

Fayetteville Gazette.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1792.

(Vol. I.) PRINTED BY ALEXANDER MARTIN, FOR JOHN SIBLEY. (NUMB 9.)

Two Negroes

APPREHENDED.

CAME to my Plantation, on Cape-Fear river, one mile from this town, on the night of the 5th of March, last, and now in my possession, a Negro MAN and a Negro WOMAN, who say they have no matter—that they have been strolling about ever since the British left Charleston, except four or five years, when they were in the service of a Mr. James Craigg, on Linche's Creek, in South Carolina, from whom they ran away some time last summer or fall, for fear of being sent to the West-Indies.

The fellow appears to be between the age of thirty-five and forty—about five feet seven inches high—thick set—of a black complexion—his ears bored, and by his language suppose he was born in Africa.

The wench is small—appears to be between twenty and twenty-five years old—says she was brought from Africa very young.

JAMES MORE.

Fayetteville, September 11, 1792.

To the Public.

THE President and Fellows of the Medical Society of the State of Delaware, in conformity to one of the original purposes of their institution, announce the following question, as a subject of prize dissertation, and beg leave to invite the ingenious and learned of all ranks to the competition.

Question.—What is the origin and nature of the noxious power which prevails, especially in hot and moist climates, during summer and autumn, and produces intermittent and remittent fevers, and certain other diseases? By what means may this insalubrity of climate be corrected, and the diseases thence arising most successfully prevented and treated?

The competitors for this prize are requested to observe, that the means of correcting this species of noxious climate will be considered as the principal stress of the proposed question.

CONDITIONS.

1. The premium shall be awarded to the author of the best dissertation upon the question proposed.

2. The candidate shall transmit his dissertation, addressed to the president of the society, free of postage or other charges, on or before the second Tuesday of May, 1793; and shall distinguish his performance by some motto, device or other signature, at his pleasure. Together with his dissertation, he shall also send a sealed letter, containing the same motto, device or signature, and subscribed with the real name and place of residence of the author.

3. Persons of any nation or profession whatever, shall be admitted as candidates for this premium.

4. No dissertation, which hath been already published, or for which the author hath been publicly rewarded elsewhere, shall be entitled to this premium.

5. The dissertation must be written either in the English, French, German or Latin language.

6. A disinterested committee of the society shall be appointed to examine the merits of the several performances that may be offered, and to adjudge the premium to the most deserving.

7. The society will exercise their discretion, by publishing the successful dissertation in any manner which they may approve: And in order to avail the public of all possible information on this subject, and, at the same time, to ensure the impartiality of their adjudication, they will also confer themselves as authorized to publish any other of the dissertations offered, which they shall judge

worthy of public notice, unless the author shall otherwise direct. But the names of the author shall not be published without their consent, excepting his name to whom the prize shall be awarded.

8. Such treatises as may be received and not published, together with all the letters containing the names of the unsuccessful candidate, without breaking the seals, shall be returned, or otherwise disposed of, as the authors respectively shall direct.

9. If none of the dissertations offered shall be found to merit the premium, the society reserve the power of withholding and devoting it to some other important purposes.

10. The premium shall consist of Three Hundred Dollars, or the value thereof in plate, at the option of the author, to be paid to him, or his order, within six months after the adjudication.

The magnitude and importance of this question must appear on the most cursory observation. Large portions of the earth, and especially those countries which otherwise enjoy the richest blessings of nature, are, from this cause, annually subject to sickness and depopulation. And it may be safely affirmed, that of all the sources of diseases incident to mankind, this is one of the most extensive, malignant and fatal.

A successful investigation of the origin and nature of his morbid principle would greatly enlarge the boundaries of science, and advance the comfort and happiness of human society. Whoever shall discover a certain and easy method of correcting its virulent effects, while he renders a splendid service of medical philosophy, will have a just claim to the applause of his contemporaries, and to the gratitude of posterity.

The society acknowledge and lament the obscurity which involves this question. They trust, however, that this objection though formidable at first view, will deter no person from an enquiry so pregnant with importance, utility and reputation. The obscurity, how great soever it may be admitted, implies not any absolute intractability. And at the same time that the society deplore the censure of the learned world for the indulgence of expectations, which eventually may prove to have been over sanguine, they still flatter themselves, that the discovery they now contemplate is within the reach of the human mind, assisted by the enlightened views of modern science, and animated by the enterprise and ardour which distinguishes the present inquisitive and philoprotic age.

Published by order of the society,
EDWARD MILLER, Sec.

The several printers in America, and Europe are requested to publish the above.

A S THE DIRECTOR of the Upper and Lower FAYETTEVILLE continue to cut and carry away TIMBER off the subscriber's Land, about one mile below TOWN.—He now gives notice.—For the last time.—That he is resolved to prosecute to the extremity of the Law, all such intruders as shall in future commit depredations on his Lands.

Persons owning Mills, Waggon and Carts, are requested in a particular manner to attend to this notification.

Wm BARRY GROVE.

POST OFFICE FAYETTEVILLE

THE southern and Southern MAILS arrive at this office every MONDAY, about 5 P. M. and are closed precisely at 9 o'clock. The cross Post between Fayetteville and Wilmington, arrives about a week every MONDAY, and leaves it for Wilmington at the same hour on TUESDAY; but should any alteration appear to be more convenient to the inhabitants of Fayetteville and Wilmington, a notice of accommodation it was previously designed, such alteration may take place.

JOHN SIBLEY, P. M.

Peter Strong, To Pensioners.

Inform the public, that he continues to carry on the
CLOCK, WATCH,

AND JEWELLERY BUSINESS,
At his OLD STAND
In FAYETTEVILLE.

He wants two active LADS between 12 and 15 years of age, as APPRENTICES to the above business.

He will give one hard Dollar an ounce for old or cut SILVER.
August 17, 1792

HENRY E. LUTTERLOH,

BEGS leave to inform the Public, that his first LOTTERY commenced Drawing the 16th of July, ult. and was completed the 28th inst. at the Court-House in this town.

The Prizes of the fortunate Tickets will be paid on the original being delivered at the Lottery Office.

He also proposes the following

SCHEME OF A Second Lottery

The DRAWING of which will commence the 20th of NOVEMBER next, in NEWBERN.

3500 Tickets at TWO dollars each is 7000 Dollars, which will be paid in the following PRIZES, viz.

Prizes.	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 at	500	is 500
1	100	are 100
1	80	80
2	60	120
4	50	200
5	40	200
6	30	180
10	20	200
80	10	800
120	8	960
230	6	1380
770	8	2200

6930
First drawn 20
Last drawn 30

7000
Subject to the same rules and regulations as the former Lottery.

TICKETS at TWO SPECIE DOLLARS each, to be had at the Lottery Office.

Orders from the different parts of the Country, Post paid, shall be carefully attended to.
Newbern, Aug 28

Ran-away

From the subscriber, a
Negro Man,

Named DOUGLAS purchased from Mr. William Cook, of Fayetteville, and may likely return to that neighbourhood—he is a low, well made fellow, speaks broken English.—Had on when he went away nothing more than an old woolen trowsers and jacket, having left his clothes behind. Any person who will apprehend and deliver, or confine him, to that he may be had, shall be generously rewarded by

J. WILLIS.

Lumberton, Sept 15, 1792.

BLANKS

Of every kind
FOR SALE at the POST OFFICE.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

AUGUST 6, 1792.

INFORMATION is hereby given to all the Militia Invalids of the United States that the sum to which they are entitled for six months of their annual pension, from the 4th day of March, 1792, and which will become due on the 5th day of September, 1792, will be paid on the said day, by the Commissioners of the Loans within the States respectively, under the usual regulations, viz.

Every application for payment must be accompanied by the following vouchers.

1st The certificate given by the State, specifying that the person possessing the same is in fact an invalid and ascertaining the sum to which as such he is annually entitled.

2d An affidavit, agreeable to the following form:

A. B. came before me, one of the Justices of the county of _____ in the State of _____ and made oath that he is the same A. B. to whom the original certificate in his possession was given, of which the following is a copy [the certificate given by the State to be recited] That he served _____ (regiment, corps or vessel) at the time he was disabled, and that he now resides in the _____ and county of _____ and has resided for the last _____ years, previous to which he resided in _____

In case an invalid should apply for payment by an attorney, the said attorney, besides the certificate and oath before recited, must produce a special letter of attorney agreeable to the following form:

I, A. B. of _____ county of _____ State of _____ do hereby constitute and appoint C. D. of _____ my lawful attorney, to receive in my behalf of _____ my pension for six months, as an invalid of the United States, from the fourth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety two, and ending the fifth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and ninety two.

Signed and sealed
in the presence of _____

Witnesses.

Acknowledged before me, Applications of executors and administrators must be accompanied with legal evidence of their respective offices, and also of the time the Invalids died, whose pension they claim.

By command of the President of the United States,
H. KNOX, Secretary at War.

The Printers in the respective States are requested to publish the above in their newspapers, for the space of two months.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE FAYETTEVILLE GAZETTE

WHEN we consider how much the reputation of William Matthews has been wounded by some persons, misled by William Cook, lately executed pursuant to the sentence of the Hon. Court &c. by which the merits and honesty of him vs. Matthews was required, very full proof is to be had thereby charged with having been or being accessory to stealing a note, belonging to Mr. Moore, you will I doubt think that humanity and the love of innocence as a gentle urge, to bring to light the truth to prevent innocence, as to correct vice—pursuant to which I hope you will signify to the public, the W. Cook did on the morning before last, as executed, declare solemnly that, he himself stole the large above described note, the truth of which he said formerly charged upon Mr. Matthews. After having declared Mr. Matthews innocent of the fact he made some other confessions of fact directly against himself— which, however, little need of the public being made to, and to be left in the hands of the really interested. All which since, indeed, entitled to a creditable degree of credit, but deeply charitable, for far as men can judge, with liberality and penitence of mind.

JAMES KEDDIE,
JAMES LEONARD,
The subscribers to these papers.

J. MOORE, J. P.