

Fayetteville Gazette.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1792.

(VOL. I.)

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AN ABSTRACT

Of the principal alterations in regard to the Revenue from distilled spirits, made by the Act of Congress of the eighth day of May, 1792 "concerning the Duties on Spirits distilled within the United States.

SECT. I. DECLARES, That

the present duties on spirits of native or domestic materials shall be reduced on and after the first day of July next. The duties on the first class of proof (that is on spirits of the strength of common proof Whisky) are to be lowered two cents, from the former duty of nine cents per gallon, to seven cents. The stronger spirits of native materials are to be lowered in due proportion. But to accommodate those who have had the right to pay according to the capacity of the still (that is the country distillers) and distilleries of the customary extent in the inland towns, &c. the following arrangement and reductions have been made by Congress, to take place after entering as directed in the second section. Distilleries in cities, towns and villages (the whole capacity of the stills in which do not amount to four hundred gallons) may pay fifty four cents, instead of the former duty of sixty cents for each gallon, that the still will hold or measure, for a whole year's distilling therein. All distilleries in the country may pay the same reduced duty of fifty four cents.—That is, a still of one hundred gallons in the country, or in a city, town or village (if there be not in such town-distillery stills altogether equal to four hundred gallons) will pay 5400 cents or 54 dollars for the whole year. Or the distiller may, if he chuses, take out a license, to be applied for at the Collector's office, for one month, at ten cents on every gallon the still will measure or hold, or for more than one month at the same rate of ten cents per month for every gallon the still will hold: or the distiller may pay for the spirits he shall actually distil through the year, at the rate of seven cents for each gallon of common Whiskey proof, or first proof liquor distilled; and so in proportion for what shall be stronger than common. The law gives these elections or choices to the distiller, and requires of him to make known his choice in one or the other way in writing, a form for which the Collector will furnish. The distiller will then receive a license, signed by the Supervisor, if he intends to pay by the capacity of the still, and not by the gallon distilled. If he does not make his choice, or acts contrary to it after chusing, then he is to pay fifty four cents per annum on every gallon the still will measure or hold. No fee is to be charged for the license, nor for any other papers which may be furnished to the distillers or others, or which shall be required of them. The license will mention the day when he is to begin, and the day when he is to end his distilling. It is to be signed by the Supervisor, and countersigned by the Collector. If the distiller elects to pay the monthly rate of ten cents: he must not distil before, nor after the limited time for which the license is, without getting a new license, under the penalty of two hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. Directs at least one office of Inspection, in every county in each district or state. Every possessor of a still, of whatever size, whether it be employed in distilling or not, is to enter his still in the course of the month of June in each year. Stills bought or in any way procured by a resident in any county, or brought into a county by a person moving into such county, are to be entered at the same office, within thirty days of their procuring or removing them, and before distilling with them. The entry is to describe the still, and to mention its capacity, the place where it lies, and in whose possession it is, and whether it is intended for distilling or for sale, and if it shall have been removed into the county, from whence it was so re-

moved. The penalty for omitting to enter a still as above required, is (Sect. 13) two hundred and fifty dollars on the owner or possessor.

SECT. 3. The owners and possessors of stills are jointly and separately liable for the duty, as is the still itself, and the owner of the land upon which a still shall be worked, unless the person be a tenant on lease for a year or more, or unless the owner of the land can prove the distiller to have been a trespasser or an intruder on the land during the whole time of working the still.

SECT. 5. Provides that casks, &c. which have been legally marked, and afterwards emptied, may have the marks taken off by an officer, and may be again used for spirits, and again legally marked by an officer.

SECT. 7. Declares that two gallons in every hundred gallons of spirits which shall be entered for the payment of duty according to law, shall be allowed for leakage at the distillery.

SECT. 8. Provides that all stills, on which the duty is to be paid on their capacity (that is on the number of gallons, which they can hold) shall be identified. To which end they will be marked and numbered, which will be done with impressing punches, provided for the purpose, by the officers.

SECT. 9. All spirits in the hands of distillers or dealers, are to be entered at the office of Inspection for the division, on or before the twenty ninth day of September next, and they will then be certified as old stock. On and after the thirtieth day of September, spirits (in casks and vessels unmarked and uncertified of twenty gallons or more) in possession of a dealer or distiller (except at the distillery where they were made) will be liable to seizure; and spirits in casks or vessels of twenty gallons or more unmarked or uncertified, going from one place to another, will also be liable to seizure on and after the said thirtieth day of September. The officers of Inspection are to take measures for marking all such casks, which were not required by law to be marked before, and are to give certificates for the same, at the request of any distiller or dealer, in order to protect the casks and their contents from the abovementioned consequences.

WILLIAM POLK,
Supervisor of the Revenue,
District of North Carolina.

NOTE.

The following encouragements are also given by Congress to the distillers from native or domestic materials, viz. The importation of Gin in cases, jugs, bottles, and small casks, and Brandy and other spirits in the same, is prohibited after April 1793. Spirits distilled in the United States from Molasses and other foreign materials, are to pay from ten Cents to twenty-five Cents, according to their proof or strength: Imported spirits made from grain, are to pay from twenty-eight to fifty Cents; and all other imported spirits from twenty-five to forty-six Cents.

Ran-away

From the subscriber, a

Negro Man,

Named DOUGLAS purchased from Mr. William Cook, of Fayetteville, and may likely return to that neighbourhood—he is a low, well made fellow, speaks broken English.—Had on when he went away nothing more than an old woolen trowsers and jacket, having left his clothes behind. Any person who will apprehend and deliver, or confine him, to that he may be had, shall be generously rewarded by

J. WILLIS.

Lumberton, Sept 15, 1792.

Lands for Sale. Two Negroes

TO BE SOLD AT Public Vendue,

IN THE TOWN OF WILMINGTON,
For SIX MONTHS CREDIT
In the FIRST WEEK OF MARCH, next
THE FOLLOWING

TRACTS OF LAND,
Belonging to the Estate of, Parker Quince,
Esq. deceased,
(Unless disposed of before at Private Sale.)

FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES on TOWN CREEK in Brunswick County, with Two MILL SEATS on said tract.

SIX HUNDRED and FIFTY ACRES in Brunswick County, between LOCKWOOD'S FOLLY and CAPE FEAR.

FOUR HUNDRED and FORTY ACRES on the North West Branch of Cape Fear River, in Bladen County, joining Virginia Porters' Neck.

THREE HUNDRED and FIFTY ACRES on TOWN CREEK formerly belonging to Mr. John Potter.

A TRACT with a MILL SEAT, formerly the property of William Mosely, Esq. on HOLLYSHELTER, containing SIX HUNDRED and FORTY ACRES.

TWO VACANT LOTS of LAND in the Town of BRUNSWICK.

ELEVEN HUNDRED and FORTY ACRES on the HAWFIELDS, near Hillsborough.

FOUR HUNDRED ACRES called CATFISH on the North West Branch of Cape Fear River, about 8 miles from Wilmington.

ONE TRACT on the Head of Elizabeth River, containing SIX HUNDRED and FORTY ACRES.

AT THE SAME TIME and PLACE, WILL BE SOLD, FOR READY MONEY, THIRTEEN

Prime Slaves,

Belonging to the same Estate, Among which are several valuable TRADESMEN.

Any person desirous of purchasing any of the before mentioned LANDS or NEGROES may know the terms by applying at Wilmington, to THOMAS CALLENDER, Executor.

SUSANNAH QUINCE, Executrix

Or RICHARD QUINCE, jun. Wilmington, August 17, 1792.

Peter Strong,

Informs the public, that he continues to carry on the CLOCK, WATCH, AND

JEWELLERY BUSINESS, At his OLD STAND In FAYETTEVILLE.

He wants two active LADS between 12 and 15 years of age, as APPRENTICES to the above business.

He will give one hard Dollar an ounce for old or cut SILVER. August 17, 1792.

BLANKS, Of every kind

FOR SALE at the POST OFFICE.

APPREHENDED.

CAME to my Plantation,

on Cape-Fear river, one mile from this town, on the night of the 5th of March, last, and now in my possession, a Negro MAN and a Negro WOMAN, who say they have no matter—that they have been strolling about ever since the British left Charleston, except four or five years, when they were in the service of a Mr. James Craigg, on Linche's Creek, in South Carolina, from whom they ran away some time last summer or fall, for fear of being sent to the West-Indies.

The fellow appears to be between the age of thirty-five and forty—about five feet seven inches high—thick set—of a black complexion—his ears bored, and by his language suppose he was born in Africa.

The wench is small—appears to be between twenty and twenty-five years old—says she was brought from Africa very young.

JAMES MORE:

Fayetteville, September 11, 1792.

HENRY E. LUTTERLOH,

BEGS leave to inform the

Public, that his first LOTTERY commenced Drawing the 16th of July, ult. and was completed the 28th inst. at the Court-House in this town.

The Prizes of the fortunate Tickets will be paid on the original being delivered at the Lottery Office.

HE also proposes the following

SCHEME OF A

Second Lottery,

The DRAWING of which will commence the 20th of NOVEMBER next, in NEWBERN.

3500 Tickets at TWO dollars each is 7000 Dollars, which will be paid in the following PRIZES, viz.

Prizes.	Dollars.	Dollars.
1 at	500	is 500
1	100	190
1	80	80
2	60	are 120
4	50	200
5	40	200
6	30	180
10	20	200
80	10	800
120	8	960
230	6	1380
770	0	2210

6930

First drawn 20

Last drawn 30

7000

Subject to the same rules and regulations as the former Lottery.

TICKETS at TWO Specie

DOLLARS each, to be had at the Lottery Office.

Orders from the different parts of the Country, Post paid, shall be carefully attended to. Newbern, Aug. 28.

ALL persons indebted to

the estate of JOSEPH MOTT, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, and all who have any demands against the said estate are required to bring them forward within two years, agreeable to an act of Assembly in that case provided.

DUNCAN MAUSLAN, Administrator.