DAILY OBSERVER.

JOHNSTONE JONES,
Editor and Proprietor.

Sunday, June 7, 1873.

News of the Day.

There is now only one chance left for Stokes—Executive clemency.

Dispatches say the American Department of the Vienna Exposition has been opened and the novelties therein are a success over those of other countries.

Another encounter has taken place between the Cuban insurgents and the Government troops in which 74 insurgents were killed. The Spanish loss was 19 killed and 42 wounded.

The Ohio Republican platform is noncommittal on the tariff question.

A Washington correspondent of the New York *Sun* says President Grant "is confined in the habits of periodical intoxication, and is fast running into the ruts of a daily drunkard."

The Yankton Indians, of Dakotah, are on their reservation, and are pursuing a peaceful policy.

One of the editors of the New York *Herald* was on Friday robbed of a large amount of jewelry.

The Governor of Oregon wants the Modoc captives turned over to his State authorities.

Active steps are being taken towards the building of a railroad between Asheville and Laurens.

One of the most exuberant writers in the Southern corps of editors exclaims, "What shall we do?" We would earnestly recommend that he would recall to mind the old adage that "easy writing's curst hard reading," and have mercy on his readers.

At a Cabinet meeting the other day regarding civil service, it was suggested that where merit permits, offices be distributed equally among all sections. It is high time Federal officers were being selected on account of *merit*, and not for partisan favor: few of the present batch of government officials would be reappointed if the test of merit were applied.

The young Emperor of China is engaged in a war with a Mohammedan State in Southwestern China. Some days ago the army of Celestials captured Taleefoo, the capital of the enemy's State. They massacreed *thirty thousand* of the Mohammedan prisoners. This event is said to be particularly gratifying to the young Emperor—of such a cruel, bloody character is the warfare of the Modocs of the far east. The Mohammedans who were slaughtered were the same who massacred the French and Russian subjects at Tien-tsin in 1870.

The piece about the pulling of Judge Cloud's nose referred to in yesterday's paper was accidentally omitted. It appears to day. The subject loses none of its points by the delay, at least none that the editor knows of. It was one of the richest scenes that ever took place in a North Carolina Court. The audacious defendant stated that he was restrained from pulling the Judge's nose only by a consideration for his Honor's gray hair. It is, perhaps, the first case on record where a man's hair has been a shield to his nose.

A Cabinet meeting has been held with regard to the question, what shall be done with the Modocs? The result is, that the Government will hold them as rebels against its authority, not as recognized belligerents, and deal with them accordingly. The plain English of this is that the United States means to "put a head on" the Indian Bucks, and place their widowed squaws and fatherless papooses into the dreary wastes of some barren reservation to starve.

The jail in Halifax county is empty: not a single prisoner is confined there. In England it is a time-honored custom, when a jail becomes empty to hoist a white flag over it, throw the prison doors open, and allow all persons to pass in and out according to fancy. This was done at Oxford last May.

The event has been celebrated by a poet in the following clever verses:

Upon the cold gray prison walls
The yellow sunshine lies;
Up to the cold gray prison walls
Men lift their wondering eyes.

For there against the English heavens
Of softly clouded blue.
Borne by the spring winds gallantly,
A banner floats in view.

And men breathe freer as they gaze,
And women shed glad tears,
And little children toss their hands
With shrill and clamorous cheers.

The bolts and bars are all flung back,
The keepers lounge and sleep,
While through the gates and empty cells
Great tides of people sweep.

THE OFFICE SEEKER.

It is a comfortable thing, no doubt, for a man to hold a lucrative office under the government, and to receive a great deal of pay for a very little work. It makes one sleep well, when he feels that he rests beneath the golden ægis of the government, and that his living and that of his family is not dependent upon his own hard toil, nor liable to the fluctuations in trade, like the merchant's living: nor subject to God's providence, like the farmer's. A great blessing it is to feel thus secure, and have a certain and beautiful income. And as this is so it is a laudable ambition in any one to seek office, and hold it, provided he is capable of performing its duties, seeks it in a modest and honorable manner, and holds it without discredit to himself or injury to his country. But the professional office-seeker—the man who, too indolent to earn his bread in a manly way by the sweat of his brow, hunts soft and shady places in the shape of offices under the General Government, and to obtain them surrenders his independence of thought and action—such a character presents one of the most pitiable phases of human nature, and is always looked upon with a certain degree of contempt by industrious, energetic, and independent-spirited men. He is regarded as a weak specimen of humanity—a sort of bomb-proof soldier in the great battle of life—and having no sympathy with the great mass of working men of all trades and professions. The man with a trade or a profession is independent: he cares nothing for the smiles or the frowns of those who hold the reins of government; is not obliged to fawn around the powers that be to earn his living: he does not beg—no! he is far above that order of human beings; he relies upon his own strong arm for support, becomes the architect of his own fortune, and works his own way to wealth or fame. The professional office-seeker must of necessity lose much of his independence of spirit; he must fawn and flatter in order to obtain the ends he seeks; he must become a slave to the government, and sacrifice much of his manhood. The troubles and trials of this class of individuals has been forcibly portrayed by one of the earliest of British poets, Edmund Spenser, in the following lines:

"Full little knowest thou that hath not tried,
"What hell it is in suing long to bide;
"To lose good days that might be better spent,
"To waste long nights in pensive discontent;
"To speed to-day, to be put back to-morrow,
"To feed on hope, to pine with fear and sorrow.
"To fret thy soul with crosses and with cares;
"To eat thy heart through comfortless despairs;
"To fawn, to crouch, to wait, to ride, to run,
"To spend, to give, to want, to be undone."

FICKLE SPAIN

It seems impossible for the people in Spain to hit upon a government that suits them. The French are not harder to satisfy than the Spaniards. Dissatisfied with Queen Isabella, they drove her from her throne; dissatisfied with the government established after her banishment, they called Amadeus of Italy to the throne; discontented with him, their discontent caused him to voluntarily lay down the sceptre and take himself back to his home on the blue waters of the Mediteranean.

Having succeeded in overthrowing the monarchy, they established a Republic. The world thought that the Spaniard's golden dream of liberty was realized and that Spain would take rank with the leading free governments of the world; but not so. The Republic is by no means firmly established. Already the army, upon which it relies for support, is preparing to pronounce against it, and to summon the old Cortes to re-assemble.

The South Carolina Bond Frauds Confessed.

The Charleston *News and Courier* publishes one of five returns made by Comptroller General Hoge to the petition in *mandamus* filed by Morton, Bliss & Co. Hoge, though a Republican, in his return, says:

"This respondent further shows and charges that, to the extent at least of $7,191,700, the aggregate herein above referred to is not the valid debt of the State, and that the bonds enumerated in said report, if outstanding, are to that extent outstanding without authority of law; and in view of this condition of the public debt, this Court, if it have jurisdiction to require this respondent to give notice of a rate per centum to be levied to pay the interest upon the public debt, should not order such writ to issue until an investigation shall first be had to ascertain what portion of the said aggregate of public debt subsists as the valid debt of the State."

This is a plain confession, and one which inspires the *News and Courier* to urge the utter repudiation of the fraudulent bonds.

"Pulling the Court's Nose."

[From the Madison Enterprise.]

Quite an exciting affair took place last week at Stokes court, between W. D. McGill a respectable citizen of that county and Judge Cloud. The difficulty, as we get the facts was brought about as follows. At the Fall Term of court McGill was insulted by one Miles Cox col., and was about to give Miles what he thought he deserved for the insult. Miles sought refuge in the court room, thinking he was safe. But McGill followed him with a large cane which he used on Cox in the presence of His Honor. McGill was arrested and fined $100 for contempt, and bound over to the next term for assault on Cox. McGill appeared at this term and entered a submission and stated the aggravated circumstances which led to the difficulty at Fall term, he was fined $50, which settled the matter. But McGill afterwards heard that the judge in charging the grand jury in every county on his circuit would bring in contempt and particularly recite his (McGill's) case, thinking he had been wronged therein, went up to the judge, at his seat, who was in a half reclining position, and looked as if asleep, and said "you are a d—d old rascal, and if it was not for your age I would pull your nose." His Honor not hearing very well, leaning his head forward, asked McGill what he said, McGill repeated it. The judge then called for the sheriff to "come and take this man to jail, for he is drunk and says he will pull the Court's nose, did you not say it." McGill said "yes I did, and I will do it," for which he was fined $250, and 50 days imprisonment. He was ordered to jail and started out with the sheriff who had summoned a large posse, they went along very well for some distance when McGill halted and drew a six shooter, and the crowd of deputies began to fall back, he then ordered his horse, which he mounted and rode off saying he would only be taken dead.

CAPT. JACK ON EXHIBITION.

[From the Concord Sun.]

The public may expect in a short time to hear of the embalmed body of Capt. Jack on exhibition. Some time since, long before there were any hopes of a speedy capture of this brave chief, a party in Sacramento, wrote a private request to the officer in command for the body of Capt. Jack and his comrades—to be embalmed and exhibited to the public.

Yenkee character is always on the *qui vive* for something sensational and we expect soon to see the announcement in something like the following:

"We have at an enormous expense succeeded in procuring the dead body of

CAPTAIN JACK,
—OF—
LAVA BED FAME.
—THE—
Murderer of General Canby.
—THE—

Enemy of the United States Government, and the most successful warrior of the Age. His daring intrepidity, matchless military skill and great power of endurance under the most trying circumstances, have made his name a HOUSEHOLD WORD in BOTH HEMISPHERES. His body has been embalmed by a process known only to inventor (patent applied for) and it is placed before an admiring public with the hope that succeeding ages may be benefitted by its exhibition. The show is purely moral in its character and nothing will be exhibited that will offend the most fastidious.

N. B. This is the *only original Capt. Jack*, all others are base imitations. Any infringement will be carefully prosecuted.

The proceeds of this great moral exhibition, will be religiously devoted to the payment of the National Debt.

☞ Owing to the great expense attached to the placing of this important work of art and Treachery before the public, the free list is entirely suspended.

☞ Beware of other impostors who would palm off on an unsuspecting public, the body of any other *Aboriginee*, as the genuine

CAPTAIN JACK.

☞ Accompanying the mummyfied body of CAPTAIN JACK, is a troupe of Wild Modoc Indians, including Squaws, pappooses and Warriors, in their original costumes. The war dance, green corn dance and other ceremonies by the entire Troupe—The most refining and elevating performance entitled

"THE SCALPING SCENE,"

Will be rendered at each and every exhibition.

SHACKNASTY JIM,

The Prince of Scalpists, will perform the feat, from a living head with actual hair.

Front seats reserved for members of Congress and Peace Commissioners.

Admission—only 25 cents or a q-u-a-r-t-e-r of a dollar.

☞ Remember, this is the only real CAPT. JACK.

☞ Canby's uniform will also be on exhibition—also—Capt. Jack's Indian Pony!

"LETMEOLONEICA."

STATE NEWS.

Asheville was to have voted on the "wet" or "dry" Thursday.

The wheat prospect in Iredell is good and is improving.

Cumberland county married 31 couples during the month of May.

The Statesville *American* regrets to learn that the wife of Hon. N. Boyden is in a critical condition.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Dan River Coal Field Railroad Company, is called to assemble in Statesville July 2nd.

A. B. C. advertises in the Statesville *Intelligencer*, that he wants a wife, and says none need apply who do not "mean business."

The *Intelligencer* suggests that a meeting of those ex-Confederates of Iredell who are interested in writing up a history of the war, meet at Statesville on the 4th of July.

While working on a house in Salem last week, a man fell from the ladder, injuring seriously both arms and one shoulder, and bruising his body.

The Statesville *Intelligencer* has seen a bell at the Simonton House which was made by Mr. Joseph Weisner at the foundry of Mr. J. A. D. Stephenson, near Statesville. The bell is in every way creditable.

The Salem *Press* relates the case of a little girl in Winston, who seeing a snake basking in the sun, and being attracted by its bright colors, attempted to pick it up. She was bitten by the snake and for several days was in a dangerous condition, but is now improving.

Says the Battleboro *Advance:* A reliable correspondent from Williamston, Martin county, gives us a description of a horned negro at that place. The negro is about forty years old and the horn is on his forehead and of the same material as a cow's. He has kept it cut off close to the skin until four months ago. It is now a little over three inches long. His mother had a horn on her arm of a similar character.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

BY THE SOUTHERN AND ATLANTIC LINE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OBSERVER.]

OHIO.

Fire in Toledo—Loss, $20,000.

TOLEDO, OHIO, June 7.—At 10 o'clock last night a fire broke out in the trunk factory of Brooks, Chase & Crafts, which burned like tinder. A high wind prevailing, the flames spread rapidly on every side. The fire dep't evidently had no control of the spreading flames which threatened the business portion of the city, and at one time threatened the destruction of goods which were being removed from the stores one square distant. At a late hour last night the fire was supposed to be under control. The loss will probably exceed $200,000.

BROOKLYN.

Whiskey and its Consequences.

BROOKLYN, June 6.—At Millburn, about 11 miles from this city Wednesday night, Isaac Simonson, Washington Raynor and Chas. Golden, of Freeport, broke into a saloon kept by one Johnson, and began helping themselves to liquor. The proprietor threatened to shoot them, when Simonson who was intoxicated caught up a double-barrelled gun which stood in a corner, and making the remark that he would be shot with that, placed it in a wagon belonging to the party. As they were starting to leave, he took the gun again and saying he would fix that before he went, dashed the stock against a tree. Both barrels exploded, the contents entering his abdomen. He died almost immediately. He leaves a wife and six children.

NEW YORK.

The Steamer George Cromwell Found.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The missing steamer Cromwell, of the Cromwell & New Orleans Co. has been heard from and is perfectly safe. The company here have received despatches dated Key West, stating that on the 21st day of May, when four days out from this port, she broke her cylinder and to proceed under sail. On the 25th of May she reached the bay of Abaco, on Bahama Banks, and is at present anchored there waiting assistance to be towed either to New Orleans or New York. A steamer has been despatched to the assistance of the disabled vessel.

Speedy Justice in New York.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Patrick McLaughlin, a 6th Ward desperado, was charged before Recorder Hackett with having brutally assaulted Henry Eaton on the morning of the 18th of May, after which he forcibly took from his pocket $400.

McLaughlin was promptly convicted and sent to the State prison for 20 years.

English Crops.

LONDON, June 7.—The season throughout England is favorable to growing crops.

VICTORIA WOODHULL.

Extreme Illness of this Noted Woman—Her Death Expected.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The *Sun* this morning states that shortly after 7 p. m., Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull had an attack of heart disease, and fell unconscious to the floor at her residence, East 34th Street. During the afternoon she had complained to her sister Tennie of feeling unwell, and stated her fears that the excitement which she was laboring under regarding the trial, might result in her death.

The doctors who were called in at first pronounced her dead, but subsequently, blood began to ooze from the mouth and she revived slightly.

The doctors after a long consultation, stated to the family that their efforts to save her would be fruitless. They thought she might die before morning, but advised the constant application of restoratives, and to permit her to see no one.

At a late hour last night Mrs. Woodhull was still unconscious. Miss Claflin and Col. Blood were with her through the night. Her father and mother are overwhelmed with grief. Miss Claflin states that in the event of her sister's death she will retire from the brokerage business.

Victoria C. Woodhull, who was taken suddenly ill last night, still lies in a precarious condition, although her physicians have hopes of her recovery.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Money was easy to-day at 7 to 3 per cent on call, and closed at 3 to 4 per cent.

Gold was weaker and declined from 118 to 117¾, and then afterwards advanced to 118⅛, closing at 118.

Governments closed firm. Currency, sixes, 113¼@½. State bonds continue lifeless; old Tennessee quoted at 79@80; new 78¾ to 80. Old Va's 43 to 48; new 50; bid consols 54¾; deferred 11. Old N. C's 29 to 30; new 16½; new July's. S. C's 16 to 16½; April offered at 25.

The stock market closed firmer, and in some instances higher. Flour closed irregular for State and Western, rather more inquiry. Southern flour closed quiet. Baltimore Alexandria and Georgetown, mixed, to good superfine, $5.50@$9.90.

Cotton dull; 18¼ for low middling; 19¼ for middling.

Savannah—Firm; mid 18¼; sales 636; receipts 626; stock 16,627.

Charleston—Quiet; mid 18; sales 100; receipts 292; stock 17,271.

Baltimore—Firm; mid 19; sales 295 stock 5,042.

Norfolk—Steady: low mid 17¼; sales 230; receipts 868; stock 7,856.

Galveston—Firm; good ordinary 14@15; sales 600; receipts 182, Stock 35,179.

New Orleans—Firm; mid 18¼; sales 2,700; receipts 2,383; stock 93,159.

Mobile—Firm and steady; mid 17¾; sales 600; receipts 221. Stock 22,766.

New Advertisements.

☞ **Contractors will not be allowed, under their contracts, to advertise any other than their legitimate business, unless by paying specially for such advertisements.**

CENTRAL HOTEL,

Formerly Mansion House,

H. C. ECCLES, Prop'r,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

june 8 1y

FINE LIVERPOOL SALT.

A SUPPLY of fine Liverpool Salt just received and for sale by
STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.
june 8

CLAY PEAS AND STOCK PEAS.

ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS, just received at the Warehouse next door to R. M. Miller & Son's store and for sale by
GEO. W. CHALK.
june 7 1t

FINE MOUNTAIN BEEF.

I have the pleasure to announce to the public that I have just received a large number of fine mountain beeves, and that I will have on the market for a week to come choice and excellent beef. Call at Stall No. 5, at the Market House.
Respectfully,
BURWELL JOHNSTON.
june 7 3t

Superior Lot of Fresh Butter.

JUST RECEIVED from Old Fort, and very delicious with hot Biscuit, at
B. N. SMITH'S
June 6.

STORE-ROOM FOR RENT.

THE Store Room on College Street, formerly occupied by W. J. Black. Apply to BURROUGHS & SPRINGS.
may 18 1m

STEP LADDER.

THE TALLEST, Cheapest and best Step Ladders, just received at
WALTER BREM & CO'S,
may 17 Hardware Store.

CUTLER'S POCKET INHALER
AND
Carbolate of Iodine Inhalant.

A MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY!

THE curative properties of which in Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness and all diseases of the throat and lungs, are superior to anything hitherto used or known, affording relief in some cases in from five to ten minutes. Approved by the most distinguished physicians of all schools.
W. R. BURWELL & CO.,
Manufacturers Agents,
june 1 1 Charlotte, N. C.

OUR LIVING AND OUR DEAD;

OR,

Testimony From the Battle-Fields.

Under the above title I propose to publish first in newspaper, and subsequently in book form, a series of articles giving the war record of North Carolina from the election of Lincoln in Nov., 1860, to the close of the war between the States in May 1865. My plan embraces three divisions:

1st. Accounts of each skirmish and battle on the soil, or upon the waters of North Carolina.

2nd. Accounts of every battle fought during the war on the soil of any State, in which any of the troops of North Carolina took part—especial care being taken to show what those troops did and suffered in each of those battles, and what glory and renown our officers and men fairly won.

3rd. "A Southern Chart for all time." An explanation of the third division of the proposed plan will be submitted at a later day.

That I may accomplish this arduous, but pleasing self-imposed work, I invoke the aid of all my brother soldiers, and ask them to furnish me material which can be arranged and digested so as to form a complete record of the heroic deeds of the sons of North Carolina upon the battle fields of the Confederacy; and especially do ask all who can write to furnish me details of every battle in which they participated, and the part borne by their immediate commands.

The time may not have come to write this portion of North Carolina's History; but it has come to collect material and arrange it for the use of the future historian. The living actors will soon pass away, and much valuable information, unless gathered now, will be lost forever. Hence, after waiting for several years for some one more competent to undertake the task, I have determined to devote the remaining years of my life to this labor of love. I yield to none in love for my native State, or in admiration for the gallant men who have shed imperishable glory upon her.

I prefer to give these accounts first in newspaper form, in order that omissions and errors, if any occur, may be pointed out and corrected before the work shall pass into more enduring form which it will assume, should it prove what I desire to make it, a valuable acquisition to the war record of the South.

Several prominent actors in the war have already promised their co-operation and the valuable aid of their pens to lessen my labors and to make the work complete, and I hope to enlist an army of valuable aid of their pens to lessen my labors and to make the work complete, and I hope to enlist an army of valuable co-laborers in the good cause as readily as did North Carolina enlist her sons to fight the battles of the "Lost Cause."

General officers from other States, who commanded North Carolina troops, are respectfully asked to give me all the information in their possession, relative to the conduct and bearing of those troops.

In endeavoring to do justice to the soldiers of my native State, I certainly shall most carefully abstain from doing injustice to those from any other.

My brethren of the press will confer a favor by giving the whole, or such part of this Prospectus as they may deem proper, one or more insertions, calling attention thereto.

Address "Our Living and our Dead," Newbern, N. C.

The first number will be issued about the 10th of June. Subscription price $2 per year in advance.

STEPHEN D. POOL,
Late Colonel 10th Reg't N. C. S. T.
june 5 1m

Job Printing.—We call the attention of merchants, clerks of courts, sheriffs, lawyers, railroad agents, and all others having orders for printing, to the facilities offered at the OBSERVER OFFICE for the prompt and faithful execution of all kinds of JOB PRINTING. We can furnish at short notice Cards, Bill-Heads, Programmes, Ball Tickets, Blanks, Pamphlets, Tags, Hand-Bills, Catalogues, Bills of Fare, Show-Bills, Checks, Drafts, &c., &c. Satisfaction guaranteed.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

GASTON COUNTY.

Joseph Crow and D. C. Beam, against The McNary & Claflin Manufacturing Company. } *In Superior Court.*

To the Sheriff of Gaston County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded as before, in the name of the State of North Carolina, to summon the McNary & Claflin Manufacturing Company to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of the county of Gaston at the Court House in Dallas, on the 6th Monday after the 4th Monday in Sept., 1873, then and there to answer the complaint of Joseph Crow and D. C. Beam, Plaintiffs in this suit; and you are further commanded to notify the said McNany & Claflin Manufaturing Company, that if they fail to answer the said complaint within the time specified, the Plaintiffs will take judgment against them for the sum of Three Hundred and nine dollars and ninety-eight cents, with interest from January 1st, 1873, and for costs of action.

Witness E. H. WITHERS, Clerk of the Superior Court of Gaston County, at Office in Dallas, this the 6th day of May, 1873.

E. H. WITHERS,
Clerk Superior Court.

And the above named defendants are notified that the plaintiffs in above action have obtained from said Court a warrant of attachment returnable at the same time and place, which said warrant has been served on the Richmond & Danville Rail Road Company, who owe said defendants.

JONES & JOHNSTON,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
apl 23 oaw8w.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Nice assortment of Wire-Hanging Baskets, at
may 16 WALTER BREM & CO'S
Hardware Store.

IF YOU

Want a Cook,
Want a Situation,
Want a Salesman,
Want a servant girl,
Want to rent a store,
Want to sell a piano,
Want to sell a Horse,
Want to lend Money,
Want to buy a House,
Want to buy a Horse,
Want to rent a House,
Want to sell a Carriage,
Want a boarding place,
Want to borrow Money,
Want to sell Dry Goods,
Want to sell Groceries,
Want to sell Furniture,
Want to sell Hardware,
Want to sell Real Estate,
Want a job of Carpentering,
Want a job of Blacksmithing,
Want to sell Millinery Goods,
Want to sell a house and lot,
Want to find any one's address,
Want to sell a piece of furniture,
Want to buy a second-hand carriage,
Want to sell agricultural implements,
Want to find anything you have lost,
Want to advertise anything to advantage,
Want to find an owner for anything found,
Advertise in
THE CHARLOTTE OBSERVER.