

JOHN STONE JONES, Editor and Proprietor. M. C. PARK, Business Manager. Tuesday, December 9, 1873.

The Consolidation Scheme.

The Consolidation Bill is still before the General Assembly. The original bill authorizes the North Carolina Railroad to purchase the Western North Carolina and Atlantic and North Carolina Railroads...

There are serious objections to this scheme. A gigantic corporation is created that must inevitably become the controlling power in the State.

It establishes a grand monopolizing system of railway, that in the hands of unscrupulous men can be operated to the injury of every other road in the State.

And what guarantee is there that the scheme will prove successful? None, worth the ghost of a North Carolina Bond.

To secure the honest application of the money, the bill provides a ten thousand dollar penalty and ten years imprisonment for malfeasance or default of any officer in the corporation.

If this consolidation bill is to become a law, it should contain a provision that will guard other railroads and the people of sections of country remote from the central line against the dangers of a monopoly.

As the Republican Senators were assembling in the ladies' reception room at the Capitol for the purpose of holding a caucus...

The renowned "exploiter of historical channels" the "Galilee" of Warren county—the clever gentleman whose "pen is as pointed as his brain is clear," will with "X" (his secret adviser and public horn-blower) enjoy the following from the proceedings of the Senate, December 5th:

Also, resolution inviting Gov. W. A. Graham to deliver an address upon the subject of the "Mecklenburg declaration of independence" during the present session.

seives an unenviable notoriety through the newspapers, and he wished they were out of the State; that time was too valuable to be wasted in the establishment of a fact that had not been doubted for fifty years.

Immigration.

We want population in Western North Carolina. There are hundreds and thousands and tens of thousands of acres of land lying idle in the Piedmont region that ought to be cultivated.

Why can't our Grangers—the farmers of Mecklenburg, of Iredell, of Catawba and elsewhere follow the example of the Grangers of Mississippi, and agree to supply rent free for five years forty acres of land to every white family?

Landholders can afford to part with portions of their estate for a time in order to increase the producing population of the country.

We need more capital and more labor. If the proper inducements were held out by our people to immigrants, we might confidently expect in a few years a large increase in population.

One of our State Senators thinks "we might we might have a bad Governor in the course of time." There is no doubt about that, if the Conservative party suffers the Radicals to beat them out of their boots in the next gubernatorial election.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The New Orleans Picayune is offered at sheriff's sale.

There is a strike among the train men of Pennsylvania.

The carpet weavers of Philadelphia have struck against 5 per cent reduction.

The Democrats have carried Texas by a majority of 40,000.

A fire at Springfield, Mass., caused damage to three millions of postal cards.

Preparations for war are still being pushed forward in all the leading navy yards of the country.

Small pox exists in the suburbs of Atlanta, Ga. A pest house has been established.

The bombardment at Cartagena continues. The defenders are in good spirits and made a sortie Friday.

A Fort Gary dispatch says that the Parliament buildings are burned, but that the records were saved.

Cornwall & Co., cotton brokers of New York, failed on Saturday. It is not believed to be a very bad failure.

Seventy-nine thousand dollars have been appropriated to hospitals and other asylums, to shelter and feed the poor of New York.

A special says Fish has officially refused to comply with the Spanish Cabinet's request that the Virginia be delivered to neutral powers.

The late Jesse R. Grant's personal property amounts to between \$7,000 and \$8,000. Not much for the father of a President.

General Fremont has cancer of the stomach, but has, until lately, kept the matter a secret from family and friends. His physician says that he cannot live a year.

Mr Cameron, the Mormon, has been admitted to his seat in the House of Representatives on the assumption that his credentials being in proper form—he had a prima facie right to that privilege.

The nomination of Judge Williams, as Chief Justice, was referred to the committee on Judiciary. This was contrary to the usual custom of the Senate with regard to Senators and ex-Senators whose nominations escape the investigation of committees.

BINDING ON GEN. RAMSON.—The Herald's Washington correspondence has this good joke on Gen. RAMSON.

As the Republican Senators were assembling in the ladies' reception room at the Capitol for the purpose of holding a caucus, Senators Gordon, of Georgia, and Ransom, of North Carolina, both Democrats, who were not aware of the use the rooms had been for the time set apart for, attempted to enter. The doorkeeper politely informed them they could not go in.

(Condensed from the Raleigh Sentinel.)

LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA. SENATE. FRIDAY, Dec. 5, 1873.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Mr. Fleming reported and read the bill making conductors of Railroad trains peace officers and allowing them in certain cases to make arrests.

Mr. Grandy, from the joint select committee on the report of Professor Kerr on the Vienna Exposition: The committee commend the liberality of the citizens in aiding Prof. K. by loan of money sufficient to enable him to visit the Exposition, and ask an appropriation of twelve hundred dollars to reimburse the liberal citizens who advanced the Professor money, and proposing to print five thousand copies of the report of the Geologist.

SPECIAL ORDER. The bill relative to commercial manures—provides for the punishment of frauds—and require the manufacturer or agent to place upon each package of any fertilizing guano or manure a correct analysis of its ingredients.

Mr. Troy, a bill to prevent the desecration of the Sabbath. Prohibits the sale of intoxicating beverages on that day under penalties.

A resolution requesting Congress to re-emburse the tax collected on cotton in 1865, 66-'67. Passed.

Mr. Waring introduced two bills, one to "raise revenue and protect sheep." The other in relative of public roads.

The Railroad consolidation bill. Mr. Troy moved to strike out the line providing for working convicts in chain gangs. Adopted.

Col. Ellis moved to strike out the 16th and 19th sections. These sections provide for working able bodied convicts upon the uncompleted roads. He doubted the constitutional authority of the General Assembly to work them upon works of internal improvements.

Col. Humphrey hoped the resolution would not prevail.

Mr. Murphy said he was chairman of the board of Public Charity; that he had thought a great deal upon this subject and that he could see no inhumanity in working the convicts as proposed in the bill. He thought upon the other hand it would conduce to the health and happiness of the convicts.

Mr. Love concurred with Dr. M. Col. Ellis' motion to strike out did not prevail.

Col. Ellis moved a provision that horse thieves and murderers should not be taken out of the Penitentiary—ayes 13, noes 19. Not adopted.

Mr. Welch offered a substitute for section 11, merely changing the phraseology. Adopted.

Mr. Harris proposed to strike out the word "Governor" in the 16th and 17th sections, and insert "Board of Directors" wherever it occurs. Said we might have a bad Governor in the course of time. Withdrawn.

Mr. McCauley moved to strike out several sections. Not adopted.

Mr. Todd moved an amendment that the non-payment of interest shall not work a foreclosure of the mortgage bonds. Not adopted.

The bill passed its third reading, ayes 32, noes 5.

Messrs. Allen, Avera, Chamberlain, Cramer, Cunningham, Ellis of Catawba, Ellis of Columbus, Fleming, Gudge, Harris, Hill, Holloman, Horton, Humphrey, Long, Love, McCabe, McCotter, Miller, Morehead of G., Morehead of R., Murphy, Murray, Nicholson, Price, Ransom, Seymour, Stafford, Todd, Waring, Welch, Worth—35.

Messrs. Barnhart, Cowles, Davis, McCauley, Powell—5.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. DECEMBER 5.

Mr. Speaker Robinson called the House to order at 11 a. m. Journal of yesterday read and approved.

Mr. Moss, resolution authorizing the State Treasurer to pay over to the Oxford Orphan Asylum the sum of five thousand dollars.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED. Mr. Bean, a bill to limit a day's work of employers in cotton mills &c., to ten hours.

Mr. Johns, bill to authorize the Dan River Coal Fields railroad to buy the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio railroad. Referred.

Mr. Reid, of Mecklenburg, bill to make the jurisdiction of justices of the peace final in certain criminal matters. Referred.

The bill to provide arms for military schools, which had been referred to the committee on military affairs, was reported by said committee, and recommended to be referred to the Judiciary committee which course was taken.

Bill to prevent the enticing of servants from fulfilling their contracts &c., was tabled.

SENATE. DECEMBER 6.

The Senate was called to order at 11 a. m.

Mr. Morehead, of Rockingham, from committee on Internal Improvements reported a substitute for the bill to insure the completion of the Western Railroad.

to the Mecklenburg effusions with which the Senate had been recently inundated. He hoped it would not pass.

Mr. Grandy urged the passage of the resolution—he said that while our sister States were liberal in their efforts to perpetuate the deeds of a noble ancestry, our noble men were sleeping in unknown and almost forgotten graves. He alluded in energetic terms to the lives of Davis, Yancey, Stanly, Ephraim Brevard, and many others. As a North Carolinian he felt that he but discharged a solemn duty when to the extent of his ability he contributed in giving to posterity the history of their illustrious achievements.

Mr. Johnson moved to strike out "thousand" before the word dollars, and after the word R. B. Greecy, insert "or any other man." Not adopted.

Mr. Waring, called the ayes and nays upon the passage of the resolutions. Not sustained.

The resolution failed. Resolution requiring the public printing to be let out to the lowest bidder was introduced by Mr. Cramer. Mr. Morehead, of Rockingham, called the previous question and the resolution did not pass.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. SATURDAY, December 6.

Mr. Trivett, bill to exempt \$300 of personal property from taxation, &c. Referred.

Mr. Blythe of Henderson, a bill exempting three hundred dollars' worth of personal property for each citizen of the State. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, the rules were suspended, and Senate bill to authorize the sheriffs of John Foly, late Sheriff of Pitt county, was taken up and passed its several readings.

On motion of Ellison, col., bill requiring County Commissioners to make no distinction in selecting jurors; on account of race or color was taken up. The Clerk read the adverse report of the Judiciary committee upon the bill.

Ellison, col., took the floor in support of the bill. He asserted that in some counties of this State, distinctions were made in this particular to the prejudice of his race, &c., and was favored by Williamson and opposed by Mr. Houston, who said that the passage of this bill would conflict with the present law.

Mr. Freeman moved to lay the bill on the table, on which Ellison asked the ayes and noes—ayes 51, noes 31.

On motion of Mr. Johns, the bill authorizing the Dan River Coal Field Railroad to purchase the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad, was taken up and passed its several readings.

Adjourned.

\$5 SEWING MACHINES!!

FOR SALE AT SINGER'S OFFICE, NEXT TO DEWEY'S BANK, and Opposite the Post Office. nov 27-tf

WATCHES! WATCHES!

Clocks and Jewelry! Silver and Plated Ware! SPECTACLES and FANCY GOODS, &c. At Panic Prices, at J. T. BUTLER'S, Opposite Central Hotel, CHARLOTTE, N. C. nov 25-1f

ALDINE ALMANAC FOR 1874.

Something new and neat at TIDDY'S. We are also agents for the Aldine. Those wishing it for 1874, will please hand in their subscriptions. TIDDY & BRO. nov 1

JUST RECEIVED.

ANOTHER lot of those elegant silk hats for gentlemen. Call and look at them. Dec 6 J. A. YOUNG & SON.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

Formerly Mansion House, H. C. ECCLES, Prop'r, CHARLOTTE, N. C. June 8 1y

AGAIN

WE announce a neat and pleasant amusement for the Winter evenings, PARLOIR CROQUET. Complete for \$5 and \$8 per set, at TIDDY'S.

ALSO, a large lot new Novels fresh from the publishers, at TIDDY'S.

OUR School Books stock is now complete. We don't deem it necessary to go into detail, but simply announce that our Stock is full. Call and see. TIDDY & BRO. Democrat and Home copy nov 8

SPECIED Pigs Feet, Bologna Sausage, Ferris' S C Hams, at

SYMONS.

Sugar and Coffee.

100 Barrels Sugar, various brands, 75 Casks Coffee, bought before recent rise for sale by STEPHENSON, MACAULAY & CO.

Ear Corn and Oats.

A quantity of corn in the ear, and a large amount of Oats just arrived and for sale by G. W. CHALK, College Street oct 1

Burn Out Your Chimneys.

WHAT any person or persons whose chimneys or stove pipes shall take fire and burn, unless the same be in wet weather, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars for each and every offence. The above ordinance will be strictly enforced. MAYOR. dec 3 3t

JUST RECEIVED.

A FULL STOCK of Notions and Toys at PUREFOYS. nov 7-tf

Wittkowsky & Rintels' CIRCULAR NO. 2. FALL, 1873.

OWING to the late Great "Panic" at the North, several of the largest Dry Goods Houses saw fit to slaughter their entire Stocks at greatly reduced (or panic) prices. Fully alive to our own interest and that of our customers, and believing in the old proverb: (somewhat transformed,) "That there is a time in the life of a merchant, which, when taken advantage of at the right moment leads to a good profit," we determined, that millions of dollars worth of goods were sold at from 75 to 50 per cent less than cost; of this opportunity we availed ourselves, and are now receiving our second Stock (this season) which we now offer at equally reduced or "panic" prices. And we here cite a few of the articles to wit:

2,000 PIECES of PRINTS, The Best Brands of which we offer at 9 1-2 Cents.

20 Cases Bleached, 20 per cent. less than original cost.

1,500 Laffes and Gent's Shawls, Greatly Reduced in Price.

Complete Lines in all our Departments, At Equally Reduced Rates.

BOOTS & SHOES, 400 CASES OF THE BEST MAKES.

HATS and CAPS, 1,200 Dozen, very Low. NOTIONS.—That Department received our Special Attention, and we challenge Competition.

CLOTHING.

This branch of our business has peculiar claims on the Trade, as we flatter ourselves of having "the largest" and most varied stock of any other House in North Carolina.

HARDWARE.—We are gradually extending that branch of our business.

GROCERIES.—JUST RECEIVED 75 Bbls. Sugar, 60 Sacks Coffee, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, &c., in fact everything in that line. We have thus given an outline of this our second stock, and hope that self-interest will at once suggest to you the advantages to be derived by replenishing your Stock from us. Very respectfully, WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS. nov 25-1f

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.—OUR RETAIL DEPARTMENT, at equally reduced prices, sufficient to meet the wants of those visiting us during "The Fair," or thereafter. Here we also have a MILLINERY AND CARPET DEPARTMENT. nov 25-1f

THE CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY CLOTHING

CHARLOTTE,

IS

SHRIER'S TEMPLE OF FASHION

THERE YOU WILL FIND

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING

FOR MENS', BOYS' AND YOUTHS' WEAR,

ALSO

The Largest Stock of Gents Furnishing Goods

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, SACHELS, AND UMBRELLAS,

IN PRICES HE DEFIES COMPETITION

Remember the Place, 24 Tryon Street, David Parks' Building. Democrat and Home Copy. Nov. 12

NEW

Clothing Store.

J. A. YOUNG & SON,

ARE now prepared to receive their friends, and the public generally, who may desire a complete or partial outfit in their line, at their NEW CLOTHING STORE, on North Tryon Street, Charlotte, Fourth Door above the Charlotte Hotel.

Their Stock is entirely NEW, and selected with care in the Northern cities, from Manufacturers whose Goods are made expressly for the Southern Market.

They offer DRESS SUITS of Black, Blue, Buff and London Smoke cloth; of warranted genuine Scotch Cassimere, English, French, American Plain and Fancy Cassimers; in variety of styles and prices.

Also, by the single piece, Coat, Pants or Vest. Velveteen, Corduroy, Gray Melton, Mixed Meltons, Doe Skin Jeans, Seal Skin, Whitney, Imperial, Worsted, Kersey, &c., in style and price to suit every buyer from the Bridegroom to the Hod Carrier.

Talmas, of Gray Melton, Mixed Melton, Black Salt, Coral, Black and Blue, Beaver, &c.

Overcoats, of every variety, style and price. Youths' and Boys' Clothing—a large and well selected stock. A Full Line of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, comprising every article necessary to complete the wardrobe.

Hats and Caps of every style and price. A large stock of Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Neck-ties, Bows, Scarfs and Fancy Articles.

The above limited outline of their stock, is only designed to assure the reader that by calling upon them their wants can be supplied. They pledge themselves to spare no pains to render every patron satisfied with every business transaction with them, and ask to be tried. [sep 39-tf]

JACOB M MENDEL,

Manufacture and Dealer in

Cigars, Pipes, Tobacco, and c. STREET.

(Next door to Brem, Brown & Co's Dry Goods Store.) DEALERS wishing to purchase Cigars, will do well to give me a call. CHA. LOTTEN. C. oct 24