

# RALEIGH REGISTER, AND NORTH-CAROLINA WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

"Ours are the Plans of fair, delightful Peace,  
"Unwarp'd by Party Rage to live like Brothers."

VOL. II.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1800.

No. 56.

## MEDICAL SOCIETY.

THE Annual Meeting of the North-Carolina Medical Society, will be held at Raleigh, on Monday the first Day of December next. There will then be delivered four Dissertations on Medical Subjects, by Members appointed at the former Meeting. Essays are expected on a Prize Subject. Several new Members will be ballotted for, the Officers for the ensuing Year chosen, and such other Business transacted as the Society shall think conducive to the general Interests of Medicine, and of their Institution.

By Order,  
CALVIN JONES,  
Corresponding Secretary.

November 10.

## CENSUS.

NOTICE is hereby given, That I shall attend to take the Second Census in the County of Wake, at Raleigh, during the Sitting of the Federal Court. I hope the Heads of Families will be in Readiness and attend to give in the Number and Description of the Families, according to an Act of Congress passed last Session.

ALEX. TATE,  
Assistant to the Marshal.

Nov. 10.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby notified, That in the next General Assembly will be introduced,

A Bill to advance the Administration of Justice in the County Court of Richmond;  
A Bill more effectually to appropriate and delay the several Contingencies of the said County, &c.

A Bill to amend some former Acts and repeal other Acts relative to the aforesaid County;

A Bill to empower Commissioners to establish a Boundary Line between the Counties of Montgomery and Richmond;

A Bill to empower to establish Turnpikes on the new Road from Fayetteville to Camden (where Hinds cannot be procured).

DUNCAN M'FARLAND.  
Laurel Hill, Oct. 22, 1800.

## TO BE LET OR SOLD,

Upon reasonable Terms.

A Valuable PLANTATION, containing about ninety Acres of valuable Low Ground, equal in Quality to any on Pee Dee; with the well known Ferry at this Place, a commodious House, Kitchen, Stables, &c. all in good Repair for Tavern keeping, and well calculated for any Kind of public Business. Also about one Thousand Acres of back Land, which commands a large Outlet of good Range for Hogs and Cattle. Possession will immediately be given.

WILLIAM BROWN.  
Coker Hill, Oct. 22, 1800.

## FOR SALE.

TO THE BEST BIDDER,

On Wednesday the twelfth Day of November next, at the Premises.

THE TRACT of LAND whereon the Subscriber lives, lying in the Counties of Franklin and Warren, on both sides of Little Shocco Creek; computed to contain eight Hundred and twenty-five Acres, fifty or sixty of which is excellent Meadow Ground, Part having been under a Fence for several Years, from which the Owner has received considerable Benefit. This Land is situated twelve Miles South-East of Warrenton, and three of the Shocco Springs. There is on it a Plantation, in good Order, sufficient to employ eight or ten Hands with Advantage. Its Situation is for the most Part high and healthy, and if well cultivated productive.

The Subscriber expects the Buyer to pay down one Thousand Dollars, upon which a Deed will be executed; the Balance in three equal annual Payments, Bonds and Security for which will be required, to bear Interest from the Date if not discharged when due.

PRESLEY NELMS.  
Franklin County, 4th Oct. 1800.

TO THE  
Amateurs of the Fine Arts,  
THE FOLLOWING  
PROPOSALS FOR PUBLISHING

A full Length Portrait of  
THOMAS JEFFERSON, ESQ.  
ARE RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, BY  
The Public's most obedient and  
Very humble Servant,  
GEORGE HELMBOLD.

## CONDITIONS.

I. The Engraving will be done from a Portrait of this American Patriot, taken expressly for the Purpose by an eminent Portrait Painter—and will be executed by an Engraver of the first Rate Abilities.

II. The Size of the Print shall be twenty-two Inches in Length and fourteen Inches in Breadth, so as to make it a Match for Stuart's Print of General WASHINGTON.

III. The Price to subscribers will be six Dollars. The Price to Non-subscribers will be enhanced.

IV. The Subscription Money to be paid on the Delivery of the Print, which is expected to take Place in five Months.

V. The Publisher pledges himself that the Engravings shall be accurate and striking, and that the Engraving shall be equal, if not superior to any Work of the Kind hitherto executed in the United States.

Subscriptions received by the Editor of the Register.

## PITTSBOROUGH ACADEMY.

THE Semi-Annual Examination of the Students at the Academy, will commence on Monday the 15th December next, and continue three Days. On the Evening of the third Day will be performed some theatrical Pieces by the Students.

Nov. 15.

## NOTICE.

I will not in future Pay any Debt, unless contracted by myself, or my Order, in my own Hand Writing.

J. CAMPBELL.  
Person County, November 15.

## FOR SALE.

Two Certificates of Land lying in Kentucky, for which Patents can be obtained as soon as Col. Ingles arrives, viz. One of 1000 Acres, and the other of 640.

LEMUEL SAWYER.  
Raleigh, November 18th.

## NOTICE.

On the 13th December next,  
Will be exposed to Public Sale,  
On a liberal Credit,  
At the Dwelling-house of the Subscriber,  
in Franklin County,

EIGHTEEN Head of valuable Horses, including his thorough-bred Stud Horse Tipoo, who was got by the noted old Horse Wildair, and his Dam by Partner, and several full-blooded Mares and Fillies. The particular Terms will be made known on the Day of Sale.

Nov. 17. JAMES HERVEY.

## LANDS FOR SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, That on the 15th Day of December next, in the City of Raleigh, and at the House of Peter Caffo, will be exposed at Public Auction to the highest Bidder, for ready Money, the following Lands, to wit:—640 Acres lying and being in the County of Sumner, Tennessee; 3200 Acres in the County of Sumner; 640 Acres in Sumner County; and 1007 Acres in Davidson County: All which Lands, with their Buttings and Boundings, will better appear by Reference being had to the respective Grants, which will be produced at the Time and Place of Sale, and a firm and sufficient Title given to the Purchaser, by

NATHAN BONNER.  
Nov. 18.

## AN ACT

To ascertain the Amount of the Certificate Debt of this State.

WHEREAS it is necessary to ascertain the Amount of the Certificate Debt of this State, to the End that Provision may be made for discharging the same:

1. Be it therefore enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority of the same, That all Persons holding Certificates of the Debt of this State, shall, on or before the first Day of December, one Thousand eight Hundred, present the same at the Office of the Treasurer, whose Duty it shall be to register the Number, Date and Amount thereof, together with the Name of the Person to whom the same shall be made payable, in a Book to be by him provided for that Purpose; and the Treasurer shall note on the said Certificate, that the same has been presented and registered as by this Act directed.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Certificates of the Debt of this State, not presented to the Treasurer for the Purpose of registering as aforesaid, within the Time limited by this Act, shall forever thereafter be barred, and shall not be received in any Payment to the State, nor in any Office thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Duty of the Treasurer, to give public Notice of the Requisites of this Act in the State Gazette, and at least three other Newspapers within this State, within one Month from the Rise of this General Assembly, and continue the same at least three Months.

IV. Provided, That this Act, or any Part thereof, shall not be construed or operate to give Currency to such Certificates as have, by any Act of this State, heretofore been declared fraudulent, or refused to be received at the Treasury, or other Offices of this State.

5. All Entries of vacant Lands in North-Carolina made in the Year 1799, for which the Purchase Money shall not be paid in the Course of the present Year, will be lost; and the Lands so entered and not paid for, will recur to the State on the first Day of January next.

Nov. 10.  
Horse supposed to be stolen.

WHEN William E. Fox, alias William Ains, was committed to Hillsborough Goal, in the Month of August last, he had in Possession a bright bay Horse, four Feet nine or ten Inches high, which trots, paces and gallops; his off hind Foot white below the Footlock, no other white about him that could be perceived, nor any perceivable Brand at that Time could be seen, perhaps owing to his Hair being long. His Tail was bobbed, and I believe never docked. The said Horse is supposed to have been stolen. If any Person conceives the Horse to be theirs, and will apply to me, I will put them on the Track of him. His Age was never examined, but from outward Appearances he is old.

HENRY McNEILL.  
Person County, Nov. 12.

JOHN TYLER,  
Practitioner of Medicine & Surgery,  
In Frederick-Town, Maryland,

HAS for ten Years past devoted a considerable Part of his Time and Attention to the Study of that interesting and important Branch of Surgery, which relates to the Diseases of the EYES, and the most proper Mode of healing them; and more particularly to the Operation for the Cure of the CATARACT, which has always been considered as extremely difficult, and has long engaged the Attention of the most learned of the Profession in Europe.

From a long and happy Experience, in operating on the Cataract, agreeably to his Preceptor, the celebrated PEARCEVAL PORT of London, and the successful Termination of at least forty Cases that have come under his Care from the neighbouring States; he considers it no less as a Duty, than as a Tribute due to his Country, to publish the Success of that Operation which restores Sight to the Blind. And he is more strongly determined to this Measure, from a Conviction of the Advantages which must result from its Publication.

Frederick-Town, Maryland,  
November, 1800.

## NOTICE.

On Thursday the 18th of December next,  
WILL BE SOLD,  
At the Court-House in the Town of  
Henderson,

THE following LANDS, or so much thereof as will satisfy the Taxes due thereon, viz.

Three Hundred Acres, supposed to be the Property of the Heirs of Steward.

One Hundred ditto, the Property of Samuel Rogers, on Rye's Creek.

Fifty ditto on Rock-Hole Creek, supposed to be the Property of one Cobb, in Georgia.

One Hundred ditto, on the Yashin River, supposed to be the Property of one Terrell.

Forty-five ditto on Peuce River, the Property of the Heirs of Demas.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS,  
Montgomery County, Sheriff.  
November 15.

## COTTON GINS.

BELLIMORE, HARRISON & Co.  
Citizens of Georgia,

HAVING made an Experiment in the Town of Fayetteville (in the Presence of Dr. Bibbey, and many other respectable Characters) with a Machine, on a new and much improved Plan, for cleaning Cotton, which has been found to answer every Expectation, they offer their Services to the Citizens of North-Carolina, in supplying them with Machines for cleaning from Five Hundred to Two Thousand Weight of Cotton per Day in the Seed.

They also make Spinning Machines for Sale.

Bellimore, Harrison and Co. have, from long Experience in Europe, the West-Indies and this Country, brought their Business to Perfection. They have spun in Fayetteville as fine as a 200 Thread.

They proposed cleaning Cotton in Fayetteville, but the Commissioners thinking their Buildings dangerous on Account of Fire, they have removed their Machines to Cambleton, where they will immediately prepare for carrying on that Part of the Business. They feel particularly grateful to Mr. Adam, of Fayetteville, for the handsome Manner (to prevent Uneasiness in the Town) in which he requested them to place their Buildings near his.

Application to be made, by Letter or otherwise, to Mr. Potts, or Mr. Archibald Campbell, Inspectors, in Cambleton.

BELLIMORE, HARRISON & Co.  
October 7.

The Printers in this State are requested to insert the above.

## TO THE CITIZENS OF

FAYETTEVILLE DISTRICT.

I RETURN my sincere thanks to those who favoured me with their suffrages, informing them that I had the misfortune to be a long while in the service of our country during the last revolutionary war with Great-Britain, and always supported the character of a good Whig, otherwise I should have held a more respectable poll as a Candidate for an Elector in this District. I did not know until lately, that I was on the wrong side; finding myself abused in the public prints, by a Federalist of Cumberland county (who asserted some things which were false) however, I suppose he meant to show that I was wrong, and perhaps an enemy to our country: But I must and will say, that my intentions were for the public good; and if the opinion which I had, and the way I declared it, were wrong, I hope Mr. Federalist will excuse me, especially as, while he accuses me of want of information, &c. he

acknowledges himself to be ignorant; of course, neither of us can boast of our abilities.

Although Mr. Federalist said a great deal about Federalists and Antifederalists, by which if he meant Whig and Tory, I presume he must be of the latter description, for I never was branded with that name; and to be satisfied who he was, I looked into Gordon's and Ramsay's History for his services, but could find no such name. If Colonel Fanning had ever wrote a book, I would have searched it likewise. Mr. Federalist tells you, that it was with a good deal of reluctance, that he appeared in print. No person will dispute it; for I think he has sufficient reason to blush to see himself supporting measures contrary to the true principles of a Republican Government, and perhaps to his own. He upon it, to lose sight of his liberties in a free country! However, we must excuse him, as he has no other way of gaining popularity where he lives; but I would advise Mr. Federalist in future (if he is a friend to our country) to get better grounds to go upon, as he cannot expect to gain applause by ridiculing one of his friends. His meaning was nevertheless understood by his friends: for a majority of Federalists, some of whom are great speakers, exerted themselves with pipe and dance against my election; which is a convincing proof that Mr. Federalist judged right, which was in consequence of our political situation being changed by departing from Republican principles. This was information which I lacked, and I am sorry to know it when too late; but my vocation confined me at home, which prevented me from getting the necessary information. In future I shall be at no loss how to act. I must join the strongest party here, and call all true Patriots and Republicans Frenchmen, and with great industry use my endeavour to have our Chief Magistrate made hereditary, or at least to hold his office during life. Then huzza for British influence, British forms, and British laws in America! This done, I shall then expect to gain popularity in this district.

Adieu. J. POTTS.

## SPEECH

OF THE  
Governor of Pennsylvania  
TO THE LEGISLATURE,  
Delivered at Lancaster on the 7th Instant.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and  
Gentlemen of the H. of Representatives.

The Legislature having omitted to prescribe the manner in which the Electors of a President and Vice-President of the United States, shall be appointed, I have thought it incumbent on me to furnish the present opportunity, for discharging a trust so interesting to the honour of the State, and so essential to the prosperity of the Union. To preserve, indeed, the political balance of our Confederation, to promote the regular operations of government, to diffuse the blessings of concord, and to ensure the confidence of the people, are considerations intimately connected with the object for which you have been convened; and having thus prompted an extraordinary interposition of the Executive power, they will, also, I am persuaded, command, on your part, a serious and salutary attention.

It is to be regretted, Gentlemen, that the difference of opinion which occurred on this subject, between the two branches of the last General Assembly, has deprived our constituents of an immediate participation in the choice of Electors, either by an election of the citizens at large, or by an election of the citizens in districts. Since, however, the crisis affords no other alternative, than a Legislative appointment, or the dissolution of the

right of election, we cannot, I think, reflect upon the dangerous and disgraceful consequences of the latter course, without resolving to pursue the former. On the duty and vigilance of its several members, the Union depends for its energy and duration; and, it is obvious, that a neglect, or omission, of the important duties assigned to the individual States, must, eventually, prove as destructive to our Federal Compact, as an opposition the most active, or a secession the most daring: For a free and enlightened People will not long continue to maintain or to respect an institution, in which (from whatever cause) they have ceased to be represented.

Nor can we resist the influence of those occurrences, which admonish us, at this momentous period of human affairs, to rally round the Constitution of our country, as the last hope of Republican virtue. To rescue Pennsylvania, therefore, from the stigma of exhibiting to her Sister States, a fatal example of discord and disorganization, as a motive that cannot fail to supercede in every patriotic mind, the pride of opinion, as to the theory of our Government, or the bias of predilection, as to the various means of supplying its departments. For my own part, I acknowledge, that I have ever contemplated a good choice by the people, as the truest, fairest, safest exposition of the Constitution; but a deference for the judgment and practice of others, taught me to respect a departure from that rule elsewhere, before the necessity had arisen, which imposes a departure from it here. In eight States of the Union, Electors are appointed by a vote of the two branches of their respective Legislatures, and appointments so made, have been uniformly recognized by Congress. It is a great consolation therefore, that on the present occasion, we have these authoritative precedents to pursue; since, permit me to repeat, it is only left to your discretion to decide, whether Pennsylvania shall abandon her elective rights, or exercise them in a manner, which has already been adopted by one half of the Confederation.

Though I have thus explicitly communicated my sentiments, and exonerated myself from all official responsibility, I still deeply partake of the general solicitude for the issue of your deliberations. The situation of our country is critical; but not alarming. In her external relations, the prospect of reconciliation and peace appears, by recent intelligence to be realized: and nothing seems wanting to her domestic happiness, but a recollection of the common interest, by which all her citizens must be equally animated, in their efforts to promote it. It has, perhaps, then, fallen to the lot of Pennsylvania, not merely to determine an important election, but to extinguish, by a magnanimous example, those feuds and jealousies, which have disturbed the order of society, and which have threatened to eclipse the glory of the Revolution. Under this impression, we see, without surprise, the attention of the Union fixed upon the proceedings of the present day; while, from every quarter of this State, the wishes and prayers of our fellow-citizens, emphatically appeal to the patriotism and fidelity of those, in whom they have delegated their power. Such just and honourable expectations will not be disappointed! No: Superior to the suggestions of party, disdaining a contest about forms, and yielding to the precedents that have been established, your decision cannot fail to merit the approbation of our Constituents, the applause of our Sister States, and the gratitude of Posterity.

I shall reserve, Gentlemen, the communications on the general state of the Commonwealth, for a future message: but I cannot con-