

Political.

From the Boston Gazette of January 7.

COUNSEL FROM THE AGED.

[We have authority to say that the following letter is from Gen. Heath of Roxbury, the Revolutionary Patriot of '75, and ever since the firm and consistent friend of American Independence, in answer to one from the Hon. Mr. Seaver, M. C. The postscript is understood to relate to two pamphlets from the same person recommending the re-election of Mr. Madison.]

Extract of a letter from an old republican in Massachusetts to a member of Congress, dated the 8th December.

"You my friends feel mortified in seeing my name on the Federal Ticket for Electors. The ticket on which my name was placed, was supported by many of the firmest republicans I know, if length of time and undeviating conduct are admitted in evidence. The Ticket was denominated the Peace Ticket, excluding the name of either Republican or Federal; the approbation of it was astonishing, and probably will be more so. Considerate men of both parties are agreed that the violence of party spirit threatens our country with ruin, and that a union must be effected. You, as well as myself, have asserted, that a large portion of those called federalists, are as much attached to the welfare of our country, and the genuine principles of republicanism, as we are. How important, then, to unite the honest and well meaning of both parties. That is now the object, and it will succeed. Heretofore the republicans have not held out union to the federalists: and when honest federalists have sincerely made an attempt to do it, over-heated party men have exclaimed that it was "a federal trick." You well recollect more than one instance of this. But it is now well understood, and has lost its force. The steady part of the community begin to think for themselves, and they will act for their own true interest. The appellation of republican and federalist, which has for some time been used as a kind of common seal, for party purposes, will give way to a condensed appellation, honorable and appropriate. The sole object, the peace, honor and prosperity of our common country, the preservation of the union, and constitution of the United States.

"You say "Peace is within our reach"—this I fully believe, and that it might have been secured ere this time. Peace, not a peace of submission, but an honorable, just and equitable peace, resting upon magnanimous, dignified, national principles, modified to existing circumstances—There is no such thing as disinterested, national friendship—nor will treaties continue to bind, further than they are reciprocally interesting. The ocean is the common field, or great highway of nations, on which all who wish to improve have an equal right to add bear their national sovereignty where they traverse. But this vast common domain, is not without law; it is within the universal code. Some ardent people will tell you that on this element the flag is to protect whatever is under it. A freeman's house is said to be his castle, and not to be searched or molested. But if he receive stolen goods, or conceal a felon, is it too sacred? Will not Great Britain cease to impress our seamen into her service, if we will not take hers into ours? A correct, honorable and justly modified treaty will remove the difficulty; without it, a war on that account may be of long duration. The cause, the remedy, and the issue, may be well examined and solved, if men would exercise a sound and unbiassed judgment, and calculate for the meridian of our true honor, interest and prosperity.

"The people will cheerfully risk their lives, and spend their fortunes, for the protection of their own seamen and defence of their sovereignty and independence. Ought they to risk them to protect foreigners who enter on board our vessels against their own government? Does national honor, interest, or prosperity require it? Is it essential to either of them? But if we must have war, let its operation be of a proper character, not farcical, which can scarcely claim the name of campaign. What has our last, except the brilliant naval actions, to compensate for the thousands of dollars which have been expended? Has it not lessened the opinion of our opponent of our military skill; removed confidence in our protection; replenished their arsenals with our arms; given them spirit, and rendered "conquest more difficult and hazardous? Is this the art of war?" The sense of the people of this part of the Eastern section of the United States has been expressed in favor of peace, by a majority of 24,000. This was necessary to correct the erroneous assertions that the Eastern States were in favor of war. I ardently hope that an honorable, just and equitable peace will be effected before the close of your present session.

"P. S. Since writing the foregoing I have been honored with yours of the 13th and 25th, mentioning young Mr. —, and covering two pamphlets. Accept my thanks for three favors. I have long been acquainted with the arts of intrigue, both foreign and domestic. You know that my republicanism and patriotism are too firm to be shaken. That although grown an old man, I have not yet lost my political or military ken, nor shall they be idle. Old birds cannot be caught with chaff, especially by our modern fowlers."

Miscellany.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

Having taken a very active part in the discussions which have arisen out of the machine invented by Mr. Readheffer, we shall continue to inform our readers on the subject, whenever any new circumstance arises that may interest the public on the subject.

In conformity with the intimation made by the Legislature of this state, to Mr. Readheffer, that a committee was appointed to examine his machine and report upon it, Mr. Readheffer, through the hands of the Editor of this paper,

signified by letter to the committee that it would be for their inspection on Thursday last, the 21st inst. Prior to that day, however, he signified that it would not be suitable or convenient for him to present it on that day to the committee; and on Friday last he signified to two of the members, that he had determined not to exhibit it to them at all.

This extraordinary conduct has with too much reason excited serious doubts as to the reality of the discovery; and the committee have made their report to this effect to the Legislature.

The editor feels that it is due to himself and the public to state, that he has for two successive days attended to the examination of the machine in company with a considerable number of respectable millwrights, and others conversant in machinery, and examined every part of the machine, taken it to pieces, and put it together again, and without discovering any thing which could lead to a belief that there was any thing in it concealed. His refusal to exhibit the machine, as he had promised, though it does not prove any deception in the machine, is nevertheless too mysterious and unreasonable to assure confidence, and unless explained in an open and unequivocal manner, must shake the judgment of those who felt the greatest gratification in the belief of its reality.

From the American Daily Advertiser.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

The Testament probendi
Of motion non mutendi,
According to St. Windi
Three-tail'd Bashaw Effendi.
A sturdy stick up-endi,
Circumbendibus rotundi,
Four pendant chains quite bendi,
Two carriages suspendi
On inclin'd planes down tendi,
With leverets addendi,
Begat
Centrifugal, petal gendi,
Which begat
Conatus descendendi,
Which begat
Conatus ascendendi,
Which begat
Conatus revolvendi,
Which begat
Whirl a-gig never endi.

FEMALE CONSCRIPT.

The courage and generosity of a young French woman who substituted herself for her brother, a conscript in 1806, and who has just returned from the army covered with honorable wounds, was lately the subject of much conversation at Antwerp. The story is true, and the particulars deserve to be known.

VIRGINIA GRESQUIERE, born at Delemont, Department of the North, District of Lille, finding that her brother, who was ordered to march, was not in a condition to support the fatigues of war, and that he was inclined to continue his studies, obtained from her parents permission to depart for him. They were twins, and very much resembled each other. She presented herself at the depot in the clothes of her brother, and was sent to the 27th regiment of the line, in which she has served six years. She was raised to the rank of a sergeant at the battle of Wagram, for having saved the life of her captain, who fell into the Danube and was in danger of perishing. At the battle of the 2d May, near Lisbon, where the duke of Abrantes commanded, her colonel being surrounded by the enemy, she demanded six men whom she could depend upon, with whom she proceeded to his succor. Notwithstanding a gun-shot wound which she received in her left arm, she succeeded in saving him, besides making two insurgent officers prisoners. She also received, on this occasion, a wound from a bayonet in the left side, was carried to the hospital of Almeida, and from thence to that of Burgos, where she was cured of her wounds without her sex being discovered; but an illness has since betrayed it, and she has just passed by the city of Courtray to go on to her depot to receive the recompense due to her valor, and to be decorated by the hand of the colonel whom she saved with the honorable insignia due to the brave.

A female at Darmstadt lately poisoned her own brother, through a principle of humanity and filial piety. He was ill, and his recovery was despaired of by the physicians. The girl, seeing that her parents, who devoted on him, were exhausting themselves by their attendance and nightly watchings, believed that it was meritorious to save them and put the young man out of pain by administering opium to him. The mother, on discovering that he had been poisoned by his sister, died in a state of distraction; the father took to his bed, never spoke again, and survived only a few days. The daughter was convicted upon her own confession, and broke alive upon the wheel.

FROM THE EUROPEAN MAGAZINE.

New Discovery respecting the Variation of the Magnetic Needle.

We feel a great satisfaction in having it in our power to announce to the public, that a gentleman has discovered the cause of the variation of a magnetic needle; and that, through his theory, he has constructed a compass, which stands invariably due north and south, on all parts of the globe. The navigator, by this wonderful discovery, can always steer a true course; and engineer or surveyer will always measure correct angles to the true meridian.

The inventor has termed it azimuthal. By being compared with the common needle, it indicates the true variation. What is most extraordinary in it, is, that any quantity of iron, placed at one yard distance, does not in the least affect it.

NOTE.

The Patrons of the Minerva are respectfully informed that, hereafter, the terms of subscription to this paper will be precisely those on which the other gazettes of the city are printed. As every new subscriber is required to make a payment of six months in advance, no deduction will be made on that account. Consequently three dollars per year will be invariably demanded. The Minerva, though of equal size, containing as much matter, and costing as much in its execution as either the Star or Register, has hitherto been furnished at a rate one sixth cheaper. This, a regard to the prosperity of the establishment will no longer permit to be done.

State of North Carolina.

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law,
Nov'r Term, 1812.

Francis Lewis,

vs. Andrew T. Davidson.

Original Attachment,
levied, &c.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Andrew T. Davidson, the defendant in this cause, is not an inhabitant of this state; therefore it is ordered by court, that publication be made three months successively, in the Raleigh Minerva, unless the said defendant appear at the next superior court of Law, to be held for the county aforesaid, on the sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and replevy or plead to issue, judgment will be entered up against him.

Test,

79 3m TH : HENDERSON, c. s. c. c.

Twelve-and-an-half Cents Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber, Alexander McKay, an indented apprentice to the silversmith's business. The above reward, but no charges, will be paid for his delivery to me, on my premises, in Iredell. NEIL M'KAY.
N. B. All persons are hereby forewarned not to harbor the said apprentice at their peril.
January 11, 1813. Stp

Stray Horse.

STRAYED, from the subscriber, living in the upper end of Wake county, near the Cumberland line, a Large Black Horse, about five feet five inches high, with a white spot on his left side; a scald on his withers; his right fore hoof cracked up to the hair; a small white speck in his forehead; and a tolerably long tail which has been nicked. He was missed on Monday the 11th instant. Five dollars reward, besides all reasonable expences, will be paid to whoever shall bring him to, ETHELDRED JONES.
Wake county, January 29. 813. 78.3tp.

Stray Horse.

THE Subscribers, on oath called on by Capt. Wm. Scott to appraise a Black horse supposed to be about 12 or 14 years old, upwards of five feet high, a star in the forehead, a small bump on the nose, has the appearance of lately being cured of the fistula, a white saddle spot on each side, both hind feet white, which horse they value to be worth fifty dollars. Given under our hands this 27th January, 1813.
Johnson Busbee,
Josiah Atkins.

Sworn to before me the day above written,
WM. BOYLAN, J. P.
William Scott requests the owner of said horse to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

WANTED,

A person who is acquainted with the making and burning of Brick, to superintend and manage a Brick-Yard during the summer of 1813. An industrious and sober man, who can produce testimonials of his character, will receive good wages on application to the subscriber in Raleigh.
Dec 18—1f WM. POLK.

Doctor Burges

HAS REMOVED to the shop (on Fayetteville-street) formerly occupied by Dr. Wm H. WILLIAMS.
Nov. 13—67f.

State Bank of N. Carolina,

DECEMBER 15th, 1812.

PURCHASERS of Stock in the State Bank are informed, that a power of Attorney authorising a Transfer of a Share or Shares held in the State Bank must be witnessed either by the Cashier of the principal Bank or of one of its Branches, by a Notary Public, or by two Justices of the Peace—and if by the latter, their signatures must be certified by the Clerk of the Court, with the County Seal annexed—This regulation to commence on the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY NEXT, of which all who may be concerned will take notice.
72,tf W. H. HAYWOOD, Cashier.



Charles Parish,

RETURNS his grateful acknowledgments to his friends and the public, for the liberal encouragement they have given him heretofore in his line of business, and informs them that on the first inst. his large and commodious three story brick building, at the

SIGN OF THE EAGLE,

north of the state house, will be in complete order to receive boarders and travellers; where he earnestly solicits the continuation of their patronage. He pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to render general satisfaction to those who favour him with their custom. Honest and active servants alone will be engaged, and his stables will perhaps be excelled by none.
Raleigh, July 3 1812. 43—1f.

Printing,

Executed at this office, with neatness and the utmost accuracy.

THE EDITORS

RETURN thanks to those of their Friends who, in conformity to the Notice which they published some time ago, have paid up their Accounts to the close of the present year; and, willing to part with the few remaining Subscribers, who have not found it convenient, or who may have had an opportunity to do so, they are respectfully informed that their Papers will be discontinued until the 1st of April next, on which day, if their Accounts shall not then have been paid, or settled by Note, their names will certainly be struck off from the Subscription lists of said papers, and their Accounts put into a train for collection.
JOSEPH G ALES,
JONES & HENDERSON,
LUCAS & A. H. BOYLAN
December 31, 1812.

W. BOYLAN

HAS RECEIVED, THIS WINTER, SEVERAL IMPROVEMENTS OF BOOKS,

Among which are the following:
Gill's complete Body of Divinity, 3 vols. 81c
Mason's Spiritual Treasury, 2 vols. 4
Stackhouse's History of the Bible, 6 vols. 11
Buck's Theological Dictionary, 2 vols. 11
Miscellany, 2 vols. 11
Campbell on the Gospels 11
Paley's Evidences of Christianity 11
Natural Philosophy 11
Moral Philosophy 11
Davies' Sermons, 3 vols. 11
Doddrige's Family Expositor, 2 vols. 11
The complete Duty of Man, by H. Venn, 2 2s
Fordyce's Sermons to Young Women 11
Doddrige's ditto to Youth 11
Confession of Faith and Constitution of the Presbyterian Churches in the U.S. 11
Scott's Essays 11
Clark's Discourses to Youth 11
Saurin's Select Sermons 11
Wesley's Sermons, 5 vols. 11
Galloway on the Prophecies, 2 vols. 11
Newton's Works, 9 vols. 11
Dick and Perry on Inspiration 11
Practical Piety, by Hannah Moore, 11
Ferguson's Roman Republic, 3 vols. 11
Female Biography, or Memoirs of illustrious women of all ages and countries, by Mary Hays, 3 vols. 11
Plowden's History of Ireland, 5 vols. 11
Molina's History of Chili, 3 vols. with maps. 11
Depons' do. of the Spanish Main, 3 vols. with maps. 11
Staunton's Embassy to China 11
Life of Sir William Jones 11
Cavallo on Electricity, 3 vols. 11
Antenore's Travels in Greece and Asia, 3 vols. 11
Kames's Elements of Criticism, 2 vols. 11
Hooles's Ariosto, 6 vols. London, call, gilt, 11 10
German Theatre, do. do. do. do. 11 10
The Looker-on, 4 vols. do. do. do. 11 10
Chaucer's Works, 14 vols. do. do. do. 11 20
Shakespeare's do 25 vols. do. do. do. 11 20
Watts' Works, 7 vols. do. do. do. 7 20
Every man his own Gardener, by Masson and Abercrombie, 11
Marshall on Gardening, 2 vols. 11
Kirwin on Manures 11
Kneef on Education 11
Knickerbocker 11
Vision of Don Roderick, by Walter Scott, 11
Lempriere's Universal Biography, 3 vols. 11 10
Coxe's Russian Discoveries in America, with maps and plates, 11
Pike's Expeditions to the sources of the Mississippi, thro' the western parts of Louisiana, and a tour through the interior parts of New Spain, with maps and charts, 11
Ewell's Medical Companion 11
Thomas's Practice 11
Staunton's Virgil, English notes, 11
Wilson on Diseases, 2 vols. 11
Carey's Pocket Atlas, 11
Virginia Spy, Jefferson's Manual, The Spirit of the Book 11
Smart's Horace, Frances' do. 11
Malthus on Population, 2 vols. 11
Gillies' History of the World, 3 vols. 11
Ancient Greece, 4 vols. 11
Richie's Memoirs of Europe, 3 vols. 11
Melmoth's Cicero, 3 vols. 11
Boswell's Life of Johnson, 3 vols. 11
NEW NOVELS.

Vivian, 2 vols. 11
Milesian Chief, 2 vols. 11
Self Indulgence 11
Asylum, 2 vols. 11
Married Life, 2 vols. 11
The best Writing Paper, by the ream or quire, Red and Black Sealing Wax. Red and Black Waxes. Red and Black Ink Powder. India Boxes of Paint. Office Tape. Inkstands. Quills of the best kind. Copy and Cyphering Books. Little & Smith's Music Books. Blank Books for Music. Pocket Ledgers. Ledgers, Journals, and Record Books. Blank Notes and Checks. Copy and Superior Court Blanks. Copy Slips.
January 22. 77f.

Eagle Tavern,

IN WILLIAMSBOROUGH.
THIS Tavern will again be opened, on the first of January next, for and on account of VAGAN & CARDWELL, and will be kept by the latter. The former friends and customers to this House and the public in general, may rest assured that every attention will be paid to those who favor it with their custom, to render their stay as agreeable as possible. The supplies will be good and sufficient. The stable, perhaps among the best in the state, will be plentifully stored with all kinds of provender, and kept well littered. This Tavern has been leased for several years back at 500 dollars per annum, yet the last year it was shut up, contrary to articles of agreement with the lessor. It is to be hoped, notwithstanding, that the public patronage, which has heretofore been so liberal, will again aid and assist in reviving it; and the most moderate terms will be observed.
JAMES VAUGHAN,
LEONARD CARDWELL.