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GENERAL ORDERS.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, NOV. 10, A. D. 1814.

In consequence of a requisition being made by the President of the United States upon His Excellency the Governor of this state for one complete regiment of Infantry to march to the defence of Norfolk, the Lieutenant Colonel Commandant of the Counties of Orange, Chatham, Person, Caswell, Rockingham, Guilford, Randolph, Stokes, Surry and Wilkes, are hereby required to order out the Detached Militia in their several regiments, to rendezvous at Hillsborough on Monday the 28th day of this Month. Lieutenant Colonel Richard Anderson of Person County will take the command of said regiment; to which Lieutenant Colonel Samuel Hunter of Guilford, Major Samuel Torrentine of Orange, and Major Joseph Winston, jr. of Stokes County, are attached. The regiment will be organized at Hillsborough, the place of rendezvous, under the orders of the Commanding Officer, from whence they will be immediately marched to Norfolk, where they will receive their arms, &c. It is required that each soldier furnish himself with a blanket and knapsack before his departure from home; and to prevent any inconvenience for the want of provision each Captain or Commanding Officer of a company is directed to purchase, or cause to be purchased on the credit of the Government the necessary subsistence on their march to Hillsborough, where they will be supplied by the United States Contractor in this State, who has been required so to do. The Captains or other Commanding Officers of companies will give certificates to persons, by whom the supplies are furnished. And in the event of a failure to procure the supplies in this way, each officer and soldier will furnish himself with a sufficiency for a subsistence to the place of rendezvous. Transportation must be procured, and if necessary pressing must be resorted to; but in no case whatsoever is any act of impressment to be sanctioned by military authority, unless a special license in writing is first had and obtained from the commandant of the regiment where such impressment may take place. And any officer violating this particular shall be punished according to the usages of the military, as heretofore known and practised in such like cases.

The General Government are bound by an act of Congress passed the 18th April last to pay the expenses that may be incurred.

If there should be wilful or negligent failures among the soldiery, in repairing to the place of rendezvous, the Commandants of regiments are hereby expressly required to order out a portion of the Cavalry, and if there be no Cavalry in the regiment to which such commandant may belong, then he will order out a sufficient force of Infantry to apprehend such delinquents or deserters, and to secure them in the jail of their Counties respectively; and that information thereof be immediately given to the Commanding Officer of the Detachment at Hillsborough, of such imprisonment. And where, in the opinion of such Commandants of regiments, the expense would justify it, in that case, such delinquents or deserters are to be securely conveyed to Hillsborough, and there to be delivered to the Commanding Officer. A prompt compliance is expected.

By order of the Commander in Chief,
ROBERT WILLIAMS, Adjutant-General
of the Militia of North-Carolina.

Nov. 71-3t.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Preparatory to my removal from this State, which I expect will take place in a short time, I will, on Monday the 12th day of December next, ensuing, to the highest bidder, expose to PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, the LANDS and PLANTATIONS whereon I now live, lying contiguous to the Town of Williamsborough, in Granville County, and adjoining the Lands of Mrs. Sumner, Governor Turner, and Col. Francis Burton, the whole being about 400 acres, well adapted for the cultivation of corn, tobacco and small grain. On the premises are a dwelling house with six rooms and the necessary out houses, a tolerable apple and Peach orchard, and an excellent spring convenient to the buildings.—The remarkable healthiness of the place, its short distance from the Williamsborough Academy (being about half a mile) renders it truly a desirable situation for any persons who may have their children to educate or who may be disposed to take Boarders. Also between 30 and 40 remarkable young NEGROES of almost every description, equal in value to any in the United States. Likewise my stock of cattle and hogs, about ninety head of sheep and some horses—my house hold furniture, corn, fodder, plantation utensils &c. Part of the aforesaid negroes and other property will be sold for cash; the remainder on a considerable credit; but the particular terms will be made known on the day of sale.—The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole is sold, it is my wish that all those to whom I am indebted, should bring forward their claims properly adjusted for settlement on the day or days of sale.
HENRY LYNE.

N. B. I will sell the above mentioned Land privately at any time before the day of sale.
H. L.
Nov. 6th, 1814. 71 t12D.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
District of Cape Fear.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Honorable the District Court of the United States, for the District aforesaid, I do hereby give this public notice, that I shall expose and sell at Public Auction, and to the highest bidder, on Monday the 28th of November inst. in the town of Wilmington, N. C. the

CARGO OF THE PRIZE BRIG,
called the Harvest, consisting of about
36 hinds, }
33 Tierces, } BLUBBER,
40 Barrels, }
26 Casks SE. L OIL,
163 Do. TRAIN OIL,
74 Tierces } PICKLED SALMON
1 bb's. }
246 SE. L SKINS,
4 SEA COW AND CALF DITTO,
9 B's. Pickled FISH,
28 Quintals dry FISH,
2 Casks containing BEAVER and other SKINS.
450 PIPE STAVES.

I shall sell, in like manner, the said BRIG HARVEST, of the Burden of about one hundred and thirty one Tons, British built, together with her tackle, apparel and furniture, condemned as prize to the owners, officers and crew of the private armed schooner York.

Also, on the 1st January, will be sold the CARGO of the schooner called the PRINCE REGENT consisting of about four hundred barrels of HERRING. Also, the SCHOONER PRINCE REGENT, her tackle, apparel and furniture, condemned as prize to the owners, officers and crew of the letter of Marque Brig Dash.

J. C. DUNBIBIN, D. M.
Wilmington, N. C. Nov. 8th, 1814. 72-2w.

STATE BANK OF N. C.

Raleigh, 15th Nov. 1814.

AGREEBLY to the 2d section of the act incorporating the State Bank of North Carolina, an election of nineteen Directors of the Principal Bank, shall take place annually on the first Monday in December.

The Stockholders of the said Bank are therefore called on to hold said election, and to attend to such other business in relation to the general interests of the Institution, as may be judged necessary, on Monday the fifth day of December next, at 9 o'clock in the morning, at the Academy buildings, in the city of Raleigh.

By order of the Board,
W. H. HAYWOOD, Cash.

Such Stockholders as do not attend the Election of Directors personally, will authorize proxies in the form hereof prescribed.

DANCING SCHOOL.—At the request of many of the citizens of this place, the subscriber will open a school for dancing, at the Academy buildings, on Thursday the 21st instant, to continue during the recess of that institution.—Terms, for 18 lessons, \$10.

MUSIC.—Scholars on the Piano Forte will be taken and taught with his customary care and attention, on the following terms. For the year, \$50; first session of the Academy, \$30; second do. \$26.—and per month \$7. To any scholars prevented from attending the first or second week of the sessions, extra lessons to make up the time will be given; a loss, at the commencement, of more than two weeks will be deducted from the price of tuition. Scholars by the year will pay \$30, those for a session or less time, the whole amount in advance. The music school will recommence on the first of January next; and, as usual, a concert and exhibition be given at the end of each session.

The subscriber returns unfeigned thanks for the liberal encouragement he has hitherto received and will endeavor to merit a continuance of it.

JNO. F. GONEKE.

Raleigh, Nov. 18, 1814.

72-3w.

NOTICE.—The subscriber takes this method to inform those who are indebted to him, that he is forced by necessity to call on them, for immediate payment, and it is hoped that all delinquents may cast their eyes on this notice may not be deceived and think, "he does not mean me," for it is you and each of you; and all those who do not avail themselves of this notice, on or before the first of December next, shall be called on by an officer.
DENNIS HARGIS.
Hillsborough 10th Nov. 18 4.

72-3w.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Ran away from the subscriber, on the 11th instant, A NEGRO FELLOW named OLIVER, tolerably stout built and well made, aged about 27 years but looks young for that age, having very little beard, about 5 feet 8 inches high; he is a tolerably black fellow, with a very pleasing, smiling countenance, is very polite and courteous in his address, has rather a soft, effeminate voice, and has a short quick step when he walks. He has for several years past been employed as a waiter in the public house kept at this place and carried with him sundry articles of very good cloathing which cannot be described. He took off with him a dark, chestnut sorrel HORSE (at that time much sun burnt and in low order) about 4 feet 10 or 11 inches high, with a white face, and a scar under his right eye, about 7 or 8 years old. I will give the above reward for securing the above described negro fellow, so that I get him again; all proper expenses if brought home and a reasonable compensation for such information as may enable me to regain the horse. As he runs away without any cause whatever, I am apprehensive he has been furnished with free papers, and will make his way towards Newbern, or some other seaport town.
THO. B. LITTLEJOHN.
Oxford, Granville County, 29th Sept. 1814. 66-tf.

The Editors of the Newbern Federal Republican and Charleston Courier, will please insert the foregoing three times each, and transmit their accounts to the Minerva office for payment.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Will be sold by the subscriber, on very reasonable terms, the Lots and Houses of public entertainment, in the town of Oxford, reserved by him when the town was established on his land. The property possesses superior advantages which will always secure to the proprietor a preference of custom, each lot being contiguous to the court yard, and handsomely situated; upon one of which are two commodious houses, two stories high, containing thirteen rooms for the accommodation of gentlemen of the bar and others who wish retirement; with every necessary out-house, and a garden and yard occupying nearly four acres. Upon the other lot there is a tavern house which is about to be repaired and enlarged, a spacious framed stable besides other houses, and a horse lot adjoining, which will be extended to any size the purchaser may desire, to which will be added as much land convenient to the town, as may be required for fire-wood and pasture. As any general description of the premises will necessarily prove unsatisfactory to strangers who may be desirous to purchase such property, they are invited to view it. The subscriber will also sell lots of ground, to suit the purchaser, adjoining the town and convenient to the Oxford Academy, which affords to its patrons the prospect of becoming a flourishing institution.
TH. B. LITTLEJOHN.
Oxford, Granville county, 31st March, 1814. 40-tf

WANTED, A TEACHER

properly qualified and well recommended to discharge the duties of Principal in the Tarborough Academy. Gentlemen to whom the office would be desirable, will please address their applications to the Subscriber on or before the 15th of December at which time the Trustees will proceed to make the appointment. The exercises of the Academy to commence early in January, and to embrace the usual Academic studies. The terms are liberal, though the board look forward to an advancement of Salary, proportioned to the prospect and increasing reputation of the School.
ROBT. JOYNER, Sec'y.
Tarborough, 1st Oct. 1814. 66 t15D.

UNIVERSITY.

As the term for which the present Steward of the University of North Carolina was engaged will expire with the current year, we, being the committee of appointment, are ready to receive proposals for a contract for the ensuing year and we invite all fit characters for the place to come forward with their terms at an early day.

We however think it but candid to state, that a proposition, as we learn, is intended to be submitted to the Board of Trustees at their annual meeting in November next, for abolishing the Stewardship and for renting out the houses now occupied by the Steward.—Should this plan succeed with the board, the proposed contract will be superseded—should it fail, it will be our duty to proceed to the appointment.—Meanwhile we would receive and consider proposals.

J. HAYWOOD,
W. POLK,
H. POTTER.

77-tf.

Raleigh, 11th October, 1814.

TICKETS IN VARIOUS LOTTERIES.

(some now drawing) for sale at this office.

LANKS, of various denominations, kept constantly for sale at this office.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REP. MONDAY, NOV. 7.

The House resumed the consideration of the Volunteer Bill.

The question depending at the time of adjournment, viz. on the adoption of the section exempting the two years' volunteers "from draft or other militia duty" at the call of the United States, until all the militia within their states have served,—having been again stated:

Mr. Fisk of Vt. moved to amend it so as to read, that any volunteer who shall serve for two years, "shall not thereafter be enrolled in the militia or subject to draft or any other militia duty during the present war," unless when the militia shall be called out en masse.

The motion of Mr. Fisk was opposed by Messrs. Pitkin of Con. Barnett of Geo. and McKee of Ky. and advocated by the mover, and Messrs. Desha of Kentucky, Wright of Md. Rhea of T. and Barbour.

Mr. Forsythe of Geo. spoke briefly in reply to some remarks of Mr. Desha.

The amendment proposed was finally negatived by the following vote:

For the motion	62
Against it	81

The question recurring on the adoption of the new section, Mr. McKee proposed a substitute to it, nearly in the following words:

"That all volunteers who may enter the service of the United States under this act, and serve out the time stipulated, in all future calls for militia service under the authority of the United States shall have credit for a term of service equal to the term served by them respectively."

On the question to agree to this substitute, it was decided in the affirmative, ayes 65.

After a few remarks of Mr. Fisk of Vt. in objection to this amendment, and Mr. McKee in reply—

The question was taken on agreeing to the section as amended, and carried in the affirmative without a division.

Mr. King of Mass. then moved an amendment going to limit the number of volunteers to be accepted, to ten thousand.

This motion was opposed by Messrs. McKee, Troup, and Wright, and advocated by the mover.

This proposed amendment having been amended by striking out 10,000 and inserting fifty thousand—

The amendment limiting the number (as amended) was negatived, 37 only rising in the affirmative.

Mr. Gholson of Va. then moved to amend the first section of the bill, by incorporating therein, after the clause authorising the acceptance of volunteers, the following words: "who may be organized in companies, battalions and regiments, under the authority of any state." &c. &c.

This motion and that, which follows, were debated at considerable length.—Messrs. Gholson, Wright, Sharp and Fisk of N. Y. advocated the amendment, and Messrs. Webster and Grosvenor opposed it.

This amendment was agreed to by the following vote:

For the amendment	68
Against it	55

Mr. Gholson then moved an amendment in the following section, which he conceived to be consequent on this; the object of which was, as the reporter understood, to authorise the executive to receive into the service of the United States, the volunteer corps so associated and organized under state authority.

On the proposed amendment, the debate was renewed with considerable zeal.

It was supported by Messrs. Gholson, Fisk of N. Y. Wright and Rhea of Ten. and opposed by Messrs. Webster, Grosvenor, and Macon.

The question thereon was decided by yeas and nays as follows:

For the motion	71
Against it	76

So the motion was negatived.

Mr. Gholson took occasion to observe, that the rejection of this amendment, though consequential to the first, was of little importance, as every purpose he had in view was answered by that already adopted.

This Mr. Grosvenor denied; because, he said, as the bill now stood, these volunteers, nominally under state authority must be officered by the Executive of the U. S. &c.

To this Mr. Gholson replied, that the words "organized under state authority," certainly embraced also the commissioning the officers by the states.

To put this question entirely out of doubt, as he said, Mr. Ingersoll moved to insert, after the clause just recited, the words "Provided, the officers of the said volunteers shall be commissioned by the President of the U. States." This motion he supported by a speech of some length, to which Mr. Gholson replied, also at some length. Mr. Rhea made a few observations in opposition to it.

Mr. Johnson of Ky. rose to move the postponement of the further consideration of this subject for the present. He thought it probable, when the House had acted on other measures of more importance than this, they would be better prepared to act on this subject.

This motion was agreed to; and the several orders of the day having been postponed until to-morrow—

Mr. Fisk of N. Y. from the committee of Ways and Means asked and obtained leave to report a bill to incorporate the subscribers to

the Bank of the United States of America; which was twice read by its title, and referred to a committee of the whole.

And the House adjourned at 4 o'clock.

SENATE, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7.

Mr. Fromentin submitted the following motion for consideration.

Resolved, That the committee on naval affairs, be directed to inquire into the causes which may have prevented, till now, a compliance with the following resolutions, passed by the Senate on the 18th March, 1814:

"Resolved, That it be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy to devise and digest a system for the better organization of the department of the Navy of the United States, and to report the same to the Senate at the commencement of their next session.

"Resolved, That it be the duty of the secretary of the Navy to digest, or cause to be digested, the laws now in force relative to the naval establishment and the marine corps, and to report the same to the Senate at the commencement of their next session."

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8.

The consideration of the motion yesterday made by Mr. Fromentin, was postponed to Monday next.

The Senate were engaged the whole of this day in an animated discussion on the bill, reported by its Military Committee, for filling the ranks of the army. This bill contains several provisions for extending the power of enlistment to minors, doubling the bounty in land, &c. The discussion has not yet terminated.

HOUSE OF REP. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Stanford in the chair, on the bill to authorize the President of the United States to cause to be built or purchased the vessels therein described, viz. not more than twenty vessels, to carry not less than 8 nor more than 14 guns.

Mr. W. Reed of Mass. moved to amend the bill by striking out of that clause which describes the force of the vessels the words "not less than 8 nor more than 14 guns," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "not less than 20 nor more than 24 guns."

The motion to amend the bill, was negatived, ayes only 40.

Mr. Ingersoll then moved to amend the bill by striking out 14, the maximum, and inserting 22 guns, so as that the rate of the vessels shall not fall short of 3 nor exceed 22 guns.

The question on the amendment was decided in the affirmative by a large majority.

Mr. Wm. Reed then moved to amend the bill so as to put it in execution "as soon as measures are taken to equip for sea such of the largest vessels directed to be built by former laws, as are in such a state of forwardness as that they may be equipped during the ensuing winter."—This motion was negatived, ayes only 25.

The committee then rose and reported the bill to the House, who agreed to the amendment which had been made to it.

Mr. W. Reed then moved to strike out eight, the minimum of force, and insert "eighteen;" which motion was negatived by yeas and nays, by a large majority.

The bill was then ordered to be read a third time to-morrow—

And the House adjourned.

Foreign Intelligence.

MUNGO PARK.

To the Editor of the (London) Morning Chronicle.

SIR,—When Mr. James Gray Jackson (who has published his travels in Africa) returned to this country, from Morocco, some six or seven years since, he reported to the Earl of Moira and to Sir Joseph Banks, on the authority of an Arabic letter, (which he himself had read, and which was written from Kabra, the port of Timbuctoo, by a liberated negro, to his former master, a Moorish merchant then residing at Mogadore) that a small vessel or boat had anchored before Kabra in the river (the Nile of the Negroes) and that this vessel or boat had hoisted a white flag—that there were seen in the boat by the inhabitants of Kabra, three Christians, one of whom was described as a very tall man, who stood up in the boat, which remained before the port of Kabra until night, but the next morning nothing more was seen of it. This boat had no communication with the shore; but it was presumed that it had passed on to the eastward towards Houssa.

There appears, Mr. Editor, a remarkable coincidence in this report of Mr. Jackson, when compared with the account lately received from Mr. Court, of Mogadore, viz.

That a native African had arrived at Mogadore in the month of May, bringing an account that he had left Houssa, about March last—and that belonging to the akkaba or great caravan of the interior, there were three Christians, whom some King of Soudon, (probably that of Houssa) had placed under the protection of some Sheriff, (or Prince) with a positive injunction to convey them across the Great Desert to the northern confines of Africa, probably to Algiers or Tunis. From this remarkable corroboration, after a lapse of time, there is reason to conclude that the three Christians, mentioned in the report now arrived from Mogadore, are the same with those mentioned in Mr. Jackson's report, and that they are no other than the remains of the party of that enterprising and indefatigable traveller, Mr. Mungo Park, viz. Mr. Park himself, and two of his surviving companions.

VASCO DE GAMA

Eton, August 14, 1814.