



Tuesday, October 10, 1876.

CHAS. R. JONES, F. BREWARD McDOWELL, Editors & Proprietors.

"Free from the dotting scribbles that fetter our free-born press."

INFLEXIBLE RULES. We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

National Democratic Reform Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT, SAMUEL J. TILDEN, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. A. HENDRICKS, OF INDIANA.

ELECTORS. FOR THE STATE AT LARGE, DANIEL G. FOWLE, of Wake, JAMES M. LEACH, of Davidson.

FIRST DISTRICT, LOUIS C. LATHAM. SECOND DISTRICT, JOHN F. WOOTEN, of Lenoir. THIRD DISTRICT, J. C. McRAE, of Cumberland. FOURTH DISTRICT, FABIAN H. BUSBEE, of Wake. FIFTH DISTRICT, FRANK C. ROBBINS, of Davidson. SIXTH DISTRICT, ROBT. F. WARRING, of Mecklenburg. SEVENTH DISTRICT, WM. B. GLENN, of Yadkin. EIGHTH DISTRICT, ALPHONSO C. AVERY.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR, ZEBULON B. VANCE, OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, THOS. J. JARVIS, OF PITT.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, JOSEPH A. ENGELHARD, OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, THOMAS S. KENAN, OF WILSON. FOR PUBLIC TREASURER, JNO. M. WORTH, OF RANDOLPH.

FOR AUDITOR, SAMUEL L. LOVE, OF HAYWOOD.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH, OF JOHNSTON.

FOR CONGRESS, WALTER L. STEELE, OF RICHMOND.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS IN OTHER DISTRICTS. 1st DISTRICT, JESSE J. YEATES. 3d DISTRICT, ALFRED M. WADDELL, of New Hanover. 4th DISTRICT, JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin. 5th DISTRICT, ALFRED M. SCALES, of Guilford. 7th DISTRICT, WILLIAM M. ROBBINS, of Iredell. 8th DISTRICT, ROBT. B. VANCE.

TO THE BLACK MEN OF THE SOUTH.

Patriots pause and read the order that is designed to hand-cuff the great white, Anglo-Saxon race of South Carolina and leave them unarmed and helpless at the mercy of negroes armed at government expense. Ye who have heretofore voted the Radical ticket swear this day that you will abjure it henceforth and forever. The white companies are ordered to disband and the white people are threatened in time of peace with armed negro soldiery and the power of the Federal Government. Black men, speak now: Do you endorse the infamous order of Governor Chamberlain, in which he seeks to crush out and bind down the whites among whom you have always lived? Speak! Do you desire a war of races and bloodshed in the land or do you prefer to live with the whites in concord and peace? Remember the white people of this country have constitutional rights and they intend to exercise those rights under the law. We speak in earnest, for if every conspirator and usurper in the land, if upheld in his tyranny and disregard of the most sacred rights of man, by the black people of the South and the Federal government, then there is an end to safety and the boasted liberty of this country is not worth a cent! Black men, we await your action. Will you endorse the tyrant in refusing the whites their guaranteed rights and do you commend him for his bellish and infamous schemes?

TO-DAY'S ELECTIONS.

When the sun goes down to-day the State elections in Indiana, Ohio and West Virginia will have been decided, and we expect to be able to announce the result to-morrow. It is useless now to speculate on the probable result, but all the indications now are that Indiana and West Virginia will vote the Democratic ticket, while the chances in Ohio is in favor of the Republicans. We are compelled to admit that the vote in these States to-day will largely influence the Presidential election which takes place in November.

As indicated in our Sunday morning's paper, the carpet-bag Governor of South Carolina has issued his proclamation, commanding the white clubs of that State to disband, and surrender their arms. The document in full, is published in another column. It is issued just on the eve of the Presidential election for political effect. It is done to fire the hearts and passions of those who vote in Indiana, Ohio and West Virginia to-day. At any other time such a proclamation, the true condition of affairs being known, would arouse such a feeling of patriotic indignation throughout the whole Union, as would drive the executive of any State, from his seat in ignominy and shame.

In all the length and breadth of the State there is no insubordination to the laws so far as we know, except such as is believed to have been deliberately planned in the most approved "bloody shirt" style. Wherever any disorders have arisen, it is because the laws have been violated by the intriguing partisans of Governor Chamberlain: Whatever of disorders have arisen can be traced to this corrupt fountain-head, and Mr. Chamberlain and his party must be held to a strict accountability therefor. His efforts, and that of his party to create a different feeling must fall flat and stale on the great American heart which pulsates for civil liberty and universal freedom, as taught the people in the Federal Constitution.

The fight between Gov. Chamberlain and the people of South Carolina is the cause of all. Popular rights and civil liberty on the American continent must and shall be maintained. This was the great incentive to action, in the war between the States, on the part of the soldiers of the North as well as the South. Both sides were urged forward, by the belief that civil liberty was in danger. The same cry comes up from poor, down-trodden South Carolina to-day, and it speaks in thunder tones to forty millions of freemen throughout this broad land, without regard to section, appealing to the noblest principles of the patriot, and that fidelity of the people in those principles which underlie the whole superstructure of our republican government.

Verily, South Carolina, is writing under the oppressive heel of her carpet-bagger Governor, and the maladministration and corruption of his supporters. In her hour of distress, and when it seemed almost to hope against hope, her true sons have gathered together, to counsel her in her distress, to support her in her weakness, and to defend the freedom of her sons, and in the language of the Charleston Journal of Commerce, in the exhibition of "such a fidelity, her course cannot fail. It may be depressed—even overwhelmed for a season.—But it will surely rise up in vindication and in honor, as the stars out of the tempest. There was but one voice which cried in the wilderness of Judea. Because inspired it was enough. With only a weak human cause to herald, there are now millions crying to the people of South Carolina "stand! in the name of justice and liberty, morals and civilization. Stand like your principles which are eternal and you shall not fail. And in the future the weakest of your true men shall be more respected than the most successful of the traitorous oppressors who flout the proceeds of their infamy in the face of a contemptuous and scornful world. For even Radicals of the North, though they "love the treason, despise the traitor." We are in a political crisis now, and the wrongs of this time will not be forgotten or forgiven. The lines of fidelity to the State and her cause, are sharply and unmistakably drawn. Every true son of hers is needed. The feeble and the erring may come to her rescue. The prodigal son may return."

COLORADO.

By three o'clock on last Tuesday, we were flooded with a shower of dispatches, over the wires of the Western Union Telegraph Company to the effect that the Republicans had carried everything in Colorado. Later dispatches confirmed these reports, and for the past day or two the wires have been entirely silent on this subject, so far as the associated press telegrams were concerned.

The following which we clip from the New York Herald of Saturday indicates that it is better "not to halloo until you get out of the woods." At the Democratic National Committee, in Liberty street, there was considerable business activity yesterday and a large number of visitors crowded the rooms. The result of the election in Colorado was discussed and "considerable enthusiasm was created by hearing how favorable the latest reports were.

During the day the following telegram was received by Colonel Pelton from the State of Colorado Democratic Committee's chairman.

DEVER, Col., Oct. 4, 1876. Things look better here every day. Democracy is exceedingly encouraged, and, for the first time, radicals lose their bluster. Boulder, claimed by them 450, now conceded gives them but 300. Few returns received from far southern counties—which are very encouraging to us. Butler, now freely expressed that the election was things mixed, and have come down from 10,000 majority to 300. Hughes and Patterson are undoubtedly elected. This telegram caused the most intense enthusiasm among the visitors at the rooms, and the action was freely expressed that when the full returns from Colorado were made, it would be found that the Democrats had carried the vast majority of the offices. General Marshall, of Colorado, was present, in the rooms when this telegram arrived, and openly declared

that such was his opinion. He said it was simply impossible for the republicans to obtain the returns which they claimed to have obtained and telegraphed on here yesterday and the day before, on account of the wretchedly imperfect telegraphic communication existing in Colorado.

At the rooms of the committee in the Everett House there was a very large attendance, and when the news came in from the State Committee that the telegrams had been received from Belmont, the Democratic candidate for Governor in Colorado, claiming a victory for the party, enthusiasm knew no bounds. Before the excitement had subsided Governor Tilden entered the room, and there was an immediate crowding of politicians around him to tender their congratulations.

The following is the very latest information in our possession, at this writing: THE VOTES A TIE, WITH SEVEN DEMOCRATIC COUNTIES TO BE HEARD FROM. INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 6.—The following dispatch explains itself: "DENVER, Col., Oct. 6.—To Gen M D Mason: A canvass of the counties now in makes the vote for candidates for governor and congressman a tie, with seven Democratic counties to hear from making the election of Democratic candidates a certainty. All other reports are false. C. S. THOMAS."

UNEXPECTED DEMOCRATIC GAINS. DENVER, Oct. 6, 11:20 P. M.—To the Sentinel: There is now no further question of Hughes for governor, Patterson for congressman, Fields for treasurer, Beshour for lieutenant Governor, and the chances are entirely good for the election of the entire Democratic State ticket. The unexpected result in counties claimed by the Republicans alters the situation materially in the Legislature. The Democrats confidently claim the Senate. The Republican blow-out has been indefinitely postponed, and the artillery sent back to Cheyenne. Denver again throws into excitement, and for the first time the Republicans weaken in their game of bluff. The Democrats have gone after their guns again, and the headquarters were jammed with jubilant crowds. FARGOSEN.

ANOTHER RADICAL LIE EXPOSED.

When the joint canvass of the two gubernatorial candidates was opened in Rutherfordton, Judge Settle accused Governor Vance of having made a statement, while Governor during the war, to the effect that if the war was only prosecuted with vigor and the independence of the Confederate States was gained there was nothing to hinder him from being President and the successor of Jefferson Davis. This Governor Vance denounced as absolutely and unqualifiedly false, and demanded the author of the report. Judge Settle stated that Col J P H Russ, who was intimately associated with Gov Vance at that time was the person to whom Gov Vance had confided about his aspirations. Nothing more however was said about the matter until the two candidates for Governor met in discussion at Law's House Wake county where Col Russ happened to be present. Judge Settle and Gov Vance both united in a request that he should ascend the stand and declare publicly as to the truth or falsity of the subject under consideration. A reporter of the Raleigh Sentinel who was at the discussion, says that Col Russ immediately came forward and took the stand and said: "I have never been guilty of the charges alluded to by my friend Settle. He has been incorrectly informed. It amounts to a falsehood in toto. I say on my honor as a gentleman and with my hand on my heart and in the presence of my God, that I never said what is attributed to me. Three days ago I would have seen Vance at the hotel before I would have voted for him, but yesterday we compromised our difficulties; he met me like a white man, and I am now a Vance man."

I HATED VANCE as I did the devil in hell, but I am today the friend of Vance. Tom Settle is my friend too, but I would not tell a lie to save Vance and Settle both. What has been stated in the papers is not true.

In his denial Judge Settle stated that he was satisfied with it and that he would in justice to Gov Vance, make no further reference to the matter. He had not mentioned it since the first discussion at Rutherfordton until he came into Wake, Col. Russ's home, and he would now let it drop out of the canvass.

Webster is the banner Democratic county of Georgia. In the recent election, she cast 829 votes, out of which number Colquitt, Democrat, received 828, and Norcross, Republican 1, and that one it is claimed, was put in by mistake.

More than 500 of the 1,000 whites in Brunswick, Ga., are down with yellow fever.

Only a Revolver.

A man recently entered a Union restaurant and ordered very elaborate dinner. He lingered long at the table, and finally wound up with a bottle of wine. Then lighting a cigar he ordered, sauntered up to the counter and said to the proprietor: "Very fine dinner, landlord. Just charge it to me, I haven't got a cent."

"But I don't know you, said the proprietor, indignantly. "Of course you don't. If you had, you wouldn't let me had the dinner."

"Well, you must pay for the dinner, I say!" "And pay I can't." "I'll see about that," said the proprietor, who had snatched a revolver out of a drawer, leaped over the counter and collared the man, exclaiming as he pointed it at his head, "Now see if you'll get away with that dinner without paying for it, you scoundrel!" "What is that you hold in your hand?" said the impetuous customer drawing back. "That, sir, is a revolver."

Whereas it has been made known to me, by written and sworn evidence, that there exist such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages of persons in the Counties of Aiken and Barnwell, that it has become impracticable, in my judgment, as governor of the State, to enforce by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings the laws of the State within said counties; by reason whereof, it has become necessary, in my judgment, as governor, to call forth and employ the military force of the State to enforce the faithful execution of the laws.

And whereas it has been made known to me as governor that certain organizations and combinations of men exist in all the counties of the State, commonly known as "Rifle Clubs," and whereas such organizations and combinations of men are illegal and strictly forbidden by the laws of this State;

And whereas such organizations and combinations of men are engaged in promoting illegal objects and in committing open acts of lawlessness and violence;

Now, therefore, I, Daniel H. Chamberlain, Governor of said State, do issue this, my proclamation, as required by the 13th Section of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes of the State, commanding the said unlawful combinations and assemblages of persons in the Counties of Aiken and Barnwell to disperse and retire peaceably to their homes within three days from the date of this proclamation, and henceforth to abstain from all unlawful interference with the rights of citizens and from all violations of the public peace.

And I do further, by this proclamation, forbid the existence of all said organizations or combinations of men commonly known as "Rifle Clubs" and all other organizations or combinations of men or formations, not forming a part of the organized militia of the state, which are armed with firearms or weapons of war, or which engage or are formed for the purpose of engaging in drilling, exercising the manual of arms or military maneuvers, or which appear or are formed for the purpose of appearing under arms or under the command of officers bearing the titles or assuming the functions of ordinary military officers, or in any other manner acting or proposing to act as organized and armed bodies of men; and I do command all such organizations, combinations, formation or bodies of men forthwith to disband and cease to exist in any place or under any circumstances in the State.

And I do further declare and make known by this proclamation, to all the people of this State that this proclamation shall be disregarded for the space of three days from the date thereof, I shall proceed to put into active use all the powers with which as governor I am invested by the constitution and laws of the State for the enforcement of the laws, and the protection of the rights of the citizens, and particularly the powers conferred on me by Chapter CXXXII of the General Statutes of the State, as well as by the Constitution of the United States.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be [L. S.] affixed, at Columbia, this 7th day of October, A. D. 1876, and in the 101st year of American independence.

By the Governor: D. H. CHAMBERLAIN, H. E. HAYNE, Secretary of State.

Seven Hours at a Bung-Hole.

[From the New York Sun.] Joseph Hammerschmidt, an eccentric wealthy German of Montrose avenue, Brooklyn, gets his wine from the Fatherland in casks, and when a cask arrives looks himself up in his house all alone to spend a day in bottling the wine. He allows his favorite dog to stay with him, but no other creature is permitted near. Last week, when his cask arrived from Germany, he ordered his housekeeper to spread for him in the cellar a lunch consisting of Bologna sausage, sandwiches and pretzels, to put his dog in the cellar, and then leave the home for the day. He went on an errand, and returning some time afterwards he found that his dog had eaten all the sausage and was nosing about the other food. He first threw a hatchet at the dog, and then, catching him, tied him to the spike of the cask with a rope, and raised a club to kill him.

The dog made a desperate bound, and jerking the spigot out of its place, ran away. The wine spouted out, and Hammerschmidt, crying "Mein Gott! mein Gott!" hastily clapped his hand over the bung-hole to keep it back. The spigot went into the wall, and the far corner of the cellar, the cask could not be lifted on its end, and there was nothing left for Hammerschmidt to do, but call for aid or lose his wine. No one was in the house to relieve him, and the cellar walls deadened the sound of his voice to the neighbors.

For some hours he held his hands against the bung-hole, but in most exhausted. He was two or three days recovering.

SALE OF A NEWSPAPER.—The Richmond Enquirer, which suspended publication several weeks since, was sold at auction Tuesday last; and notwithstanding the fact that the auctioneer announced that the sale was positive and without reserve, that venerable landmark of Virginia journalism was "knocked down" at \$3,100.

No doubt the presses and material of the office were worth more than the sum for which the whole establishment including good-will, sold; but the impression seemed to prevail that the purchase of the Enquirer was only one step towards its rehabilitation.

During the twelve months preceding its suspension, the Enquirer was an excellent newspaper, fully up to the requirements of the times. In fact, eighteen thousand dollars in excess of its receipts had been expended to make it good paper. So it did not die of rot or of incompetency in its management.

The trouble seems to have been, that the newspaper business was overdone in Richmond. The supply exceeded the demand; and whenever this is the case, it matters not in what particular branch business may be involved, it is absolutely essential that the productive power be reduced.—Wilmington Star.

Moncure D. Conway writes as follows to the Cincinnati Commercial: Nor does bathing at Ostend lack its funny aspects. There are about a thousand machines or cabins, and yet by no means enough, especially as the great majority wish to bathe at the same time. Hence comes a curious scramble for the little houses or wheels. From half-past ten to half-past twelve a machine is to be got only by watching for the horse out of the water, the occupants having finished their bath. The person who first lays hand or foot upon the little step behind it, is entitled to the machine when the occupant emerges. Hence hundreds of gentlemen and ladies may be seen wading about among the machines—shoesless and stockingless, dresses raised to mid-way the thigh—and rushing towards every house, that starts shoreward, to clutch, leap on, and often tumble upon the steps. The question of legs is utterly sunk in these exciting competitions; no lady pauses for a moment to consider whether she is engaging in an international exposition of those limbs which she would not show on the Boulevards, even in spottles stockings, for the world. Masculine gallantry, too, seems to have been left in the cities. I have never observed a gentleman surrender a machine he had gained, however numerous and fair the ladies competing for it. Not indeed as that any favor is needed for the ladies. They have no careful rolling up of trousers to go through, and they seem much more reckless about getting wet. Once having got a machine, we may contemplate at leisure the grotesque and picturesque crowd. There is the popular actress from Trieste in a superb pink faint costume, with golden embroidery, carried to the verge of transparency; and hard by is the honest Flemish farmer's wife, with her brood of sons and daughters, who evidently looks upon the ocean as a big tub, and proceeds to scrub her family little and big. One small boy shrieks "murder" under the operation, and brings the inspector, police and a dozen baigneurs to the spot, which they presently leave with looks of disgust. There is a gentleman conducting a pretty German blonde "on what is evidently her first venture in the sea. She pauses at the water, looks down at her scant dress, at her veined ankles which never before saw any light but that of her own room; she blushes, and looks, and looks, and looks; her companion gives her precise and elaborate information as to how she is to enter, to breast the waves, to put her hands so, her feet so; she listens carefully and makes a little feint of going through with it. But nothing short of violence will make her go up to her knees. The gentleman implores her to lie down; "What in the water?" She is quite dazed at the suggestion. But before a week is over timid Gretchen will be slashed about there with the rest.

Appointments of Col Steele and Capt Waring. Walter L Steele, candidate for Congress and Robert P Waring, Electoral candidate, and others will address the people at the following times and places. Other appointments will follow in due time: —, Union county, Tuesday, Oct 10th. Laurinburg, Richmond county, Thursday, Oct 12th. —, Robeson county, Wednesday, Oct 18th. —, Robeson county, Thursday, Oct 19th. Wadesboro, Anson county, Tuesday, Oct 24th. —, Anson county, Thursday, Oct 26th. Laurel Hill Depot, Richmond county, Saturday, Oct 28th.

Democratic papers in the district will please copy. Discussion invited.

REFORM!

The Country Must Come all; "O. K."

CHEAP STORE,

has passed the following acts: 1 ALEXANDER 2 BUTTON GLOVES, 50 cents. 2 A fine lot of Poplin, only 20 cents. 3 The finest ass't and cheapest lot Gents' and Boys Clothing ever brought to this city. 4 Come and price my Goods. 5 Look at my Gents' and Ladies' Boots and Shoes. 6 No time lost, but money saved by examining my Stock. 7 4 1/2 collars, brass all designs. 8 Goods must be sold. 9 Ladies' and Gents' Hats, latest styles. 10 My Salesmen will serve all customers politely and will spare no pains to please all.

Respectfully, A W LOYNS.

FRESH COCOANUTS,

AND—

NEW RAISINS

—AT—

RIGLER'S.

JOHN H FISHER, R A LANCASTER, Trustees. October 4th, 1876, oct5 till dec5

LAGER BEER, WINES, ALES AND PORTER, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC. MALT HOP TONIC, BELFAST GINGER ALE, \$2.00 per doz. 90 cents per bottle. 20 cts pr bottle. JOSEPH FISCHER, Tryon Street.

WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES & LIQUORS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, AT THE Only Wholesale Liquor House, IN CHARLOTTE, Elliott & Remley, TRADE STREET.

THE NEW REMEDY. Merrill's great Antibilious prescription "Hepatic" or Vegetable Liver Medicine for Dyspepsia, Nervous Headache, Constipation, Bilious Attacks, Heartburn, Jaundice, Chronic Diarrhea, Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver. For sale at McADEN'S Drug Store.

T. H. Bram, Jr., Attorney and Counsellor at Law CHARLOTTE, N. C.

OFFICE—Over the Merchants and Farmers National Bank.

New Clothing Store! ON OR ABOUT THE 5TH OF OCTOBER, E. D. LATTA & BRO., WILL OPEN; A FIRST CLASS CLOTHING STORE, AT THE STAND LATELY OCCUPIED BY J A YOUNG & SON, ON TRYON STREET. RESERVE YOUR ORDERS.

Public Notice. IS hereby given, that under and in pursuance of the power and authority conferred in that certain deed of trust bearing date the first day of August, 1875, and amended and made by and between the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company of the one part, and R A Lancaster, W K Easley, and Alfred Austell, of the other part, and in compliance with the directions in that behalf contained in the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Georgia, made at October Term, 1875, in a certain suit in equity therein pending, in which Skipwith Wilmer and Auguste Richard are complainants, and the said R A Lancaster, W K Easley, and Alfred Austell are defendants; (and in and by which decree the undersigned John H Fisher was appointed trustee and receiver of the said railroad, in the place of the said W K Easley, who was deceased, and with all of the rights, power and authority under the said deed of trust which were possessed by the said W K Easley in his life time; and in compliance also with the decrees of the Circuit Courts of the United States for the District of South Carolina, and of the Western District of North Carolina, in the said cause, and made by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia: We, the undersigned, will on the fifth day of December next, at the city of Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, at ten o'clock p. m., on that day, in front of the county Court House of Fulton county, in the city of Atlanta, sell by public auction, in public auction, the entire railway of the said Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company, extending from the city of Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, to the city of Charlotte in the State of North Carolina, together with all its franchises, lands, buildings, machinery, rolling stock, materials, and other property, real and personal, wherever situated and in whatsoever manner held, and whether owned and held by the said company at the time of the date of the said deed of trust, or thereafter acquired.

The terms of such sale shall be as follows: 1st. The premises will be sold in one parcel to the highest bidder for cash. 2d. Ten per cent. of the purchase money of the said premises will be required to be paid to the undersigned at the time and place of sale and immediately after the premises shall be struck down, and the purchaser will be required at the same time to sign a bond, conditioned by the said deed of trust, should, at the sale, become the purchasers of the said premises, it shall not be necessary for them to pay the purchase money therefor, so far as concerns the proportion thereof, which, as such bondholders, they would be entitled to receive if the net amount of such purchase money were distributed pro rata equally among all of the holders of the said four thousand two hundred and forty-eight bonds; but that in such case, the bonds held by them with the coupons annexed thereto, shall be brought into the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, and the sale to them will be reported to the said court by the undersigned, and a conveyance by them to such bondholders will be withheld until the said court shall give directions in relation thereto and in relation to the disposition to be made of the proceeds of such sale.

JOHN H FISHER, R A LANCASTER, Trustees. October 4th, 1876, oct5 till dec5

LARGE NORTHERN APPLES! COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, RISING SUN, OPPOSITE MARKET.

C. S. HOLTON & CO. TALBOTT & SON'S, Shockoe Machine Works, HAVE OPENED THEIR BRANCH SALESROOM

OPERA HOUSE, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

AND keep in Stock ready for immediate shipment, a full assortment of ENGINES, SAW MILLS, WATER WHEELS, GRIST MILLS, &c. All Machinery is sold under a full guarantee. In material and workmanship is superior to any other in the market.

PATRONIZE SOUTHERN MANUFACTURERS. FOR CIRCULARS AND ADDRESSES, TALBOTT & SON, Charlotte, N. C. W C MORGAN, Manager. oct8 2td w2w

COUNTRY BACON. A NICE LOT OF COUNTRY SIDES

Stitt, Walsh & Co's. sept19

ON CONSIGNMENT. TEN BARRELS North Carolina Mullett, FOR SALE CHEAP, BY R M MILLER & SONS. sept26

Sponges, ALL sorts, sizes and prices. T C SMITH & CO. sept20

Fresh SAGE Cheese, valuable for Dypeptic, SCARR & CO'S DRUG STORE. sept30