

Barkley Denies Trying to Smother Lynch Bill

Learning And Earning



LEARNING and earning go hand in hand in times like these when so many people are unemployed. Photo (above) shows two young women from a Harlem WPA project, looking over the family-owned electric appliance store. On WPA they are getting a practical working knowledge of what business is all about. During the past five years, similar projects have been operated throughout the country.

SECOND SECTION

The Carolina Times

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THE CAROLINA TIMES, SATURDAY, SATURDAY OCT. 5, 1940

OFFERS AID TO MEN REJECTED FROM ARMY

NAACP WILL HELP ANY APPLICANT WHO FILES SUIT AGAINST U. S. GOVERNMENT

NEW YORK — Court action against the Secretaries of War and Navy to compel the acceptance of all who volunteer for service in either of these branches of the country's defense forces, regardless of race or color, is promised by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, according to an announcement made here today.

The announcement followed passage of the following resolution by unanimous vote of the Association's board of directors at its monthly meeting held here at 69 Fifth Avenue, Sept. 9:

"That the NAACP Legal Defense Committee give aid to any American citizen desiring to enlist in the Army or Navy, who is refused the privilege of enlistment on account of race or color, to the extent that it will institute appropriate, affirmative legal action against the Secretary of War or the Secretary of Navy as the case may be, to compel the Army or Navy to accept such volunteer into the armed or naval forces."

The resolution was passed following a report on an exchange of correspondence between the War and Navy Departments in which the Association asked that there be no discrimination against Negroes in the new defense program, and that colored citizens be integrated into the armed forces without segregation benefits of general ship efficiency.

Serological Tests To Be Given Men Who Register For Draft

"I am here not only to express a tremendous interest in the work you have been doing, but also to emphasize the importance of the great task to which you are now about to dedicate yourselves," Governor Clyde R. Hoey told health officers from all over North Carolina, assembled at the State Board of Health Tuesday, to formulate plans for making serological tests among the 404,000 North Carolinians expected to register for the draft, October 16.

"I ask you," he went on "to envision the beneficial results that will accrue to humanity in five, ten, yes even fifty years from now, as the result of the program you are now launching."

The meeting was called by Dr. Carl B. Reynolds, State Health Officer for North Carolina who is chairman of the sub-committee of the Federal Relations Committee of the State and Territorial Health Officers' Association for securing serologic tests among the approximately sixteen and a half million men who will register throughout the United States.

Dr. Reynolds, who had previously explained the purpose of the meeting, presented the Governor, who declared that "it is not only necessary for my family and your families to be healthy, but also for the communities in which we live." He said that, through to 265 public venereal disease clinics in North Carolina, it ought to be possible to examine, treat and rehabilitate young men not only for military duty, but for useful civilian life, as well, when the war, if it comes, is over and the citizenry turns again to peaceful pursuits.

"Nothing gives me greater satisfaction than the work that has been accomplished in the field of public health in North Carolina in recent years," Governor Hoey declared, pointing out that in the particular risk now under discussion it should be borne in mind that mass accumulation of men will mean greater risks, not only for the men thus assembled but for the civilian population as well, and that this was all the more reason why such a fact-finding program as that about to be undertaken should be carried to a successful conclusion.

Prior to Governor Hoey's address, the conference was addressed by Miss Katherine F. Lenroot, Chief of the Children's Bureau of the United States Department of Labor, who was here to confer with Dr. G. M. Cooper, Assistant State Health Officer, in charge of maternal and child welfare services of the State Board of Health, on her way to Chapel Hill, where she was to deliver an address later in the day.

Miss Lenroot said that the maternal and infancy program, in which, she declared, North Carolina is leading.

Health is something that is appreciated by those who need it most.

There is never any scarcity of excuses for doing what you want to do.

Governments are not apt to exceed the collective wisdom of the voters.

Wall Street Broker Cut In 'Love Nest'

APPOINTMENT OF WEAVER TO DEFENSE COUNCIL AIDS NEGRO'S CAUSE

NEW YORK (ANP) — A Wall Street broker and prominent socialite, who was seriously stabbed while in a Harlem 'Love Nest' in July, 1939, was sued for divorce by his socially prominent wife, Mrs. Virginia Fallert Masmore Exton in Reno, Nev., this year. The decree was granted this week.

Although granted on charges of cruelty, the divorce followed a suit for separation filed a year ago by Mrs. Exton, who declared then that her husband, Richard K. Exton, 33, had gone to Harlem to "visit a woman."

On July 16, 1939, Exton was taken to Harlem hospital with stab wounds of the abdomen. He told police he was in the top-floor hallway of a house on West 120th Street, when two men halted him. One stabbed him, he said while the other rifled his pockets of \$10.

In her separation suit, Mrs. Exton said "My husband's family tried to make this appear as a simple robbery but I am convinced that he went to 204 West 120th St. to visit a woman. Other wise, how can anyone account for his being found on the sixth floor with his shoes and socks off and his car parked three blocks away?"

Exton had been married to Mrs. Exton only four months when the incident occurred. Both parties had been married before.

In Chicago you can purchase civic opera tickets for a dollar down and ten weeks to pay.

In Boston they sell canaries on the basis of 80 cents down and 50 cents a week.



NEW YORK—Robert C. Weaver, for seven years an integral part of President Roosevelt's New Deal family, was recently named administrative assistant in the labor supply division of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense. In his new capacity, Dr. Weaver not only will help shape the policies of the commission, but will be in position to advise on Negro affairs.

A few months after President Roosevelt took office, Dr. Weaver was appointed associate advisor on economic status of the Negro in the Department of the Interior. Later on, he became advisor in Negro affairs in that department, where he served as consultant in the housing division of the Public Works Administration.

Senator Says He Didn't Call Bill 'Dead Horse'

NEW YORK—Refuting a signed story which appeared in the Chicago Defender, September 14, Senator Alben Barkley issued a statement denying that he had recently told a Negro delegation that the Anti-lynching bill is a "dead horse," and "has been removed as an issue from the present campaign by mutual agreement of both parties concerned."

The Senate Majority Leader's statement was contained in a letter to the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, dated September 20. He wrote in response to the NAACP telegrams asking him to deny or affirm the charge and to name the representatives of the two parties who made the agreement, if the charge was true.

Characterizing the story as a "wilful misrepresentation," the senator said: "I am amazed that any newspaper should be guilty of such an exegetical error. In the first place, I have not been called upon by any Negro delegation recently concerning the Anti-lynching bill and never made any such statement as that contained in your telegram to anybody at any time.

"I have never discussed the Anti-lynching bill as a political issue with anybody at any time and no agreement of any sort has either been made or even discussed so far as I know between the representatives of both political parties as to whether the Anti-lynching bill will or will not be an issue in the political campaign.

"In other words, the entire statement as quoted in your telegram is without the slightest foundation and I am amazed that any publication that regards itself as responsible would be guilty of such wilful misrepresentation."

Neither President Roosevelt nor Wendell Willkie, both of whom were asked to make a statement on the charges against Barkley, has replied to the NAACP telegrams, officials of the organizations said today.

NAACP Calls On Senate To Bring Up Anti-Lynching Bill Before Congress Ends

CITES SEVEN LYNCHINGS IN 1940 AND BLAMES ADMINISTRATION FOR FAILURE TO ACT WHILE TALKING ABOUT DEMOCRACY

NEW YORK — Letters requesting action on the anti-lynching bill before the adjournment of congress were sent this week to fourteen key senators of both parties by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

A special request was made of the three senators sponsoring the bill in the Senate, Robert Wagner, New York; Arthur Capper, Kansas; and Frederick Van Nuys Indiana. Senator Van Nuys wired that he would consult with Senator Wagner on the matter but that he did not have much hope of any action. Senator Capper said he was doing everything he could do to bring up the bill, and would follow Senator Wagner's lead.

Senator Vandenberg of Michigan wrote that he would consult with Senator Wagner and lend any aid he could, but explained that even if Congress did not adjourn, a recess until after election was inevitable.

The NAACP letter cited seven lynchings during 1940. The list was announced recently as six, but since that time a killing at Dyersburg, Tenn., August 3, has been verified as a lynching, making the seventh of 1940. Roosevelt Jones, 26, was the victim.

In a statement made this week the NAACP blamed the Administration for failure to act on the bill.

"Twice in the last three years the House has passed this bill by votes of almost 2 to 1," the statement said. "The Senate staged a disgraceful filibuster lasting seven weeks in early '38. After the House passed the bill a second time, the Senate has refused to act to bring it up for a vote. We feel that the Administration could have got this bill to the floor if it had wanted to do so.

"In recent years our President and our State Department have issued statements rebuking what they call the forces of brutality and dictatorship in all parts of the world. They have read Sunday School lectures to other nations. They have talked about Democracy but they have chosen to ignore the dastardly crime of lynching in our own backyard.

"America can never stand as an example to other nations on the treatment of minority people as long as human beings are shot, hanged and roasted to death here without that federal government lifting a finger to do anything about it. Hitler has a perfect right to sneer at our statements as long as we handle our minorities in much the same manner that he handles his.

"Perhaps the most shameful lynching of this year occurred in Brownsville, Tenn., in June, when a peaceful, law-abiding colored citizen was done to death for the enormous crime of attempting to register so that he could vote in the Presidential election November 5. Brownsville, Tenn., is a picture of our democracy in a nutshell and will remain so until our government does something to punish lynch-ers."

Toolmakers Wanted By Government As Defense Work Starts

To meet the great demand for toolmakers for the National Defense Program, the United States Civil Service Commission urges qualified persons to apply for this position. Immediate appointments are to be made at Ordnance and naval establishments in Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Springfield and Watertown Mass.; Watervliet, N. Y.; and Washington, D. C. Approximately 600 appointments will be made in the Frankford Arsenal alone. The pay scales vary according to the place of employment, ranging from \$6.24 a day to \$11.17 an hour.

Applicants must have completed a 4-year apprenticeship as toolmaker, or must have had 4 years of practical experience in the trade. They must be able to read blueprints and must be experienced in the use of precision gauges, measuring instruments, etc.

The proper application forms may be obtained from R. J. Baker, Secretary, Board of U. S. Civil Service Examiners, at the post office or customhouse in this city, or from the secretary of the board of examiners at any first- or second-class post office.

African bushmen also buy wives on the installment plan and, if there is a failure to make payments, the girl's father or brothers repossess her.

Minneapolis Gives Recognition To Bannarn's Work

MINNEAPOLIS, (ANP) From Washington, D. C. and he has had his work exhibited at the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, the Carnegie Institute Western Art association, Harmon exhibit, Baltimore Museum of Art, Dillard university, New York Labor club, American Art School, Harlem Community Art center, Brooklyn YWCA and in private collections throughout the country. A head of Mathew Henson, polar explorer, is located at Howard University, and bust of Richard B. Harrison, Harriet Tubman, Frederick Douglass are in the Schomburg collection. He designed the plaque presented to John L. Lewis at the third National Negro Congress in Washington this year which depicted the bringing together of black and white miners in a union for the first time in labor's history.

While the name of Henry Bannarn is not new to the Minneapolis cultural public as has previously won prizes in art and sculpture at the Minneapolis Institute of Art, the State Fair Fine Art galleries and the Woman's club, this is the first time his works of sculpture is both wood and stone, paintings and drawings will be combined in one exhibition.

Mr. Bannarn's name is included in the 1940-41 Who's Who in American Art published by the American Federation of Arts.



NEGROES were given a splendid opportunity to demonstrate their historic ability through the Federal theatre, one of the New Deal projects, said to have been established with the personal blessing of Mrs. Roosevelt, herself an ardent theatre-goer.

Here we see Rex Ingram standing and Louis Sharp, in a scene from the highly successful production, Haiti, which enjoyed a long run at New York's Lafayette theatre.

Navy Buying 13,000 Finger Bowls For Defense, For What?

Thirteen thousand silver-plated finger bowls—with 13,000 for the Navy to buy 5,000 each silver-plated trays to go with these articles.