

king, and has in them more *painted ladies*, and genuine *robes* and *lilies* than are to be found in a country wife. He makes *naking* his business more than his diversion, is now others is. His wife has enough of his *let's lose* and *let's ease*, and never wishes for *work*. Disasters find to others never hurt him; she walks the better for the *gravel*, and thrives most in a *convulsion*. He can boast of more *bleeding hearts* than your ladyship, and has more *bricks* than the duke of Marlborough; but his greatest pride, and the world's greatest envy is, that he can have *you* when he pleases.

QUIZ.

AGRICULTURE.

The following is recommended to farmers as very beneficial.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE—Yields most abundantly in a good soil, and will thrive well even in poor land; affords good winter food, particularly for cows, sheep and hogs—little trouble attending the culture of this very valuable root.

SPANISH BROOM—Excellent for recovering galled or washed lands; affords good shelter and browsing for stock in winter, particularly sheep and goats. Linnen may also be made from this plant. It will thrive in stony barren soils, where scarce any thing else will grow—no expense or trouble attending the culture of it.

SOOT and SALT—A good handful of each, twice or thrice a week, given to a cow, is thought a good preservative against the distemper among horned cattle.

LAWS OF THE UNION.

CONGRESS of the UNITED STATES, AT THE SECOND SESSION.

Began and held at the city of New-York, on Monday, the fourth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety.

An ACT to alter the times for holding the circuit courts of the United States in the districts of South Carolina and Georgia, and providing that the district court of Pennsylvania shall in future be held at the city of Philadelphia only.

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the circuit courts in the districts of South Carolina and Georgia, shall, for the future, be held as follows, to wit: In the district of South-Carolina, on the twenty fifth day of October next, at Charleston, and in each succeeding year at Columbia, on the twelfth day of May, and in Charleston on the 25th day of October; in the district of Georgia, on the fifteenth day of October next, at Augusta, and in each succeeding year at Savannah, on the twenty-fifth day of April, and at Augusta on the fifteenth day of October: except when any of those days shall happen to be Sunday, in which case the court shall be held on the Monday following. And all process that was returnable respectively at Charleston, on the first day of October next, and at Augusta on the seventeenth day of October, shall now be deemed returnable respectively at Charleston on the twenty-fifth day of October next, and at Augusta on the fifteenth day of October next; any thing in the former law to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, intituled "An act to establish the judicial court of the United States," as directs that the district court for the district of Pennsylvania shall be held at York-Town in the said state, be repealed; and that in future the district court for Pennsylvania be held in the city of Philadelphia.

F. A. MUHLENBERG, S. H. R.
JOHN ADAMS, V. P. U. S. &c.
APPROVED—August 11, 1790.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,
President of the United States.
(True copy)
THOMAS JEFFERSON, S. S.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 18.

A severe action has taken place between the Austrians and Turks, which terminated in the defeat of the latter. The Austrians were commanded by General Spleny. The Turks rallied several times, but were finally driven off the field—the Austrians lost 28 officers.

The king of Hungary has assembled an army of 150,000 men on the frontiers of Prussia.

Yesterday afternoon a messenger arrived at the secretary of state's office, Whitehall, from Spain, with despatches from Mr. Fitzherbert. Nothing of their contents transpired; but a cabinet council was immediately summoned. A board of admiralty was held this day, in consequence; and it was expected or-

ders would be given for the immediate sailing of the grand fleet.

Peace between the king of Hungary and the king of Prussia.

Private letters from Berlin announce the conclusion of peace between these two kings. It is strongly suspected that the king of Prussia has been prevailed upon by the king of Hungary to forget all animosities, and to join his forces to those of Austria, with a view to effect a counter-revolution in France, and prevent the further progress of liberty in Europe.

June 21. The preparations made in Sweden for keeping a fleet in constant readiness for sea, exceed those of any other country in Europe. At Carlscron they have begun to hew out of the solid rock, thirty docks, in which twenty sail of the line and thirty frigates will be entirely rescued from the weather, while their stores and ammunition remain in galleries, between each dock, in such readiness, that they may be conveyed on board in 24 hours.

General Schoensfelt is proclaimed military dictator of the Belgic provinces; and he exercises his authority with great severity. He lately shot two of his officers with his own hand, alledging they were traitors; at the same time, he caused thirty soldiers, who fled in the engagement, to be hanged.

A few days ago, the following melancholy accident happened: A young gentleman, who was the next day to have been married to an amiable young lady, the daughter of a tradesman in the city, in a playful moment pulled the chair away as she was going to sit down, in consequence of which she fell with her head upon the fender, and fractured her skull, and died in two hours afterwards. The gentleman has been ever since in a state of insanity.

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 13.

PEACE.

By a vessel from Bilbao we have letters from Messrs. Gardequies, dated 21st of July, who say that the dispute between Great-Britain and Spain was settled, and that a peace might be depended upon.

Eden, Sept. 7. A gentleman from Salem informs, that a letter had been received there from Mr. Gardequies, a respectable merchant in Bilbao, dated July 22, which mentioned that the differences which have existed between the courts of Great-Britain and Spain are amicably adjusted.