

DAILY OBSERVER.

JOHNSTONE JONES, Editor and Proprietor

Thursday, January 15, 1874.

The Consolidation Scheme.

Col. Thomas M. Holt, in an article to the Raleigh Sentinel, strongly favors consolidation. He thinks it is the only plan by which the Western North Carolina Railroad can be saved to the State, and built through to the Tennessee line; and that if should be carried out in good faith, as its friends intended it, it will be the means of preventing much loss to the State, and will enhance the value of her property.

We venture the assertion that there is not a right-minded man in North Carolina who would oppose the consolidation scheme, if there was an assurance that it would be entrusted to men who would honestly and faithfully carry out the purposes of the General Assembly. The question is, would this be done?

It is hardly probable that Governor Caldwell would appoint as directors men outside of his own party. And within that party in this State we know but few prominent men—we can count them on our fingers' ends—whose appointment would be satisfactory to the stockholders.

The completion of the Western Road is of vital importance to the State—especially to the mountain region. It ought to be finished as soon as possible. If the Legislature will adopt a well guarded scheme for its completion, and Governor Caldwell will fill the eight directorships with native sons of North Carolina who have "brains, energy and honesty," and who would manage the consolidated roads with fidelity to the State and to the stockholders, then we say on with the project!—Thousands upon thousands of North Carolinians would applaud the General Assembly who devised the scheme, and the Governor and directors who executed it.

Trouble Among Themselves.

Republican journals, and notably the Washington Chronicle, have misgivings about the nomination of the old gentleman from Massachusetts. They think him too old for Chief Justice. Besides, the Chronicle remembers that this same old gentleman was President of the Charleston Convention, was a member of Pierce's Cabinet; that he advocated the repeal of the Missouri compromise, and actually supported the Dred Scott decision! What a blunderbuss Grant has fired off into the Radical ranks!

All these matters the Chronicle well remembers, and more—it has not forgotten that this same old gentleman, Caleb Cushing, nominee of Grant for Chief Justice of the "best government the world ever saw" actually concurred in opinion with Chief Justice Taney, that colored people were not citizens of the United States; and besides that he was a State's right Democrat of the most ultra school. Above all, the Chronicle cannot and will not let it pass from his memory, that this same old gentleman was an outspoken supporter of the bold declaration made by Buchanan and his Attorney General Jeremiah Black, "that he failed to find in the Constitution of the United States power to coerce a State."

We too remember these scraps of history, and knowing that Mr. Cushing is learned enough, and certainly old enough for Chief Justice, we have no particular fault to find with him for entertaining these opinions. On the contrary, we consider this record produced against him, evidences of his eminent fitness.

Our venerable friend of the Danbury Reporter hopes that the Rev. J. R. Scroggs may soon be round, as preaching is of rare occurrence at his place. We mention the above in order to give publicity to the wishes of the Reporter. We also learn that the Reporter has cleaned out its tobacco factory and warehouse, and is ready to receive the leaf at high prices.

We rather like this union of journalism and tobacco factories, when it is dull times at the sanctum one may smoke his own tobacco and spit upon the universe.

Our State Legislation is clogged with bills in relation to local prohibitory laws. Would it not be wise in the General Assembly to enact a general law, allowing each incorporated town or city to regulate such matters for itself?

General Vance.

We give elsewhere some remarks of General Vance on the Civil Rights Bill. The report is headed "Governor Vance a good old rebel still." This is a mistake. Governor Vance is at home, but ought to be in the Senate. The General who made the speech, and showed himself a true son of the Old North State is his brother—a chip of the same block, very like the chip at home, but not the same,—not "old Zeb."

They were both a little rebellious while the "unpleasantness" lasted—they are now reconstructed—partly.

The City of Petersburg, Va., is under the government of Radicals and negroes. The Legislature of Virginia proposes to cut the gordian knot of her difficulties by amending her charter, so as to give the Judge of the Hustings' Court the power to appoint the city officials. This is a good move, considering the fact that the carpet baggers who run the city government of Petersburg would sit at the horns of a billy goat, if they got half a chance.

We have read the speech of Elliott, member from South Carolina, and have only this to say,—if Hor and the eminent Beast, with Sumner as boss, can get up no better job for exhibition by proxy; the next time this Massachusetts negro comes to the front, they had better retire further to the rear. Elliott has evidently a good memory.

Wouldn't it be wise in the Solons of the Old North State now assembled at Raleigh, to pause a while in the making of laws, and take a lesson or two in obedience to the written law? The constitution requires the Legislature to erect one or more orphan asylums. "A word to the wise," &c.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Representative Lamar of Mississippi, has recovered.

Luther Lee, Jr., has been nominated Collector of Customs for Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.

The suspension of Josiah S. Colgate, of New York, was announced on the stock exchange Tuesday.

Cartagena has been surrendered to the government troops who are now occupying the city.

Manuel Foster, who fired at King Victor Emanuel of Italy, in 1872, has escaped from prison.

L. N. Stillwell, President of the First National Bank of Anderson, Ind., has been arrested for embezzling the funds of the bank. L. B. Kline, Cashier of the same bank, has decamped.

Ex-President Andrew Johnson declares himself in full accord with the Grange movement, and says the time has arrived for good men of all parties to associate and bring about such reform as the exigencies of the country require.

During the progress of the balloting for United States Senator Monday evening, Governor Kemper was waited upon and informed that he could probably get the nomination if he would accept it. He was earnestly solicited to accept, but declined.

A Boston dispatch dated Tuesday noon says:—A large fire has been raging for several hours at Nantick, Mass., in the business portion of the town. Several steamers have been sent from Boston to aid in suppressing the flames. The loss already reaches half a million of dollars.

Later—The fire is under control.

A fire occurred in a dwelling house in New York on Tuesday, and so rapidly did the flames spread that the building was entirely enveloped in a few moments. The house was burned to the ground, and with it were burned four of the occupants. Other persons are said to have been burned but their bodies have not yet been found.

Sickles has reaped a very dubious honor as a diplomat, and is now on his return to the "Bowery boys."—Just how he will contrive to keep himself conspicuous hereafter is a problem. He may lecture, or he may edit a country newspaper, but his "best bolt" is to turn filibuster. The dons would be glad to see him in that role. He might find in Cuba the lock to the key he once found in Washington, however. But Sickles is hardly likely to go another leg on the obscurity from which the war temporarily rescued him. O si Sickles omnia!

A correspondent asks: "Why is it that Congress grants such large pensions to the young soldiers of the late war and such small pensions to the old soldiers of the war of 1812?" Well, to tell you the truth, those old soldiers are confounded hard to get to the polls, and when you get them there, they are so few in number they don't amount to much.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mrs. Livermore is now lecturing against the evils of tight lacing.—She is quite right. If a girl wants her waist squeezed, she ought to employ some reliable young man for the purpose. Our experience is that no young man with any pretensions to reliability, would, when thus employed, for a single moment neglect his business.

LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

(Condensed from the Raleigh News.)

SENATE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 13, 1874.

The Senate met promptly at 12 o'clock, Lieut. Gov. Brogden in the Chair.

By Mabson, col., a petition from one thousand citizens of the county of New Hanover, protesting against the passage of a bill to form the new county of Jefferson. Referred.

By Mr. Cramer, a petition from citizens of Davidson county, in relation to a local prohibitory liquor law for Reid's Church, Davidson county. Referred.

By Mr. Ellis, of Columbus, a petition from citizens of Columbus county, asking a local prohibitory liquor law for said county. Referred.

Calendar.

The bill presented by Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, yesterday to amend an act amending the charter of the North Carolina Railroad was taken up.

Under a suspension of the rules the bill passed its readings. The bill to authorize the establishment of free public schools in towns and cities of more than two thousand inhabitants, taken up on its third reading.

Mr. Cunningham moved to amend by striking out one-fourth and inserting one-eighth, referring to the tax levy on real estate.

Mr. McCauley offered an amendment, providing that property owners only be qualified voters, and of the ballot the voter's name be written with the assessed value thereon, and in determining the result each ticket shall be counted one vote and also one vote for every three hundred dollars worth of property.

Mr. McCauley advocated his amendment as essential to the bill which, if passed in its present shape, would be the establishment of a dangerous precedent. He replied to considerable length to the argument advanced by a Senator before the recess, that the amendment was unconstitutional. He referred to that instrument and read several clauses to sustain his position.

Mr. Gudger still thought the bill unconstitutional, and would vote against it.

Mr. Worth opposed the bill on account of the Peabody clause contained therein.

Mr. Ellis, of Columbus, said he was a member of the Educational Committee, before whom the bill was carefully considered, and that Committee was unanimously for its passage. The question of its constitutionality was fully discussed, and he was satisfied that the bill should pass.

Mr. Avera renewed his motion to lay on the table, and called the yeas and nays.

The motion prevailed by a vote of 21 yeas to 15 nays.

Before the vote was announced, Mr. Waring changed his vote from the negative to the affirmative, which he stated was for the purpose of moving a reconsideration of the vote.

On the announcement of the vote, Mr. Waring made his motion to reconsider the vote to table, and postpone further action thereon till Tuesday next; stating fully his position on the bill; that he was opposed to the amendment of Mr. McCauley, and favored its passage, guarded by Mr. Cunningham's amendment.

Mr. King moved to table Mr. Waring's motion to reconsider, which, after a skirmishing debate, failed by 21 yeas and 15 nays. Mr. Waring's motion prevailed.

At 1 o'clock the bill to lay off and establish the new county of Jefferson came up as the Special Order for that hour.

Mr. Murphy offered an amendment to strike out the name of Jefferson and insert in its stead Lillingston, paying a handsome eulogy to that distinguished North Carolinian of that name. The amendment was adopted, when Mr. Murphy continued his remarks at considerable length in favor of the passage of the bill as just to the large number of respectable citizens who had petitioned this General Assembly for the new county.

Mabson, col., opposed the bill, and presented counter petitions which were read by the Clerk.

Messrs. Allen, Ellis, of Columbus, and Avera advocated the bill. The previous question being called the bill passed its second reading by 26 yeas to 6 nays.

HOUSE REPRESENTATIVES.

At 11 a. m. Mr. Speaker Robinson called the House to order.

By Mr. Watson, a resolution in reference to the public printing. Calendar.

By Hughes, col., a bill prohibiting the sale of liquor within four miles of Oxford, Granville county. Referred.

By Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, a bill to incorporate the Carolina Stock and Poultry Association. Referred.

By Mr. Brown, of Davidson, a bill to discharge the security where the principal of any debt becomes discharged from said debt by the operation of the bankrupt law. Referred.

The Senate bill to make valid decrees of the Courts in cases of divorce and alimony, was taken up and passed its several readings.

The bill to prevent fraud in the sale of commercial fertilizers, was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The memorial of the Directors of the North Carolina Railroad in regard to the consolidation proposition was read and sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

The bill to exempt from taxation

\$300 worth of personal property, was taken up.

In accordance with the report of the Committee, to whom the bill was referred, Mr. Maxwell moved to table.

The yeas and nays were called, and the motion to table was adopted by a vote of yeas 49, nays 34.

The bill to incorporate the Industrial Association of Western North Carolina, was taken up and, on motion of Mr. Bowman, postponed until Monday.

STATE NEWS.

There are 139 Granges in the State.

Wilmington was delighted with the Georgia Minstrels.

The Herald, published at Murphy, Cherokee county, is the only paper in the 12th Judicial District.

Ezekiel Shelton, of Stokes county, is the father of nineteen children by one wife; seven of the children are deaf mutes.

Tim Leary, a one-legged Irishman, fell from a trestle near Wadesboro, a distance of thirty feet, on Saturday last, and was instantly killed.

The Danbury Reporter says that William Gordon who lived in Stokes county died on the day before Christmas in the 96th year; and his son Thomas Gordon, who lived in Forsyth county, died on Christmas day in his 76th year.

Cols. Ed. Cantwell, of Wilmington, J. A. Fagg, of Asheville, and O. R. Smith, of Wake, have gone on to Washington to represent the Mexican Veterans of North Carolina in the Convention of Mexican War Survivors, which meets in that city on to-morrow.

Wilmington Journal: A gentleman who has taken the trouble to investigate the matter, informs us that, of all the private carriages (double teams) in this city, all are owned by parties south of Market street, which is generally considered the central dividing line of the city. In other words, one geometrical half of the city is carriageless. A rather peculiar fact, but one that is nevertheless true.

Raleigh News: Mr. J. D. Hodges, of Davie county, a graduate of Trinity, with honor, some time since went to Yale College for the purpose of entering the Senior Class to obtain A. B. at their next commencement. Upon examination, the Faculty decided that he was fully up to their requirements for A. B., and that he need not remain there. He paid his fees, returned home and will receive his degree next June.

1840, 1874.

PAIN-KILLER,

THE GREAT

FAMILY MEDICINE OF THE AGE.

Taken Internally, it Cures

Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhea,

Cramp and Pain in the Stomach,

Bowel Complaints, Painters' Colic,

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion,

Sore Throat, Sudden Colds,

Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, it Cures

Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns,

Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Tooth-

ache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia,

Rheumatism, Frost-bitten Feet, &c., &c.

PAIN-KILLER,

after a thorough trial by innumerable living witnesses, has proved itself THE MEDICINE OF THE AGE. It is an internal and external remedy. One positive proof of its efficacy is, that its sales have constantly increased, and wholly upon its own merits. The effect of the

Pain-Killer

upon the patient when taken internally, in cases of Cold, Cough, Bowel Complaint, Cholera, Dysentery and other affections of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony, as an infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the nineteenth century.

The Pain-Killer

derives much of its popularity from the simplicity attending its use, which gives it a peculiar value in a family. The various diseases which may be reached by it, and in their incipient stages eradicated, are among those which are peculiarly fatal if suffered to run; but the curative magic of this preparation at once disarms them of their terrors. In all respects it fulfills the conditions of a popular medicine.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain-Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 Cents and \$1.00 per Bottle.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Jan. 13-1m.

CHEAP MUSIC

For Advanced Piano Players.

For Singers and Young Pianists.

Pianists desiring good Music at a low price should send 50 CENTS MONTHLY, and you will get \$4.00 worth of the best New Music. Every number contains 4 or 5 songs, and 4 or 5 instrumental pieces by such authors as Haydn, Mozart, Liszt, Voss, Stewart, Thomas, Kube, etc.

Published monthly, 50 cts. per number; \$4 per year.

Published monthly, 30 cts. per number; \$3 per year.

Published monthly, 25 cts. per number; \$2 per year.

Published monthly, 20 cts. per number; \$1 per year.

Published monthly, 15 cts. per number; 75 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 10 cts. per number; 50 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 5 cts. per number; 25 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 2 cts. per number; 10 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 1 cent per number; 5 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 50 cts. per number; \$5 per year.

Published monthly, 40 cts. per number; \$4 per year.

Published monthly, 30 cts. per number; \$3 per year.

Published monthly, 20 cts. per number; \$2 per year.

Published monthly, 10 cts. per number; \$1 per year.

Published monthly, 5 cts. per number; 50 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 2 cts. per number; 25 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 1 cent per number; 10 cts. per year.

Published monthly, 50 cts. per number; \$5 per year.

J. S. PHILLIPS,

Merchant Tailor and Clothier,

Begs leave to inform the public that

he is now receiving his

Stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

Piece Goods, Furnishing Goods,

Hats, Caps, &c.,

which for style and quality, are unsurpassed by anything of the kind ever offered in this market, and will sell them as cheap as the same class of Goods can be bought elsewhere.

Call and examine them.

sep 26-tf

To Housekeepers.

ANOTHER lot of Mountain Rye Flour,

50 Bushels Mountain Irish Potatoes,

Fresh Pork Sausage every day, and for sale by

dec 20 SYMONS & CO.

A NEW lot of B. F. Gravelly's "Golden Pancake," and Anderson's "Solace" Chewing Tobacco, at

dec 4 W. R. BURWELL & CO'S,

Spring's Corner.

GERMAN STUDENT LAMPS, at

dec 4 BURWELL'S,

Spring's Corner.

I Will Do It!

I WILL sell you a bedstead \$5; a bureau

\$12; a washstand for \$2; a set of

chairs for \$5; a chamber suite, complete,

for \$40, and all other goods in my line, as cheap as the cheapest.

Jan 7 F. M. SHELTON.

1,400 POUNDS Breakfast Hominy,

and 1,000 of Pearl Hominy.

Just received at

Jan 3 J. S. M. DAVIDSON'S

3rd door above market. Trade at

Large Lot of Choice

Cranberries and Apples

For sale at

dec 7 A. R. NISBET & BROS.

OLD County Hams, Country Lard and

fine Cranberries, at

dec 30 tf A. R. NISBET & BROS.

BACON! BACON! BACON!

JENKINS & CHANDLER,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Pork Packers, and Dealers in Bacon and Dry Salted Meats, Hams

Sides, Shoulders, Pork, Beef, Lard and Lard Oil.

THE FIRM of George & Jenkins having been dissolved, we the undersigned members of the late firm, shall continue to carry on business at the OLD STAND. Goods at the lowest market rates, and prompt shipments always.

Send your orders to

JENKINS & CHANDLER,

48 South Street, Baltimore, Md.

Mr. W. R. MEREDITH, Salesman and Shipping Clerk of the Old House, is with us,

nov 22-3m

THE CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY CLOTHING

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SHRIER'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

THERE YOU WILL FIND

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF

CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING

FOR

MENS', BOYS' AND YOUTHS' WEAR,

ALSO

The Largest Stock of Gents Furnishing Goods

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES,

SATCHELS, AND UMBRELLAS,

IN PRICES HE DEFIES COMPETITION

Remember the Place, 24 Tryon Street, David Parks' Building.

Nov. 12

NEW

Clothing Store.

J. A. YOUNG & SON,

ARE now prepared to receive their friends, and the public generally, who

desire a complete or partial outfit in their line, at their NEW CLOTHING

STORE, on North Tryon Street, Charlotte, Fourth Door above the Charlotte Hotel.

Their Stock is entirely NEW, and selected with care in the Northern cities, from

Manufacturers whose Goods are made expressly for the Southern Market.

They offer DRESS SUITS of Black, Blue, Buff and London Smoke cloths; of

warranted genuine Scotch Cassimere, English, French, American Plain and Fancy

Cassimere, in variety of styles and prices.

Also, by the single piece, Coat, Pants or Vest.

Valisines, Corsets, Gray Meltons, Mixed Meltons, Doe Skin Jeanes, Seal Skin,