FOUNDED 1869

CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 21, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENT

More Than 80 Others to Be Handed Over This Week.

ACCOUNT BY EYE - WITNESS any time.

As U-Boats Enter Cates of English Harbor, White Ensign Flies Above Hun Flag.

this morning at sea is given by an eyehanded over to the allied naval command before the end of the week.

After steaming some 20 miles across the North sea, the Harwich forces, which consisted of five light cruisers and 20 destroyers, were sighted. The flagship of Admiral commander, was the Curação. High above the squadron

hung a big observation balloon.

The squadron, headed by the flagship, then steamed toward the Dutch coast followed by the Coventry, Dragon, Danal and Centaur. Other ships followed in line, with their navigation lights showing. The picture was a neble one as the great vessels, with the moon still shining, ploughed their way to take part in the surrender of the German U-boats.

Soon after the British squadror started, the "paravanes" were dropped overboard. These devices are shaped like tops, and divert any mines which may be encountered, for the vessels were now entering a mine field, Lifebelts Donned.

Almost everyone on board donned a lifebelt and dust as the red sun appeared above the horizon the first German submarine appeared in sight. Soon after 7 o'clock 20 submarines were seen in line accompanied by two German destroyers, the Tibania and the Sierra Ventana, which were to take the submarine crews back to

Germany after the transfer. All the submarines were on the surface with their hatches open and their crews standing on deck. The vessels were figing no flags whatever and their guns were trained fore and aft. In accordance with the terms of the surrender.

A bugle sounded on the Curacao and all the gun crews took up their sta-tions ready for any possible treachery. The leading destroyer, in response to a signal from the admiral, turned and led the way towards England and

the submarines were ordered to follow.

They immediately did so. The surrender had been accomplished.

Keep Careful Lookout.

Each ordiser turned and, keeping a careful lookout, steamed toward Har-On one of the largest of the submarines, which carried two 5.9 guns. 23 officers and men were counted on her deck. The craft was estimated to be nearly 300 feet in length. Its number had been painted

One of the submarines was seen to send up a couple of carrier pigeons and at once a signal was flashed from the admiral that it had no right to

When the ships had cleared the mine field and entered the war channel, the "paravanes" were hauled aboard. On reaching a point some 20 miles off Harwich the ships dropped anchor, and Captain Addison came out on the warship Maidstone. British Crews Put Aboard.

British crews were then put on board the submarines to take them into harbor. With the exception of the engine staffs, all the German sallors remained on deck. The submarines were then taken through the gates of the harbor and the German crews were transferred to the transports which will take them back

As the boats went through the gates the white ensign was run up upon each of them with the German flag underneath. Each German submarine com-

mander at the transfer was required to sign a declaration to the effect that his vessel was in running order, that its periscope was intact, that its torpedoes were unloaded and that its torpedo heads were safe. Orders had been issued forbidding

any demonstration and these instructions were obeyed to the letter. There was complete silence as the submawere transferred. So ended an historic event and the first portion of the hands of the British navy.

VERSAILLES PREPARING FOR PEACE DELEGATES

Paris, Nov. 20.—The city of Versailles is preparing to receive the delegates to the peace conference. The deliberations are expected to be held in the Grand Trianon part of the chateau of Versailles, once occupied by

The priceless tapestries and furni-ture, removed to a place of safety during the course of hostilities, are now being replaced. The gardens are being restored and the camouflage coverings on the statues and fountains removed.

MONUMENT PLAN INSPIRED BY WORDS OF PERSHING

the help given to France in the war by the United States, became known today. It was the words of General Pershing during his visit to Picpus cemetery—"LaFayette, we are here!"—that inspired the plan to raise such

monument. The committee in charge of arrangements met at the chamber of half a column. The Temps explains deputies today and decided to issue that the matter censored was almost an appeal to all the municipalities entirely reproductions from The London France for contributions to the don Times which reached Paris yes-

PRESIDENT TO TAKE FULL EXECUTIVE STAFF ALONG ON HIS TRIP TO EUROPE

Peace Commission's Personnal Expected to Be Announced Any Time-Plans Being Made

Washington, Nev. 20 .- There were o developments on the surface today in the preparations for President Wilson's trip to France and for America's representation at the peace conference. Arrangements are going steadily ahead, however, and an announcement of the peace commission's personnel with the program for the journey may be expected at

Members of the senate who attended the White House conference last night told 'their colleagues today of the President's determination to stay in France indefinitely or until all of the greater issues arising out of the Flies Above Hun Flag.

London, Nov. 20, (British Wireless Service.)—The following account of the surrender of twenty German submarines which was accomplished this morning at sea is given by an eye.

who is to head the American delega witness of the incident. More than 80 tion to the peace conference, and Colother German submarines are to be one! House, Elihu Root and Justice Brandels, generally believed to have been selected by the President for membership, speculation upon a long list of names has centered upon only one for the fifth place—that of Sec-retary Houston of the department of agriculture. He is being suggested persistently in official quarters.

Navy officials let it be known to-

day that it is planned to take the President and the delegation across the Atlantic on a big passenger liner now in use by the government as a transport. A dreadnaught and a flotilla of destroyers probably will be

Restrictions War-Time Have Been Modified.

Staple Expected to Flow More Freely to Europe When Armistice Terms Are Met.

tions on the shipment of cotton from the United States, except to enemy countries and to the northern European neutrals, have been removed, Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, said today after a conference with officials that nation has complied with all the terms of the armistice, the senator

Cotton in increased quantities already is moving to the allied countries. Because of the fact that India's cotton crop this year was sufficient only for that country's needs, Senator Smith said, Japan has been very anxious to get cotton from the United States. Japan's needs are estimated at 1,000,-

Stocks of cotton in the south now are said to exceed 500,000 bales and it was because of this fact that southern senators and representatives at a recent conference decided to ask the war trade board and other government agencies to modify the restricon exports. The matter was brought to the attention of the Presi-

Senators say that countries desiring to import American cotton have indicated a readiness to supply the tonnage necessary for its movement

POSTAL AND WESTERN UNION CONSOLIDATED

Telegraph Systems After December 1 to Be Operated by Government as One.

Washington, Nov. 20 .- Consolidation of the services of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies, under government control, was announced today by Postmaster General Burleson, effective December

1. next. The following order was issued: "In order that the telegraph facilities may be used to the fullest extent and the fransmission of messages expedited, the telegraph systems shull hereafter be operated as one, and offective December 1, 1918, all tlegraph offices shall accept for transmission all classes of messages now accepted by any one of them at the prescribed

tariff rates." No physical consolidation of offices and facilities of the companies is planned for December 1, amalgamation for the present being limited to the interchange of messages.

MORE THAN 100,000 PEOPLE WANT TO GO TO EUROPE

New York, Nov. 20 .- More than 100,000 persons have applied since the armistice was signed for permission to go abroad, according to cus-toms officials here, who announced that no passports for foreign travel would be issued except in case of

teresting sidelight on the proposal to erect a monument at the mouth of the Gironde river to commemorate the help given to France in the proposal to the Links of the Links of

CENSORSHIP IN PARIS. Paris, Saturday, Nov. 16.—The censorship still is active in Paris. The Temps this afternoon appeared with four blank spaces representing about half a column. The Temps explains

According to Evidence Presented in Probe of Brewers.

TOOK PART IN POLITICS

Effort Made to Show Connection Between Brewers and German-American Alliance.

Washington, Nov. 20 .- Evidence relating to political activities of brewers of this sum from war savings.

Despite the decision to continue the activity of the capital issues commit-

ducting the inquiry for the committee, also undertook to show from documents produced by officers of the United States Brewers' association, a sory power which it now lacks and that the holding of the Ukraine by arrested connection between that organization and the German-American alliance. The charter of the alliance was re-

voked recently by Congress. Major Humes put into the record lists of candidates for public office, which, he said, were to be supported by the brewers' association and the alliance and also a statement which he asserted was prepared for C. J. to regulate the sale of Liberty bonds. Hexamer, of Philadelphia, former In this manner it might be possible to president of the alliance, at the of-require promoters who exchange their ce of the brewers' association. The statement, Major Humes declared, vas German propaganda.

Two Witnesses Examined. Only two witnesses—Hugh F. Fox of New York, secretary of the brewers' national organization, and John Gardener, of Philadelphia, former chairman of the organization commit-

tee, were examined today. antagonistic firms and individuals. Some of the firms named were the buildings in regions where materials John Wanamaker company, the Cadilland labor are available without delac, Packard, National and Rec Automobile companies, the H. J. Heinz company, the Goodrich Tire company, pany, the Maryland and Baltimore Casualty company, the Proctor & bor fields caused by cessation of war company, some subsidiary companies of the Standard Oil company, the United States Steel corporation, the Standard company of the Standard output of t ted States Steel corporation, the S. Kress' company, the Red Ravan Water company, the American Sheet and Tin Plate company, and the Dela ware, Lackawanna & Western rall

Fox denied that any of the firms named had been blacklisted, saying of the war trade board. Cotton is that the association's purpose merely expected to flow more freely to countries contiguous to Germany when were friends." Later he told the comwere friends." Later he told the com-mittee that he would be willing to as-sume that all the documents relating to the firms which Major Humes put into the record, were taken from the files of the association.

Why Listed. Major Humes told the committee that the firms were listed by the brewers' association because of their attitude against the use of liquor by their employes or because of the ac tivity of individual members of the firms and in some instances of employes against the liquor business.

The inquiry into political activity began when John Gardener was call ed to the stand. The witness said he might have seen lists of candi-tendent of the league, addressing the dates at different times from 1911 to meeting, said that "somehow prohi-1914 which the brewers' association endorsed in some states, including lowa, Texas, Pennsylvania, Indiana and one candidate for Congress from Illinois, but he could not recall the details. He admitted that the association's organization committee was active in "wet" and "dry" fights in several states in those years and said that in that time, it spent between \$400,000 and \$500,000 "doing all it legitimately could to arouse public

entiment in our favor.' Gardener declared that the brew ers made no contribution to political campaign committees, and at first denied that it had endorsed any of candidates.

Lists of Candidates. "Haven't you seen these lists of candidates to be supported by the brewers' association and the German-American alliance that were sent out each year?" asked Major Humes. "Well, maybe I have seen them." the witness replied, "but I do not

recall them." Records of the brewers' association read by Major Humes showed that in 1914 the Pennsylvania State association collected \$294,114 for political activity in that state, and that in the following year, \$196,754 was collected for the same purpose.

In reply to questions, the witness said the Pennsylvania State associa-

tion adopted the policy of destroying

'Wasn't it because the activity of the Pennsylvania State association was entirely political that you thought it best to adopt this policy?" asked

The witness denied this.

Humes Reads Statement. . It was while Secretary Fox was on the stand that Major Humes read the statement said to have been pre-pared for the former president of the German-American alliance. Copies of the statement, which was a declara-European war before the United States became a beligerent, were sent to C. W. Feigenspan of Newark, N. J., who aided in financing the purchase of The Washington Times and The Montgomery, Ala., Advertiser and who then was chairman of the publications committee of the brew-

Hexamer's statement condemned as Hexamer's statement condemned as sabotage the destruction of American factories engaged in producing war materials for the allies and also condemned the sinking of ships carrying munitions. Those responsible for such, should be punished. Hexamer said, but he added that he did not believe they were committeed at the instigation of Germany or Austria.

"This indicates that some literary inclined persons in the office of the

Capital Issues Committee to Continue Function of Supervising Proposed Stock and Bond Issues.

Washington, Nov. 20. - Secretary McAdoo and members of the capital issues committee today agreed that the committee should continue indefinitely its functions, of supervising proposed issues of stocks and bonds for capital purposes, as a measure of rationing capital in preparation for future war loans. At the same time it became known that the treasury plans tentatively to float about eight billion dollars more securities during 1919, and hopes to get at least two billions of this sum tentatively.

firms and individuals antagonistic to tee in an effort to suppress fraudulent

without which it is feared it cannot the ardor of war-time co-operation among business interests has cooled. Others suggest that the functions of the committee be taken over by a treasury agency, to which the President might delegate his power, conferred by the fourth Liberty bond act, require promoters who exchange their may propose the sending of additional securities for Liberty bonds to report troops into Russia to place the counregularly the amounts of bonds thus try on a stable footing and eliminate taken in, and these reports, it is felt, the bolsheviki. might act as a restraining influence.

Members of the capital issues committee, although expressing them-selves as individually anxious to relinquish their duties, agreed to take up questions of relaking their past strict regulations to permit the float-ing of bonds for public improvements Fox was questioned at length reing of bonds for public improvements garding the war waged by brewers on by states, counties and municipalities, and to facilitate the construction of buildings in regions where materials tracting from more essential govern-ment projects. In other words, the committee now intends to work out a systematic program for permitting the

> ecial effort will be made to dis courage the floating of questionable or highly speculative security issues.

WOULD UTILIZE PEACE CONFERENCE TO BOOST CAUSE OF PROHIBITION

Speakers at World-Wide Conference Advocate Making Cause UKRAINIAN NATIONAL "Felt at the Peace Table."

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 20.-The peace conference as a means of into countries as yet untouched by anti-saloon forces was advocated here tonight at the world-wide conference on prohibition, being held under the auspices of the Anti-Saloon league of America.

Rev. P. A. Baker, national superinbition sentiment must make itself felt at the peace table," but he did indicate just what means might be

William J. Bryan addressed to night's session, and aroused applause when he alluded to the probable signing by President Wilson within a day or two of the national war prohibition bill. Mr. Bryan declared that the sale of intoxicating beverages on the North American continent is nearing its end rapidly and that when prohibition has become effective in the United States and Canada, officials of other nations should be invited here to note the results which, he believes, will be most convincing and effective in the advancement of the conference's aim of international prohibition.

LORRAINE CITY SENDS LOVE TO "MOTHERLAND"

Paris, Nov. 20. (Havas)-The mayor of Dieusee, Lorraine, which was entered by the French troops on Monday, sent President Poincare a tele gram in which he declared the deep love of the town for the motherland President Poincare in reply, assured the mayor that Dieusee should be retaken to its old place in the "so-long empty heart of the mother-land."

JO-JO SAYS



Fair today and Friday.

EDWARD HOLTON JAMES

Bolshevik Regime in the Ukraine Is Overthrown.

CAPTURE COSSACKS KIEV **Events Open Way for Important**

Developments in Russia, Is

Washington View.

Washington, Nov. 20 .- Overthrow cossack troops friendly to the all- ael Culme-Seymour, the commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean fleet. the liquor business was adduced today securities which promoters would before the senate committee investises to exchange for Liberty bonds purchase of The Washington Times by doubt over the future status of the purchase of The Washington Times by doubt over the future status of the committee still exists in the mind of Maj. E. Lowry Humes, who is consequently and personally pleaded the case of While no change in policy, either possible troops Triently to constant the Mediterranean fleet. Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to-Mylius was sentenced to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. In the opinion of officials here, for important developments in Russian government, as reported to a year's important day from Copenhagen, opens the way. make its restrictions effective after forces friendly to the associated gov- in Germany but was released through patch of troops or of supplies for the relief of the demoralized civilian population. Recent reports from London have been taken by some observers here as indicating that Great Britain

> the bolsheviki. Possibilities that the bolshevik leaders may fiee Russia after accumulating large amounts of loot have been touched upon in recent dispatches but have been discounted here largely because no haven for them appears available. Switzerland has forcibly ejected their representatives, and ever Germany now is not expected to tol-

> erate them within its borders. The bolshevik fighting strength is considered as now practically concentrated against the allied and Russian troops operating south from Archangel. The unusual lateness of the winter in that region has aided the bolshevists. Though compelled operate almost altogether on land, the troops of the a ociated gov have been able to withstand all at-

Despite their resistance horth, it is believed in some quarters here that the bolshevik strength is waning. With the cossucks holding the Ukraine; with the military and political forces of the Omsk govern-ment working west, and with the American and allied forces pushing south, some officials consider that the position of the disturbers of Russian peace has become serious. However, no/immediate collapse of the bolshe-vik regime is believed imminent.

ASSEMBLY HAS FLED

Copenhagen, Nov. 20 .- The Ukrain ian government, has been overturned spreading the prohibition movement and Kiev has been captured by troop from Astrakhan, according to Kley dispatches to Swedish newspapers. The Ukrainian hational assembly has fied and a provisional government has been established by the captors of the city, which apparently are commanded by General Denikine, leader of the anti-bolshevist forces.

HUGE CROWDS THRONG STREETS OF BRUSSELS

People Give Great Welcome to Victorious Allied Troops; Germans All Gone.

Brussels, Nov. 17-Sunday.-Huge crowds thronged the streets of Brussels this morning, the last detachment of German troops having left the capital during the night. Acting Burgo master Le Monier's proclamation inviting the people to prepare a wel-come for the victorious troops and It was predicted that the President's the Belgian king and queen was placarded throughout the city. streets were profusely beflagged with the Belgian and allied colors. The first troops to arrive were

greeted with intense enthusiasm.

The ceremony proclaiming the liberation of Brussels was performed in the Grand place at 10 o'clock. The square was packed with people and former prisoners while the windows and balconies were crowded with onlookers. Newsboys were shouting the names of newspapers which had been suppressed by the Germans and which

reappeared today.

Burgomaster LeMonier, heralded by a fanfare of trumpets, appeared at the Leon staircase, accompanied by an alderman and announced the lib eration of the capital. His speech was continuously interrupted by cheer from the crowd which swore that the: murders and robberies committed by the Germans never would be forgotten.

The Belgian flag was then hoisted over the Hotel de Ville. The Bra-banconne was then sung and this was of Belgian liberty.

The procession, ever growing larger, marched to the Place des Martyrs, where there is a monument to the heroes of the revolution of 1839. LATE W. C. BOSCHEN HAD

New York, Nov. 20.—That his body be dremated and the ashes thrown into San Pedro channel, between Catalone island and San Pedro, Cal., was directed by William C. Boschen, whose will was offered for probate here today. Owner of large tracts of land in Beaufort county, North Carolina, Boschen left an estate valued at upwards of half a million dellars.

GERMANS KILLED UP TO

OCTOBER 31, 1,580,000

Copenhagen, Nov. 20.—Up to Qctober \$1, 1,580,000 German soldiers were killed and the fate of 260,000 was not known. The Verwasers of line, Boschen left an estate valued at upwards of half a million dellars.

American Lawyer and Once Editor of Paris Paper Returning

Amsterdam, Nov. 20.—A dispatch received from Berlin dated Saturday, says Edward Holton James, an Amer-ican lawyer, and once editor of The Paris Liberator, has been released from the military prison at Moabit, after more than three years' impris-onment on a charge of carrying on anti-monarchical propaganda, in con-nection with Dr. Karl Liebknecht. The dispatch adds that Mr. James appears to be none the worse because of his confinement and that he is returning to the United States.

Edward Holton James was born in Wisconsin. He left for Paris in 1906 and a few years later came into national prominence through his association with Edward F. Mylius, a Belgian; in the publication of The Paris Liberator. Mylius was convicted of libelling King George in The Liberator, charging that when the king was Duke of York he contracted a morof the bolshevik regime in the ganatic marriage at Malta with the Ukraine and the capture of Kiev by eldest daughter of Admiral Sir Mich-

While no change in policy, either po- and personally pleaded the case of Prior to his confinement in the Gerthe United States, it is realized here man prison camp, Mr. James had been that the holding of the Ukraine by arrested for socialistic propaganda ernments and decidedly hostile to the Gerard, on condition that he leave bolsheviki opens a path directly into the country. He left the country but the heart of Russia either for the dis- returned again in July, 1915, and was arrested. This time he declined to appeal to the ambassador for aid, asserting that this would be inconsistent with his view of government.

Expected to Exert Big Influence at Peace Table.

President Will Remain in Europe Only Until Nations Agree on Major Principles.

Washington, Nov. 20 .- It is significant that President Wilson called to an important conference at the white house last night both of the North Carolina senators. It was quite a compliment to the state that he should ask Senators Simmons and Overman to be present to go over matters with him just before he starts for Europe. The delegations of senators was a small one. It is not the present purpose of the President to make a long stay abroad. He expects to be back here before the short session of Congress, beginning December 2, closes. That means that he will be out of this country about eight or nine weeks. The President has made it plain that he thinks it is his duty to go to France and take part in the peace negotiations. - It is understood that he will not participate in the actual, formal framing of a peace treaty, but will help to iron out the important

ments begin their work. When the snarls have ben smoothed out, and the peace dlegates get down to their task the President will move along. There is no longer any doubt in the minds of those who are in close touch with the President that he has been asked to go to France and take part in the peace parleys preliminary to Coble, J. C. Ripple. the forming of a treaty. It is be-lieved by leaders of thought in Great Britain, France, Italy, and smaller countries that there will arise jealousles and suspicion among the allies and that President Wilson, speaking for the United States, which has no ulterior purpose to carry out, will be

differences between the nations be

fore the men who pen the final docu-

able to adjust differences. The American government is not work would be over before the real peace treaty task begins. He will stay over there no longer than he feels i is absolutely necessary.

WAR WORK DRIVE SHORT OF GOAL APPARENTLY **NEARLY 12 MILLIONS**

However, Final Figures Will Not Be Available for Several Days. L. Scott, T. J. Carson, G. W. Vick, Leaders Still Hopeful Last J. C. Keever, L. H. Phillips, R. H.

New York, Nov. 20 .- Officials of the united war work campaign anounced tonight that the latest tional total for the drive of \$170. 500,000; which closed at midnight to night; was \$158,565,058, or \$11,934,942 less than the sum sought. They added, however, that final figures would not

be available for two days.

Leaders of the patriotic drive for followed by the anthems of the allies.

The excitement of the people reached its zenith when a procession was formed. It was headed by an old banker of the revolution of 1830, a symbol the seven welfare organizations re-

national headquarters.
Officials announced that 38 states had gone "over the top" and that New England and the south had scored a perfect record. Only the large cities of the east were lagging, it was said. Every military department, except LARGE TRACT N. C. LAND passed its goal.

GERMANS KILLED UP TO

Service Flag Presented Containing 99 Stars.

BISHOP KILGO SPEAKS

Reports of Presiding Elders Show Gratifying Record of

Progress for Year.

BY A. W. PLYLER. The opening day of the Western North Carolina Methodist conference yesterday proved to be a busy and interesting one with the reports of the 11 presiding elders, reports that showed gratifying progress in the work of the year; the election of a secretary and of the conference committees; and the presentation to W. L. Sherrill of a gold headed cane in recognition of his 25 years of service as conference secretary. Added to this was the raising of \$1,300 for Payne college, Augusta, Ga., the presentation of the service flag with 99 stars, the meeting of the conference historical society, when Bishop John C. Kilgo delivered a great address upon Francis Asbury, and the Sunday school anniversary in the evening when Miss Minnie Kennedy and Mr. O. V. Woosley delivered most interesting and illuminating addresses upon

the Sunday school work. When Bishop U. V. W. Darlington. the bishop C. v. W. Darlington.
at 9 o'clock, opened the conference
by announcing hymn No. 560, which
begins, "Are we yet alive," Bishop
Kilgo, of Charlotte, and Dr. Dan
Atkins, of Asheville, were with him
on the platform and the great conference regidly filled the leave force ference rapidly filled the lower floor of

the Tryon Street church. The presiding bishop ied in prayer, after which he read the twelfth chapter of Genesis and delivered a most timely and impressive address upon "Spiritual Power the Supreme and Urgent Need of the Church of God." The conference then joined in singing "A Charge to Keep I Have;" Dr. Atkins led in prayer, and then the conference proceeded with its organization for business.

After roll call by the secretary of the last conference, W. L. Sherrill was unanimously elected accretary, this being the twenty-fifth time in auccession. The secretary announce for his assistants. A. W. Plyler, W. B. Sanford, G. C. Brinkman, L. B. Aber nethy and J. B. Carpenter.

Sanford G. C. Brinkman, L. B. Abernathy and J. B. Carpenter.

Secretary Sherrill Caned.

Just after the election of the secretary and his assistants, I. B. Abernathy stated that the conference had placed a matter in his hands that he would ask Bishop Kilgo to assist him with, whereupon the bishop in well chosen words presented W. L. Bherrill with a beautiful gold-headed cane, as a gift of the conference, in cane, as a gift of the conference, in expression of its appreciation of his long and valuable service as secreof the conference. Rev. Mr. Sherrill said that he had

been caught without a speech, but he managed to show to the conference that his big heart was running over with gratitude for the gift would be a support to him in his old J. H. Barnhardt, for the presiding elders, nominated the following com-mittees for the session and these nominations were confirmed by the

conference. Committees Named. Spiritual State of the Church-F. Honeycutt, W. A. Thomas, W. F. Elliott, C. W. Ramsey, J. A. J. Far-rington, F. L. Tewnsend, J. M. Varner, I. M. Biggerstaff, J. M. Barber M. T. Steele, R. E. L. Flippin, W. R. Ware, W. H. Worth, J. J. Eads, W. A. Kirk, D. P. Waters, R. A. Taylor, J. J. Edwards, E. W. Correll, C. M. Carpenter, Fred O. Dryman, T.

Sabbath Observance—D. Atkins, A. R. Johnson, C. L. McCain, T. J. W. Broom, J. M. Varner, C. C. Cranford, Broom, J. M. Varner, C. C. Cranford, N. M. Modlin, C. C. Moore, R. S. Howie, J. O. Ragsdale, W. S. Cherry, R. C. Kirk, D. B. Coletrane, O. C. Fortenberry, L. C. Palmer, D. H. Rhinehart, A. N. Todd, G. A. B. Holderby, R. L. Noland, D. C. Ballard, D. K. Cecili.

Church Property-T. J. Huggins. M. B. Reeves, A. R. Surratt, W. H. Phifer, J. E. Woosley, J. W. Walker, E. E. Williamson, J. Q. Gilky, J. W. Combs. G. W. Martin, E. E. Yates, J. S. Stanberry, A. S. Raper, P. N. Peacock, A. Burgess, T. S. Royster, J. A. Peeler, J. S. Keever, C. E. Stedman, A. E. Ward, P. L. Terrell, J. S.

Books and Periodicals-O. Ader, C. H. Trowbruge, nethy, R. W. Allen, C. F. Sherrill, J. W. Harriss, A. J. Burrus, E. H. Dy-W. Harriss, A. J. Burrus, E. H. Dy-Ader, C. H. Trowbridge, L. B. Aber-Daugherty, J. Robt. Long, J. C. Harmon, R. R. Crawford. District Conference Records-

W. Holloway, M. A. Osborne, W. C. Jones, J. B. Carpenter, W. M. Wali, A. S. Abernethy, P. L. Shore, R. A. Swaringen, E. M. Crowder, D. V. Howell, J. E. McSwain: Temperance—J. J. Gray, J. Weaver, A. L. Aycock, W. M. Sn F. N. Tate, T. C. Jordan, T. W. son, W. M. Boring, G. W. Martin J. Houck, C. F. Morrison, E. Avett, Dr. W. C. Houston, W. hinn, J. C. Smith, H. G. All

M. Goforth, J. L. Teague, R. D. man, T. J. Ogburn, J. F. Spruill Memoirs—W. L. Sherrill, I Thompson, D. Atkins, C. A. John F. Kirk, L. P. Bogle, Resolutions and Introduction E. Barnhardt, E. L. Bain, W. Public Worship-H. K. F

E. Barnhardt, T. F. Marr.
Moore, A. R. Surratt, L. T. C.
D. H. Anderson, P. C. Whitloch
To Fill Vacancies in Quadi
Boards—W. E. Poovey, vice
Byrd, deceased, on the Sunday

T. Ch Jordan and J R. Scrogen and J. H. We at this juncture the