WELCOME NATIONAL HOUSEWIVES' LEAGUE

which your organization has public schools with those proever met, we believe it to be vided for white citizens. Since the content of the most unique in the
nation when it comes to the that you can tell the progress achievement of its Negro citiachievement of its Negro citizens. Here in this small community of around 30,000 would add their hospitals. Here in the race, there
are to be found some of the largest business enterprises construction, place Durham the Carolina Times again wel-owned and operated by Ne- in the forefront of any city comes the National House-groes anywhere in the world in the state. The Stanford L. wives' League of America.

The Carolina Times takes Here, Negroes own more this method of welcoming to Durham the 17th annual session of the National Housewives' League of America. All first suit, seeking the admission of Durham is proud to have soin of Negroes to a state university. In 1950, without the it is the sincere hope of us all aid of the National Association the history of colored People, Durham Network and the first suit to equalize Negro which your organization.

Although Durham is out \$10,000 to finance a success on Negroe Affairs is constantight the smallest city in which your organization has public schools with those prever met, we believe it to be one of the most unique in the state and among best in the state and among the best in the state and among the best operated by and for Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Colored Negroes to a state university. In 1950, without the total first suit, seeking the admission of Negroes to a state university. In 1950, without the total first suit, seeking the admission of Negroes to a state university. In 1950, without the total first suit, seeking the admission of Negroes to a state university. In 1950, without the total first suit, seeking the admission of Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the best operated by and for Negroes to a state universe schools, including N or t the best operated by and for Negroes in the South. Our schools, including N or t the South. Our schools, including N or t the best operated by and for Negroes to a state universe schools, including N or t the South. Our schools

A SALUTE TO HONEST NEGRO LEADERSHIP

Ninety-nine of 100 Negro States Supreme Court's de-indication that Negro leader-leaders in Mississippi, meet-cision outlawing segregation week, to approve the United ing with the state official in public schools. While Gov-ship has about decided that it ing with the state official in public schools. While Gov-ship has about decided that it Legal. Educational Advisory ernor Umstead has made no is time to stop practicing de-Committee, voted recently public statement concerning ceit and stand up and be against a proposal of their the action of the principals counted. State's Governor Hugh White and supervisors, he too is Intelligent white people in for "Voluntary" segregation probably shocked that this the South will appreciate honin public schools. Shocked at usually "cooperative" ele-est and forthright action on their action the Governor ment, has let him down on the part of Negro leaders. On this most important matter by those of the stupid ele-the Negro leaders would go before his "advisory" commitment have tried to make along with his proposal. "Now tee had time to set the pattern I am definitely of the con- in this state.

a College in Durham, matter of segregation in pub-unanimously, l a s t lic schools. It is also a good

along with his proposal. "Now tee had time to set the pattern themselves believe that Neclusion you can't put any We salute the Negro leadilation of segregated to non-faith in any one of them on ers in Mississippi and our segregated schools. Now that this proposition," he said.

In our own state 120 Ne- this state. The stand taken by rather than lies about what gro principals and super- the latter is a good indication the Negro wants, the South visors, attending their fifth of just how the 8,000 teachers should become the strongest annual conference at North in North Carolina feel on the citadel of Democracy in the

A RELIGION FOR WHITE FOLKS ONLY

There is one segregated realm which the white folks may keep and rest assured that the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People or no other organization of Negroes will ever try to invade and that is their sect of snake handlers in religious services.

Negroes have been known to ape white folks in most every field of endeavor and white folks have made fortunes on the stage, screen radio and television aping Negroes. We have searched far and near, however, in an attempt to find a group of Negroes low enough in intellegence to believe they have got to handle deadly satin-black rattles and several Negro churches then several Negro churches that our white folks have in collar methods and deas some sections of the country. Some sections of the country. Some sections of the country some sevents at Fort Payne, Alabama and at Long Beach, California. It might not be a bad idea for Governor Talmadge and for governers who lutely welcome to all the segregation in the public service at chapel exercise for shouting, hand-clapping, hand-clapping, hand-clapping, service at chapel exercise for week, a 67-year-old white man died in his preacher's written in these columns in the service at the service of the country. Some sections of the country some services at Fort Payne, Alabama and for Grovernor Talmadge and for Governor Talmadge and for Gover

NEGRO REPRESENTATION ON POLICY MAKING BODIES

workable program for all the workable program for all the beginning to seek representation. We think the Board would do a most when it is considered that the Negro population of Durbam constitutes about one-third of the total and that the Negro school population is over 40 per cent and the race has absolutely no representation on the Board, it is no wonder that the Negro citizens are beginning to seek representation. We think the Board would do a most workable program for all the workable program for all the schools. Certainly if these cities in which less in which Negroes have not the economic welfare of the contributed half as much to the economic welfare of the community as they do in Durbam have found it important to have Negro representation on their Boards of Education, on their Boards of Education, when the program for all the policy making groups or otherwise, they have contributed half as much to the economic welfare of the community as they do in Durbam have found it important to have Negro representation on their Boards of Education, on their Boards of Education, when they have they have contributed half as much to the economic welfare of the community as they do in Durbam have found it important to have Negro representation on their Boards of Education, on their Boards of Education, when they have they have a supplied to a policy making groups or the schools. Certainly if these cities in which Negroes have not the contributed half as much to the economic welfare of the economic velfare of the economic velfare of the economic velfare of the economic velfare of the economic vel

We don't know what the City Board of Education has in mind about filling the vacancy created by the resignation of James M. Slay. We do know that the names of several Negro leaders were presented the Board with the schools.

In every instance in which workable program for all the When it is considered that

SATURDAY



AUG. 21, 1954

CLATHAN M. ROSS, Editor J. ALLEN CARTER, Managing Editor

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GETTING ALONG

NEW YORK
No news grips the attention of this observer more com-pletely than the news of sub-ject people gaining self gov-ernment. It makes no difference who the subject people are or were — whether they were American colonists before 1776 or any of the present day subject people. If they were or are struggling for free-dom, information concerning them is of interest.

Consider Tunisia and Moconsider Tunnsia and Mo-rocco at this time. These coun-tries have been "protectorates" of France since 1881 and 1912 respectively. Although the Bey of Tunis and the Sultan of Morocco are officially the heads of their governments, actual power is vested in a French Resident General. And, as usual French settlers (col. as usual French settlers (colons) have enjoyed special pri-vileges in both countries. This condition has been a

great source of irritation to the inhabitants of both these North African countries. Trouble, bloodshed and violence have continually cropped up

Since the Indo-China armistice both these countries have intensified their efforts to gain self government. In fact, their demands have been so pressing that a Tunisian re-form plan has been presented to the French Cabinet. Under the plan the Tunisians will have complete autonomy of their internal affairs, but France will manage Tunisia's

defense and foreign affairs.
To an objective observer that proposal seems to be as fair as can be made by the French Premier at this time. However, the Tunisians will not be com-pletely satisfied with the arrangement because they want trol of both their domestic colons will not be satisfied because they know that the above concession will lead to other concessions which will mean the end of special pri-

vileges for them.

The Tunisians will eventually gain their complete independ-ence. The Moroccans will not be forever denied theirs, either As colored Americans watch the struggle of these proscribed and rejected people, per-haps we can learn in what direction we should press.

The day of exploitation can be over for every group of people who want to take advantage of the change that is happening in the affairs of men. Those of us who are left out of the mainstream of American life — those of us who have been forced to sow where we could not reap — should take notice. Then we should be governed by the sage who said, "Please don't don't let this flarvest pass."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Dear Editor:

residence in this city. I have been constantly annoyed by the poor system here along the line of street improvements, especially in some Negro sec-

I know however that it is a general rule for the local au-thorities to see that all the main streets in a city are kept in fair condition for heavy traffice and whatever funds are left are used for paving the subordinate ones. To me however, it seems that in some heavily populated Negro sections in this city, there are too many unpaved streets.

Durham is a city steeped in high educational and other cultural advantages, and in some areas its Negro populace does a magnificent job in putting equalization in effect think that a group of citizens living in sections where there are unpaved streets should form a committee to meet the city officials and ask forcefully that something be done to the streets on which they live so that when rains come overshoes and galoshes will not be insufficient to keep a person's feet dry.

H. C. CONNORS

Negro Mail Carriers Dear Editor:

Recently while talking to some friends, I discovered that Durham is woefully behind-some cities in this state in a

The point that struck me most was the fact that Durham, a city of approximately 30,000 Negroes, has only about five Negro postal employees or less in its Post Office. My assumption on this is that there is something wrong somewhere

It may be that Negroes in the city are not interested in securing positions in this branch of government service, or possibly they don't know how to qualify for the positions. Another possible reason for this discrepancy may be that the postmaster does not want to hire Negroes in this area.

In a city this size, and of the intellect which is prevalent among its Negro citizens, there should be someone here who is not afraid to fight for an equal opportunity for application to examinations for these jobs as well as persons of the

For my personal information, I wish someone would tell me why there are so few Negroes employed in the postal system here and why there are no letter carriers, or truck drivers on the Durham Post Office staff. It is my contention that there are plenty of young men graduating from the local college each year who can qualify for this opportunity.

Respectfully, K. S. COLES

WASHINGTON AND SMALL BUSINESS"

Circus-like Army-RcCarthy hearings have created confused comment. Many write "What good are Congressional commit-tees?".

Responsible Washington lead-ers feel it unfortunate that emo-tional viewpoints on personalities in dispuie give rise to this feel-ing with main issue ever-looked.



modifications are needed to make enforcement practical. This work is split up among com-mittees.

Fortunately, people usually elect gentlemen to Congress with a high sense of justice and responsibility. That it is possible to be ambitions; forcaul result-ful and still be a gentleman was proved by the Kefauver orline in-vestigating committee. Occasional failure of a committee to meet traditionally high Congressional standards of conduct is no reason to eliminate committees.

sional standards of conduct is no reason to eliminate committees.

As example the Senate Small Business Committee has released its annual report. This committee since inception, headed by gentlemen has accomplished a great deal for independent business and American economy.

Among scores of matters reported on, is study being made Q National Federation of Independent Business and Control of the Control of th

of nations distributive industry. The Committee states "Assis The Committee states "Assistance programs for small businessmen in the past have shown a marked tendency to concentrate on the problem of the manufacturing community. Distributive trades have problems just as numerous, just as complex ... should receive the day-by-day attention of those charged with responsibility of protecting rights and increasing opportunities of all small businessmen."

The report also points out the

The committee also charges
Justice Department and Federal
Trade Commission with dragging
their heels in enfercing them.

2

But this is noteworthy. There
are no flamboyant personality
charges that so and so is being
paid off secretly by such and
such corporation.

Instead firm language indicates
unless suitable action is forthcoming, the committee will take
steps, based on well documented
facts. No threats of character
assassination, just facts.

Therefore, it is hoped in Washington that due to current unfortunate incident public will not
clamor for curtailment of Congreasional investigative powers,
but rather for Congress to "take
over" even more control.

Twenty years age Congress
permitted its tariff making pewers to be taken away from it,
with the result that today an estimated 30,000 American workers
are idded by huge imports of
cheap fereign products.

"Now That The Chain Has Been Broken, We Can Again Lead The Way."



Spiritual Insight

"ON THE RIGHT PATH"

BY REVEREND HAROLD ROLAND Pastor, Mount Gilead Baptist Church

"If a man should be tested in some sin, my brothers, the spiritual ones among you should quietly set him back on the right path . . ." Gal. *:L

Christ taught healing and forgiveness for the wayward and the sinful. Often it seems ness to the wayward among us We are hesitant about extending a helping hand to the way-ward. We are too prone to condemn in our self-righteousness. The wayward needs re-storation, assurance, accept-ance and a gracious hand of

helpfulness. If I am already suffering because of sin I need the healing magic of human and Divine love. It is unchristian to kick me around when I am already down. The wayward set of one who knows God act of one who knows God is punishment enough: IT MEANS PAINFUL ISOLA-TION OF THE SOUL. Thus, what is needed is restoration

and healing.
The spirit of Christ suggests

in getting a wayward human being back on the right path. We are commanded to bring to bear the healing power of God's love.

Is it Christlike to kick a man

Is it Christilke to kick a man when he is down? Should I crush and condemn the one who erred? What is my Chris-tian duty to a wayward bro-ther? You should extend a helping hand. Help the wounded to his feet again. In leving-kindness help put the way-ward back on the right path. Sad to say that we are not in-clined to do this at all times. Paul reminds you that it could have been you. Just suppose he shoe was on the other foot, How would you feel to be crushed and kicked around? The Holy Spirit ought move us to save the wayward by helping to put him back on the right path. The helping hand could have saved countless souls from death and de-

You won the gratitude of the one you help find the way again. Our duty is to reclaim

gredation.

the wayward. What nobler deed can you perform than to let God use to reclaim and heal the soul-wound of the wayward? There is more rejoicing in Heaven over one soul that is reclaimed than over ninety-nine that need no reclaiming.

The sick need the healing touch of Divine Love through you. Christ came into the world for such healing. Two souls are blessed in the process - your own and that of the wayward one

Let God use you to help the wayward back to the right

The Christian should not be too hasty to condemn. Our slogan should be: SLOW TO CONDEMN, BUT QUICK TO HELP AND TO HEAL!! We should be channels for God's healing, forgiveness, love and peace. What a beautiful ad-monition to those who know God's redeeming love . . . "If a man should sin . . . the spir-itual ones among you should quietly set him back on the

STRAIGHT AHEAD -By Olive A. Adams

During the past few weeks, we have noticed considerable criticism of President Eisen-

hower for being "snappish" with some reporters at his weekly press conference. Mentioned particularly was a Negro woman reporter whose questions on segregation, hous-ing and the like as they effect Negroes, seem to have irritated the President.

Many people do not under-stand the techniques employed by reporters in these con-ferences. While the press con-ference may be designed for reperters to "get the news first-hand for their "readers" many reporters are sent there to draw out a certain angle of the news, and their questions are framed many times to put an efficial on the spot.

Certainly a "liberal" news-paper which had established a reputation for backing almost exclusively the causes of labor and advocating a government supervision over most of the nation's activity, would expect its representative to frame a a question in such a way as to gain public sympathy for the views of his paper. The "conservative" newspaper's repre-sentative — the paper which supports the idea of free enterprise and the development of individual initiative, will ask questions designed to bring out the points which his news-

paper supports.
This, of course, is legitimate.
However, the clever reporter
has mastered the art of "needling" the efficial who is being interviewed without obvious interviewed without obvious-ly slapping high in the face. In other words, he uses a stiletto instead of a meat are and when it is all over, no one could possibly argue that he was not the very soul of dis-

We are happy to know that our Negro reporters have in recent years been able to at-tend these presidential press Conferences and bring up the questions Negroes everywhere are interested in. The change has often been made, however. that Negroes at such times, become completely absorbed in the race problem and belabor that question to the ex-clusion of all others. That is certainly understandable, be-cause we have had to live with this problem every day and have been weighted down with

Our reporters in Washington, through skillful handling of their questions, can make it unmistakably clear that our unmistakably clear that our problems on the home front are of prime importance. But they also have the responsibility for seeing to it that their questions are legitimate designed to get the truth, framed in such a way as to throw the spotlight on any controver-sial question, letting the chips fall where they may.

UNITED NATIONS NOTES

By JAMES R. LAWSON

(Accredited UN Correspondent)

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y .-NEHRU AND THE MAU

MAU . . . The British have collected what they consider irrefutable evidence linking Prime Minister Nehru of India with the bloody Mau Mau killings of English settlers in Kenya. The British, it was learned on high authority, are most disturbed over what they call Nehru's secret role in the Kenya rebellion of the last two years.

They say Nehru has directed the distribution of hundreds of thousands of pamphlets of thousands of pamphlets urging the blacks in Kenya to continue their warfare against all white settlers. Radio broadcasts from New Belhi are directed at Indians and Africans in Kenya telling them to keep the fight going.

What infuriates the British is that the Indian population in Kenya has accepted permanent seats in the so-called Kenya government while Nehru and the Indians outside of Kenya are said to be sabotaging efforts to settle the differencs. India's official representa-

tive, Apa Pant Wau, was kicked out of Kenya by the British last February for being in charge of the propaganda program urging the Mau Mau to keep up the fighting. The British say the Indian program is designed to stir up racial hatred against the British. The goal is said to be to help the Africans kick the British out of all Africa se the Indians can deminate the Continent.