

income reported was fizs, 195, 161, or ual income was \$125, 195, 161, or 10.10 per cent of the total. The per capita net income for New York, according to the popu-lation of the census for \$1820, was

\$330,89. The District of Columbia was

The District of Contage of popu-iation, according to the 1920 cen-sus, filing return, 12.40 per cent. The district reported also the high-est per capita net income per reof \$2,544.56; Nevada, reporting an average net income of \$2, \$89.83; and the territory o of Alaska, reporting an average net per return of \$2,000.85 were lower in this respect. Alaska, however, reported the highest per-Alaska, centage of population filing return. 17,17 per cent, with a per capita income, \$343.58, the second

highest. Virginia led the southern states in the number of personal income tax returns filed, in the percentage of state population filing returns and in the total amount of net income. Louisiana led in the total amount of tax paid for personal income, in the per capita net income and in the per capita income tax paid. North Carolina led m the average not income of returns filed, being second only to New York for the country as a whole, and in the average amount of tax per return.

Statistics of income from the personal returns to the internal revenue bureau for the calendar year.of 1919 show the payments made in 1920 for the previous year's income by states as follows: Returns by States. Florida-Returns filed, 31,107, or

3.21 per cent of the state's popula-tion: net income reported. \$107.-362.976. an average of \$110.86 per 362,976. an average of \$110.86 per capita and \$3,451 per return; total tax, \$4,363,089, an average of \$4.51 per capita and \$140,26 per return. Georgia; Returns filed, 58,930, or 2.62 per cent of the state's popula-tion; nef income reported, \$219,471,-

959, an average of \$75.79 per capita and \$8,724 per return: total tax, and \$3,714 per return; total tax, \$3,134.092, an average of \$3.15, per

population; net income reported, \$161,613.467, an average of \$63.15 per capita and \$4,346 per return; total tax, \$10,016,348, and average of \$3.91 per capita and \$269 per re-

ath Carolina: Returns filed \$7,296, or 2.21 per cent of the state's population; net income re-

turn: total tax, \$5,192,020, an average of \$3,08 per capita and \$135,31 per return. Tennessee: Returns filed, 50,789. or 2.17 per cent of the state's popu-lation: net income reported, \$193. \$99,353, an average of \$82,95 per capita and \$3,818 per return; total tax, \$5,083.054, an average of \$3,85 per capita and \$1,78,82 per return. Virginia: Returns filed, 75,968. or 3,39 per cent of the state's popu-tation: net income reported, \$247,-\$158,373, an average of \$3,817 per capita and \$3,260 per return, total tax, 9.020,337 an average of \$3,917 per capita and \$118,74 per return.

Apita and Silver Apita and Silver BODIFS RECOVERED. PENBACOLA. FLA.. July 24.--pe bodies of Jack Hollenwork and mutherland Noble. Monixomery. Ala., youns men who were drowned a Ferdido bay Friday were recover a Ferdido bay Friday were recover a fiermoon and are bell a fiermoon and are bell approved.

Rest and Worship.

After Night and Day in Tented President Faces Dilemma When Camp in Maryland Hills, He Wood and Forbes Return

Returns to Washington.

BY WILLIAM PHILIP SIMMS. WASHINGTON, July 24 .- Presi dent Harding returned to Washing-ton by automobile at 8 o'clock to-Written Expansely for the Newsnight from the Camp near Bigpool Maryland, where he had spent Sat-MANILA, July 24 .- When Presiurday night.

BIGPOOL, MD., July 24 .- President Harding ended his camping him upon their return from the philipinas, he will find himself in hot water, whatever he may do. The President attended impromptu church services held in a little Congress grant independence to the grove adjoinin gthe camp where he islands, the Filipinos will make

and Henry Ford. Thomas Edison, things uncomfortable for himy if he does recommend independence, he Harvey S. Firestone and Bishop William F. Anderson, of the Protestant may cause a split in his own party.

rid eduring the morning. Mounted on one of Mr. Firestone's the archipelago. More than that,

thoroughbreds, the President and they are in favor of strengthening several other members of the party American control, instead of weaktook a turn through the woods and ening it, while Filipinos are insisting then went to a country store nearby upon complete separation. then went to a country store nearby where the President telephoned to the White House. He inquired about and bad blood, is not unlike that Mrs. Harding, who is ill, and re- with which England is confronted in ceived reassuring reorts . concerning Ireland.

Both sides want what they want. Neither will they be satisfied with a compromise, and the side that doesn't her. Although he retized earlyp Inst night, the President was one of the last in camp to be up for break-fast. He slept soundly in the Sx5 tent provided for his accommodaget what it wants in the final settlement may be relied upon to raise merry Ned. an darose apparently much tion

The experience here has provided When the President promised Res-ident Commissioner Gabaldon that refreshed. him with his first real-opportunity for sectuaion out of doors since he entered the White House. he would solve the Philippine ques-tion during his term in office, he let himself in for a man's size job, in ontered the white rouse. Durin give religious services, a he opin'o small congreagtion of people from out here.

capital and \$155 per return. North Carolina: Returns filed, \$7,185, or 1.45 per cent of the state's Afterward the President the surrounding country assembled Afterward the President shook hands with each of them an dthey gave him three cheers before the

gathering broke up. TWO MEN KILLED IN

AUTOMOBILE AQCIDENT

FRANKLINTON, July 24 .- H. B. ported, \$142.558.532, an average of 554.75 per capita and 53.526 per re-turn; total tax, \$5,192.020, an av-erage of \$3.08 per capita and \$139.31 per roturn.

GREENVILLE, S. C., July 24.— Shortly after John Hemrick, 21. was arrested for being drunk, He lapsed into unconsciousness which - lasted several hours, and physicians fear blindness may develop from wood stochol poisoning. Hemrick having stated his condition was due to a concoction sold him for whiskey. He is in a serious condition at a local hospital and county officials are seek-ing the person who sold him the

SORT OF IRISH PROBLEM ore the c The house ways and means com-mittee is going into its hearings without any set schedule as to phases of tax revision which it will

consider during the four days. Nu-merous requests have been made for opportunities to discuss the tax laws and Chairman Fordney said and Submit Report.

the committee would hear all that can be possibly crowded into the limited time. can

paper Enterprise Association.) **GOVERNOR TAKES HAND**

IN "QUARRY" INQUIRY dent Harding comes to act on the re-port which Major General Wood and ex-Governor Forbes will submit to

If he fails to recommend that the State.

> al to The Observer ASHEVILLE, July 24.-In order

liam F. Anderson, of the Protestant Episcopal chfirch, had roughed it overnight. A piano brought from Hagerstown. 20 miles away, furnish-officiated. Until he left camp late in he after-harding did not go cutside the camp limits except for a short horseback ing to the norther cabinet. Al-unted States solution of the president Bu this wilfbe difficult. Americans ing to the norther cabinet. Al-solution the request of State Solicitor Norris that the 'mystery quarry' at Balegh be drained by the state, that there will be a revolt against ing to the norther cabinet. Al-solution the request of State Solicitor Norris that the 'mystery quarry' at Balegh be drained by the state, that there will be a revolt against ing to the norther cabinet. Al-solution of the president in mice question of the solution of the the will subject of the board of public buildings and ing to the norther cabinet. Al-solution the ing to the norther cabinet. Al-ing to the subject of this decision. Bu this wilfbe difficult. Americans ing to the norther cabinet cabinet is and there are emphatically in favor of the the subject in its be taken.

taken United States retaining control over

there are no funds to undertake the work at this time, and he will con-fer with Attorney General Manning

tomorrow in regard to the request. A preliminary conference was held between the governor and attorney Saturday, anticipating the request of the soolleitor, and it was stated

that Attorney General Manning was inclined to lean to the opinion that of a two year sentence imposed last the work should be done by the

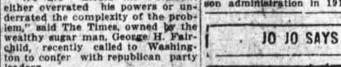
state. The request arrived at the summer capitol this morning.

BLIND POSTMASTER DEAD. CHAPEL HILL, July 24.--R. S. McRae, 70, said to be the only blind postmaster in the United States, died suddenly at his home here this morning. He was named post-master at the beginning of the Wil-ere administration in 1913 he opinion of leading Americanis

artestititer france Grant san.

ually takes other peo-

We are afraid the President son administration in 1913.



leaders. "There is only one way to settle definitely the Philippine question." the Fairchild organ declared, "and that is to make t he Philipines a state of the union. A Delusion.

Can Harding Do 91?

water, whatever he may do.

"A state may not secode from the union, nor can Congress ever sep-arate a state from the union. "Yet that the Philippines shall be made a state of the union in the

near future is entirely ouside the range of probability. "Granting the Philipines their independence would not settle the

matter definitely as no one could say whether or not the United States

WKS WOCD ALCOHOL BLINDNESS IS FEARED INTERS IS FEARED IN THE STATES IS FEARED IN THE STATES IS FEARED IS A STATES IS FEARED IS A STATES IS A STATES IN THE STATES IS A STATES IS A STATES IS A STATES IN THE STATES IS A STATES IN THE STATES IS A STATES IS A STATES IS A STATES IN THE STATES IN THE STATES IS A STATES IN THE STATES INTO A STATES IN THE STATES INTO A STATES IN THE STATES INTO A STATES INTO A STATES INTO A STATES IN THE STATES INTO A S

Nevertheless both Americans and Filinos in the islands are vocifer-ously demanding an early settio-

Perhaps our cloud has a silver lin-"Capital will never come to the (Continued on Page Two.) .. ple to see it.

BELFAST BELIEVES DE VALERA WILL REJECT

it is entirely proper that efforts should be made to relieve friction that has grown out of overlapping BELFAST, IRELAND, July 24

(By the Associated Press.)-The be-lief appears general in Belfast that nn De Valera, the Irish republican leader, will not accept terms of the British government for a settlement of the Irish question, which fall far short of the republican ideal.

between the two governments. It is It may be assumed that the out-Attorney General Leans to tal offer is fiscal control, which imalso believed in Japanese quarters here that the controversy with the United States as to cable rights on Opinion That Drainage side the six northern counties, and, the island of Yap may be settled "out of court" by Secretary Hughes and Work Should Be Done by the contrary, it is believed liktly to Baron Shidehara, the Japanese am-

prove the strongest lever for forcing Ulster to join with the southern parliament. The prospects, so far as actions may be junced, are not disconcert-ing to the northern cabinet. Al-though not officially stated, it is gen-

The chief executive states that SINN FEIN MEMBER OF

PARLIAMENT RELEASED DUBLIN, July 24.—Countess Georogiana Markievicz, Sinn Fein member of parliament for Saint Patrick's division of Dublin; was

released from Mount Joy prison to-day. She had served seven months of a two year sentence imposed last December.

December. Countess Markievicz, who was elected member of parliament in 1918, was the first woman ever tion of nohre were assigned to Japan by the su-

The occupation by Japan of a portion of nohtren Saghalein and the tion of nontren sagnatein and the adjacent Asian mainland, as a result of the massacre 'at Nicolaivsk more than a year ago, may be settled as a result of negotiations which the Japanese government has begun through a special commissioner with named for membership in that body, but never took her seat. She through a special commensioner with the government of the far eastern republic at Chita. Should these fail, however, it is expected that the Washington conference will be called

AGAIN TRUANT OFFICER

secial to The Observe YORK, S. C., July 24 .- Miss Alice

Garrison, who served as truant offleer for York county until the office was abolished last spring, has again been elected to fill this office, which was revived last wook by the county board of education, with the consent of the York legislative delegation: Her tenune of office this time will be brief, however as she expects to teach school in the fall.

When the office was abolished sev-eral months ago its duties were devolved on the school trustees, but the latter entered a strenuous obfection to this arrangement, which resulted in a return to the old sys-

tem. MOBILE SCHOOL ENDS

SESSION AT CASTONIA

Special to The Observer. GASTONIA, July 24 .--- The lectury GASTONIA, July 24.—The lecture by Dr. J. L., Vipperman Friday after-noon brought to an end the mogl successful mobile school that has ever been held in this county. Bev. W. C. Barrett, the dean, said that in his opinion the school was the best that has ever been held in the Gaston County Baptist association. The attendance was good all through the session, which began Tuesday night and continued through Fri-day afternoon.

ence.

upon to deal with that subject.

MILITARY COMPANY IN.

belief is that there shall be no interference by the conference with vest-ed rights and concessions but that

claims. The Japanese hope and expectation is understood to be that, not-withstanding China's efforts to bring the subject of the Japanese occupa-tion of Shantung before the confera leper settlement; that settlements for leprosy will be a thing of the past, and that leprosy itself may is generally believed here the forthence, that matter may yet be adjusted in advance by direct negotiations

perhaps be unknown. To Arthur L. Dean, president of the University of Hawaii, goes the credit for perfecting the leprosy cure. Chaulmoogra oll long has been recognized as the standard specific for leprosy. Its one fault Baron Shidehara, the Japanese am-bassador. American officials, how-ever, were not so positive about this. While they hope for direct settle-ment it is fully understood that the issue presented in 'his case, apparent-ly confined to a mere question of the right to operate a submattion of the was that it had to be administered as a whole, with the result that the cure was slow and often inefficient. Doctor Dean has separated from he bulk of the oil that element that combats the disease. It is this element, in the pure state, that has been used with such astounding re-sults at Molokai. The process is by an intermuscular injection once week and capsules administered in-

ternally three times daily. Dr. W. J. Goodhue, for 18 years resident physician at the Molokai the washington contreence will be obliged to consider this subject in its broadest aspect. Japan is under-stood to be fully prepared in that case to challenge the right of the British Pacific dominions to the exsettlement says that under the pres-ent method of treatment 65 per cent of the chronic cases of leprosy at the settlement will be turned out cured within the next two years. clualve control of the many islands Many of the patients at Molokal, in the Pacific south of the equator formerly owned by Germany which are regarded by the Japanese as very however, never can recover as their disease was too far advanced before the cure was discovered. Theer are 512 patients at Molokai

and of these 175 have been under treatment with the Dean cure for five months.

GIRL CAPTURES STILL IN COUNTY OF CRAVEN

Nothing Left for Moonshiner but to Start at Bottom and Work Upward.

Special to The Observer. KINSTON, July 24.—A big, beard-ed moonshiner, with a gun and slouch hat probably wouldn't hurt a little girl. So, under the circum-tioners there is mothing for one It appears, however, that the main Japanese effort will be directed to stances, there is nothing for one Craven county 'shiher to do save start at the bottom again and build the removal of ,all restrictions and discriminations in trading with China and in the development of that country, carrying out the open door policy initiated by the late John Hay, and assurance on that point, aiready conveyed to Secretary Hughes, is beupward, for Sadie Ballard has his still, kettle and all. Sadie is 14 years of age. She was picking huckle-berries when she found the still. The operator was away. The plant was hidden in woods about 300 yards leved to account for much of the optimism he has shown regarding

nism he has shown regarding success of the projected confer-ITARY COMPANY IN COURSE OF FORMATION the success of the projected confer-

GAFFNEX July 24.—A paper containing the names of 26 young men who are desirous of forming a company of light artillery for Gaffney was sent to the adjutant general of the state last Friday. Many of Union will want to giv e Sadie medai

the signers are veterans of the world the signers are veterans of the world war, and these men are mean angious that the organiation shall be formed. The prospects do not appear particularly bright at this time for the success of the move-ment, as it takes a minimum of 65 members before authority will be sranied for the formation of the company, but the promoters are working hard to obtain the other needed members and they are very hopeful of success.

and lantern snades, and a humber of glass jars with which she may conserve the huckleberries she leks in the woods. The pot and other equipment constituted quits a find. Besides, she's a prohibitionist. Maybe the Woman's Christian Temperance

dispassionately. To whatever posi-tion the relations of Japan and the coming conference will hasten a so-lution. This belief is taken to ex-plain the intensity and carefulness with which Japan's statesmen are addressing themselves to the new

international situation. Publicists are reverting to their Publicists are reverting to their original viewpoint as to the impera-tive necessity for the creation of a permanent and practical under-standing with America, which they now deem more urgent than ever because of the uncertainty sur-rounding the future of the alliances

rounding the future of the alliances with Great Britain. In all circles here the difficulties in the way of attaining an accord on agmaments and the more thoray questions of policies apparently are realized, but in responsible quarters the feeling is that Japan must participate in the conference for her own good. Kotaro Mochizuki, member of the house of representatives and diplo-matic expert of the Kenzel-Kal, ar

matic expert of the Kensel-Kal, o opposition party, who has been to frequent visit®r to the United thates concludes a series of articles on 'rivalry in the Pacific and the risk 'rivalry in the Pacific and the risk of war" by declaring that Japan considers America's expansion of sea power and increased fortifica-tions a menace to her safety. A so-lution of the Pacific problems he states hinges on whether the United States will recognize the rational and legitimate development of Ja-pan in the far east, in return for Japan's recognition of the Monres doctrine as defining the special po-sition of the United States in the two Americas.

two Americas. The war minister, Hanzo Tam-The war minister, Hanno Tam-anashi, is quoted as saying that cur-tailment of the various armies in hedged in with difficulties. Appa-rently China can not be forced to re-duce her armies, he declared, while France can not reduce until con-vinced of the impotency of Germany to strike again. It also must be re-membered, he said, that the United States can potentially mobilise at any moment as powerful an army as it did during the world war.

ADVANCE IN COTTON STIMULATES BUSINESS

GAFFNEY. July 14.--The r advance in the price of cotton had the effect of putting a amount of the staple on the market recently, the prevailing 12 cents per pound, while this 12 cents per pound, while this will hardly cover the cost of duction, producers say that the afraid to hold for a higher 1 The sale of cotton has put a money into circulation, and bus

has revived to such an a people are encouraged that the hard times are a susing in all lines has narked improvement du mat few woeks, and stations, which were standstill, have starts and everything points i perces times. It is those who profess to i those who profess to it