fary annual expence-each fession of | der to proceed immediately to treat dire embly coffing the flate about 20,000

The annual and inevitable change of ers-in consequence of which neither possesses any individuality of character, ere is neither individual nor collective fibility-their proceedings are without tion or fystem, and their laws without rinciple of policy and without stability, ding on the caprice of the moment, the nity of a new member, or the interviews of some crafty individual .-that confused, contradictory mass of with which our courts are every day d and our property facrificed to litiand those endless and disgraceful private jobs, relieving public defaul. efforing convicts to credit. careying ing estates, giving names to the tipes, ng divorces, &c. &c. Because it confounds the exe giflative powers, by vefling

al Affembly the appointment The Legislature is by thi s real and natural object, laws - appointments become refult of barter and privat -the members are engr tty intrigues, and the feffi, n balloting, and at last the re made by a body which scharged from all respons that it has adjourned.

The constitutional want of

and independence in the execu The dependence of the executive upon the legislative body, contrary damental maxim avowed by the conitlelf.

medy these mischiefs the following

ents are fuggefted,

hat the House of Commons shall ofed of representatives chosen every year, one for each county, and one borough town now entitled to re-

That the Senate fliall be compoled of mbers from each of the prefent justricts, elected by a general ticket or

roughout the diffrict. nat the members of the Senate shall for three years, and thall be dio three, classes, one class to vacate is annually, to that one third may

Cvery year. That the Governor shall be elected tople by a general ballor throughout and shall hold his office for three

hat the Council of State shall be ed by the people at the fame time he same term, one from each dis-

hat the Governor shall nominate, the advice and confent of the f State, appoint all the officers of that are not elected by the people, d to the General Assembly, excep the Peace, who the be Severnor, on the recon by the Juttice

with France, It is faid the frigate is b to L'Orinet.

The court of Spain has confideral ened its tone, in consequence. The Regent has fent orders to his gener frontiers, not to commit any hot he was in hopes of terminating the amicably.

All the auxiliary troops, ex hospital, have been embarked thip of war, and Portuguese my in order to go to Oporto, but that the Brazil convoy was the Spanish frigates, the ship to meet them.

During the week the tr board thip, not the least heard. The Portuguese and Eng ed the presteft efteem for one and ing scomflance

> rom a London ending excuse for ny in France has

en peace comes " then, the shall be free indeed !" But now tois expected, behold! a tribunal of until powers, and uncontrouled even by the fuborned juries of Paris, is to fit for swo years after the conclusion of a general prace! The object of this tribunal is faid to be " to induce " men to bear with docility the Toke of " public feilicity !! Even this is openly. justified by the Morning Chronicle and other republican prints, as a " frecaution undoubtedly necessary in all governments!" Would not the same prints jullify any upflart tyrant, whom an accurled revolution might enable to erect similar tribunals in England ?

Towards the close of the last year Colonel Thornton is faid to have killed 417 head of game at 411 fhots ! It is a pity the Co'onel is not on foreign fervice. A few men would injure constant victory to any army. e 1 5 3 m r 5 m 22 r

The continental powers, who so blindly rush into a confederacy with France, have little regard to the interests of their respective crowns, and even, perhaps, to their existence.

Reforms and revolutions are became an epidemical difease, and so powerfully affect the minds of me that even the horrible and descolating effects of the experiment in France, and the tyrannic despotism in which it has ended, are insufficient concluconvince them of deceptions, of dazzling lights of the new philosophy, h, like the ignis fatunes, allured but ceive, and glitter only to destroy .- As warnings of experience are thus found hate to the purposes of conviction, mankind are flill disposed in some e, all over the world, to renew the xperiment, is has become absolutely ry for crowned heads to adopt ffrong res of prevention, as a skilful physirepares the constitution of the human to withstand an attack which it is ened by contagion.

e existence of this imperious necessity be obvious to the common fende of thinking man, and it may not be ult to forefee the termination of that are, which delpifing thefe common ims of justice and prudence, espouses cause which it ought to counteract, which thus, with a scorpion-like suicide, its own possession, the means of its des.

Sweden, Denmark. and Pruffia, will yet e the day that they espouses indirectly, or obviously, the principles of the French levolution. Nothing but the reftoration of monarchy in France, will enable those tries long to yield the sceptre, and to

an appoint visor of the Difma, as collector of the United States, for the 5th Division of the third furvey, of the faid Diftrict.

I do hereby give public notice to all perfons who have fires to enter, or other bufiness to do in my office, that they may apply immediately at my house in Salisbury.

JOHN BLARD. Col. Rev. 5th Dive

Salimury, July 21, 1801.

THE Subscriber ' returns his grateful A thanks to his friends and the public in general for the past favours he has received during the time he has had the honour of ferving them 'in the store at Salem, and informs them that he intends opening a store about the middle of August next at the house of Mr. Lazarus Hege nine miles from Saa lem, on the main road leading trom Salem to Salisbury; where he hopes to merit their future custom by a steady attention to his business.

CHARLES FR. BAGGEE. July 17, 1801.

Lift of letters remaining in the Post-Office, at Salisbury.

TILLIAM Manlove, Wm. Daven-VV port, James Hill, Micajah Pirman, Robert Walker, John Gardner, Edward Firzpatrick, James B. Daws, Charles Boyles, James Brewer, Sarah Parker, John Locke, Benjamin Buckner, William Wyatt, Frederick Cleaver, William Keith, Wm. Pink Turner, William Lees, Robert Magill, John Lowry, Daniel Lewis, John Sane, or Charles Hunter, Francis Locke, Capt. N. Chaffin, Jacob Wifemau, Joan Ham, Thomas H. Dent, Revd. David Kilpatrick.

ANDREW BALFOUR, P. M. Salifbury, July 23, 1801.

To the Citizens of Rowan County. TAKE this method to make known to I the Freeholders of faid county, that I am a Candidate for the Senate in the State Legislature this infuing Election. I hope this publication will not be illiberally coufrued as to arise out of any improper motive. in me, as fuch a practice is not cultomary; but I am induced to publish this, as the cilizens may generalty know I have not declined my fervice to my country-if chofen by BASIL GAITHER.

July 10th, 1801.