

A & T Graduation Participants

Participants in the recent 89th annual Baccalaureate-Commencement at North Carolina A&T State University were (from left), Maynard Jackson, mayor of Atlanta, Ga.; Dr. Lewis C. Dowdy, chancellor; and Dr. Lacy Caple, chairman of the A&T Trustee Board. More than 1,000 students received degrees. Photo by William Peeler

## UNCF Scores Triumph With Two National Campaigns

The United Negro College Fund, which helps fund 41 private, historically black colleges and universities, raised a total of \$33.9 million in 1979 through two simultaneous national drives.

UNCF's annual campaign generated \$16.2 million last year with the support of corporations, foundations, organizations, religious groups, individuals and others.

A special fifty million capital drive, the Capital Resources Development Program, which was launched in late 1977, received \$17.7 million in gifts and pledges during the 1979 campaign year. As of 15, 1980, cumulative total of \$41 million in capital funds had been raised. This includes a six million challenge grant from the Kresge Foundation, which is contingent upon the CRDP reaching its goal by June 15, 1980. An additional challenge grant from the Ford Foundation will match grants of \$100,000. or more on a three to one basis.

"UNCF faced a unique challenge during 1979, when it engaged in two simultaneous and equally crucial drives," said Christopher F. Edley, UNCF's Executive Director. "In light of last year's worldwide economic uncertainty, the fact that our annual and capital drives raised combined receipts of \$33.9 million is triumph."

For the past 35 years, UNCF's annual drive has raised general operating funds for some of the nation's oldest and most respected black colleges, including Wilberforce University in Ohio (established 1856), Morehouse College in Atlanta (established 1867), and Tuskegee Institute in Alabama (established 1881). Last year, the annual campaign was chaired by Lewis W Foy, chairman and CEO of Bethlehem Steel Corporation and National Corporations chairman was John G. Smale, president of Procter & Gamble

Co. UNCF's Capital Resources Development Program, the first of its kind since 1963, had, by the end of last year, raised more than sixty per cent of its fifty million goal. The drive was led by General Motors Corporation chairman Thomas A. Murphy. President Jimmy Carter served as honorary chairman. The capital campaign addresses itself to the colleges' critical need for curriculum and faculty development, construction and renovation, and endowment building.

According to Edley, corporations headed the list of contributors to both campaigns, giving 45 percent of the annual total (up from forty per cent

last year) and 58 per cent \$50,000. of all gifts to CRDP. The C

ternational \$125,000; Roebuck Equitable Life Assurance nenberg tion, \$72,500; Prudential Ohio (\$500,000). Insurance Company of Individuals contributed tions from churches, with T.I. Koskoff \$52,850; Johnson Publishing Company Inc. (Ebony Fashion Fair Proceeds from Lois R. Lowe Division), Women's

and R.J. Reynolds In- ingclass dustries, Inc., \$50,000.

Motors Foundation also to succeed," says Dr. made the largest corporate Washington. donation to the capital Some of the

Business Machines Cor- to establish the first made grants of \$750,000. care center in Mississippi; corporations making half (3) to promote black million dollar gifts to adoption throughout the CRDP American Telephone & research projects at Telegraph (including Western Electric Fund); the Atlantic Richfield Foundation; E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company, Inc.; Exxon Education Foundation and the Sears-Roebuck Foundation.

From foundations, the UNCF annual campaign garnered sixteen per cent of its 1979 total, or \$2.6 million. With its grant of \$345,000, the Lilly Endowment, Inc., a foundation, was responsible for the largest single gift to the College Fund's annual drive. Other major foundation support for the annual campaign included: The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation, \$175,000; The M.L. Annenberg Foundation, \$100,000; The Louis Calder Foundation, \$100,000; The Cleveland Foundation, \$100,000; Cafflegie Corporation of New York, \$84,500; The George R. Kendall Foundation, \$66,000; John W. Anderson Foundation, \$50,000; The Florence and John Schumann Foundation, \$50,000 and Woods

Charitable Fund, Inc.,

The Capital Resources The largest corporate Development Program donors to UNCF's annual received, during 1978 and campaign were: Anheuser- 1979, thirteen million in Busch Companies, Inc., gifts and pledges from contributed foundations.

\$215,000; General Motors Other major foundation Foundation, \$190,500; In- support for CRDP, Business through the end of 1979, Machines Corporations, came from: The Ford The Sears- Foundation (which made Foundation, a \$2.5 million grant); the \$105,738; Procter & Gam- Rockefeller Brothers Fund ble Fund, \$80,250; (\$750,000); the M.L. An-Foundation Soceity of the U.S., (\$500,000); The Andrew \$75,750; Ford Motor W. Mellon Foundation Company Fund, \$75,000; (\$500,000) and the Timkin Exxon Education Founda- Foundation of Canton,

America, \$70,400; Miller \$2.8 million (seventeen per more than 1,000 churches Brewing Co., \$64,500; cent of the total) to the United States Steel Foun- College Fund's annual dation, \$60,000; Celanese campaign. Nearly 77,000 Corporation, \$57,000; individual donors made Texaco, Inc., \$56,000; contributions to the 1979 Corporation, drive. During 1978 and

across the country giving a total of \$122,352 (up five per cent from 1978's figure). This year, UNCF's goal

is ninteen million.

1979, a total of 68 in-

dividuals gave combined

\$678,128 to the Capital

UNCF annual campaign

were gains scored in group

contributions and in the

drive among postal

employees. Last year,

19,593 groups contributed

a total of \$1.2 million. (In

1978, 16,623 groups gave

\$930,000). More than

3,800 postal employees

gave a total of \$50,000 (up

twenty per cent more than

the 1978 figure). Last

year's annual drive also

saw an increase in dona-

Program.

## Black Child

[Continued from Front] \$52,292; Bethlehem Steel points out that poor black Corporation, \$50,000; children are not alone in Industries their need for BCDI ser-Foundation, \$50,000; In- vices. She says that ternational Telephone & research shows that mid-Telegraph Corporation, dle class black children are \$50,000; The Merck Com- in more psychological pany Foundation, \$50,000 trouble than their workcounterparts. "Black middle class In addition to its parents are not transmit-\$190,500 gift to the annual ting the values to their General children that helped them

campaign: \$1,050,000. complishments that BCDI Other major corporate has made during its ten donors to CRDP during years of existence are (1) 1978 and 1979 were the to monitor all federal Ford Motor Company legislation that affects the Fund and International lives of black children; (2) poration, each of which publicly funded black day included: U.S.; (4) to develop Company predominately black col-

leges which explore new ways to train teachers to teach young children, ac-Washington.

Some of the additional goals of BCDI are to find ways to involve more men in the lives of black children; to find ways to curb the dropout and

pushout rate of boys (the rate was thirty per cent in 1976), and to help young boys work to their fullest potentials. BCDI is not a professional organization. Its

membership ranges from Ph.D.'s to welfare recipients, and these members organize on the local level according to the needs of the children in their region. However, the national headquarters for BCDI is in Washington

For those persons who wish to join the organization, call 966-5266 in Chapel Hill or 493-2244 in

## G.A.L.'s Travel Agency,

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June 21-22	''Horn In The West'' (Outdoor Drama) Boone, NC
June 26-19	Lancaster, Pa. (Pa. Dutch Country) Reading, Pa. Shopping Spree
July 12Chi	qua-Penn Plantation House, Reidsville, NC ''The Sword of Peace'' (Outdoor Drama) Snow Camp, NC
August 1-3	Biltmore House & Gardens, Asheville, NC ''Unto These Hills'' (Outdoor Drama) Cherokee, NC
August 9-10	"Strike At The Wind" (Outdoor Drama Town Creek Indian Mount Mount Gilead and Pembroke, NC
October 18-19	Fall Foliage (Natural Bridge and Peaks) of Otter, Virginia
November 27-30	5th Thanksgiving Theatre Party New York City
	For More Information!! TOUR FOR YOUR GROUP!

## Dean Hunter Presents City Council With \$50 Million Budget For 1980-81

By Trellie L. Jeffers

Durham City Manager, Dean D. Hunter, Jr., presented a \$49.9 million budget for the fiscal year 1980-81 to the City Council Monday night, May 19. Defending a substantial increase over last years budget, Hunter cited inflation as the specific cause of the increase.

In a lengthy statement on the budget proposal, Hunter said that funds for the budget increase could be secured from a two per cent increase on the property tax rate, and an eight per cent increase for water service and a reduction of 25 city jobs. However, Hunter proposed a 9.5 per cent raise for remaining employees.

The reduction in city employees includes the elimination of one assisand the position of the chief of police.

The 263-page document giving detailed information on the budget proposals was distributed to all members of the Council as well as representatives of the Durham city and county media.

Public hearings on the budget 'are scheduled for the week of June 2, and Mayor Harry Rodenhizer jokingly challenged all Council members to remain in town for these hearings Shortly before the

Council was to convene for executive session, Councilman Kim Griffin distributed a document, which he said he "personally opposed," relating to the Fair Housing Bill, scheduled to be

ing as a lawyer's First Amend-

ment right. Interestingly

enough, although it was

the lawyer's right that was

enforced, the rationale of the

court was based on its public

on advertising and solicitation

will not jeopardize lawyers'

supporters of the restrictions

contend. "Bankers and engi-

neers advertise," said the

Supreme Court decision, "and

yet these professions are not

regarded as undignified.'

"professionalism,

Lifting of the restrictions

tant city manager position voted on by the U.S. it is a slap in the face to house of Representatives this week.

Calling upon the Council members to take action in voicing their opposition to Congressmen Andrews, Helms and Morgan, Griffin said that he opposed Section 811 of H.R. 5200, which gives the federal government the authority to investigate complaints on housing discrimination. Griffin said, "this would give an administrator the authority to come in and review zoning patterns and motivations behind them."

Councilman Adrienne Fox objected to having a personal issue of one member brought before the Council.

In another statement Ms. Fox said, "If we voice our opposition to this bill,

by lawyers.

other minorities. Councilman

women, black people and

Hunt said, "I think that the bill addresses a problem that has existed in this country for years. The federal government has had to have agents come in and require that the law be enforced. If the government had not stepped in, I would still be somebody's property.'

Mrs. Keller pointed out that she saw no information in the distributed document relating to zoning and Griffin admitted that there was nothing specifically referring to zoning but that it could be loosely interpreted to include it.

When the city attorney, called upon to interpret the zoning clause, could relate no information on the zoning clause that Griffin objected to, Countrial revolution, environmental pollution, toxic torts, defec cilman Harwood Smith tive products and highway offered a motion to send accidents not to know their the matter to the public rights than to be solicited service committee which will not have time to act Those who argue against on the matter before the advertising and solicitation U.S. House votes on the warn that it will promote bill. litigation. This is a view that

assumes that encouraging liti-gation and advising people of the Council a lengthy their Constitutional rights is discussion was held on a somehow bad for society. code violation on property

As Justice Blackmum said at 101 W. Hillside in the Bates decision: "Al-Avenue. Council members though advertising might in-seemed baffled that the crease the use of judicial owner refused federal loan machinery, we cannot accept offers to complete the notion that it is always \$500 repairs needed to better for a person to suffer \$500 repairs needed to a wrong silently than to prevent the inconvenience redress it by legal action." To tenants that would

We should be proud of the result from the Council's extensive use of the courts by enforcement of the code the American people, and it violation procedures. Acshould be encouraged. There tion taken by the Council is no court congestion in the would require that repairs Soviet Union or other collec- be made in thirty days or tivist societies where individu- the house would be board-In a democracy such as 2d up until repairs are

ours, the right to redress nade.

into executive session at





By Theodore I. Koskoff President Association of Trial Lawyers of America

The current Code of Ethics of the American Bar Association restricts a lawyer's use of advertising and solicitation. Resources Development Supporters of the present restrictions on advertising and Other highlights of the solicitation have maintained an aura of secrecy about the practice of law that has effectively kept legal services from about 70 percent of the people.

However, in 1977 the U.S.

O'Steen v. Arizona Bar struck down the ban on advertising.

Advertising and solicitation Supreme will have relatively little Court in Bates and effect on regular consumers of legal services. It's the 70 percent of the public that have

been deprived by a lack of knowledge about legal services who will benefit.

by legal action is one of our After sending several precious freedoms. The pre- tems back to committee, The decision According to the old Code of Ethics, it was better for sent restrictions on lawyer and voting on routine advertising and solicitation natters, the council went on the side millions of people who were of advertisthe victims of the indusmust go.