

FAIR OF THE CAROLINAS.

At one time it was feared that the Fair of the Carolinas would go down forever, and be known henceforth as one of the effete things of the dead past.

There is no question about the fact that the Fair can be made a paying institution if it is properly managed, and good luck in the matter of weather attends its annual exhibitions.

The railroad companies whose lines centre in Charlotte are largely interested in the success of the Fair. The majority of the visitors would come by rail, and the railroad companies would, of course, reap considerable benefit from the increased travel.

The list of subscribers to the capital stock is soon to be published. The public will then see who are the supporters of enterprise in this city and county.

One of our Republican exchanges speaks of the "divine greenback." Divine greenback!—We may not be surprised to hear Radicals speaking of the god-like dollar, the holy sixpence, the sacred copper, the heavenly dime, the Almighty Dollar.

Another trial of William M. Tweed is to begin next week. This thing is becoming monotonous. It is time it were stopped. It seems impossible to find a jury in New York to convict the great criminal.

The New York Herald, like poor Oakes Ames, has always a keen eye to business. It has made a great fuss in the world over O'Kelly, who was captured by the Spaniards.

The Evening Herald, of Columbia, speaks of all the States being decorated, at some future day, in one indissoluble and perpetual union.

The origin of the word Modoc seems wrapped in mystery: we have yet to see a satisfactory explanation of the term. The Modocs will be known in history as chief among the murderous bands who have shocked humanity.

THE OXFORD CHARITY. We refer our readers to the advertisement concerning the Oxford Orphan Asylum.

We hope a full representation will be in attendance from Western North Carolina.

The Hermitage Church, in Tennessee, has been robbed of the Bible and hymn book on its pulpit. This must have been done by some discharged veteran who "got his hand in" while following Sherman's banners in his "march to the Sea."

The editor of the Evening Herald does not see "anything abhorrent in the idea of re-electing Grant for a third term." But he sees a chance for an office, perhaps.

A Voice from Davidson.

Saturday, May 17, 1873, the date inscribed on the beautiful banner of the Cadets of Temperance is a day we have marked here with a white stone. The morning broke bright and cheery.

"Uprose the virgin with the morning light," says many of them, and borrowed the blushes of Aurora veiled in Homer "the rosy-fingered daughter of the dawn." At 9 o'clock at Davidson College too, all were in eager expectancy of the proposed visit.

The Faculty had appointed Mr. Howard Summerell, of Salisbury, "a grave and reverend senior," to bid the bright throng welcome. He did it in the most approved style, in a speech which was applauded to the echo in the great hall of the main building.

Another trial of William M. Tweed is to begin next week. This thing is becoming monotonous. It is time it were stopped. It seems impossible to find a jury in New York to convict the great criminal.

The New York Herald, like poor Oakes Ames, has always a keen eye to business. It has made a great fuss in the world over O'Kelly, who was captured by the Spaniards.

ed to wonder at the decision once made on Mount Ida as to the relative charms of Venus and Minerva. At 6 o'clock in the afternoon all was again quiet in the village, some flutterings of the heart excepted.

Mr. Editor:—The new Board of Aldermen is now fully organized for business. And whilst I intend to propose all the ordinances of the city, I desire to call special attention to the following ordinances, viz:

That any person or persons who shall deposit the carcass of any dead animal in any street or lot, or suffer the same to remain on their premises, within the limits of the city, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offence the sum of five dollars.

That any person or persons who shall run, ride or drive any horse or horses of a rapid speed through the streets, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars for each and every offence.

That any person or persons who shall run, ride or drive any horse or horses of a rapid speed through the streets, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars for each and every offence.

That any person having license, who shall sell or deliver to any person, any beer, cider, or spirituous liquors, or open his or their shops on the Sabbath day for the purpose of selling or giving any spirituous liquor, wine, beer or cider to any person, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offence the sum of fifty dollars.

That every person who shall bring into the market, for sale, any unclean or unwholesome meat, of any kind, or poultry, shall forfeit and pay twenty dollars for every offence.

The Labor Strike—Third Meeting. The strikers connected with the building trades of this city held their adjourned meeting last night at Metropolitan Hall.

The meeting was well attended notwithstanding the inclement weather. The committee appointed at the last meeting to confer with the employers reported that they could not effect a meeting, the employers refusing to recognize the movement in its present form.

The meeting adopted a resolution requesting all men now employed to cease work at once pending the settlement of the difficulty.

It was stated on pretty good authority that the employers had no great objection to adopting the ten hours system; but they did object to any demand being made upon them by a combination controlled by men in no way to be affected by the result.

The following were appointed a committee of conference to meet the employers to-day and to report to an adjourned meeting to-night: J. W. Dickson, J. H. Jones, M. B. Barbee, Renben Rhodes, Patrick McGowan and Patrick Spencer.

WASHINGTON. Stricken with Paralysis—Arrival of Col. Scruggs. WASHINGTON, May 23.—Rev. Father Early, President of Georgetown College, was yesterday stricken with paralysis on one side.

Chicago's Approaching Jubilee—Dignitaries Going. CHICAGO, May 23.—The President and Vice President of the United States, the Governor-General of Canada, the Governors of the different States, and other distinguished officials are expected to attend the Jubilee to be held in this city on June 1st.

SPAIN. Can the Spanish Government Try Foreigners? NEW YORK, May 23.—A Herald special from Havana says the arrest of Mr. Price, the correspondent of the New York Herald, and the refusal to allow his counsel and friends to communicate with him, have revived the question of the power of the government to try foreigners according to Spanish law.

The Turf—Goldsmith Maid and Lucy. NEW YORK, May 23.—Goldsmith Maid and Lucy are being trained on the new track constructed by H. N. Smith on his property near Trenton, N. J.

The cases of the sailors of the Bark Union at Santiago de Cuba, who were taken by the Spaniards from American war vessels, were conducted in this manner. The authorities still refuse to allow any one to have communication with Mr. Price.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

By the Southern and Atlantic Line. LOUISIANA. GRANT'S PROCLAMATION. He Commands the McEneryites to Disperse in Twenty Days.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The following proclamation was issued by President Grant to-day: By the President of the United States of America:

WHEREAS, Under pretense that William H. Kellogg, the present Executive of the State of Louisiana, and the officers associated with him in the State Administration were not duly elected, certain turbulent and disorderly persons have combined together with force and arms to resist the laws and constituted authorities of said State;

And Whereas, It has been duly certified by the proper local authorities and the Judiciary of said State, that said officers are entitled to hold their offices respectively and execute and discharge the functions thereof;

And Whereas, Congress at its late sessions recognized the said Executive and his associates then, as now, in office, by refusing to take any action with respect thereto, and whereas, it is provided in the Constitution of the United States that the United States shall protect every State in its Union on application of the Legislature, or of the Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened, against domestic violence;

And Whereas, it is specified in the laws of the United States that in all cases of insurrection in any State, or obstruction to the laws thereof, it shall be lawful for the President of the United States on application of the Legislature of such State, or of the Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened, to call forth the militia of any other State or States, or to employ such part of the land and naval forces as shall be judged necessary for the purpose of suppressing such insurrections, or causing the laws to be duly executed;

And Whereas, the Legislature of said State is not now in session and cannot be convened in time to meet the present emergency, and the Executive of said State, under section 4, article fourth of the Constitution of the United States and laws passed in pursuance thereof, has therefore made application to me for such part of the military forces of the United States as may be necessary and adequate to protect the said citizens thereof against domestic violence and to enforce the due execution of the laws; and whereas, it is required that whenever it may be necessary in the judgment of the President to use the military force for the purposes aforesaid, he shall forthwith by proclamation command such insurgents to disperse and return to their respective homes within a limited time:

Now, THEREFORE, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do hereby make proclamation and command said turbulent and disorderly persons to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes within 20 days from this date and hereafter to submit themselves to the laws and constituted authorities of the said State; and I invoke the aid and co-operation of all good citizens therein to uphold the law and preserve the public peace.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington on the twenty-second day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

U. S. GRANT. By the President. J. C. BANCROFT DAVIS, Assist. Sec'y of State.

WASHINGTON. Stricken with Paralysis—Arrival of Col. Scruggs. WASHINGTON, May 23.—Rev. Father Early, President of Georgetown College, was yesterday stricken with paralysis on one side.

Chicago's Approaching Jubilee—Dignitaries Going. CHICAGO, May 23.—The President and Vice President of the United States, the Governor-General of Canada, the Governors of the different States, and other distinguished officials are expected to attend the Jubilee to be held in this city on June 1st.

SPAIN. Can the Spanish Government Try Foreigners? NEW YORK, May 23.—A Herald special from Havana says the arrest of Mr. Price, the correspondent of the New York Herald, and the refusal to allow his counsel and friends to communicate with him, have revived the question of the power of the government to try foreigners according to Spanish law.

The Turf—Goldsmith Maid and Lucy. NEW YORK, May 23.—Goldsmith Maid and Lucy are being trained on the new track constructed by H. N. Smith on his property near Trenton, N. J.

The cases of the sailors of the Bark Union at Santiago de Cuba, who were taken by the Spaniards from American war vessels, were conducted in this manner. The authorities still refuse to allow any one to have communication with Mr. Price.

THE MODOCS. Movements of the Gallant Troops—What the Press Agent Knows About One-Eyed Dixie, Shack Nasty Frank, Mrs. Watchmetal and Others.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—The following despatch has just been received in Yreka, dated Fairchild's Rancho, May 20, 4 o'clock, p. m. "While Gen. Davis, inspector Gen. Hardie, Col. Green, Col. Sumner, Col. Gillen, Cols. Hoyt, Rockwell and Adams, with their escort, were en route to Van Bremen's, having left the lava bed about 10 o'clock in the morning, a courier interrupted them and delivered a despatch to Gen. Davis; whereupon the Warm Spring Indians and the scouts in advance were recalled and the programme instantly changed, and Gen. Davis determined upon Fairchild's Rancho instead of Van Bremen's as his future headquarters. The place is about 23 miles northwest of the lava beds.

Capt. Hasbrouck left Boyle's camp May the 7th, and has been scouting ever since. His command consists of battery B. 4th Artillery, troops B. and G. 1st Cavalry and the Warm Spring Indians, numbering in all 210 men. Capt. Jackson has charge of B. and G., with which he harassed the Indians. His men fought well in every particular, and paid little heed to hunger, so that they vanquished the Indians.

THE MODOCS. Movements of the Gallant Troops—What the Press Agent Knows About One-Eyed Dixie, Shack Nasty Frank, Mrs. Watchmetal and Others.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—The following despatch has just been received in Yreka, dated Fairchild's Rancho, May 20, 4 o'clock, p. m. "While Gen. Davis, inspector Gen. Hardie, Col. Green, Col. Sumner, Col. Gillen, Cols. Hoyt, Rockwell and Adams, with their escort, were en route to Van Bremen's, having left the lava bed about 10 o'clock in the morning, a courier interrupted them and delivered a despatch to Gen. Davis; whereupon the Warm Spring Indians and the scouts in advance were recalled and the programme instantly changed, and Gen. Davis determined upon Fairchild's Rancho instead of Van Bremen's as his future headquarters. The place is about 23 miles northwest of the lava beds.

Capt. Hasbrouck left Boyle's camp May the 7th, and has been scouting ever since. His command consists of battery B. 4th Artillery, troops B. and G. 1st Cavalry and the Warm Spring Indians, numbering in all 210 men. Capt. Jackson has charge of B. and G., with which he harassed the Indians. His men fought well in every particular, and paid little heed to hunger, so that they vanquished the Indians.

Capt. Hasbrouck specially praises the gallantry of B. troop and a portion of G. in the charge at Dry Lake. The men scaled a ridge twenty-five feet high in the face of the Modocs, and drove them away. Capt. Hasbrouck has not lost a man since the Dry Lake engagement.

Artena, Chokus, Long Legs, One-Eyed Dixie, and two Modoc residents of the Rancho, last evening interviewed five women captured by Capt. Hasbrouck's command, and from them gleaned an interesting account of the Modocs' operations during the last few months. The captives are Mrs. Watchmetal, Boston Charley's two sisters, the mother of Black Jim and one more maiden whose relatives have attained no noble distinction.

It is reported that Shack Nasty Frank, Shack Nasty Dick, Shack Nasty Bill, Steamboat Frank, Hooker James, Father Boston Nick and several other Modocs have been killed. Hasbrouck encountered and got the Modocs into the last difficulty. The account of the cause of the dissatisfaction among the Modocs after the battle is interesting. Capt. Jack consulted and after sundry gestures and exclamations promised his followers that they would shed rifle bullets like a duck's water and escape unharmed. Their confidence in that statement was rapidly dispelled by Capt. Hasbrouck's encounter, when several Modocs were killed and others wounded.

Indignation reached such extremes in Capt. J's household that the Cotton Wood branch of the tribe from Fairchild's decided they would fight no more. Their resolution led to Capt. Jack's clandestine departure. The Cotton Woods, numbering 20 warriors and 50 women and children, hurried to Snow Mountains at the southern end of the Lava Deposit, preparatory to travelling to Gaioux Reservation and imploring pardon from the "Great Father" at Washington.

The sudden advance of Hasbrouck's cavalry and the Warm Spring Indians disturbed their peaceful meditations and caused them to run or fight. During the stampede Mrs. Hendricks alias Limpy, threw her six months' old infant to the ground in the hope of escaping, but was soon afterwards killed by the Warm Spring warriors. The babe was brought to headquarters and turned over to a squaw, Artena. It was learned from the Modoc women, that the Cotton Wood Indians earnestly desired peace and would yield to the soldiers if opportunity was offered them.

FROM THE FRONT. A Portion of the Modocs Surrender—In Hot Pursuit of Captain Jack No Dead Indians Reported Scaled.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—General Davis reports that Capt. Hasbrouck's command fought a portion of the Modocs, beating them badly and compelling them to surrender unconditionally. The remainder of the Modocs under the personal command of Capt. Jack, are being closely pursued by the troops and news is expected any moment that Capt. Jack has been captured.

The Hoboken Schutzenfest. HOBOKEN, May 23.—The Spring Schutzenfest closed at the grounds at Union Hall yesterday, and despite the storm about 2,000 people were present. No attempt was made at display and the prizes were presented without addresses. The first prize, a gold medal, was awarded to G. T. Kalb, of Philadelphia. The whole number of prizes awarded were valued at \$3,500.

SPAIN. Can the Spanish Government Try Foreigners? NEW YORK, May 23.—A Herald special from Havana says the arrest of Mr. Price, the correspondent of the New York Herald, and the refusal to allow his counsel and friends to communicate with him, have revived the question of the power of the government to try foreigners according to Spanish law.

The Turf—Goldsmith Maid and Lucy. NEW YORK, May 23.—Goldsmith Maid and Lucy are being trained on the new track constructed by H. N. Smith on his property near Trenton, N. J.

The cases of the sailors of the Bark Union at Santiago de Cuba, who were taken by the Spaniards from American war vessels, were conducted in this manner. The authorities still refuse to allow any one to have communication with Mr. Price.

THE TURF. Training Horses for the Cambridge Races. CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND., May 23.—Over one hundred horses are in training here for the trotting races which will begin June 10th and continue to the 14th. The purses amount to \$20,000, and include \$3,000 for three minute horses; \$2,500 for 2.50 horses; \$3,000 for 2.30 horses; \$2,500 for 2.40 horses; \$3,000 for all trotters and \$4,000 for all pacers.

Grand Sunday School Demonstration. BROOKLYN, May 23.—The annual parade of the Sunday School children of this city takes place next Wednesday, commemorating the 44th anniversary of the adoption of the system. One hundred and thirty-seven schools will be in the celebration on this occasion. It is expected that between forty and fifty thousand children will participate.

Carl Schurz, the eminent statesman and orator, was born in Germany in 1820, and at an early age became a republican leader, for which he was banished from his native land. Owing to the efforts of prince Bismark, his sentence of exile has been removed and the distinguished statesman has been invited to visit his native land. Such a compliment must indeed be gratifying. Mr. Schurz and his accomplished wife sailed for Germany a few days since.

New Advertisements. Tuscarora Lodge No. 122 A. F. & A. M. OXFORD, N. C. May 5, A. D. 1873. A. L. 5673. AT a regular communication of this Lodge, it was resolved that all Masons be invited to join us in celebrating St. John's day, the 24th of June, proximo, in connection and in aid of St. John's Orphan Asylum. By order of the Lodge W. A. PHILLIPOTT, W. M. A. H. A. WILLIAMS, Sec'y. May 24 1m

THE LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC SEWING Machine makes the least noise and runs lighter than any shuttle machine. We do not say that the "Domestic" is the only Machine worthy of public favor. We admit that there are some possessing real and acknowledged merit; but we claim, and are prepared to demonstrate, that the "Domestic" has many excellencies that render it decidedly superior to any other Machine now before the public. For circulars and prices address Carolina Agency, or that old reliable Sewing Machine man Col. C. W. BRADSHAW, May 24 4c Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED. A FEW SHARES of Mecklenburg Building and Loan Stock. Apply to C. W. ALEXANDER. May 24 1w

Notice to Shippers. OFFICE of A. & R. L. RAILWAY CO. CHARLOTTE, May 22, 1873. ON and after Monday next, the 25th inst., goods will be received at the Depot of this Company every day, and prepayment of freight will be required on goods for all Stations except Spartanburg and Greenville. No goods will be received after 4 o'clock, p. m. B. Y. SARGE, Eng. & Sup't. May 23 3c

Latest Arrival. JUST in by Express, a large lot of Straw Hats and Bonnets. Also, a new lot of Parasols, at B. KOOPMANN'S. May 23

OLD BUILDING AND LOAN. 18 SHARES of Old Building and Loan Stock, for sale by E. M. ANDREWS. May 22 4c

\$500,000 CASH GIFTS TO BE PAID IN FULL. THE THIRD GRAND GIFT CONCERT. IN AID OF THE Public Library, Ky. Will be given in the great hall of the Library Building, at Louisville, on Tuesday, July 8, 1873, at which time Ten Thousand Gifts, amounting to a grand total of \$500,000, will be distributed by lot to ticket-holders. No reduction in amount of gifts at this distribution, but each gift will be paid in full. OFFICE FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, LOUISVILLE, KY., April 7, 1873. This is to certify that there is in the Farmers' and Drivers' Bank, to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert for the benefit of the Public Library of Ky., Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, which has been set apart by the Bank and paid out for this purpose, and this purpose only. (Signed) R. S. VECH, Cashier.

LIST OF GIFTS. One Grand Cash Gift, \$100,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 50,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 25,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 20,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 10,000 One Grand Cash Gift, 5,000 24 Cash Gifts of \$1,000 each, 24,000 50 Cash Gifts of 5,000 " 250,000 80 Cash Gifts of 4,000 " 320,000 100 Cash Gifts of 3,000 " 300,000 150 Cash Gifts of 2,000 " 300,000 500 Cash Gifts of 100 " 50,000 9,000 Cash Gifts of 10 " 90,000 Total, 1,005 Gifts, all Cash, \$500,000. Only a few tickets remain unsold, and they will be furnished to the first applicants at the following prices: Whole tickets, \$10; halves, \$5; quarters, \$2.50; all wholes for \$100, 56 for \$500, 113 for \$1,000. For tickets and full information, apply to THOS. E. BLUMLETT, Louisville, Ky. May 22 dtwaw 1m