

# FRENCH ENTER ST. QUENTIN, 'INSUPERABLE BARRIER' TO THE ALLEES

## SENATE DEFEATS RESOLUTION FOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Two Votes Short of Necessary Two-thirds on Roll Call.

### WILSON'S REQUEST DENIED

Resolution Left Technically Pending on Calendar for Further Consideration.

Washington, Oct. 1.—The senate today refused to grant the request of the President that the woman suffrage resolution be passed as a war measure.

After five days of bitter debate, corridor conferences and cloakroom negotiations, the Susan B. Anthony federal amendment resolution enacted by the house last January received by the final roll call two votes less than the necessary two-thirds majority.

Before the vote was announced, Senator Jones, of New Mexico, chairman of the woman suffrage committee, to comply with parliamentary requirements changed his vote from the affirmative to the negative, and moved that the senate reconsider. This made the final official record 53 to 31 and left the resolution technically pending on the senate calendar in position for further consideration planned after the November elections, when suffrage forces hope to muster the requisite number of votes.

Wilson Failed to Change Vote. President Wilson's personal address to the senators yesterday supplemented by letters today to several democratic senators opposed to the resolution did not change a single vote, although in the final debate some senators asserted that defeat of the resolution would mean repudiation of the executive. Including the absent and paired senators, the roll call showed that the senate line-up of 67 in favor and 31 against was actually unchanged from the beginning of the fight last Thursday.

Chairman Jones and other champions of resolution declared after today's vote that the defeat is only temporary, and that the contest will be renewed after the November elections when changes in membership are certain. Administration leaders also admitted that the vote was the first important reverse President Wilson has met in advocacy of what he has declared to be essential war measures.

The official record of the vote today, after Chairman Jones' change follows: Record of Vote. Democrats—For: Ashurst, Chamberlain, Culberson, Gerry, Gore, Henderson, Johnson, of South Dakota, Kendrick, Kirby, Lewis, McKellar, Martin of Kentucky, Myers, Nugent, Owen, Pheasant, Pittman, Randall, Robinson, Shafroth, Shepard, Smith, of Arizona, Thomas, Thompson, Vardaman and Walsh.—Total, 26.

Republicans—Caldwell, Coit, Cummings, Curtis, Fernald, France, Goff, Griggs, Kenyon, LaFollette, Lenroot, McCumber, McNary, Nelson, New, Norris, Page, Poindexter, Smith, of Michigan, Smoot, Sterling, Sutherland, Townsend, Warren and Watson.—Total, 53.

Democrats Against—Bainbridge, Benet, Fletcher, Guion, Hardwick, Hitchcock, Jones, of New Mexico, Martin, of Virginia, Overman, Pomeroy, Reed, Samsbury, Shields, Simmons, Smith, of Georgia, Smith, of Maryland, Smith, of South Carolina, Trammell, Underwood, Williams and Wolcott.—Total, 21.

Republicans—Baird, Brandegee, Dillingham, Drew, Hale, Lodge, McLean, Penrose, Wadsworth and Weeks.—Total, 31. Senators Paired. The following senators were paired: Beckham, of Kentucky, democrat, against, with Hollis, of New Hampshire, and Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, republicans; Borah, of Idaho, republican, against, with Fall, of New Mexico, and Harding, of Ohio, republicans; Knox, of Pennsylvania, republican, against, with Johnson, of California, and Sherman, of Illinois, republicans; Swanson, of Virginia, democrat.

(Continued on page 2.)

## AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT DESIRES PEACE BUT IN AGREEMENT WITH GERMANY, SAYS REPORT

Budapest, Oct. 1.—According to Budapest newspapers, the Austro-Hungarian government desires peace, in agreement with Germany, notwithstanding the fact that measures have been taken for defense as a result of Bulgaria's withdrawal from the war.

A dispatch received here today from Budapest quotes the newspapers of that city as saying that a crown council was held Saturday, at which military measures that had become necessary as a result of government was still striving at the earliest possible moment, in agreement with Germany, to secure a peace that would absolutely preserve the monarchy's territorial integrity.

## FRENCH TROOPS CONTINUED CALLS IN ST. QUENTIN FOR PHYSICIANS

Allies Advance Beyond St. Quentin-Cambrai Road. Influenza Epidemic Growing Worse in Eastern Part of State. Wilmington Hardest Hit of Any City in State—Volunteer Physicians Sent to Various Cities.

French Headquarters in France, Oct. 1. (3 p. m., By the Associated Press.)—French troops entered St. Quentin this afternoon.

Violent explosions were observed in St. Quentin beginning about 4 o'clock this morning. General Debency's forces operating with the British to the north of the town, advanced beyond the St. Quentin-Cambrai road.

Between Urville and Corisey, the French are meeting with much stronger resistance by machine gun nests, but everywhere has advanced in this region south of St. Quentin.

East of Rheims, General Gouraud, in addition to taking a large number of prisoners and guns, has captured great quantities of booty, including more than 200 narrow gauge railroad cars. Additional prisoners were taken Monday in the capture of Binerville, in the Argonne forest, and in the occupation of Marvaux and Aure, to the west.

The Germans appear to have decided to make a stand in the group of hills northwest of Rheims called the St. Thierry massif. It is just west of the old French line that ran along the Aisne canal from Berry-au-Bac to the region of Rheims. Possession of this strong position is necessary to the Germans in order that they may maintain their present line further east, including the forts of St. Thierry and Erumont, from which they bombard Rheims.

Along the Vesle, General Berthelot's forces, notwithstanding the machine gun opposition, have everywhere advanced beyond Revillon.

## FRENCH TAKE IMPORTANT OBSERVATION POINTS

With the French Armies in France, Oct. 1. (By the Associated Press.)—General Berthelot's troops widening the front of attack this afternoon, captured further gains, occupying important observation points that give them views eastward upon the group of hills northwest of Rheims and northward toward the Chemin-Des-Dames.

## RAILROAD TELEGRAPHERS TO RECEIVE INCREASE

Washington, Oct. 1.—Railroad telegraphers probably will receive soon a wage increase of between \$20 and \$25 a month. It was said today by railroad administration officials. The application of the Order of Railway Telegraphers for more than twice this amount of increase still is pending before the national railroad wages, which is expected to report soon to Director General McAdoo. The increase to be suggested will be about equivalent, it is said, to that recently granted clerks, maintenance of way men, mechanical workers and other classes of employees.

## START MOVEMENT FOR WHEAT PRICE OF \$2.50 FOR WHEAT

Washington, Oct. 1.—Senators and representatives from wheat-growing states and officials of the National Wheat Growers' association in conference here tonight decided to appoint a special committee to urge upon President Wilson immediate action fixing the price of wheat for 1919 at \$2.50 a bushel.

## ARMY CAMPS HAVE 1,400 NEW CASES OF SPANISH 'FLU'

3,600 More New Cases Reported Tuesday Than Monday.

### 300 DIE OF PNEUMONIA

Camp Lee Has 6,000 Cases and Petersburg 1,800 Cases of New Disease.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Spanish influenza continues to spread in army camps. More than 14,000 new cases were reported to the office of the surgeon general during the 24 hours ending at noon today.

Every available medical officer and nurse is on duty, said a statement tonight from the office of the surgeon general, and wherever possible civilian medical personnel is being recruited to assist the army doctors.

It was said that despite the alarming increase in influenza cases, the pneumonia rate continues low, reports showing that pneumonia has developed in only one of every 13 cases.

## 7,800 CASES AT CAMP LEE AND PETERSBURG

Petersburg, Va., Oct. 1.—The board of health issued an order this afternoon closing all schools, theaters, dance halls and all places of amusement, owing to prevalence of Spanish influenza in the city and at Camp Lee. A number of deaths from pneumonia following attacks of influenza have occurred here and at camp.

There are said to be 1,800 cases in the city. There are 6,000 cases at Camp Lee.

## 951 CASES INFLUENZA REGISTERED IN NORFOLK

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 1.—Health department records today showed a registration of 951 cases of Spanish influenza in Norfolk, indicating that the disease is rapidly spreading. Health Commissioner Schenck estimates that as a number of minor cases have no physician in attendance that the official report filed by physicians hardly total half the number of actual new cases which developed during the last 24 hours.

## RICHMOND HAS 605 CASES OF INFLUENZA

Richmond, Va., Oct. 1.—With 605 cases of Spanish influenza in the city, Health Officer Roy Flannigan tonight made an inspection of the various moving picture theaters to examine the ventilation systems. He reported that all were in working order but none was being operated. "If I decide to close the churches, the moving picture houses will also be closed," was his only comment following the inspection.

## JO-JO SAYS

Fair & Cooler



## AMERICANS ADVANCE IN THE ARGONNE FOREST AND ALONG THE MEUSE RIVER

More Than 100 Hostile Planes and 21 Balloons Shot Down by American Aviators Since September 26.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Further advance by the American forces along the Meuse river and in the Argonne forest were reported in General Pershing's communique for today, received tonight at the war department.

Section A. During the day we advanced our lines in the forest of Argonne. Further to the east our patrols have passed beyond Clerges and are operating north of that point on the road from Exermont to Genesee, maintaining contact with the enemy.

Section B. There is nothing to report in this sector.

## COUNTRY LITTERED WITH TANK MINES BY GERMANS

With the American Army on the St. Quentin Front, Oct. 1. (By the Associated Press.)—Before the American advance, the Germans littered the country with tank mines, apparently anticipating a withdrawal.

These American tank crews were trained in England and had been waiting behind the front for the attacks. They rolled along before the infantry and directly in the rear of a creeping barrage and cleared many machine gun nests.

Artillery Duels on Italian Front Intense. Rome, Oct. 1.—Artillery duels, which at times became intense, were prevalent yesterday on the entire front in the Pasubio area on the Asiago plateau and 8 o'clock morning of northern Italy, says the official statement issued today by the Italian war office.

## HUNS MEET INCREASING OPPOSITION IN RUSSIA

Washington, Oct. 1.—The Germans are meeting with increasing opposition in their efforts to establish control of Russia. Swedish press reports today from Stockholm said that in the recent battle with the Ukrainians the Germans lost 1,500 men.

## NAVAL SUBMARINE-CHASER IS SUNK IN COLLISION

Washington, Oct. 1.—Naval submarine-chaser No. 60 was sunk early today in a collision with the oil steamer S. W. Waller off the coast of New Jersey. Two men from the chaser are missing, but the other members of the crew were rescued.

## GERMAN GOVERNMENT ALSO SEEMS TO BE CRUMBLING

Amsterdam, Oct. 1.—All the imperial German secretaries of state have resigned and the Prussian ministers intend to resign, according to The Berlin Tageblatt, a copy of which has been received here.

## DANIELS TO SPEAK

Raleigh, Oct. 1.—Secretary of the Navy Joseph Daniels has accepted the invitation of the chairman of the democratic state executive committee to make several speeches in North Carolina in the interest of the democratic campaign, following the Liberty loan drive.

## TAKING OF ST. QUENTIN OPENS TO FOCH THE GATEWAY FOR MAKING A SWIFT ADVANCE TO THE EASTWARD

66,300 PRISONERS TAKEN BY BRITISH ON WESTERN FRONT DURING SEPTEMBER

Important Territory Along Cambrai-St. Quentin Sector Captured in Extremely Heavy Fighting Tuesday.

London, Oct. 1.—Extremely heavy fighting has been in progress throughout the day along the Cambrai-St. Quentin sector, according to Field Marshal Haig's report tonight.

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## MASTER LISTS TO BE MAILED TO DISTRICT BOARDS IMMEDIATELY

Third Great Military Lottery Completed at 8 O'Clock Tuesday Morning—Checking Up Begun.

Washington, Oct. 1.—With the completion today of the third great military lottery since the nation went to war, machinery of the provost marshal general's office was set in motion to finally check the master lists of mail copies to the 156 district draft boards of the country which are to make them immediately available to the newspapers within their area and to post them for the public.

The last of 17,000 numbers which are to determine the order in their respective classes of the 13,000,000 men who registered September 12 was taken from the big glass bowl in the caucus room of the senate office building exactly 8 o'clock morning. General Crowder drew out the capsule which contained No. 12,734. The drawing, which started at noon yesterday by President Wilson, had been completed in six hours less than the estimated time due to a race which developed between the shifts of young officers charged with the drawing.

During the first check of the tally sheets today only one number was found displaced. The correction was easily made from the tally wires on which the actual slips of paper bearing the numbers had been strung after being removed from the capsules. General Crowder stayed with the workers during the entire 20-hour period and the drawing was watched by a constantly changing, but never large audience.

Time of the receipt of the master lists by district boards will be governed by the distance they are located from Washington. The boards have been instructed to make them public immediately.

## CITY OF CAMBRAI SET ON FIRE BY THE GERMANS

London, Oct. 1.—Under the threat of its speedy capture by the British the city of Cambrai has been set on fire by the Germans, Field Marshal Haig reported in his official statement today.

## LOAN STARTS WELL

Boone, Oct. 1.—The fourth Liberty loan drive started off encouragingly in the purchase on Saturday of a number of \$100 bonds. The people in this section are ready to do their part when they really know what is expected of them.

## ENEMY ON ALL FRONTS CONTINUES PLAYING LOSING GAME.

TURKS REPORTED SENDING OUT "FEELERS" FOR PEACE

Allies Continue to Make Gains From Belgium to Verdun.

## IMPORTANT TOWNS TAKEN

Peace Demonstrations Held in Berlin; Police Intervention Necessary.

Paris, Oct. 1.—French troops have penetrated St. Quentin as far as the canal.

## BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The town of St. Quentin, upon which the Germans had so firmly built their hopes of having an insuperable barrier to the allies, as last has been entered by the French and seemingly the gateway is open to Marshal Foch for a swift advance eastward in his task of reclaiming northern France.

Meanwhile the Germans and their allies on all the battlefronts have continued to play a losing game, and report had it that the Turks, realizing the critical situation through successive defeats and the withdrawal of Bulgaria from the war, are sending out peace feelers.

From northern Belgium to the region of Verdun the battlefront is still seething with activity on various fronts and with the entente forces continuing to press against the Germans which are seriously impairing the enemy lines.

In Flanders the Belgians and the British in the region from Dixmude to Armentieres have further driven the German lines back, capturing important towns and cutting lines of communication necessary to the continued holding by the Germans of their submarine bases on the North sea.

Fortified Positions Fall. From Cambrai to St. Quentin, notwithstanding most violent reactions from the Germans, the British, Americans and French again have heavily fortified positions of the enemy all along the front. Midway between St. Quentin and Cambrai the remaining portions of the old Hindenburg line are slowly being demolished, although the Germans have imposed the strength of nearly half a million men against the allied troops to hold the front, the breaking through of which would mean the end of the successful maneuvers in Flanders, would the Aisne and in Champagne, would mean disaster.

Between the Vesle and Aisne rivers the French continue to push back the Germans north of the Aisne, while in Champagne the French, operating in conjunction with the Americans, are steadily advancing northward. Their guns now dominate the Aire river valley running to the north of the Argonne forest, while on the other side of the forest the Americans are slowly coming up the Aire valley from the south and soon will be in a position with the French to nip this great wooded bastion out of the German line.

In the mountain region of the Italian front there has been a considerable increase in artillery activity and it is probable that Marshal Foch soon will begin an offensive here against the Austro-Hungarians.

Damascus Surrounded. General Allenby in Palestine has surrounded Damascus and French cavalry is reported to be working its way up the Mediterranean sea coast toward Bayrut.

In the Macedonian theater west of Lake Ohrida the Austrians are evacuating territory in Albania, probably indicating that now Bulgaria is out of the war and the Austro-Hungarians realize they are in a serious predicament, far from home, and with no allies to aid them.