



Edna Marie, 2 years old, was stricken by polio June 6, 1957. She did not have three shots of Salk polio vaccine. In 1958 several thousand little girls and boys, and adults, will be crippled by polio unless they are protected with Salk shots. March of Dimes funds were used to develop the Salk vaccine and are used to provide the best available care for polio patients without regard to age, race, creed or color. Join the March of Dimes with dollars, Jan. 7-31.

Clinton Civic League Praised For Project

CLINTON
The success of the recent parade of progress demonstrated by the Civic League of Sampson County on Jan. 1 was attributed this week to the hard work of the League's committee.

Members of the progress parade committee are George Foreman, chairman; Edmond Fields, vice president; James Ezell, J. M. Holmes, Jr., and Moses Margrove.

The parade formed on Lisbon Street, proceeded through the business section and to the First Baptist Church on College Street.

Pre-Holiday Dinner
The Lisbon Street Baptist Church held its annual pre-holiday dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie McCoy on Railroad Street. The home was decorated in a holiday motif. A short program was heard and presents were given to members.

Mrs. Alice McCalope is president of the church organization and Mrs. Sinky Herring is secretary.

The National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis says that one in three of those already hit by paralytic polio can benefit today by new methods of rehabilitation. Help make that possible by giving to the 1958 March of Dimes.

NAACP's Chief Lawyer Pledges No Compromise

NEW YORK
Thurgood Marshall today served notice that there will be no letup or compromise in the legal struggle for equal justice for full citizenship rights for all Negro Americans during 1958.

"Although our limited resources will most surely and sorely be strained," Marshall declared, "the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund does not intend in its charter obligation to supply legal aid and assistance to any and all worthy Negro citizens who are segregated or discriminated against because of their race or color, and who call on us to take action on their behalf."

Marshall, who is Director-Counsel of the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, and who has personally argued 14 cases before the U. S. Supreme Court during the past 17 years in behalf of Negroes whose constitutional rights were violated, made this statement in summarizing the work of the Legal Defense Fund in 1957 and outlining the objectives for 1958.

He was chief attorney for the Negroes in the School Segregation Cases which resulted in the May 17, 1954 Supreme Court decision outlawing segregation in public education and other segregation cases.

Despite numerous threats and intimidation against Negroes,

the large sums of money appropriated by southern legislatures for special attorneys to find ways and means of denying Negroes their constitutional rights and the trumped up measures to curb the activities of the Legal Defense Fund's services, there was no letup in the volume of civil rights litigation in 1957, Marshall said.

He noted that Legal Defense Fund attorneys participated in more than 100 court proceedings during the past year. A large majority were actions aimed at implementing court decisions which outlawed segregation in public education, public recreation and public transportation. The remainder of the proceedings involved racial segregation or discrimination in Public Housing, Teacher security and criminal prosecution.

Meeting Time's Demand Is PTA Talks Topic

A panel discussion featured the Hillside High School P.T.A. program held January 6. The subject discussed was "Gearing Our Homes To Meet The Demands of the Times." The discussants were Dr. Thompson Malone, Dr. Ray N. Thompson, North Carolina College, and Mrs. Etheleynne H. Thomas, Durham City Schools speech therapist.

Each discussant treated respectively the following divisions of the main subject: (1) Gearing Our Homes to Cope With the Stresses and Strains of Our Times; and (2) Gearing Our Homes for the Development of the Child's Cultural Growth.

The program opened with remarks by T. E. Lambeth following an organ prelude by J. H. Gattis. A short business session and a solo by Mrs. Mabel Mabry preceded the panel discussion.

A question and answer period was allotted to teachers and parents following the panel session.

\$700 For UNCF

SALISBURY
One of the highlights of a recent chapel program at Livingstone College was the presentation of contributions for the United Negro College Fund on behalf of the faculty and student body. Mrs. Victoria P. Yates, chairman of the faculty committee for this fund presented to Acting President Brockett a check for \$782,000, the amount given by the faculty and staff members. Henry A. Moses, President of the Pre-Alumni Club, and representing the student body, made the presentation of a check for \$672.39.

Slums Removal Said Used To Aid Dixie Jim Crow

NEW YORK
Through urban renewal and redevelopment programs, federal funds are being used in certain southern communities "to put an end to such housing integration as already exists," Madison S. Jones, Jr., charged here today in his report to the 49th annual meeting of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

Jones, the Association's special assistant for housing, further charged that the federally-aided program "is being used as a device to set up new areas of racial containment. It is apparent that this is being done to circumvent integration of public schools." He cited, as examples, the urban renewal programs in Gadsden and Eufaula, Ala., which were approved over NAACP objections.

The major activity of the housing department during 1957, Jones reported, was in the area of city planning which "poses critical problems for minority groups. Planning and renewal in accordance with NAACP policy are the keys to the future integrated community."

In Muskegon Heights, Mich., the city planner, after prolonged consultation, incorporated the NAACP position in his official submission of future plans for the city. The policy, approved by the City Council, seeks elimination of the present segregation pattern and redevelopment of an area in such a manner as to re-establish racial balance.

Dixie NAACP Men Praised

NEW YORK
Reporting to the 49th annual NAACP meeting here today, Gloster B. Current, the Association's director of branches, paid tribute to the "heroic efforts on the part of the NAACP leadership in Arkansas, Georgia, Texas and state officers of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

These leaders, Current said, endured threats, violence and arrests because of their efforts to achieve school desegregation and to secure other civil rights for Negroes. Confronted with this assault upon the NAACP, these officers "demonstrated the sacrificial effort required by the Association's leaders in the milieu of mounting pressures by those who would retain the status quo at any cost."

As a result of these pressures,

Current reported, the Association in 1957 suffered a drop in membership of some 40,000 from the 380,000 of 1956. This was the first time since 1949 that membership declined. Despite this membership loss, he added, the branch department was able to meet its share of the Association's national budget for 1957 through other fund-raising efforts.

The Detroit branch, with a total of 19,291 members, remained in 1957 the largest local unit in the Association. In second place was Baltimore with 11,745. Cleveland was third with 11,365 and New York (Manhattan only) fourth with a membership of 11,267.

During the year, 17 new adult branches, 25 youth councils and one college chapter were chartered, Current said. For the first time a branch was organized in New Hampshire, at Portsmouth. At the end of the year there were 1,848 NAACP units in 44 states, the District of Columbia and the Territory of Alaska.

Current reported on the activities of the local, state and regional units of the Association citing achievements in legislation, housing, employment, education, political action and public accommodations.

Gains On Many Fronts Cited For NAACP In '57

Not only were there notable civil rights gains during 1957, but there was also increased financial support of the NAACP's campaign to end racial discrimination and segregation, Roy Wilkins, the Association's executive secretary, declared here last week at the 49th annual meeting of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

Cited as top achievements in civil rights were the enactment of the Civil Rights Act of 1957, the first such measure passed by Congress in 82 years, and the dispatch of federal troops to Little Rock to prevent interference with a federal court school desegregation order.

Despite stepped-up efforts to cripple or ban the NAACP in certain southern states, the Association's total income for general operating and special reserve funds reached an all-time peak of \$662,638.88 for the period Jan. 1 through Dec. 31, 1957, Wilkins asserted.

Spingarn Presides
The meeting, attended by members and officers of the Association from all sections of the country, was presided over by Arthur B. Spingarn, New York attorney, and the Association's longtime president. Reports on the year's activities were submitted not only by Mr. Wilkins

but also other staff members heading departments.

The appointment of three southerners to the next six-man Civil Rights Commission is "a circumstance which need not be fatal to meaningful accomplishment, but which is understandably cause for uneasiness in light of the widespread defensive and defiant public opinion in the southern states," the NAACP leader asserted.

Time Running Out To Apply For Teacher Exams

Less than two weeks remain for prospective teachers who plan to take the National Teacher Examinations at Fayetteville State Teachers College on Feb. 15 to submit their completed applications for these tests to Educational Testing Service, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey, Dr. Lafayette Parker, Dean, announced today. Applications for the examinations must be forwarded so as to reach the Princeton office not later than January 17, Dr. Parker advised.

Applications for the examinations and a Bulletin of Information describing registration procedures and containing sample test questions may be obtained from Dr. Parker, Office of the Dean, Fayetteville State Teachers College or directly from the National Teachers Examination, Educational Testing Service, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

At the one-day testing session a candidate may take the Common Examinations, which include tests in Professional Information, General Culture, Eng-



Joan was an iron lung hospital patient from October 1956 until March 1957. Now she is at home with attendant coverage one hour a day. She now uses a special \$275 wheel chair and is free of breathing equipment. Miss Vallar goes to the hospital three times weekly for treatment but her COMEBACK is revealed by the extent of self care evident. March of Dimes funds provide care and treatment and furnish breathing equipment for thousands of polio patients. Help them make a COMEBACK. Join the March of Dimes NOW.

lish Expression, and Non-Verbal Reasoning. In addition, each candidate may take one or two Optional Examinations which are designed to demonstrate mastery of subject matter in the fields in which he may be assigned to teach.

All candidates will receive a Ticket of Admission advising them of the exact location of the center at which they will be tested, Dr. Parker said. Candidates for the Common Examinations will report at 8:30 A.M. on February 15 and will begin taking the test at 9:00 A.M. The Common Examinations will be

concluded at approximately 12:30 P.M., Dr. Parker advised. Candidates for one or two Optional Examinations will report again at the examination center at 1:30 P.M. and will begin the tests at 1:45 P.M. Those taking only one Optional Examination should complete this test at about 3:15 P.M., and those two Optional Examinations should finish their tests at approximately 4:45 P.M., according to the time schedule for these examinations which has been set up by Educational Testing Service.

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