, Gates and Ferries, Pistols and Knives, Dirks and Canes, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Plate and Jewelry. Playing Cards, Riding Vehicies, Liquor Dealers. Note Shavers, Merchants' Capital Retailers. Patent Medicines. Marriage License, 47

\$6,071 83 \$1,800 31 \$1,887 06 67 03 3,396 72 1,114 40 1,258 04 677 91 2,516 08 251 61 759 24 15 28 4 55 121 10 73 08 1 60 Mortgages and Deeds, Deeds for Real Estate, \$4,906 93 Gross Amount COUNTY TAXES. Poor, 8 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 24 cents per poll, County Purposes, 7 do., and 22 do., 1,072 02 Schools, 8 do., and 24 do., 1,201 28 Jury, 7 do., and 20 do., 1,040 58 Total Amount, \$4.517 08 No. 85-YANCEY COUNTY. W. W. PROFFITT, Sheriff.

Acres Land, 326,048 Valuation Land. \$529,826 Town Property, \$10,589 STATE TAXES. Town Property, Polls. 623 20 Interest, Studs and Jacks. Pistols and Knives, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Riding Vchicles. Liquor Dealers, Merchants' Capital, Retailers. Patent Medicines, Marriage License, 31 04 Mortgages and Deeds, Deeds for Real Estate. Privileged Voters, 2 40 Gross Amount. \$1,960 41 COUNTY TAXES. Poor, 5 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 5 cents per poll, County Purposes, 35 do., and 35 do., Schools, 10 do., and 10 do., Public Buildings, 25 do., and 25 do., 679 59 Jury, 15 do., and 15 do., Insane Asylum, 5 do., and 5 do., 135 91

\$2,582 42 Aggregate amount of State Taxes. \$721,406 30 Aggregate amount of County Taxes, 680,735 741 THE ENEMY'S PLANS .- The Was ington correspon-

Total Amount.

dent of the Cincinnatti Commercial makes the following disclosure of the plans of the Lincoln ad-I have learned through a source that I can rely on that the two sections of the Republicans have struck hands and sealed friendship on this basis; the radicals are to go for gradual emancipation-compensation for slaves liberated, confiscation by judicial sentence-for the present. In the meantime military operations are to go on. If the military operations succeed, these conditional (?) measures are to be made sufficient to the end-the utter abolishment of

slavery. If the military operations flag or fail, then Mr. Lincoln is to proclaim general emancipation as a \$2,041 21 military necessity.

3,208 11 As I have seldom failed in my predictions of the future, as I think your readers will bear me witness, I will now make another, that this war will end in a proclamation of the freedom of the slaves, and in the separation of the Cotton States from the Union; or, in their subjugation, with a change of our constitutional

form of government. THE YANKEE TAX .- The New York Herald gives a statement of the direct tax on real estate, or level by a late act of the Yankee Congress. This is relatively small, compared with amounts the Southern 38 61 States, if consenting to be subjugated, will be called 1,133 80 on to pay for the cost of the war and the profits of 395 08 | Northern contractors and task-masters. The Yankee direct tax proposes \$20,000,000 annually on real estate, according to the valuation, on the first of April, and the amounts assigned to the Southern and Con-

federate States, are: Maryland, 436.823 | Kentucky, 12 50 Virginia. 937,550 Tennessee, 669.498 North Carolina, 576,194 Missouri, 761,127 South Carolina, 363,570 | Arkansas, 261,886 78 45 Georgia, 584,367 | Florida, 77,522 Alabama. 529,813 | Texas, 355,106 Mississippi, 413,084 New Mexico, 62,648 Louisiana, 385,886

11 52

7 35

4 48

11 76

32 80

170 09

\$4,030 24

1.870 27

\$4,675 67

15

Poisoned Cannon Balls .- The use of poisoned cannon balls by the enemy at Corinth, if proved to be really a fact, not only justifies but domands retaliation in the same kind of war fare. The poisoning of springs and streams of water, as recommended by Dr. Lemcine, of New Orleans, is one of the many appropriate means of dealing with such a foe. When a people are driven to their mountain fostnesses, by poisoned weapons of war, they can make the s urces of the water courses fountains of death to those b-low. A florrid resort, but we must

fight the devil with fire, if necessary. THE YANKEE BREASTPLATES .- The editor of the Delta (Ga.) Times has been shown one of the steel breastplates worn by some of the Yankees at the bat-tle of Shiloh. There were three bullet holes through this one, and the man who had worn it was dead .-The bullet from a Southern rifle had found its way to his cowardly heart, notwithstanding he was clad with steel.

By Mr. Howard, a resolution, that on Wednesday, act, providing for raising N. C's quota of Confederate troops—Extends \$50 bounty to 12 months volunteers

be printed, and placed upon the Calendar.

Mr. Warren, postponed until to-morrow. Mr. Warren introduced a series of resolutions in re-

Messrs. Satterthwaite, Rayner, Graham and Badger

to order at 10.15 a. m.

Mr. Howard said that he considered the vote taken

authority, and continue its powers until its successor shall have been qualified. Mr. Kittrell disclaimed having considered himself

by the gentleman a "test vote."

Upon this motion, Mr. Howard demanded the ayes

NAYS-Messrs. Battle, of E., Battle, of N., Bunt-Duffie, Michal, Mitchell, Moseley, Myers, Rayner,

The ordinance to provide for the election of Gov-

the qualification of his successor. Mr. Rayner thought Gov. Clark the most maligned

tive and judicial, should at any time be vacant-as would most assuredly be the case, if we declare that