

or has not already received such information.

The tradesmen, &c. belonging to the *maquis del Campo* continue to be paid weekly; and yesterday it was strongly reported, that his excellency is hourly in expectation of being recalled.

Tuesday night last, after the breaking up of the council, a messenger was sent off to earl Gower, our ambassador at Paris, with a strong remonstrance, as it is conjectured, to the court of France on the late resolutions of the national assembly.

That the national assembly, in their decree relative to the family compact, seem to have some reserve to their proceedings, is pretty evident from their entreating his majesty to change his ambassador in Spain, in order to strengthen and perpetuate the bonds between the two nations.

Four more ships of the line have been put into commission in the course of this week.

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 30.

Yesterday arrived the ship *four friends* captain Volans, from Cadiz. The four friends sailed the 9th September, with the rising sun, captain De Catur, which arrived here on Thursday. By these vessels we learn, that the Spanish fleet of 36 sail of the line had returned into port, probably to wait the reinforcement of 45 sail of the French navy—the British fleet was said to be in the Bay of Biscay; the ports of Spain were still open to British traders, though in every part of the Spanish dominions the greatest preparations were making for war.

A merchant in Cadiz, informs his correspondent here, that the “convoy from Havannah for that port had put back.”

Extrait of a letter from James Stimpson, Esquire, Russian consul, at Gibraltar, August 30, 1790.

“By this opportunity, I have thought well to forward a dispatch to his excellency general Washington, committed to my care, and which I request you to forward. I trust it conveys an assurance of peace towards you with the new emperor of Morocco. Spain is the only nation with whom he has hitherto shewn any disposition to quarrel. He has demanded Ceuta, which has been refused him, and he is making preparations for besieging the garrison; an undertaking I am satisfied he is by no means equal to. An ambassador from Spain has been lying in Tangier bay these 16 days, with a very great present for the emperor,

but will not land until he shall agree to give up all pretensions to Ceuta, which he has not yet done.

“The Portuguese Squadron continues to be stationed here during the summer months, for the purpose of preventing the Algerines from passing to westward, which we have reason to believe they do effectually. I continue firmly of opinion that you have but little chance of making peace with Algiers, during the present Day’s life. His death may, according to the course of nature be expected daily. Inclosed I send you a list of the 14 surviving Americans at Algiers, on the 9th of last month: six I find died of the plague in 1787 and 1788. I have taken the liberty of writing his excellency general Washington some particulars on the subject.

“*Prisoners names*—Ship *Dolphin*—captain O’Brian, Andrew Montgomery, Jacob Jecavier, William Paterson, Philip Sloan, Peleg Loring, John Robertson, James Hall. Schooner *Mary*—Captain Stephens. Alexander Forsyth, James Chairtta, George Smith, John Gregory, and James Hermett.”

FAYETTEVILLE.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Friday, November 26.

THE committee to whom was referred the petition of Colonel Henry Emanuel Lutterloh, reported—That in consideration of the allegations, &c. in the said petition set forth, they are of the opinion, that the emigration of artizans into this state will be of great public utility, and do therefore recommend a bill to authorise the said Henry Emanuel Lutterloh to carry into effect his intended plan, conformable to the prayer of his petition: which is submitted.

Thomas Person, chairman.

Resolved, That this house do concur with the report.

Mr. Person presented a bill to authorise Henry Emanuel Lutterloh, to raise by lottery, a sum of money to defray the expence of bringing into this state, a certain number of foreigners, which was read the first time, passed and sent to the senate.

The bill for dividing Caswell county, was negatived—yeas 29, nays 50.

The chairman of the committee on the judicial system, reported—That a change in the present system is necessary, and that they have examined the several systems laid before them, and have ad-

opted the one presented by Alfred Moore, Esquire, with some amendments.

Benjamin Smith, chairman.

Mr. Smith presented a bill to regulate the administration of justice, which was read the first time, passed and sent to the senate.

Received from the senate, the following bills, viz—A bill directing the manner in which the real foldiers, or honest claimants, among those who had military accounts settled at Warrenton, in the year 1786, shall obtain certificates, &c.—A bill to enable colonel H. E. Lutterloh, to raise money by lottery, to bring in foreigners, &c.—A bill to regulate and fix the prices for inspecting and coopering tobacco—A bill to enable Prudence Durphie to sell a tract of land in Iredell county, &c. also—A bill empowering the county courts of pleas and quarter sessions, to direct the secretary of state to correct certain patents or grants, therein described, &c.—A bill for altering the time of holding the county courts of Franklin and Iredell counties, endorsed, read the third time and passed.

The bill to establish a town at Fort Johnston, on Cape-Fear River, was read the second time and rejected.

Mr. Dawson presented a bill to prevent persons from handing about petitions for the emancipation of slaves in this state, which was read the first time and passed.

Mr. Hamilton presented a bill to vest in jurors a dispensing power in all cases of damages, to assess the value of the contract, read the first time, passed and sent to the senate.

Received from the senate, the bill to regulate the administration of justice—A bill for subscribing on loan, in the loan-office of the United States, such continental monies and continental and state securities, as are or may be in the hands of the treasurer and comptroller of this state, belonging to the public, &c.

The house adjourned until to-morrow.

Saturday, November 27.

The committee to whom was referred the petition of Helen Tyler, reported—That it is the opinion of your committee, that the loan-office certificates be on the same footing of all other certificates, agreeably to the scale.

A. McBane, chairman.

The house concurred with this report.

The board of Trustees to the University, delivered an address to the legislature, notifying their acceptance of certain grants made to the University, last session of the assembly, with an assurance to the honorable assembly, of their appropriating the same so as to answer the ends for which they were granted—And also praying a loan, so as to enable them to erect suitable buildings, &c.