DAILY OBSERVER.

JOHNSTONE JONES, Editor.

Tuesday, February 25, 1873.

News of the Day.

... President Thiers is sick.

... February 22nd, being a legal holiday, all the departments at Washington closed.

... An extra session of the Senate will be held March 4th.

... A great Railroad bridge is to be built across the Mississippi at St. Louis.

... "Sitting Bull," a noted Indian Chief, was killed last week.

... The President's residence six miles from St. Louis has been burned.

... The Kingdom of Portugal is arming in anticipation of civil commotion.

... Salutes were fired in New York Harbor in honor of George Washington Saturday.

... A great fire occurred during a snow storm in Bridgeport, Connecticut, on February 24. Thirteen first-class residences were destroyed.

... The committee on the Post-office Appropriation Bill have reported an amendment prohibiting the transmission of any free matter.

... It is asserted that three Democrats and two Republicans of the Judiciary Committee are in favor of impeaching Colfax. This constitutes a majority of the Committee.

... In Congress Friday, Senator Robertson of South Carolina presented a resolution stating that the withdrawal of the Federal troops would endanger the peace of that State.

... The River and Harbor appropriation bill gives the Cape Fear River below Wilmington, $100,000; and the Roanoke River, below Weldon, $10,000. The bill came up yesterday in regular order and it is thought will certainly pass.

THE ROW ON SATURDAY.

The most serious part of the disturbance last Saturday arose from resistance to the authority of the city Police.

Mr. S. G. Orr, and his brothers who resisted the police, were arrested; and on yesterday morning were brought up for trial in the Mayor's court. The prisoners, the police, the witnesses, and a few spectators were in attendance at the City Hall before nine o'clock, ready for the examination to begin. There they waited for an hour or more for the Mayor or his substitute to come and conduct the case. But no one came, and for the want of a Judge the court was adjourned and the prisoners bound over to appear again next Monday.

His Honor, Mayor Young, being absent from the city, of course *could* not appear; and Alderman S. P. Smith, whom we are informed is acting Mayor in the absence of his Honor, *did* not appear; for what reason we are not aware. Owing to the peculiar circumstances of this case it was unfortunate that no Mayor or Acting Mayor could be had to try the violators of the law after they were brought into court.

If the police force is not to be sustained by the authorities in their efforts to preserve the peace, such an organization is a needless expense to the people; and if the officers of the city government do not propose to enforce the law the town charter is as worthless a document as the constitution of the United States, and may as well be dispensed with, and thus save to the tax-payers the expenses incidental to a city government. Not only every officer of the city government, but every good citizen ought to feel it his duty to sustain the police in the lawful discharge of their duties. If police authority is not maintained the town is at the mercy of anybody who chooses to disturb the public peace.

THE MEN OF WASHINGTON'S TIME AND OURS.

The anniversary of George Washington's birthday was generally observed in the United States Friday. The event is full of significance just at this juncture of affairs in the history of the nation. It naturally turns the thoughts of people back to Washington's time, and suggests a comparison between the men who controlled the country in the early days of the Republic and the choice spirits who occupy the seats of power in this degenerate age.

The statesmen and political leaders who were at the head of affairs during the administration of our First President, were men of sterling integrity, pure patriotism, and high moral tone. They were all animated by the same noble spirit that inspired their great chief; they possessed courage, manliness, and unblemished honor. Public virtue was enthroned in the halls of Legislation, and the leaders who shaped the destinies of the Republic in the first years of its existence were an honor to the human race; and in their unsullied characters and bright deeds bore testimony to the saying of the "sweet Psalmist of Israel," that God made man but "a little lower than the angels."

Now behold the contrast! The capital of the nation is a cesspool of vice and corruption. Rogues, hypocrites and Godless knaves, of polite exterior and smiling countenance, swarm in every department of the government and honor and honesty are become mere by-words in the city which bears the revered name of George Washington. Even the sacred stream of Justice is polluted at the fountainhead; and the halls of Congress are become little better than dens of thieves and robbers. The newspapers of the country are filled day after day with revelations of fraud, dishonesty, hypocrisy and duplicity in the very atmosphere we breathe with it.

And what manner of men have we holding the reins of power? Compare them with such patriots as the elder Adams, John Hancock, Alexander Hamilton, Henry Knox, Patrick Henry, Edmund Randolph, Richard Henry Lee, Thomas Jefferson, Patrick Henry, and a host of other honored names made famous in Washington's time.

The highest office in the gift of the people is occupied by a man who is a pigmy in intellectual development, and whose moral nature is of so low a standard that in an honest, intelligent community, he would not be considered worthy to be justice of the peace, much less Chief Magistrate of the nation. Has he true nobility of soul? Is he either wise, generous or good? Is not his truthfulness and honesty questioned by some of the foremost and best men of the country? The name of Ulysses S. Grant should not be mentioned in the same breath with that of George Washington.

The next highest officer of the government, Vice-President Colfax, has rendered himself forever infamous, by selling himself body and soul to a corruptionist, and then committing perjury in the vain attempt to conceal his guilt. He has played the degrading role of sneak-thief on a public stage which has attracted the eye of the whole world. He is to be impeached, not for high crimes and misdemeanors, but for the low, mean offence of accepting a bribe. And Henry Wilson, who succeeds the hypocrite Colfax as Vice-President of the United States, is also stigmatized with the "C. M." brand of disgrace. And he, too, like Carker Colfax, is "dyed in the wool" of Radicalism; and is totally void of all those high and ennobling qualities which attract the admiration or win the love of men.

And then there are a dozen or more Senators and Representatives, the leading lights of the Republican party, who are proven to be thieves, corruptionists, bribe-takers, perjurers and hypocrites. Harlan, Patterson, Ames, Dawes, Kelley, Garfield, Scofield, Bingham, Wilson and the whole pack of Credit Mobilier thieves, have disgraced the halls of Congress, and done enough to send them every one to the Penitentiary, if Justice were administered. In addition to this list of Republicans of Credit Mobilier infamy, may be added Brooks, the Democrat, who though a true Conservative in everything else was thoroughly Radical in his instinctive love of Government money, and total disregard of the principles of honor and integrity.

There are few good or great men in power now. Vice is rampant in the land and the goodly form of virtue seems wholly banished from the high places. For this abominable condition of public morals at Washington, the Radical party is responsible. Until Northern Republicans got control of the government and the voice of the South was hushed in the halls of Congress, such a thing as stealing from the government was almost unheard of, and it is worthy of observation that it is only since the South has regained representation in the National Legislature, that some returning sense of virtue, honor and honesty is perceptible in that delectable body.

HORACE GREELEY'S DAUGHTERS' FORTUNES.—The inventory and appraisement of the estate of Horace Greeley and his wife has been completed, and the surrogate of Westchester county finds the net estate to be $[illegible]. The daughters will each have a fortune of [illegible] after all the legacies, including that to the Children's Aid Society, have been paid.—*N. Y. Sun.*

MR. TYNG is working as strenuously to get Governor Dix to spare the life of Foster, the car-hook murderer, now condemned by Judge and jury to die, as he once labored strenuously to "smile" the party guilty of construing the Constitution otherwise than he construed it.—*World.*

LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

February 21, 1873.

At 7½ Speaker Robinson called the House to order.

Mr. Badger introduced a bill to protect the youth of the State in regard to impure liquor. Calendar.

Unfinished Business.

Senate Bill to alter the Constitution in relation to public charities was postponed until to-morrow at 12 m.

On motion of Mr. Whisnant, the bills were [illegible] to amend chapter 241, laws 1870-71, was taken up and passed its several readings.

House bill to establish the fees of Treasurer of Rutherford county, passed its second reading.

House bill to allow several counties to elect a Finance Committee, passed several readings.

House resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to examine into the propriety of amending the present tax bill, so as to increase the fees of Clerks and other officers, was read.

Mr. Bowman moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost.

Mr. Mourning moved to indefinitely postpone.

Mr. Bennett said the present fees were unjust. A sheriff is not allowed more fees for serving a process at a distance of 20 miles than he is for serving a process at a distance of 2 miles.

The motion to indefinitely postpone prevailed, yeas 62.

House bill to require the Auditor of the State to give bond in the sum of $50,000, was postponed until Monday at 12 m.

House bill to amend sec. 34, chap. 113, laws of 1868-'69, passed its several readings.

House Bill concerning corporations passed its several readings.

House bill to provide for amendments in Justices' Courts passed its several readings.

House bill to amend sec. 3, chap. 139, laws of 1870-'1, passed its several readings.

House bill to amend section 504 Code of Civil Procedure, passed its several readings.

House bill to amend secs. 496 and 497, Code of Civil Procedure, passed its several readings.

House bill concerning Superior Courts passed its several readings.

House bill to allow Constables the same fees as are now allowed Sheriffs passed its several readings.

House bill to amend sec. 37, chap. 116, laws of 1868-'69, was postponed until to-morrow at 11 a. m.

Adjourned.

SENATE.

February 22, 1873.

Senate called to order at 10 A. M., Lieut. Governor in the Chair.

Messages were received from the House returning several bills concurred in, and the school bill with amendments to three of the sections.

Messrs. Cunningham and Ellis, of Columbus, favored the motion to recede from the position taken by the Senate.

Mr. Cowles favored the appointment of a Conference Committee to consider the amendments suggested by the House, and demanded the yeas and nays on the motion of Mr. Cunningham to recede.

The motion prevailed by 18 yeas and 15 nays.

The bill to charter the Old North State Life Insurance Co. of Warrenton, with an amendment by the committee on Insurance respecting the rate of interest of said Company to 8 per cent. passed its several readings.

Bill for the promotion of stock raising, with amendment of the Committee on Internal Improvements, passed its readings.

The resolution in regard to relieving the disabilities of W. W. Holden was next taken up.

Harris, col., opened the discussion which became general, first on the motion to re-refer to the Judiciary Committee, and on the motion to refer to the Supreme Court for information as to whether or not the General Assembly had the power to take action in the matter.

During the discussion, Mr. Respess said in substance, that the Democratic side of the House should show that magnanimity that had characterized their actions in the passage of the amnesty and pardon bill, and vote accordingly for the resolution.

Mr. Welch said that this lecture from the Senator from Beaufort came in very bad grace from that side of the House; that he thought that Gov. Holden was a member of the League and pardoned by the Amnesty bill, as his offences were committed by order of some member or officer of the League, as sworn to by a prominent Republican.

Harris, col., replied that the witness referred to by the [illegible] from Haywood was [illegible] that he (Harris) [illegible] meeting referred [illegible] given to G[illegible] Pool.

On motion [illegible] the resolution, Mabson, col., called the yeas and nays, and the motion was lost by 15 yeas and [illegible] nays.

The vote then recurred on the reference of the resolution to the Judiciary Committee, and pending the discussion on this motion Mr. Avera called the previous question on the passage of the resolution.

Mr. Welch demanded the yeas and nays.

The resolution was lost, yeas 18, nays 22.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

At 10 a. m. Speaker Robinson called the House to order.

By Mr. Gorman, a resolution in regard to the portrait of Washington. Calendar.

By Mr. Goodwyn, a resolution in [illegible] of bills [illegible] Calendar.

By Mr. Harris, a resolution in regard to the birth-day of Washington. Referred.

By Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, a resolution in favor of J. H. Hill. Calendar.

By Mr. Gudger, a resolution to provide for a casual deficit in the Treasury. Referred.

The Senate amendments to the "machinery bill" were taken up and agreed to.

The bill to amend section 37, chap. 116, laws of 1868-'69, was taken up, passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, the resolution in favor of John H. Hill was taken up and passed its several readings.

On motion of Mr. Gorman, the resolution in reference to the portrait of Washington was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Gudger, was indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Waddell, the vote by which the bill to amend sec. 504, C. C. P. passed its third reading last evening, was reconsidered. The question recurred upon the passage of the bill on its third reading, and the bill failed to pass.

On motion of Mr. Marler, the resolution in reference to the birth-day of Washington was taken up.

Mr. Rhodes moved to lay on the table. Lost.

The resolution was adopted.

The Senate bill to alter the Constitution of the State in regard to Public Charities, was taken up as the special order.

After debate, a vote was taken and the bill failed on its third reading, yeas 68, nays 26. [Not two-thirds.]

Mr. Wiley moved to suspend the rules and take up the other amendments. [The same as those passed by the last Legislature and rejected by the Senate at this session.]

The bill to alter the Constitution in regard to the Supreme Court, having three judges instead of five at present, was taken up.

Bowe, col., moved to indefinitely postpone.

The yeas and nays were called and the motion failed, yeas 48, nays 64.

The bill to alter the constitution in regard to the office of Governor.—[Making the term two years instead of four.]—Was taken up.

A ballot was taken and the bill failed by a vote of yeas 60, nays 32.

The same vote as above, with the exception of Messrs. Bryan of Wilkes, Carson, Dula and Wheeler, who voted in the negative this time.

Adjourned.

THORNWELL'S MONUMENT.—We are gratified to see that the friends of the late Dr. Thornwell have erected to his memory a suitable memorial. The City Cemetery was visited yesterday afternoon by the Senior Class of the Seminary, for the purpose of making some arrangements about the grounds where the monument stands. They propose beautifying the grave of him they love, though they sow him not. Daily, however, they sit at his feet as he speaks in the profound treatises, recently edited by Dr. Adger, and nothing they can do to honor his resting-place will, in their opinion, be any adequate token of the admiration and affection with which they esteem the South's most gifted theologian.

The stone [illegible] in shape; about six and a [illegible] feet high and one foot thick—white Italian marble. The only inscription on it is

JAMES HENLEY THORNWELL,
Aged [illegible]

Nothing could be in better taste. He whom it is designed to commemorate was fond of no ornament, and disclaimed anything like adventitious attractions. If, in after years, visitors to his tomb ask where he was born, or where he died, or who or what he was, the answer will be ready—for his name is yet to be a household word.—*S. H. B., in Daily South Carolinian.*

A MASONIC BIGOT.—Donald Hall of this city, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, received this morning a letter from Wm. R. Bowen of Omaha, Nebraska, enclosing the following description of "John Reed," who has been kicked out of the Nebraska city Lodge because of "betraying the most sacred Masonic and social trusts." The brand has been slapped on him, and thank gracious! we are not in Mr. Reed's boots. Here is his description: JOHN REED.—Aged 32 years in 1873; about 5 feet 2 inches in heigth; weighs about 120 pounds; light (blonde) complexion; thin brown hair; full lips; and very bad teeth; a somewhat smooth wrinkled face, with a peculiar smile; very little beard. Reticent in speech, but a smooth low talker when awakened; walkes erect with a quick step; a very bright Mason," and a druggist by profession.—*Ral. Era.*

A man in Pittsburg, who lost his wife about eight months ago, was last week found lying insensible on his wife's grave, with both legs badly frozen. He had been deeply affected by the loss of his wife, to whom he was passionately attached, and had, shortly after his death, been detected in an attempt to commit suicide. This unfortunate man refuses to allow his legs to be amputated, which is the opinion of the physician, is the only means of saving his life.

New Orleans has a Hebrew society numbering 3,000 members.

A Wellsboro bachelor has put on male attire to look after his boarders.

Mme. Nilsson was called before the curtain twenty-four times and received a bouquet of bouquets in Moscow.

John Robinson's son Jack sue[illegible] his father in the menagerie business.

STATE NEWS.

The Cape Fear is still very high.

The Tarboro *Southerner* has a Davidson College correspondent.

Newbern may expect [illegible] 1,000 feet for her g[illegible] 310.

The Newbern *Sun* spells it t-r-o-w-l. He means taking a walk.

Wilmington had the last hop of her season on Friday evening.

The Enfield *Times* pineth for some one to compliment it.

Wilmington is pleased with Carrow's Temperance lecture.

Mr. J. V. Shell will open a tobacco warehouse in Mocksville soon.

A lager beer brewery will soon be in operation in Statesville.

An impostor, representing himself to be a son of Gen. Wade Hampton, has been "doing" Weldon.

In a Ridgeway brewery one day last week, a man had one of his fingers mashed off.

Statesville had a hop at the Simonton House on last Friday night, which was quite a spirited affair.

Belligerent individuals in Wilmington do their fighting with pitch forks.

A young man in Wilmington has mashed his foot by dropping a heavy iron drink pin on it.

Girls don't feel the Milton Chronicle man much when they send to him for old papers with which to cut patterns.

The Raleigh papers are decidedly "heavy" on Legislators. Every fellow is "able, efficient and indefatigable."

Dr. J. T. Young, who lived near Dysartsville, in McDowell county, was kicked by a mule a few days since, and instantly killed.

The unmarried editor of the Tarboro *Enquirer* grows enthusiastic in speaking of the beauty of Tarboro belles.

The smartest mill is in Statesville. The *Intelligencer* man in his wildness says it will grind six bushels to the minute.

There is one case of small pox in Cypress Township, Franklin county, but no danger is apprehended of its spreading.

Mr. Howell Gordon, of Granville county, is the youngest of a family of 27 children. His mother lived to see 300 lineal descendants.

Two mules and a wagon were precipitated over the abutment of the bridge cross Hendrick's Creek, Edgecombe county, last Monday, but were by great exertion saved.

While out turkey hunting near Statesville one day last week, a young man was accidentally shot in the leg by a companion. The *Intelligencer* says he is not much hurt.

Mr. E. R. Stamps, editor of the Tarboro *Enquirer*, has been nominated by the Conservatives of Edgecombe for the Legislature, in place of Mabson, negro, who was unseated.

Weldon has a young married woman in that town who has a baby that is so large that she has to thrash him by steam, and hit him into the cradle with a hydraulic ram.

A valable mine of mica has recently been discovered and is now being developed in Buncombe county, on the lands of the "Black Mining Company."

The *Intelligencer* learns that Dr. J. J. Mott, of Statesville, and T. D. Carter, Esq., editor of the Asheville *Expositor*, had a fight in Greensboro on last Thursday night.

We learn that at the sale at Dr. John T. Leach's, Jr., Johnston county, Monday last, property sold remarkably high for cash. Cotton sold at 17½ cents good, bad and indifferent all together; mules and horses from $150 to $300; milch cows, the cheapest thing sold, from $17 to $20. The valuable mill in this place is yet to be sold.—*Era.*

A MOTHER'S LOVE.—Lamartine gives this illustration: "In some spring freshet, river widely washed its shores and rent away a bough whereon a bird had built a cottage for her summer hope. Down the white and whirling stream drifted the green branch, with its wicker cup of unfledged song, and fluttering beside it went the mother bird. Unheeding the roaring river, on she went, her cries of agony and fear piercing the pauses in the storm. How like the love of an old-fashioned mother, who followed the child she had plucked from her heart, all over the world. Swept away by passion that child might be, it mattered not; though he was bearing away with him the fragrance of the shattered root-tree, yet that mother was with him, a Ruth through all his life, and a Rachel at his death.

ENGLAND.—*London, Feb. 19, 1873.*—The estimated expenditures for the army for the financial year 1873-74 form a total of £66,157,000, which is a reduction of £2,000,000 from those of the current year.

AMERICAN APPLIANCES IN RAILWAY TRAVEL.—The Midland Railroad Company has entered into contract with the Pullman Palace Car Company for the equipment of that road with the American style of drawing room and sleeping coaches.

INTERESTING.—Dublin, Feb. 19, 1873.—The Right Reverend Patrick Dorgan, D. D., Lord Bishop of Clonfert, and the Rev. R. Queen have been accused of the charge of using spiritual influence to intimidate voters in the Galway Parliamentary election.

The effort of the prosecution to obtain the charge against them proved a complete failure.

GOV. CALDWELL AND SAM. CARROW BETRAYED.—Any one who has read the recent issues of the *Era* will be convinced that Hearne has not only sold himself out to "Swepson ring," but has also sold the *Era*. We venture to say if Carrow was at home, that Hearne would get his "ticket of leave."—*Newbern Republic and Courier, Radical.*

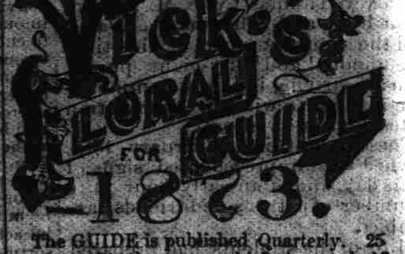
New Advertisements.

CHARLOTTE MARBLE WORKS.

A CHANCE.

HAVING removed my stock of Marble to my old stand, near the jail, and formed a co-partnership, to take effect February 20th, 1873, with Mr. Sylvanus McNinch, with the view of enlarging business, I respectfully ask for the firm a continuance of the liberal patronage bestowed on me. The business will be carried on hereafter in all its branches by F. A. & S. McNinch.

feb 25 F. A. McNINCH.



The GUIDE is published Quarterly. 25 cts. pays for the year, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of *One Dollar* or more for Seeds may also order 25 cts. worth extra—the price paid for the Guide. The First Number is beautiful, giving plans for making Rural Homes, Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens, &c., and a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers.—150 pages on fine tinted paper, some 500 Engravings and a superb Colored Plate and Chromo Cover.—The First Edition of 200,000 just printed in English and German.

JAMES VICK,
feb 25—4w Rochester, N. Y.

DON'T

Be deceived, but for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only

WELL'S CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Worthless Imitations are on the market, but the only scientific preparation of Carbolic Acid for Lung disease is when chemically combined with other well known remedies, as in these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against using any other.

In all cases of irritation of the mucous membrane these TABLETS should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.

Be warned, never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its incipient, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Wells' Carbolic Tablets as a specific. Price 25c. per Box. John Q. Kellogg, 18 Platt St., N. Y., Sole Agent for the United States. Send for Circular.

feb 25—4w

ESPECIAL ATTENTION

of manufacturers who have become disgusted with the odors of Paraffine Oils and their ill effects upon machinery, is invited to

Kellogg's Sperm Engine Oil, ₱ gallon.	@ $1.20
Kellogg's Sperm Spindle Oil, ₱ gallon.	@ 1.15
Kellogg's Tallow Engine Oil, ₱ gallon.	@ 1.10
Kellogg's Tallow Spindle Oil, ₱ gallon.	@ 1.05

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THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eridicate, extripate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substantances in the Blood and will effectually dispel all predisposition to bilious derangement.

Is there want of action in your Liver & Spleen? Unless relieved the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with poverty of the Blood, Dropsical tendency, general Weakness and inertia.

Have you weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhoea or Inflamation of the Bowels.

Have you weakness of the Uturine or Urinary Organs? You are exposed to suffering in its most aggravated form.

Are you dejected, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with headache, coated tongue and bad tasting mouth?

For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE

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which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is no new and untried discovery has been long used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

Don't weaken and impair the digestive organs by cathartics and physics they give only temporary relief—Indigestion, flatulency and dyspepsia with piles and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.

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FRESH Maintain Cabbage Just Received. Also: Sweet Potatoes, $1.50 per bushel; Irish Potatoes, Onions, Eggs and Butter kept constantly on hand. Richmond Sausage received twice a week by Express.

Go to PRESSON'S for Good Bargains.