

DAILY OBSERVER.

JOHNSTONE JONES, Editor and Proprietor. M. A. PARK, Business Manager. Saturday, September 6, 1873.

THE GRANGE MOVEMENT.

In order that our readers may understand exactly the true objects had in view by the farmers of the West, we to-day yield our editorial space to the platform of the Minnesota Farmers adopted at their State Convention on the 2d inst.

The following is the platform adopted: Whereas, The leading issues that have hitherto divided the people of this country in political parties have ceased to exist, and it is unwise to seek to continue the old party organization now that new and momentous questions have arisen;

Whereas, The principal question now demanding consideration is that involving the privileges and powers of corporations as antagonizing with and operating in opposition to the well-being of the people; and Whereas, We, the farmers, mechanics and laborers of Minnesota, deem the triumph of the people in this contest with monopolies essential to the perpetuation of our free institutions and the promotion of our private and national prosperity; and

Whereas, In addition to this, and to the honest and economical administration of the Government, we recognize no party distinctions nor political issues now before the country as worthy of more than minor consideration; be it therefore Resolved, 1st: That the purpose of all proper government is the promotion of the welfare of the entire people, and that therefore the conduct of any citizen, association, or corporation, whether chartered or otherwise, which may operate to the prejudice of this general welfare, is antagonistic to the true objects of our Government, and violative of the fundamental principles upon which all correct law is based.

2nd. That we recognize no political party nor individual aspirant for office as worthy of our support, unless it or he will unite with us in declaring that the Government cannot alienate its sovereignty either in whole or in part to any person, association, or corporation for any purpose whatever, but such are always and must forever remain subject to the sovereign authority and control of the Government.

3. That we will not aid in elevating any man to any important public position whatever who will either deny or object to the exercise by the Legislature of the power to reverse or annul at any time any chartered privilege so-called vested right or privilege claimed to be involved in any charter to any corporation, railroad, or otherwise, which experience has shown is or may be exercised by such corporation or by other similar corporations to the detriment of the public welfare; and that we will demand from every candidate for a high executive, legislative, or judicial position to whom we accord our support that he shall pledge himself to recognize the maintenance of this right by the Government as a sacred and essential for the preservation of the liberties of the people and the stability and prosperity of the Commonwealth.

4th. That taxes can only be rightfully levied for the purpose of raising revenues to defray the expenses of the Government in the discharge of its legitimate duties, supporting public institutions, and promoting the public welfare; and that the levying of such imposts as inure to the benefit of a class or classes in the community, while being detrimental to other classes, is unjust and oppressive; and that tariffs levied on imported articles may be and are of such an arrangement as to become thus discriminatory and injurious; and that it is therefore essential that the utmost care should be taken in framing such tariff laws, in order that the objectionable features may be avoided and that they may operate for the well-being of the entire community.

5th. That it is contrary to the spirit and purpose of a Republican Government that its servants should be compensated for their public services to an extent that will make office holding attractive to human cupidity, and that in the late act of Congress, increasing the official and Congressional salaries, notwithstanding the pleas and excuses urged in its palliation, we recognize only a corrupt and reprehensible avarice and reckless disregard of the public weal, which deserves the severest censure, and we demand the repeal of the law at the earliest practicable moment, and declare every man who supported and approved, or aided or abetted in procuring its passage, or received benefit through its enactment, whether in the shape of back or future pay, as unworthy the confidence of his fellow-citizens and unfit for the further occupancy of any position of public trust.

6th. That all participants in the Credit Mobiliar and the corrupt transactions exposed by its investigation of the late Congress and by the late Treasury investigation of the State, deserve to have been punished as criminals, and that those who aided in screening them from complete exposure and consequent punishment, should likewise become objects of public scorn and contempt.

7th. That every public officer is amenable to the people for his conduct, and that public sentiment should demand and compel the resignation of all those who are guilty of misrepresenting their constituents, of malfeasance in office, and of neglecting to execute faithfully the duties entrusted to them.

should demand and compel the resignation of all those who are guilty of misrepresenting their constituents, of malfeasance in office, and of neglecting to execute faithfully the duties entrusted to them.

Eight: That the fees and salaries of public officers should be fixed by law, and that these should never be greater than is paid by private individuals to their employes engaged in similar duties and bearing similar responsibilities, and that we demand that the State Legislature shall at its next session remedy this evil, and reduce such salaries and fees to what will be no more than a just and reasonable compensation, and thus, by removing the inducements for holding, lessen the desire for seeking office, and thereby, to a considerable extent, one of the most potent causes of local political corruption.

Ninth: That our experience proves that persons elected by parties are subservient to the leaders and wire-pullers of the parties electing them in the performance of their public duties, to the neglect partially or wholly of the opinion and wishes of the mass of the people; and that therefore we, as farmers and laborers, despair of ever having our wishes complied with or our interests satisfied in the administration of public affairs until we shall take upon ourselves the discharge of the duties we owe to ourselves and to each other by organizing and electing our own representatives independently of the action of all other political organizations, and we therefore earnestly recommend to the farmers and laborers of the State that we shall do all in our power to procure the nomination and election of full and complete county, district, and state tickets, embracing candidates elected in the interests of the masses of the people for all the positions in the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches of the Government to be elected in this Fall, and that to the end that this policy may generally obtain, we solicit the co-operation of the industrial masses of the other States in order that the influence of the movement may be extended to the administration of our national affairs.

Tenth: We are in favor of such reasonable limitation of the hours of labor in the shops and factories of the State as will give the laboring people opportunity for moral and mental improvement.

Eleventh: That we demand a State law that will pay out of the public funds the costs charges of all suits brought by individuals to enforce the laws of the State against railroad corporations.

Twelfth: That we can sympathize with all attempts for the moral improvement of the people, and that we regard the temperance societies of the land which are working by moral suasion for the advancement of the cause as deserving of the consideration of good men everywhere.

Personal Intelligence.

Theo. N. Ramsay, Esq., has returned from London.

Capt. Plato Durham, we are glad to learn, is recovering from his recent severe illness.

Rev. Mr. Durham has been chosen teacher of the public school of Goldsboro, Mr. Caldwell did not arrive yesterday as expected.

James H. Rion, Esq., of Winoboro, S. C., was in town yesterday.

W. C. Durham, Esq., of the Cleveland Banner, has severed his connection with that paper.

Col. David M. Carler, one of the most distinguished lawyers in the State, will locate in Raleigh to practice his profession.

Mr. Louis Cloak, an English gentleman, distinguished for superior educational accomplishments, has accepted a professorship in the Kingston (N. C.) Institute.

Lieutenants Cowles and London have returned from the mountains. They are ordered to report at Headquarters at Arizona for duty.

The Pope has written a letter to the Comte de Chambord, congratulating him on the fusion of the Bourbons, and which he says that God has listened to the prayers of the Catholic world, and that the era of revolution is on the eve of destruction.

The Rev. Newman Hall, in bidding farewell to his congregation in London, prior to his departure for this country, said he proposes first to go to Niagra and rest awhile, and then to travel from city to city preaching the gospel, lecturing on heathenism, and promoting, as far as he could, the bonds of brotherhood between the two nations.

The Rev. John Moore, who was reported by telegraph as having been arrested for horse-stealing at Greenville, Conn., and discharged the next day, is a Presbyterian clergyman in good standing, well known in this city. It appears that while on his way to the railroad station he was fired upon by a party of men who were watching for a burglar. He took them by robbers and ran; was pursued, shot at again, and overtaken, and was detained until morning, when he proved his identity.—N. Y. Herald.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Great fires are raging in the woods of Maine.

The anti-Monopoly Ticket was successful in San Francisco.

Six hundred pilgrims left London on Tuesday for Paray-Le-Monial. They were addressed by Archbishop Manning.

The New York State Democratic Committee has affected a temporary organization.

The contest between Butler and Washburne is becoming very close. The latest count stands Butler 157; Washburne, 151; doubtful 31.

During August, 100,34 emigrants arrived at Castle Garden, a decrease of over 4,000 for the corresponding month of last year. From January 1st to 31st of August, 1873, 949; decrease 4,874 for same period, last year.

Bean Hickman was buried in the Potter's Field at Washington, Wednesday. The subscription was made up to give him a better interment. The undertaker employed by the managers of this charity found the grave desecrated. The limbs, viscera and brain had been removed. The heart was found neatly wrapped up in a newspaper, which the mutilators probably forgot in their haste. A surgeon's knife was found near the grave. The mutilation was evidently performed by a skilled hand.

STATE NEWS.

The Oxford Orphan Asylum has eighty pupils and four teachers.

Excessive rains have damaged crops in the Southeast section of the State.

Two hundred laborers and mechanics are engaged in preparing the new Fair Ground at Raleigh.

Mr. S. S. Bennett, of Beaufort, was recently killed accidentally in Cincinnati.

The Fall Term of the Guilford Court is in session, Judge Tourgee presiding. The new Court House was used for the first time. It is a handsome edifice, and cost \$18,000.

A myriad of Shelby, a Cleveland county, West of Charlotte, informs the Banner of this place, that he "buys and ships his sugar, coffee, molasses, &c., direct from Wilmington.

Lieutenant James L. Mast, Second U. S. Artillery, in a letter to the Asheville Express, denies that he or the soldiers under him were guilty of the outrageous conduct ascribed to them by the newspapers while searching for illicit stills in McDowell Co. on the 16th of August last. He says the man shot was a distiller, and was trying to escape when fired on. He utterly denies that any ladies were insulted or threatened, as charged.

The lawyers of Guilford have formed a Bar Association, Ralph Gorrell, President; Albion W. Tourgee, Vice-President; Cyrus R. Mendenhall, Secretary and Treasurer.

Gen. Alfred M. Seales, William S. Hill and Levi M. Scott, Executive Committee.

Gen. James M. Leach, J. R. Dillard and Col. J. I. Scales, nominating Committee.

The following non-resident members joined the Association: General James M. Leach and Capt. James M. Graham.

An interesting meeting of the survivors of the Mexican war was held in Wilmington on the 3d instant. There were present the following, viz: Ezekiel Blizard, private, Co. H, 1st North Carolina Volunteers; Herman H. Bloom, private, Company C, Deruss's regiment, La. Volunteers; Edward Cartwell, 1st Lieut., Company G, 12th U. S. Infantry; Sewal J. Fremont, 1st Lieut., Company C, 3d U. S. Artillery; Robt. Green, private, Company H, 1st North Carolina Volunteers; Reuben Jones, private, Co. H, 1st North Carolina Volunteers; James C. Lumsden, private, Co. H, 1st North Carolina Volunteers; Wm. Martin, private, Co. I, 12th U. S. Infantry; James Reilly, private, Company A, 2d U. S. Artillery. A State Convention is to be held on the 15th of October at Goldsboro, with a view of sending delegates to the National Convention.

South Carolina.

The Lancaster Ledger reports good crops in that section.

Capt. Samuel Stradley has been nominated for Mayor of Greenville.

LaFayette Hoed, sentenced to three years imprisonment in Albany Penitentiary has been pardoned.

The Germans of Charleston celebrated the anniversary of the Sedan victory, Sept. 2.

A short wooden railroad has been built in South Carolina, near Lane Station on the N. E. R. R. It is quite a success.

A steamship line between Havana and Charleston is proposed. Postmaster General Creswell favors the project.

An extra session of the Legislature will be convened on the 21st of October to consider the Bonded Debt question.

One Gurney, a carpet-bagger, will be the Administration candidate for Mayor of Charleston.

Miss M. A. Blue, is about to recover a large amount from the United States Government for cotton destroyed during the war.

Polk county voted on the 21st ult., in opposition to subscribing any stock in the Greenville and French Broad Railroad project.

Grange Items.

Mr. J. S. Long, State Deputy Patron of Husbands, spoke at Farmington on Monday, at Pikeville, on Tuesday, and at White Hall Thursday.

From the Scotchman & Observer we learn that the farmers of Richmond county will meet on the second Saturday in this month, for organization.

Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Maine, Maryland, Nevada and Rhode Island, are the only States where a Grange has not been established. New York has at present only nine Granges.

The convention of the Minnesota Farmers, at Owatonna, Tuesday, was composed of between one and two hundred earnest and independent men. They were not controlled at all by politicians. Asa Barton, President of the State Agricultural Society, was nominated for Governor. They adopted a platform in which anti-monopoly pledges are demanded, and the salary grab denounced.

The records of the office by the Secretary of the National Grange associations show that notwithstanding the great number of German farmers in the West, there is, as yet, no lodge of German Grangers in the country.

The reason assigned is that the lodges should be introduced among the Germans. It is stated that plans will soon be taken to have the ritual and manual translated, so that exclusively German lodges can be organized.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION. BY THE SOUTHERN AND ATLANTIC LINE. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OBSERVER.]

MASSACHUSETTS.

Democratic Convention - Resolutions Adopted.

WORCESTER, Sept. 4.—The following are the resolutions of the Democratic Convention:

Resolved, That the Democratic party seeks to revive no dead issues, but stands by its principles, which are suited to all times and circumstances; supports the Federal Government in all constitutional authority; regards, at this day, as Jefferson did in his day, the true province of a Republican Government to be the protection of rights and not of interests; defends the reserved rights of the States and the people; and opposes centralization, that would impair or destroy the constitutional rights or independence of the other departments, as executive and legislative departments, under their rule, have done, in oversteering the honest opinions of the Supreme Court of the United States, by increasing the numbers and appointment of new Judges, who are subservient to the executive and legislative will; It opposes all interference by law with the private affairs or business of men not required by the public safety, and advocates the greatest individual liberty consistent with public order. It believes in the capacity of the people for self government; holds that the nearer approach that can be made to universal free trade, the greater will be the advantage of the Federal Government to the people of Massachusetts. It insists on the substitution of a banking system that shall not cost the people a higher per centage to create a currency as in few hands, to loan at their own prices to the industrial masses, than any other people pay for money loans, wherewith to unfold their enterprises and compensate the labors of the nation. It opposes all legislation that places railroads or any corporation beyond the jurisdiction of the people through their Legislatures.

Resolved, That intervention by Federal Administration for the benefit of its favorites and the advancement of its intrigues, notoriously felt in this Commonwealth, is hostile to the freedom and purity of elections, an insult to the popular intelligence, and merits the indignant depreciation of the people jealous of their rights.

Resolved, That the time has now arrived for regulating the hours of labor in manufacturing establishments to ten hours for a day, or sixty hours per week, for women and children; and that this convention pledges itself to support such legislation as will secure the enactment of such a law.

The remaining resolutions are the same as those adopted by the Ohio State Democratic Convention of August 6.

NEW JERSEY.

A Novel Proposal.

HOBOKEN, Sept. 5.—A lawyer proposes to recover the \$50,000 which was stolen from the Hoboken Savings Bank, for one half. The strange proposition has been accepted by the Directors.

WASHINGTON.

Probabilities.—For the South Atlantic States, East of Mississippi, general and fresh winds, partly cloudy weather, and areas of rain on the coast.

Railroad Notes.

The question now is, "will the New York, Norfolk and Charleston Railroad be built?"

A meeting of the corporators and directors of the Cheraw & Chester Railroad, will be held at Lancaster Court House on the 17th inst.

Mr. D. H. Van Buren has been appointed local agent of the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, vice Capt. R. H. Wylie, resigned.

The Erie Railway Directors have declared a dividend of 3 1/2 per cent., on the preferred stock, and 1 per cent. upon the common stock of the Company.

A new railroad scheme is being projected, designed to connect the East with the West. It is entitled the Continental Railway Company. The cost of the road is estimated at from \$175,000,000 to \$180,000,000.

The surveys on the Florence Railway have returned to Fayetteville, having surveyed the line to shoe Heel and back. The estimates will at once be made, and then town bonds and contracts will be offered to the public. Right on with the work, and let the greatest improvement Fayetteville ever attempted be completed.

DISGORGING.

A Man Returns a Half Million to the U. S. Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Treasurer Spinner to-day received from the Cashier of a Brooklyn Bank, a certificate of deposit in favor of the Treasurer for \$500,000, which the writer says he sends at the request of a person who says it belongs to the United States.

ENGLAND.

Illness of the Pope.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—It is reported here that the Pope is again ill, and that physicians are in attendance on him at the Vatican.

Garibaldi and Communism.

FLORENCE, Sept. 5.—Gen. Garibaldi having received an invitation to be present at the commemoration of the Communists in Florence refused to attend.

RELIGIOUS.

Anti-Polygonism.

COUNCIL BLUFF, Sept. 5.—The regular semi-annual conference of the Church of Jesus (the Church of the latter-day Saints) and the anti-Polygonists convened here yesterday. Several thousand Saints from all parts of the world are in attendance. It is expected that the meeting will be of unusual interest. Joseph Smith, the founder of Mormonism, is present, and is leading the meeting.

NEW YORK.

The Forger—Escape—Doings of N. Y. Frenchmen.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Williamson, the principal in the recent heavy forgery, has left the city. Detectives are in pursuit of him.

John Brodrick, brother of James Brodrick, who was murdered by his father, has escaped from the hospital, and cannot be found. He was held as a witness against his father, who is now under indictment for murder.

The city Treasurer of Brooklyn has resigned.

At a meeting of Frenchmen at the Masonic Hall last night, it was decided to send M. Thiers an address in an album valued at five hundred dollars, and also a gold medal as a mark of appreciation of his services in the government of France. Considerable disturbance was created at the meeting by a band of Communists.

The French citizens are to-day celebrating the anniversary of the birth day of General LaFayette at Brooklyn.

Another man has been arrested, charged with complicity in the great forgery.

An aged farmer from Iswago was visiting the city yesterday, and was induced into a store by a young man, who drugged and robbed him of all his cash, \$1,000. The old gentleman proposes to leave town.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Statement of a Revenue Official—The Deaver and Mast Outrage.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 5.—Collector Pinney of the 7th North Carolina Revenue District, says that deputy Patterson and soldiers under Lieutenant Mast destroyed in McDowell and Burke counties sixteen distilleries and made twenty-five arrests. He censures the Judge for his action in binding over for trial Lieutenant Mast and Deaver, who were charged with an attempt to kill.

He thinks the citizens are thoroughly disloyal, and wants more laymen to assist in his work. Says that the people are very hostile to Revenue officials, and that the Conservative newspapers encourage them in their hostility.

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MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 5.—Money loaned early in the day at 6 to 7, but afterward advanced to 7; subsequently loans were made as high as 12 to 14, but at close rates were about 7. Foreign exchanges advanced this afternoon to 107 1/2 for 60 days.

Gold closed lower and declining from 115 1/4 to 114 1/4 and closed at 115 1/4. Government's weak and lower.—Currency 6's, 113 to 114; State Bonds, Va. 6's old, 42; new 50; consols 51 1/2; deferred 12.

Flour closed strong for all grades. Baltimore, Alexandria and Georgetown, mixed to good superfine, 5.60 to 6.00. Wheat active, quiet. Corn closed inactive. Provisions, generally quiet; prices nominally unchanged.

Cotton quiet but firm; low mid 19 1/2 mid. 20 1/2.

New Advertisements.

1873. FALL AND WINTER TRADE.

J. L. BROTHERS & CO. SUCCESSORS TO J. W. McWhorter, Trade St., Charlotte, N. C.

KEEP on hand a large stock of Groceries, Country Produce, Family supplies, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Notions, &c. We invite purchasers to call and examine our stock and prices before buying elsewhere, as we are determined to sell as good goods at as low figures as any house in the city. We have now in store a fine lot of new Mackerel which we are offering at reduced prices. Also a choice lot of country flour, and country bacon, together with a large supply of Baltimore Bacon, Sausages, Coffee, Molasses, Meal, Shirting and Cotton Yarn. Purchasers in the city can have their goods delivered at their houses.

J. L. BROTHERS & CO. sep 6 ty

AUCTION.

I WILL sell this day at my Auction Room, commencing at 11 o'clock a. m.: 25 pieces prints, 7 doz brooms, 1 French Bedstead, 2 cook stoves, 1 box stove, 1 hat rack, 1 walnut crib, 1 bronze clock, 1 rosewood clock, 2 sewing machines, 6000 clay pipes, Glass and Tin ware, &c. Unlimited articles received until hour of sale.

THOS. H. GAITHER, Auctioneer. sep 6 ty

CRIER & ALEXANDER.

DEALERS IN Groceries, Tobacco, Grain, Liquors, Powder, &c., TRADE STREET.

HAVING removed to their large and commodious New Store, two doors above the Market House, and their Mr. C. W. Alexander being at present at the North purchasing their Fall Stock, are daily receiving large additions to their present stock, which they are prepared to dispense to their customers on as reasonable terms as any house in the city.

Having ample Store Room, they are prepared to store from 800 to 1000 bales of cotton, and would respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and Produce, which will be handled on liberal terms, and guarantee prompt returns.

sep 6 ty T. L. VAH, M.

MEMBERS OF Charlotte Grange No. 6.

are requested to meet at the Grange room at 9 a. m. this day.

sep 6 ty T. L. VAH, M.

CLOVER HAY FOR SALE.

Persons wishing good clover hay for cattle can be supplied by leaving their orders with Dr John H McAden.

JAS. F. JOHNSTON. sep 6 ty

Medical College of Georgia.

BEING THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE University of Georgia.

FACULTY.

I. P. GARVIN, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

LEWIS F. FORD, M. D., LL. D., Professor of the Institutes and Practice of Medicine.

JOSEPH A. EVE, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Infants.

L. A. DUGAS, M. D., LL. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery, and Dean of the Faculty.

GEO. W. RAINS, M. D., Professor of Medical Chemistry and Practical Pharmacy.

HENRY F. CAMPBELL, M. D., Professor of Operative Surgery and Surgery.

EDWARD GEDDINGS, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathology.

DESAUSSURE FORD, M. D., Professor of Anatomy, and Secretary of the Faculty.

WILLIAM H. DOUGHTY, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics.

ROBERT C. EVE, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy, and Professor to the Professor of Anatomy.

A SIBLEY CAMPBELL, M. D., Professor to the Professor of Operative Surgery and Surgical Anatomy.

S. C. EVE, M. D.,