

NOTE (The Editorial this week is in the form of "a Letter to Johnny" on the Observance of American Education Week)

Dear Johnny:

To be young today is not only to enjoy many advantages and many comforts unknown to former generations, but it is also to suffer many trials and to cope with many problems which did not plague our foreparents. Most young people are genuinely puzzled by the many frictions and the deficiencies in our society. Example-while many are hungry and ill-housed, with no employment or jobs, we are sending men to the moon or building unnecessary defense weapons. Yet, we must never forget that to do anything today, my young friends, you must continue in school to be able to cope with the many problems that each child or individual must resolve. And of course, you the students of now, are the ones who will look ever onward to a viable way of solving some of these problems by building up the best possible brain power you can absorb. In other words, you must let continuing education become your top goal as well as your personal priority as a seventh grader now and as you go on towards the top of the ladder to further success in high school and beyond.

I say to you, young friends-"What time is it?" It Is EDUCA-TION TIME for you, you and you and all our youth today. Are you then one of the students in our classes these days who are sitting and waiting for something great to happen-you know, the game they call, playing the school games? If perchance you are, then it is past time for you to look to the values that an education will provide if you are willing to work hard and apply yourselves to become truly skilled in the art of communications

When I say communications, I use it in the broadest sense, for I do not mean idle talk or chatter which does not require any effort. but I mean the ability or capacity to think clearly as you express yourself by speech patterns which include enounciation, pronounciation and good grammatical expression. Ex-Singular subjects, verbs, And along with this will go etc. the written word. Did you know or do you realize that this is one of the reasons that so many items are required to be written? Such repetition within your classwork will help you develop your exposi-tion skills, the ability to write clearly after such thoughts have been formulated within your mind.

I recognize that impatience comes natuarly to the young. Often you may resent the many bureaucratic time lapses between pressing the button and getting an answer to your many questions or actions. But again that too, takes clear rational thought to come up with the best and most logical answer. Your education will attempt you how to formulate suc

and the vulgarities of life. This again is education helping you in your choices and assisting you to make good, sound and even better decisions as you climb the ladder of success. You and I both know that we must make choices every minute and hour of the day, no matter where one may be. Did you know that millions of

and the bad, yes, even the virtues

persons are being destroyed and ruined for lack of basic education and job skills? They lack the skills and know how which are necessary to enable them to compete in this highly scientific and technological age. Millions of other Americans are unemployed or under employed. Many are poor, illiterate or what one calls functionally illiterate. A great percentage of North Carolinians alone fall in this category. You must continue on and get all the education possible for future security. I sometimes wonder if this may not be the reason that many turn to drug addiction, petty crimes, then major crimes. You must not let your motivation become filled with despair.

I say to you-education increases our ability to enjoy more things more and better, to live more rich-ly, more creatively and in greater harmony with ourselves, our environment and our fellowmen. Education produces better parents, better neighbors, better citizens. It will give the nation wise, informed leadership and as constituents, we can make our choices and not allow others to make all the choices for

Yes, everyone in society benefits from education. It increases your productivity in human effort and helps you to formulate and plan according to your ability. Yes, we even benefit from the education of other persons. The sharing of knowledge by students like you, the interchange between teachers and students community efforts and students, community efforts and other regional, state, national and international efforts make all of us more aware of the needs of others and the value of educational enrichment by all.

Remember we are indeed living in an age of change. This is a "head" age, not a hand age. People are needed who can think, write, program compute, build and repair machines as well as how to be creative and flexible. Ma-chines have created new jobs, but learning new skills requires a trained mind. Education is the prerequisite for most of these jobs. The undereducated and un-educated are being crushed to the bottom and many are dependent upon social welfare.

Not only must you continue your education. but even in instances, "on must help other adults to look to retraining and recycling of their job skills. Just as our cars, clothes and foods rechange, so must you take in your educational training. Do not let this opportunity to acquire and continue your education fall by the wayside. Keep your hunger for learning and even more learning always alive, alert and able to cope with the many changes that now face you. What time is it my young friends? It is EDUCATION TIME for you and all other youths. What time is it? It is a time for developing your brain power and God given talents. The time is NOW. For your education can and will lead you from the blight of poverty, to a hunger for a better life for you and your posterity. WHAT TIME IS IT? IT IS EDUCATION TIME, my young friends and that is NOW.



JOBS ARE NEEDED NOW

The Federal government must act now to put the millions of Americans to work in vital public services in education, health, sani-tation, environmental control and crime prevention.

With more than 6 million persons currently unemployed and some 13.7 millions of Americans working at sub-standard wages, the problem grows more acute each

day. The seriousness of our unemployment problems will be lessened only if the Federal government accepts and takes its moral responsibility to plan and implement full employment machinery for all per-sons able and willing to work. This means that our priorities must be reorganized to provide jobs for Americans first.

Even though unemployment and poverty continue to rise, manpower programs nationally are suffering drastic cutbacks. Community action Programs, employers of many previously unemployed minorities and low income persons are being threatened with extinction.

The cutbacks of such programs and jobs places more people on welfare and lessons the incentive or motivation to help themselves. People tend to become more frustrated and bitter.

Jobs and training programs must be increased if all Americans are to share in this great democracy of ours.

> L. Marain, \$25; Townsend Newspaper, \$100. Mrs. Christine McGee, \$25;

J. E. Dunn Construction com-pany, \$100; Western Union, \$50; Parking Enterprises, \$25; Western Electric, \$100; Robert MacNeven, \$25; Mr. and Mrs. Louis T. Hurt, \$50; Truman Holman, \$50; J. I. Case company, \$25; Kroger company, \$50; Merchants Produce bank, \$25; Merchants To Delivery company, \$50. DONATIONS: J. Harold Ha-

mil, \$25; J. A. Clancey, \$25; Joseph H. Bruening, \$50; Black and Veatch Consulting Engineers, \$100; Mrs. Jac-queline B. Walker, \$5; R. C. Clyne, \$25; Sealright company, Inc., \$100. Tickets to the Freedom

Fund dinner, at which M. Carl Holman, president of the National Urban Coalition,



One key area that remains a rouble spot for racial tensions in the Army is the system of military justice. On my recent swing through U.S. Army bases in Germany, I found that major reforms are needed.

In general, black GIs are convinced they can't get justice in military courts. Some of the prisoners I spoke to at the stockade in Mannheim were certain that the court would try to set an wxample of them by giving them heavier sentences because they were black. Another prisoner, awaiting trial in a German court for a civilian crime, was just as positive that the German jury would not give him justice. Charged with robbery, the case against him hinges on the word of his former girlfriend who is German. He feels that when the jury hears of their affair, they'll rush to convict him.

What matters in these cases is less the factual situation than the way the black prisoners perceive their state. Unlike others accused of violations, they know they may not get fair treatment because of racial bigotry and discrimin-

atory practices. They were relieved just to have someone to talk to, someone to listen to their grievances, someone to care. In this instance that someone was me, a visitor from the States, but the Army ought to build into its military justice system a way to fulfill the need for humane concern and support

At the very least, equal opportunity officers ought to take off their uniforms, and in civilian clothes that remove the barrier of rank, talk informally with prisoners and other soldiers and lend an ear and a helping hand.

The system of justice ought to be taken out of the command system to liberate it from suspicion of being a tool of the military and thus convert it into a truly impratial judiciary system. There's also a crying goal. It has a long way to go need for more black judgeadvocates and for expanded legal services for enlisted men.

Army's Officer Corps, they now make up 10.8 percent of the total enrollment in ROTC, which is the Army's main source of newly commissioned officers.

Both authors say that if the poisonous polarization is to be

halted, both blacks and whites

institution that brings together members of all ethnic groups in an atmosphere of mutual respeet to work toward a common but it is at least conscious of the problem, which is more than can be said about many A far brighter spot of my people here at home. must take strong action. White

of seeing so many black of-

ficers, some commanding key

combat units. I was very

impressed with the calibre of

these men, who were excep-

tional in their bearing, their

competence, their skill and

their grasp of essentials. To

briefed by these officers was

an enjoyable lesson in profes-

to me that so many produst of

the black colleges. It is a tri-

bute to these schools that they

can train such men, and another

indication that the black col-

leges are an important national

comes away with from an ex-

tended tour of Army bases is

the extent to which the Army

is a haven for whites and blacks

who would otherwise be mired

in poverty here at home. Many

of the GIs met in Germany

told me that the Army was the

first place they got three

square meals a day, hot run-

ning water, an opportunity for

training, and a feeling of im-

In effect, our country says

to poor young men that there

is no place for them here and

that they'll have to put on a

uniform and train to fight and

perhaps die, if they want toe

barest essentials of a decent life.

tary on our society. It tells us

that our country has neglected

the productive capacities of

hundreds of thousands of young

men. It tells us that our nation

has failed to order its domes-

tic affairs so that the poorest

among us has an opportunity

to be well-fed, well-housed and

to fulfill his needs and aspira-

was a U. S. Army groping

toward remaking itself into an

What I saw in Germany

tions.

This is a terrible commen-

portance and satisfaction.

Perhaps the basic feeling one

It was especially gratifying

sionalism.

resource.

society must work harder to offer "the training, the promotions, the status that will permit minority youths to believe that they are not just "in" this society, but "part of it."

N.A.A.C.P. In Action For 1972

FREEDOM FUND DINNER HONOR ROLL per, \$25; W. R. Tillmon, \$25; Robert P. Lyons and, \$25;

By JEREMIAH CAMERON

The approaching Freedom Fund Dinner, to be held at the Hotel Muchlebach on Saturday, Oct. 28, provides us with another opportunity to relate to the public one of the main functions of the NAACP nationally and locally: to employ a variety of all non-violent and means.

legal, to bring about the freedom of black folks. Nobody is free in this coun-

bert P. Lyons, \$25; Neill Insurance agency, \$25; Arthur Anderson company, \$200 (one table); W. H. Johnson, \$50. Diocese of Kansas City-St. Joseph, \$50; Coca Cola U.S.A. Fountain department, \$25; KMBC-TV, channel 9, \$50; Hon. Richard Bolling, \$50; Ermon Dixon, \$25; School Service Employees Local No.

12, \$100; Jones Store com-pany, \$200 (one table); Dazey Products company, \$50; Sar-

logic and assist you in coming to grips with these much needed choices.

A good education will help you to formulate what decision may be needed-what to look at as you make up your minds-to guit straddling the fence-in other words, education will help you to do what is best in the situation and not allow you to become one of those individuals that just ape their friends. no matter what the cost.

Another value of continuing your education will help you to choose between the wise and the foolish, between the safe and the unsafe, and many times between the good.

HALLOWEEN CAN BE SAFE

Traditionally, Halloween has been a time for evening family fun among neighborhood children and their elders within their communities. Many schools and community centers also plan activities.

It is important that efforts be continued to preserve Halloween as "family fun time." We know that the usual run of hoax stories will continue to pop up here and there.

However, if certain rules are ob-served all children can continue to share in these traditional evenings of family fun with their elders. It can also be a safe time as well with attention to simple rules.

Youngsters are urged to travel only within their immediate neighborhoods for the tricks or treats. Further, if possible, parents should accompany their small ones within their neighborhood. Children should be counseled to take only treats that are wrapped. This is a health factor and should be carefully followed. Goodies should be eaten only after inspection at home.

It also seems best to go out in the early evening since darkness falls much earlier. Motorists as well as the little "ghosts and goblins" should pay careful attention as they dart back and forth across the streets.

There is no necessity for roving gangs of teenagers to go about the city, especially if they feel inclined towards the destruction of property. This is a time for the "small fry" to enjoy the pleasurable ac-tivities that will continue to remain in their thoughts for all time.

So let us try to observe Halloween as a time for "family fun" among the neighborhood children and their elders as well as keep it safe for all persons.

Remember that many persons will donate funds to UNICEF to help provide services to children across the world. Let us continue to look to Halloween as a safe time when all persons can get delight from it as they watch "small fry" engaging in such activities.

try until he has the equal protection of the law, until he has the social and economic securities that abound for so many other citizens of the United States. Black people d States. Black people, despite a pitifully little more economic "cream at the top," will not be free until the same opportunities, privileges and responsibilities are shared by all.

Democracy has to be made to work; justice has to be made to work. The notion that power concedes nothing im-blies that black people must they have, and we do have some money, and use those resources as a stimulant to force right to be done. Monies received from Free-dom Fued dinners have been

dom Fund dinners have been and will continue to be used to force a greater measure of right to be done. For example, the Senate's rejection of the Nixon - supported anti-bussing bill, already passed by the House of Representa-tives did not just heapage tives, did not just happen. The effective N.A.A.C.P. lob by in Washington, D. C., headed by Clarence Mitchell, made its influence felt in the Senate-precisely as it did in the rejection of two of the President's appointments to the Supreme Court. We therefore salute the fol-

lowing persons and organiza-tions who constitute the N.A.A.C.P. Freedom Fund Honor Roll --- early-bird pur-chasers of tickets from Oct. to Oct. 14: GOLD CIRCLE TICKETS

(Life Members or Suscribing Life Members): Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Wurst, \$50; Dr. and Mrs. T. T. Lowrey, \$50; Dr. Jeremiah Cameron, \$25; Miss Dorothy Gallagher, \$25; Na-tional Postal Alliance, \$50; Dr. Albert R. Maddox of Se-dalia Mo. \$25: Mayor sed dalia, Mo., \$25; Mayor and Mrs. Charles B. Wheeler Jr.,

REGULAR TICKETS: Dr. and Mrs. G. T. Bryant, \$50; Laundry and Dry Cleaning International Union Local No. 2, \$50; American Oil com-pany, \$50; William F. Kem-

Products company, \$50; Sar-ca, D-B-A Associated Devel-opers, \$50; United Parcel service, \$200 (one table); J. E. 43rd St., 861-0113. will speak, are available at the N.A.A.C.P. office at 4115

WHAT OTHERS SAY

The November, 1972 issue of Readers Digest presents interes-

ting articles by one black and one white writer entitled "JIM CROW MAKES COME-BACK BUT THIS TIME BY BLACK CHOICE."(Excerpts from the article are presented for our readers.)

Black seperatism is a poison distilled from equal parts of traditional white racism and a new, virulent black nationalism. Self-segregation by blacks is so wide spread that it now represents as grave a threat to American society as white imposed segregation has in the past. These are the views of a pair of distinguished journalists--who have surveyed the bleak racial scene in America and have concluded thatthe two races "are as far apart as they have been in half a century.'

"The worrisome conclusion almost everywhere is that the Old American Dream of integration is dead," writes former USIA director Carl Rowan, who is black and his white collaborator, David Mazie.

One major com ponent of the tragic situation is Negro disillusionment as the "glowing promises" of the 1950's and 60's have turned to dust. Instead of equal opportunity, what blacks

have found in a ten percent uhemployment rate, one black in three mired in poverty, hundreds of thousands on welfare, and "normal" family income

just 60 percent of that of "normal" white families.

But if white society has failed to keep its promises, black society has also failed to take full advantage of opportunities that do exist. For example, there were 68,000

blacks in U.S. colleges in 1971a 200 percent increase from a decade earlier. Yet for thousands of these students, college means self-imposed segregation and intellectual copping but in "sop courses about black history," write Mazie and Rowan.

Such withdrawals are understandable; a black youth moving from the ghetto to the campus is insecure about many things, and his natural inclination is to avoid gatherings where the risk of embarrassment is high. But black students who demand Jim Crow doritory facilities and other "black only" barriers, and white college administrators who give in quickly to these demands, are tra-

gically wrong. "For 95 per cent of the blacks in college, success and genuine pride will be achieved only in competition with the white majority," the authors

write. Surprisingly, the article gives high marks to the millitary for its attmepts--ahead of those in civilian sectors-to promote true equality. Although blacks comprise only 3.8 percent of the



Do's And Don'ts

CONTINENTAL FEATURES

