

we made, and of which you have a note at foot. Sterling bills have advanced to 20 francs, and will go higher in consequence of the late political events.

Supplement to the London Gazette of Saturday, MONDAY, JULY 3, 1815.

A Despatch of which the following is a copy, was last night received, addressed to Earl Bathurst, by his grace the Duke of Wellington, dated Orveille, June 20, 1815.

MY LORD.—Being aware of the anxiety existing in England to receive the returns of killed and wounded in the late actions, I now send a list of the officers, and expect to be able to send this evening returns of the non-commissioned officers and soldiers. The non-commissioned officers and soldiers, British and Hanoverian, killed, wounded and missing, are between 12 and 18,300.

Your Lordship will see in the inclosed lists the names of some valuable officers lost to his Majesty's service.—Among them I cannot avoid to mention Col. Cameron of the 82d, and Col. Sir H. Ellis of the 22d regiments, to whose conduct I have frequently drawn your Lordship's attention, and who at last fell distinguishing themselves at the head of the brave troops which they commanded.

Notwithstanding the glory of the occasion, it is impossible not to lament such men, both on account of the public and as friends.

I have the honor to be, &c.

WELLINGTON.

American Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, AUG. 17.

Two more Algerine Frigates Captured.—To the politeness of Messrs. Butler and Nevins, of this city, we are indebted for a copy of the following letter, containing the pleasing intelligence of the capture of two more Algerine frigates, by the American squadron under the command of Commodore Decatur.

Boston, August 15—Noon.

Arrived below, the ship Cyrus, captain Eames, 45 days from Lisbon. While at the Tagus, capt. Eames received the following letter from J. P. Hufchinson, Esq. at Lisbon, being a letter he had received from Carthage, dated 20th June.

Yesterday arrived at this port dismantled and almost a wreck, an Algerine frigate. She had been captured and reduced to this state by American ships of war outside. We are this moment informed that another Algerine frigate has also been captured by the Americans and carried into Essair anchorage on this coast, distant from here about 7 leagues east.

Confirmation.—Capt. Eames, spoke August 9, off Cape Sables, brig Shakespeare, capt. Rand, who informed that he left Lisbon 6 days after us, and a confirmation of the above was received at Lisbon just before he sailed, by a Swedish vessel, who was in sight off Com. Decatur's squadron when he captured the 3 Algerine frigates, and two brigs were also captured at the same time. This information may be depended upon.

The following letter on the same subject, is from the Palladium Office, Boston, to the Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser.

Boston, August 15—noon.

Arrived, ship Cyrus, Eames, Lisbon, 45; 10 days since spoke brig Shakespeare, Rand, for New-York, and was informed that Decatur's squadron had captured three Algerine frigates and two brigs. This news is said to be corroborated by letters.

The Cyrus is below. Some passengers are up, but we have not seen them. We have heard from others, reports thus related, "That our squadron had taken two Algerine frigates and two brigs; that the Guerriere was in pursuit of another frigate; and that the Ontario, sloop of war, was blockading Algiers. Below, 2 ships besides the Cyrus.

NASHVILLE, (TENN.) JULY 26.

The Indians.—An express arrived at General Jackson's head quarters on Monday last bringing dispatches from Governor Clark, Edwards, &c. Commissioners appointed to negotiate with the Indians residing upon the Mississippi and its waters. The dispatches brought leave strong grounds to suppose, that we shall again be compelled to wage war against those Savages. They were invited to attend the council at Portage des Sioux on the 6th instant—but few attended—several of the tribes did not send a single man; nor were they expected to do so. The principal part of those who did attend, were the most insignificant and contemptible of the Sauks and Foxes of Rock river, whose principle warriors and chiefs were left behind, to cherish, it is supposed, hostility towards our government. War parties of those tribes had recently started for our frontiers. The Kickapoos, are also supposed to be associated with the tribe of Rock river, and participate in their unfriendly disposition towards our government. More murders are said to have been committed by them since the restoration of peace than during the late war. It is the opinion of the commissioners, that the exertion of the military power of our government will be necessary to secure peace.

RALEIGH:

FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1815.

ELECTION RETURNS FOR 1815.

HYDE.—Senate, Samuel Clark. Commons, Thomas Spencer, William Jordan. WASHINGTON.—Senate, Thomas Norman. Commons, Daniel Bateman, James Freeman. TYRRELL.—Senate, Charles Hoskins. Commons, Daniel Sawyer, Daniel Bateman. TOWN OF HILLSBOROUGH.—Thomas Haffin, Commons. LENOIR.—Senate, J. Croom. J. Loftin and Nathan Byrd. RICHMOND.—Senate, James Stewart, (no opposition.) Commons, William M'Leod, Thomas Steele, (Call Federal.) Poll, M'Leod, 474, Steele, 470, Jas. L. Vaughan, 264, Michael Dockery, 258.

ROCKINGHAM.—Senate, William Bethell. Commons, William Douglass, Thomas Blackburn, (Call demo.)

BUNCOMBE.—Senate, John Longmire. Commons, Z. Horton, James Lowry. State of the Poll: Senate, Longmire 470, E. Hightower 390; Commons, Horton 630, Lowry 539, H. Kyle 552, F. Foster 408, R. Murray 364.

NEW-HANOVER.—Senate, Jas. Larkins, Commons, Joel Parrish, and Geo. Fennell.

TOWN OF WILMINGTON.—Wm. Watts Jones. BRUNSWICK.—Senate, Jacob Leonard, Commons, C. Baker and U. Sutherland.

BLADEN COUNTY.—Senate, Jas. McKay, Commons, John Sellers and H. Gunning.

SAMPSON COUNTY.—Senate, Olin Mobley, Commons, Wm. Blackman and James Matthews.

DUPLIN COUNTY.—Senate, J. Gillespie, Commons, John E. Hussey and David Wright.

ANSON.—Laurence Moore, senate. Joseph Pickett and W. Dismukes, commons.

RANDOLPH.—John Long, senate. S. K. Goodman and Joshua Craven, commons.

GUILFORD.—Jonathan Parker, senate. John Howell and M'Nairy, commons.

NASH.—Senate, George Eoddie. Commons, Robert C. Hilliard and Michael Collins.

State of the Poll in Rowan County.—Senate, W. Hollenhamer 1106, Leatherman 506; Commons, J. A. Pearson 1529, G. McCulloh 1476, D. Hunt 832, R. Moore 846.

BERKOVON.

J. Steele 76, J. Henderson 50.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

Table with columns: HALIFAX DISTRICT, Burges, (fed.), Bryan (demo.), Bertie, Halifax, Northampton, Martin.

1781 1943 162 majority for Bryan.

Table with columns: SALISBURY DISTRICT, Love, (demo.), Pearson, (fed.), Chatham, Rowan, Randolph.

2763 2437 326 majority for Love.

Table with columns: TARBOROUGH DISTRICT, J. W. Clarke, J. Haughton, Edgecomb, Beaufort, Pitt, Hyde, Washington, Tyrrell.

2146 1853

Table with columns: WILKES DISTRICT, Lewis Williams, Esq. (op. rep.) by a large majority over Mr. Franklin.

THE MURDERER ARRESTED!

Extract from a letter of C. Moore, esq. P. M. at Lumberton, N. C. to the editor, dated August 20, 1815.

The present is merely to inform you, that the fratricide John Sanders, (who killed his brother lately in Gates county,) has been apprehended and is now in goal in this town. He was taken in Marietta district, S. Carolina, and when examined before Sion Alford, Esq. one of the Justices of this county, he confessed the fact, and in consequence of this confession was committed.

I think it is highly necessary that he should be removed from this to the county in which he committed the unnatural act, and that speedily—and would it not be proper for our executive to have it done?

Enlistment of Minors.—In the division orders of the Peace establishment, I observe "that all minors and apprentices, who may have been enlisted without the consent of their parents or guardians, on application by the same, shall be discharged." Now this I look upon to be a kind of double violation of principle. In the first instance the rights of the parents, guardians, or masters were trampled upon, to fill the ranks of the army by seducing those over whom they had control. And next those thus seduced are, contrary to their expectation, again placed under the authority from which they had intended to escape.—They are thus rightly punished, but what shall we say of those who are capable of breaking all obligations to reach their unholy purposes?

Foreign News.—There have not, since our last, been any arrivals from Europe, bringing important additions to our stock of foreign intelligence. Verbal accounts, however, state, that the allies entered Paris, by capitulation, on the 4th day of July. We have given the French official detail of the battle of the 18th, together with such other interesting documents as have appeared most worthy of notice. The following items may now, therefore, be added to the Chronology of Bonaparte's life, sometime since published in the Minerva, and brought down to May 8, 1814, the date of his arrival in Elba: 1815. Feb'y, 25 Leaves Elba, with 4 or 5 small vessels and 400 men.

March, 1. Lands at the Gulf of Juan in France. 9. Enters Grenoble. 10. Enters Lyons. 20. Enters Paris, "at the head of the troops sent out to oppose him." And re-assumes the imperial sceptre. 15. The allies issue their declaration against him. 23. Date of their treaty.

May, 24. The hostile armies begin to collect on the Sambre, Maese, &c. Lord Wellington and Blucher, chief in command of the allies.

June, 10. Quits Paris to put himself at the head of his troops.

13. Gives battle at Charleroy to the allied armies, and fights with advantage during this day, the 16th and 17th.

18. Great battle of La Belle Alliance, or Mount Saint John, in which he is totally defeated, his army dispersed and all the materiele taken.

20. Returns to Paris.

22. Abdicates the throne in favor of his son, styled, Napoleon II.

23. The two houses of the Legislature acknowledge Napoleon.

25. Application made by the provisional government, to Lord Wellington, for a passport and safe conduct for Bonaparte to the U States, which is refused.

29. He sets out with the avowed purpose of sailing from Rochfort for America. July 4. The allies enter Paris by capitulation. The rumor now is, that instead of proceeding for the United States, he has taken refuge in England.

COMMUNICATION.

Justice! Justice!—To what a low ebb has thou fallen in the respectable county of Wake, in which, it is said, two justices of the peace can be found, who will bail those whom 12, nay 16 good and lawful men of the county, have declared, on their oaths, to be murderers! It is well known that the coroner of the county was called on lately, to hold an inquest, over the mangled carcase of a negro man slave, the property of S. B. of this county. But the said justices, have, I learn, bailed the perpetrators of a more than savage act, without even consulting the coroner or inspecting, or calling for, the verdict of the jury of inquest; and have in fact, set up their own separate opinions in opposition to the opinions of the said 12 or 16 of the Citizens of said county, delivered under the sanction of a solemn oath.

A Citizen of Wake.

August 3, 1815.

BALTIMORE PENITENTIARY.

July Term, 1815.—The undersigned, gentlemen, composing the committee appointed by the honorable the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Jail Delivery for Baltimore county, July Term, 1815, to visit the Penitentiary and make report thereof, respectfully represent, that they have performed the duty assigned them; that they have examined with great care every part of the house, and with much pleasure state, that cleanliness and neatness prevailed throughout the whole of the establishment. That in all the manufacturing departments, industry, regularity and order are conspicuous; that the criminals were clean and healthy, and their different works were assigned them in a manner which displayed the judgment and humanity of their keepers.

That the institution is in a most flourishing condition, and every part of it evinces the great industry, attention and abilities of its keeper, Mr. Benjamin Williams, whose conduct, the committee are happy to bear witness, is entitled to their highest praise.

The committee have no hesitation in expressing an opinion, that under the present regulations and management, the Penitentiary is an institution which every friend to humanity and good order in the state of Maryland, must wish to see fostered and protected; and have not a doubt, that its beneficial effects will long, very long, be felt and acknowledged by the community at large.

There are in the Penitentiary seventy-eight females, and one hundred and forty-seven males, who are employed as follows, viz:

Table with columns: FEMALES, MALES, 44 spinning, 35 weaving and quilting, 3 sewing, 39 making shoes, 1 cutting out clothes, 23 smithing and nailing, 4 knitting, 6 making brushes, 6 weaving, 2 turning, 2 quilting, 2 carpenter's work, 1 warping, 3 making clothes, 2 reeling, 14 picking oakum and wool, 1 hecking, 4 cooking and baking, 1 cooking, 1 gardening, 4 washing, 5 jobbing, 3 doing house work, 1 writing, 1 nursing, 1 nursing, 2 winding thread, 78 147

All of which is respectfully submitted. Baltimore, Aug. 5th 1815.

COMMITTEE.

R. K. Heath, John Shrim, Richard Stevens, Philip Ulter, Andrew Barge, Alexander Irvine.

The town of Port Royal, in Jamaica, has been almost entirely destroyed by Fire.

We are much gratified to learn that Mr. Crawford has accepted the office of Secretary of War, and has proceeded to the execution of the duties of that Department.—Nat. Int.

The following persons constitute Bonaparte's suite, Gen. Bertrand, Gen. Savary, Gen. Lallemand, Gen. Labacoyere, Gen. Montholon, and Gen. Gorgan; Cols. Bailon and Deschamps; Chiefs of Squadron Moran, Resigny, and St. Yon; Capt. Piron; Lieut. Autrie, Messrs. Deschasse, Chamberlain and his son; St. Catherine, page; Ratheray, Secretary; Began, Surgeon; Cotin and Apianin, maîtres-hotel, Planat St. Jaques, and Chiappi.

The Bertrand, who accompanies Napoleon, is the same who was with him in Elba. The Senior Bertrand (Count Lobau,) is a prisoner to the British.

Bonaparte's intention of coming to America being officially known, the British cruisers are keeping a sharp look out for him. And the Ludlow was very strictly searched for him by the Officers of a frigate.

Postscript.

LISBON, JULY 4.

To-day a Greek ship has arrived from Smyrna; the captain states that 14 days since, off Carthage, he saw the American and Algerine squadrons engaged; that he saw them disperse in all directions, that he saw the Americans take three ships, and that, although he had a good breeze, he heard firing to one o'clock in the morning. He knew of the arrival of the frigate at Carthage, as mentioned. He was on board of Com. Decatur's ship before the action; and afterwards, off Malaga, he fell in with the Dutch squadron.

[CONFIRMATION.—Just as our paper was going to press, with the above, we had the satisfaction to learn, that our government had received from its agents at Alicante and Cadiz, official intelligence of the capture of the frigate and brig abovementioned. We are happy to add, that in this achievement, our loss was comparatively very small—much less than could reasonably have been expected.—It is stated that but four Americans fell in the conflict with the frigate. The letters shall appear to-morrow. Nat. Int.]

LONDON, JULY 8.

Several letters have been received from Havre which state positively that Bonaparte had embarked near that port in a sehr. destined, it is supposed for America.

It is said that in consequence of the death of his serene highness the Duke of Brunswick, the English Hanoverian government will have the administration of the Duchy of Brunswick, as guardian to the Hereditary Prince during his minority.

DOVER, JULY 2.

Arrived here, and embarked last evening, the Right Hon. Lord Castlereagh, on board the Admiralty yacht, and sailed under convoy of a frigate; it is supposed his Lordship will reach Ostend this evening by 7 o'clock.

PORTSMOUTH, JULY 2.

By some Frenchman landed this day, it is supposed that Bonaparte had escaped from Havre two days since, and put to sea.

DIED.

Lately, at Salisbury, Gen. John Steele, elected to represent that town in the Legislature of the state. He was formerly comptroller of the treasury of the United States, and was greatly esteemed for his indelible public and private virtues. A true disciple of the Washington school, he has followed to the grave his contemporaries, Bernard, Key and Thomas.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership of Williams and Mayes, was dissolved on the 18th inst. by mutual consent. Those indebted to them will please pay their respective accounts.

WILLIAMS,

M. P. MAYES,

Raleigh, 25th Aug 1815.

New Firm.—M. P. Mayes and John Williams of Petersburg, Va. have entered into co-partnership, in this city, under the firm of M. P. MAYES and Co.

Where they have just received from New-York a handsome assortment of NEW GOODS.

Consisting in part, of the following articles, viz. Superfine blue, black, next white and long lawn and green cloths. Es upitlas for Handkerchiefs. Do. do. Cassimeres Fine Linen Cambric. Stockings and Berlin Web-Black and colored. L. Vanting. Do. do. White and colored Satin. Ribbon and Bombazetts Double silk Florence and Fine white Flannel changeable Mantua. Manchester Cords and Vel-Black and white figured. Marseilles & fancy Vesting White Thrill. Gilecos and Ginghams. F. ny stripe Cambric. Fine and common Cambrics Muslins, Fine and Common 4-4 and 5-4 shirting do. Book Muslins. Fancy Muslin Robes. Black lace Vests. Leno and fancy Muslins. Blue and black Italian Crapes. Fine and common Jaconet Gentlemen and Ladies' silk Muslins. Hose. Bordered and figured Cambric. do. do. cotton do. brie Showls. White Jeans and Irish Duff. Figured and plain Muslin. per Case Beaver Hats, New York Manufactured. Common Dimity and Nankeens. 1 do. Morocco Hats. White and colored Pocket 1 do. Wool Hats. Handkerchiefs. 1 do. Wauwatomer's cotton Thread Cambric Pocket Cards.

ALSO,

Magnum Bonum Razors, Patent and common Curry Combs, Trunk and Pad Locks assorted, Knives and Forks, Pruning and Pocket Knives, Scissors and Razors of various qualities, Oil cloth, &c. &c. These added to the stock on hand, make their assortment very complete. All of which will be sold for CASH, or good acceptances.

Raleigh, 25th Aug 1815.

12-31.

LEWISBURG FEMALE ACADEMY.

The trustees of this Institution have the pleasure of announcing to the public, that they have succeeded in obtaining, as Tutoress, Miss Harriet Partridge, a lady from Massachusetts; who comes well recommended, not only as possessing in a high degree the requisite qualifications, but also as one who has taught with success and applause in the various branches of her profession.

The exercises of this Seminary will commence on Wednesday the 23d inst. at the following prices for tuition: to wit: for spelling, reading, writing and plain needle work, \$4 per quarter; English grammar, Arithmetic and Geography, \$5 per quarter; Painting, drawing and embroidery, \$6 per quarter—payable in each case in advance. From the moderate rate of tuition, and of Board, which may be had in genteel houses in town and the vicinity; the accomplishments of the preceptors, the elegant and healthy seat of the Academy, and the assiduous attention of the trustees; they confidently rely upon the patronage of a liberal public, for that support which will render this infant institution at once useful and respectable.

By order, R. A. TAYLOR, Sec'y.

Lewisburg, Aug. 21st, 1815. 12-31.

STATE OF N. CAROLINA, August Term, 1815.

WAKE COUNTY.

Will. n Roles to the court, on motion to prove will.

PAPER writing, purporting to be and contain the noncognitive will of John S. Jordan, was in an open court offered for probate. Whereupon it is ordered by the court, that notice be given to the next of kin, and that publication be made in the Raleigh Minerva for six weeks, that those interested may come forward, (if they shall think proper) and contest the same at next court to be held for the county aforesaid, on the 3d Monday in November next.

Test, B. S. KING, C. C. C.

Raleigh, Aug. 25th. 12-61.

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE IN RALEIGH.

Should an opportunity offer, I will sell my Dwelling House, which, for coolness in summer and warmth in winter, is equalled by few, perhaps excelled by none in the city. For the better information of persons at a distance who might be inclined to purchase, I will just mention, that this property is well suited for a private family, being situated near the centre of the town, yet sufficiently retired—the buildings are nearly new—dimensions of the house, 36 by 23, having six rooms and five fire-places, a 10 feet passage and a cellar underneath—a well in the yard and all necessary out-houses. The ground attached to the buildings is a half acre, laid off into yard and garden, both of which are in a high state of improvement. Possession may be had at any time most agreeable to the purchaser, and terms of payment accommodating.—Letters post paid, on the subject will be promptly attended to. WM. SHAW. Raleigh, Aug. 18, 1815. 11-57.

PIANO FORTES.—The subscriber has on hand, and will receive within a few days, several superb PIANOS, of the newest construction; which will be all warranted. A better opportunity of making a choice cannot well offer; as there will be among the number, common and upright American and English instruments. Letters, post paid, will receive immediate attention, and the pianos despatched to any part of the State without danger of injury.

A. LUCAS.

ATTENTION, Officers of the 1st Regt.—You are hereby ordered to parade, at the State-House square, on the 1st Saturday in September, (it being the 2d day of the month) at your usual hour, for the purpose of being drilled. By order, ALFRED LANE, Adj.

August 22, 1815.