

ARMY TO TREAT ALL EQUALLY

Students Defy Penn. Custom Of Jim Crow

LINCOLN, PA.
Jim Crowism received another defeat in the nearby town of Oxford as four Lincoln University students were acquitted on charges of breaching the peace in the town's Police Court. The students were brought before the court when they sat in the section of the Oxford Theatre reserved for white patrons, and refused to move until Joseph Crowl, theatre manager and owner, had warrants served upon them.

A fifth student, Maurice Williamson, was fined ten dollars on a disorderly conduct charge which resulted when he took a picture of the incident in the Oxford Theatre. Attorney Theodore Spaulding, of Philadelphia, member of the National Legal Board of the NAACP, represented the defendants.

Burgess Guy T. Holcombe dismissed the disturbance of the peace charge when the prosecution failed to submit ample evidence to support the accusation.

Crowl's testimony fell through when Officer E. L. Johnson, witness for the prosecution, admitted under cross examination that at the time he made the arrest the four students sat quietly in the theatre and were not talking.

The incident occurred on January 11 when the four men, J. E. Wilmore, V. Dieudonne, L. Manning and Archie Seale, sat in the section of the Oxford Theatre ordinarily reserved for white patrons. An usher came to their seats and informed them that they would have to move to the "colored" section. When the students refused, a police officer, E. L. Johnson, appeared and attempted to dislodge the four. The only reply from the students was a query as to whether the officer was aware of the Pennsylvania Civil Rights Statute, prohibiting segregation in places of public accommodation on account of race. The officer left and reappeared with warrants for the arrest of the students.

Joseph Crowl, complainant in the case, is scheduled to be one of the defendants in a Civil Rights Case which is to appear before the Chester County Grand Jury on February 20. The case is similarly being pursued by the Lincoln University Student Chapter of the NAACP as a result of denial of equal rights by Crowl at his theatre.

New Housing Project Here Is Completed

H. M. Michaux, secretary-manager of the Union Insurance and Realty Company, announced this week that the last of the 17 new homes erected in the Glennview housing project has been completed and is now ready for inspection by prospective purchasers.

The project is located on Rosewood Street on the East side of Alston Avenue just opposite N. C. College. All of the homes are F. H. A. approved with water sewerage and pavement paid. Mr. Michaux stated.

The project was designed and developed by the Union Insurance and Realty Company with the idea in mind of providing new and modern homes for new comers to Durham who are desirous of purchasing homes in a wholesome neighborhood.

Wm. D. McNeil, electrical contractor, Dr. Richard K. Barksdale of the N. C. College faculty and Carl J. Beatty, proprietor of the Beatty Barber Shop and Beauty Parlor, have already purchased and occupied homes in Glennview. Other well-known Durham citizens are expected to do likewise within the next few weeks, according to Mr. Michaux.

In addition to Mr. Michaux, other officers of the Union Insurance and Realty Company are E. R. Merriek, president, J. E. Sansom, treasurer and Mrs. Bessie Gilmer, assistant secretary-treasurer.

Biggest Stinker Of The Week

College students witnessing Shakespeare's Julius Caesar and laughing out of turn. Whose to blame, the students or their teachers.

Periodical Dept
Duke Univ Library

The Carolina Times

THE TRUTH UNBRIDLED

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Durham, North Carolina, under Act of March 3, 1879.

FOR 25 YEARS THE OUTSTANDING NEGRO WEEKLY OF THE CAROLINAS

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PRICE: TEN CENTS



The quarterly meeting of the Eastern District Farm and Home Demonstration agents was held here at the DoNut Shop Monday, January 16. Agents at the meet are shown above.

New High School For Race To Be Built At Enfield

HALIFAX
A \$150,000 high school for Negroes of the Enfield area is scheduled to be built according to the listing of the Board of Education's projected school program for Halifax County.

According to an original proposal, Negro students were to have used the high school to be vacated by whites after the new school, being built for whites, is completed. The old building, now used by the whites, is being vacated because it is unsafe. It is reported that Negro citizens appeared before the local Education Board and declared that the old building would not be satisfactory in that, if it is unsafe for whites, it also is unsafe for Negroes.

The board advised a delegation of Negro and white residents of the Enfield area that the new school is to be built for Negroes after the school to be vacated by the whites was requested not to be put in use.

Two weeks ago the CAROLINA TIMES carried a story stating that the Negroes of Enfield were unsatisfied with school conditions there and hinting that recourse to legal action may be tried if no remedy for the situation was applied. At present Negro students in the Enfield area have to travel 10 miles to Battleboro to attend school.

In connection with the request of disuse of the building to be vacated by the white pupils, Rom B. Parker, Enfield Attorney, presented a 600-signatured petition making the same request of the Board of Education.

W. P. Duff of the division of surveys of the State Department of Public Instruction stated that from his knowledge of the inspection reports, it was his opinion that the building was unsafe for use.

Assurance that the new high school building for Negroes be built was asked of the board by Thomas Coefield.

Mrs. H. S. Kenny Dies Here After Long Illness

Mrs. Harriette Smith Kenny, prominent young matron of Durham, died Wednesday morning at Lincoln Hospital about seven o'clock, following an extended illness.

Funeral services will be held at Saint Titus Episcopal Church Friday at 3:30 p. m.

Surviving are W. A. Kenny, husband; Wilfred Kenny, son; Mrs. C. M. Smith, mother; I. H. Smith, brother, New Bern; and Mrs. Henriette Haggins, Neptune, N. J.

Men Of The Year



J. A. CANNON
... IN RELIGION ...



S. D. DILLARD
... IN BUSINESS ...



J. H. WHEELER
... IN CIVIC AFFAIRS ...

Cannon, Dillard And Wheeler Cited As Durham's Most Outstanding

Attorney J. H. Wheeler, vice-president and cashier of the Mechanics and Farmers Bank, was the unanimous choice for "young man of the year" of the secret committee asked to participate in the selection of outstanding Negroes in Durham for 1949. Mr. Wheeler has been connected with the local banking institution since 1929.

He is a graduate of Morehouse College of Atlanta, Georgia and N. C. College Law School. Since coming to Durham he has been active in the religious, business, civic and social life of the city. He was admitted to the bar in 1947.

The committee is believed to have been influenced in its selection to a great extent by Mr. Wheeler's active part in the filing of the equal education suit of Durham Negroes in federal court.

He is married to the former Miss Selena Warren of this city and is the father of two children, Julia, 12, and Warren, 6.

Rev. J. A. Cannon, pastor of the Covenant Presbyterian Church of this city was voted the minister of the year for the leadership displayed and the actual work which he did in the erection of the present structure of the Covenant Presbyterian Church. Rev. Cannon was not only the contractor but did much of the laborious work on the building. When completed, the estimated cost of the church will be \$150,000. He is a graduate of Johnson C. Smith University. (Please turn to Page Eight)

Rev. J. A. Brown, Chapel Hill Pastor, Given Auto By Church Members

Rev. J. A. Brown, pastor of the Second Baptist Church of Chapel Hill who was presented a Pontiac car by the members of his church on January 1st was singing the praise of his flock this week.

Rev. Brown who has been pastor of the church for five years stated in an interview here last week that the church is experiencing a steady growth spiritually, numerically and financially. "I have never worked with a finer group of people," he stated.

"The presentation of the car to me was a complete surprise, and as much as I love all the members of Second Baptist, it has made me feel even more keenly my responsibility to the entire program of the church, as well as to each individual member," said Rev. Brown.

Heading the campaign to raise the funds for the car was Mrs. Sarah Durham, Sunday School treasurer. The Pastor's Aid group, led by Mrs. Thomasina Register, raised \$100 in the effort, highest amount raised by any auxiliary.

Thomas Booth is chairman of the Deacon Board of the church, other members include, Thomas Crocker, James Jones and Wil-

lie Edwards. The Trustee Board is headed by Fred Edwards, and is comprised of Albert Register, James Atwater, Henry Edwards and Charles Ruffin.

Lawyers File In Support Of Sweatt Case

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Eighteen lawyers representing all 13 Southern states, have signed a brief to be presented before the U. S. Supreme Court in support of a Negro law student suing for admission to the law school of the University of Texas, Aubrey Williams, President of the Southern Conference Education Fund, Inc., of New Orleans, announced today.

The brief, filed in behalf of the Educational Fund, attacks the principle of "separate but equal" facilities in education as involved in the case of Herman Sweatt, who is challenging the right of the state of Texas to force him to attend a segregated Negro law school, Williams said. The case is scheduled to be heard January 30th. The brief denounces educational segregation as being equally harmful to all races involved.

Policy For All Areas Of Army, To Be Enforced

WASHINGTON—The Department of the Army announced today the revision of Circular 124, dated April 27, 1946—"Utilization of Negro Manpower in the Post War Army."

Secretary of the Army Gordon Gray stated that this represents an additional step in the furtherance of the President's policy as specific in Executive Order 9981 of July 26, 1948, for the utilization of Negro manpower.

The text of the revision follows:

1. Policy.

The policy of the Department of the Army is that there shall be equality of treatment and opportunity for all persons in the Army without regard to race, color, religion, or national origin. All manpower will be utilized to obtain maximum efficiency in the Army.

2. Responsibility.

Commanders of all echelons of the Army will insure that all personnel under their command are thoroughly oriented in the necessity for the unreserved acceptance of the provisions of these policies.

Commanders of organizations or installations containing Negro personnel will be responsible for the execution of these policies.

The planning, promulgation, implementation, and revision of these policies will be coordinated by the Director of Personnel and Administration, General Staff, United States Army.

3. Periodic Review of Utilization of Negro Manpower.

A board of senior Army officers will be convened from time to time to determine current progress under the policies and implementation prescribed for the utilization of Negro manpower.

4. Enlisted Personnel Processing.

All enlisted personnel without regard to race or color will be accorded the same reception processing through appropriate installations to insure proper initial classification.

5. Army School Training.

Army school quotas for replacement stream personnel, and requests for an issuance of school quotas for assigned enlisted personnel will make no reference to race or color. Selection of personnel to attend Army schools will be made without regard to race or color. Graduates of Army schools will be used in positions where their school acquired skill may be utilized in accord with personnel management regulations equally applicable to all enlisted personnel.

6. Eligibility for Military Occupational Specialties.

Military Occupational Specialties will be open to qualified enlisted personnel without regard to race or color. Utilization of Negro personnel in Military Occupational Specialties will be in accord with personnel management regulations equally applicable to all enlisted personnel.

7. Enlisted Promotions.

The promotion system of the enlisted career guidance program will be administered on an equal merit basis so that all promotions will be obtained by open competition, on examinations uniform throughout the Army, against a single standard, without regard to race or color.

8. Officer Personnel Management.

a. Officers will be procured for the Regular Army and for the Officers Reserve Corps without regard to race or color.

b. All officers, regardless of race or color, will be afforded equal opportunities for advancement, professional improvement, extended active duty, active duty training, promotion, and retention in the Army.

9. ROTC Students at Summer Training Camps.

ROTC students attending summer training camps as members of school units to which they are regularly assigned will remain together and be trained together without regard to race or color.

10. Utilization and Assignment.

a. In furtherance of the policy of the President as expressed in Executive Order 9981, dated July 26, 1948, that there shall be equality of treatment and opportunity for all persons in the armed services without regard to race, color, religion or national origin, it is the objective of the Department of the Army that Negro manpower possessing (Please turn to Page Eight)

Lucas' Uncertainty Stuns Delegates To 'Rights' Confab

Special to the TIMES
WASHINGTON

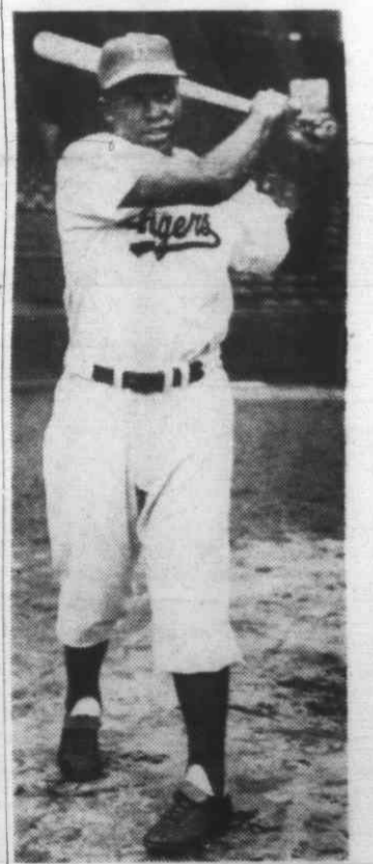
John Brown must have turned over in his grave, Frederick Douglas smiled, Harriet Tubman spurned her gun when the more than 4000 delegates in attendance to the National Emergency Civil Rights Mobilization walked out of the Interdepartmental Auditorium after three days of deliberation as to how the Civil Rights program can best be pushed so as to have it enacted into law, Tuesday afternoon.

They had the assurance of President Harry S. Truman, Senators Wayne Morse, Hubert Humphrey, Irving M. Ives and Congressmen J. C. C. Javits, Adam Clayton Powell, Jr., and William L. Dawson that the possibility of enacting a Civil Rights program was great. They were also told by the Chief Executive and the Law Makers that the Ballot Box was the place to get redress.

The delegates were told that the Republicans had sold them down the river and that the Dixiecrats had bought them for thirty pieces of silver. They were also told that the Bill could be passed without the aid of the Dixiecrats if true Americans representing both major parties would stick by their

The meeting began in Washington on Sunday and ended with a visit to the White House by members of the meet. The highlight of the convention was the retention of the fact that Senator Scott Lucas was not as confidential as he was reported to be in days past on the Civil Rights program. The lukewarmness of the majority leader almost brought purported consternation to the large delegation on Monday night when Val Washington read purported letters of his waning interest. Hecklers almost broke up the meeting and it was only through a very strong prayer that the delegation decided to leave the auditorium.

On Radio



Jackie Robinson, voted most valuable player in the National League, and star second baseman for the Brooklyn Dodgers, will be featured on a weekly program to be heard over W. D. U. K. through the American Broadcasting Company, beginning Sunday, January 22 at 10:30 p. m. A recorded re-broadcast of the Jackie Robinson show is scheduled tentatively for Monday afternoon at 5:30.

Herald "Uncle Tom Story" Without Basis

In a long distance telephone conversation with one of the only two Thos. Bootheres of Chapel Hill, a Negro bricklayer who attended A. and T. College in 1905, it was learned here Wednesday afternoon that the story published in the Durham Morning Herald, Wednesday, January 18 by the Herald's Washington Bureau stating that he or his son was opposed to the Civil Rights program was grossly in error, in so far as the only two Thomas Bootheres of Chapel Hill was concerned.

The second Thomas Boothe is the son of Thomas Boothe, Senior. The father told the TIMES representative that neither he nor his son had ever been to Washington, nor had either one of them ever talked with Congressman Durham.

When asked if his father had ever worked as an employee of the University of North Carolina he stated that he had not.

It now appears that about the only thing that the Herald's Washington Bureau got near right about the entire story was that Thomas Boothe was a graduate of A. and T. College. When questioned about graduating from A. and T., Mr. Boothe stated that he attended A. and T. College in 1905 but did not graduate.

Another telephone call to the business manager of the University of North Carolina disclosed that there is no Negro employed there at present by the name of Boothe. The business manager further stated that he did not have records available at the time of all past employees of the institution.

Another call to the Herald's Washington Bureau disclosed that the Bureau is now looking for the missing Tom Boothe—the one who is supposed to have made the "Uncle Tom" statement to Congressman Durham.

Removal Of Bias Queries Won't Hurt

Removal of discriminatory questions from application blanks would not "hamp" the admission committee immeasurably," the Secretary of the University of Michigan Medical School has admitted.

The admissions officer, Dr. Wayne L. Whitaker, denied that the questions are used for discriminatory purposes, but expressed reluctance to see them changed "because of reasons that are false." He called their chief function the facilitation of the interviewing process.

The student group later issued a statement declaring that the Medical School remains under the suspicion of entrance discrimination and should immediately dispense with such questions in the interest of its reputation as a public institution.