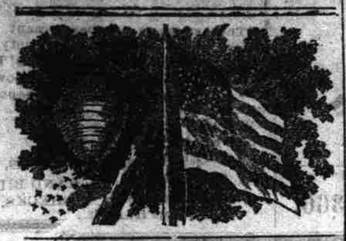
DAILY OBSERVER.



Sunday, October 29, 1876.

CHAS R. JONES,
F. BREVARD McDOWELL,
Editors & Proprietors.

"Free from the doting scruples that fetter our free-born reason."

INFLEXIBLE RULES.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

Articles written on both sides of a sheet of paper cannot be accepted for publication.

National Democratic Reform Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
THOS. A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR:
ZEBULON B. VANCE,
OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOS. J. JARVIS,
OF PITT.

Stokes, the murderer of Jim Fiske is now free. His sentence expired on yesterday.

Col Thos A Scott, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has presented Washington and Lee University with $10,000.

The Democrats of Ohio realizing that the Republicans of Hayes' State are out of spirits and out of money, are pushing the campaign with more hope than they have ever had before.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says that Tilden's letter upon "the rebel war" has claims thrown a young Niagara upon the hopes of the bloody shirt Republicans at the North.

"As goes New York, so goes the Presidential election," is acknowledged by all astute politicians and far-seeing statesmen in the land. People who live in the state, and know best the political proclivities of the masses, bet 1,000 to 400 in favor of Tilden. "As goes New York, so goes the Presidential election!"

DESPERATE.—The Republicans of Ohio are getting so desperate, that in order to not be utterly and ignominiously defeated, they have offered the Independents one-half of the electoral votes of the State to induce them to abandon their organization, and effect a fusion of the Republicans and Independents. The Independents have rejected the disgraceful overture with scorn.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA POLICY.

So far as we can learn from all quarters of the Union will prove the Perseus that is to rescue this country from the dragon that has been rising so long to crush us in its awful jaws. Grant inflamed by whiskey, puffed up by adulation, bloated by power and idolized by a Northern people for his record as a soldier, imagines that he is absolute monarch of all he surveys, and is a sacred king who can do no wrong and who is amenable to no laws, either of God or man. His tyranny and his arrogance now know no bounds. The South he regards as a mere conquered province whose citizens are pariahs and slaves, and whose property is the legal plunder of those fawning hypocrites and thieves who lick the hand of power and whose bellies are their gods. Policy! He has none, and discretion he has thrown to the dogs. The Good Book tells us that in a multitude of counsellors that there is wisdom. rant, however thinks otherwise and has chosen his counsellors only from one class—from the Mortons, Blaines, Chandlers and Logans, the bloody shirt wavers and the most ultra politicians of the North. Had he been actuated by a sincere desire to ascertain the welfare and interests of all sections and all classes, he would have received into his confidence, the Jewells, Fish's, Evarts' and other sound sensible and moderate men of his party. Instead, however, he has listened to the selfish, bloody appeals of Morton, Chandler, Chamberlain, Kellogg and Spencer until he alienated the peace loving portion of his party and alarmed the country throughout its length and breadth, for the perpetuation of American institutions, for the safety of our time honored constitution and the happiness and peace of ourselves and our posterity. In other words, his tyrannical proclamation and orders of military in time of peace upon a helpless and down-trodden people has produced a revolution in politics that will prove a Waterloo for Grant and Hayes, and the whole Republican party.

TO THE COLORED PEOPLE.

We call the attention of the colored people to the address submitted them on the first page of this morning's issue. The address is signed and approved of by many of the most influential citizens and some of the largest property holders in the city. What is the interest of one race is the interest of both, and we believe that our colored citizen will soon act with the whites, among whom they have lived all their lives and have trusted in every thing heretofore, save in the question of politics. Their action on Friday night, when a number of them threw off party yoke and refused longer to be blindly led by designing leaders, proves that the color line has been broken at last. It moreover will inaugurate an era of better feeling and mutual forbearance, and establish more cordial relations between the whites and blacks than has at any time existed between them since the close of the war. We have promised protection and patronage to all who help us in this mighty struggle for honest government and constitutional liberty and we mean to keep the promise.

THE MAMMOTH PROCESSION OF THE CAMPAIGN.—The recent procession of the supporters of Tilden and Hendricks which took place in the city of New York, was one of the largest and grandest probably the Metropolitan city has ever witnessed. Fully sixty thousand voters were in the line of march; and it is said that Gov. Tilden stood at one place, interviewing them, from 8 o'clock at night to 1 o'clock in the morning.

DISORDER IN BEAUFORT.

Democratic Meeting Broken UP!

Gleaves and Smalls Ringleaders!

MARINE OFFICERS IN CITIZEN'S DRESS WITNESS THE SCENE.

The reception of General Hampton and party by the colored people at Early Branch was so cordial on Wednesday that the Radicals of Beaufort were taken by surprise—between 300 and 400 colored men having left the ground declaring that their eyes had been opened and that they intended to vote for Hampton. No sooner had this become known by the leading Radicals of the county, who had become alarmed, than steps were taken to prevent a recurrence of such a thing.

The meeting at Beaufort on Saturday last, when Cardozo, Smalls, Fillebrown and others spoke, having proven a perfect failure, there not being more than thirty or forty colored men present, the leaders determined to hold several meetings outside of the town, and established themselves in the edge of the village, on all the roads leading out of it, to prevent the negroes from coming in to hear the Democrats—Gleaves, Smalls and other Radicals making themselves particularly conspicuous in this latter business.

General Hampton opened the Democratic meeting in a speech of about three-quarters of an hour, and was listened to with quiet attention by about 400 colored men, who, in spite of the effects of Gleaves & Co., had assembled in front of the court house. After General Hampton's speech, Colonel L. F. Youmans, of Columbia, rose to speak, and shortly after opening, began to read the opinions of Chamberlain, Elliott, Cardozo, Dunn, Gleaves & Co. of each other, as expressed by themselves in the past. Immediately the crowd, who had been put up to it by one J. M. Crawfut, a low white Radical, and who had sworn that some of the Democratic orators should not speak, began yelling and howling, using the most obscene and abusive language. This was kept up for a full half hour, when Colonel Youmans, despairing of being heard, abandoned the stand.

Judge Cooke then rose to speak, and told the negroes that he wanted to speak to them as a Republican and wanted them to listen to him as a Republican.

At this point one Langley, a pure-blooded negro, who had been convicted of ballot-box stuffing two years ago and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years, but who was pardoned by Grant after he had served one year, told the negroes that Cooke was a Democrat and a traitor, and that he had been the means of causing hundreds of colored men in the up-country to leave the Radical party. Langley, with the aid of his gang, by jeers and curses, prevented a word of what Judge Cooke said from being heard. After a half hour spent in vain attempts to gain attention, Judge Cooke also abandoned the stand.

Col. James G. Gibbes, who has done such good service in Richland for the State, and who has everywhere been greeted by the colored people as a good man and their friend, then essayed to speak. He began by amusing them with anecdotes, and finally attempted to explain the political situation to them. At this point the crowd, led by the ex-convict Langley, again began yelling like a pack of Comanche Indians, and he, too, was compelled to desist.

Gen. Hampton, seeing that the minds of the negroes had been poisoned, and there was no possible chance of the speaking being concluded, dissolved the meeting, and informed the negroes that he regretted that they had been again misled by their bad leaders, and that he would inform them, for their edification, "that eight or ten officers from the fleet at Port Royal, and who were in citizen's dress, had witnessed their disgraceful conduct."

This fell like a bombshell among the ignorant crowd, and they gradually broke up and dispersed.

This news reached private parties in this city by telegraph last evening. In a day or two we shall probably be able to give a more perfect report of the scenes which transpired yesterday in this benighted section of the State.—*Columbia Register.*

VANDERBILT'S ADVICE TO HIS SON.—"William I want you to act through life on your own judgement It is better to be wrong than to go to others for counsel. If you make a mistake nobody will see it quicker than yourself If you should be right, others whom you consult willl make use of that knowledge. Rely on yourself and keep your counsel. Trust nobody with your own mind."

Digest of the Decisions of the Supreme Court. Summer Term, 1876.

The declarations of an alleged conspirator, made in the absence of his co conspirators, after the transaction, are not competent evidence against any one, except the party making the declarations. *State vs. Earwood.*

The extraordinary remedy by injunction will not be granted, where it appears that the petitioner has an adequate remedy by regular proceeding in the cause:

Therefore, in an action against an administrator *de bonis non*, to enjoin him from selling the land of the intestate for assets, it appearing that a petition for that purpose was pending in the Probate Court, and the defendants therein, denied the legality of the appointment of the administrator *de bonis non*; and it further appearing, that no account had been taken of the personal property of the intestate; *It was held*, that the plaintiffs had an adequate remedy against the sale of said land in the Probate Court, and that therefore it was not error in the court below, to dissolve the injunction therefore granted. *Johnson vs. Jones.*

A and B agreed that A was to place in the possion of B, a hog; that the hog was to be fattened by B, and the meat equally divided between them when the hog was killed. Upon the trial of an indictment for the larceny of the hog: *It was held*, 1st, that the agreement constituted a bailment to B, the bailee to have the exclusive possession until the hog was killed; and 2d, that the property was well charged in the bill of indictment, as the property of B.

The declarations of a party deceased, in the presence of the defendant, are competent evidence against him, upon the trial of an indictment for murder. *State vs. Overton.*

It is a matter of sound discretion to be left to the jury, what portion of the statement by one charged with murder, after the commission of the alleged offence, and offered in evidence by the State, may be considered, and what not. *State vs. Overton.*

Mr. Spurgeon is a very hard-working man, his time being spent in moving quickly to and fro from the Tabernacle, the Pastors's College, the schools, alms-houses, and orphanages of which he is the guiding spirit. He passes his life, when not actually preaching or working, in a pony chaise, varied by occasional hansom cabs. Wrapped in a rough blue overcoat, with a species of soft deerstalker hat on his head, a loose black necktie round his massive throat, and a cigar burning merrily in his mouth he is surely the most unclerical of all preachers of the Gospel. Yet that short, thickly-built man, with the shock head of hair hardly yet touched with grey, with ample brown beard covering his heavy jowls, and a thin line of moustache covering his capacious mouth, is the famous preacher for whom, when yet a very young man, no building could be found sufficient to hold his congregation. One plan he has ever pursued during his public life. It is never to reply to personal satire or attack. Not even a statement in print that he had poisoned his own mother would provoke the shadow of reply. More than this, he keeps not one volume, but several, in his library, filled with newspaper cuttings of an abusive character, and takes particular pleasure in pointing pointing out to his guest the virulent attacks in which he is designated mountebank, buffoon, blasphemer, hypocrite and villian. His dark brown eyes lights up with a keen twinkle of enjoyment as he comes upon a particularly savage onslaught, and he actually smacks his lips over caricatures.

"THE SOLID SOUTH."—She rode into town on a load of hay yesterday, and as she drove up to the eastern hay market and called out:

"Everybody git away, for I'm coming down!"

Down she came off the back end of the load, striking the ground like a load of stone, and when the men around there came to see that she was broad as she was tall, they began to banter her.

"No fooling, now!" she called out. "My name's South, and I've driven that load of hay fourteen miles this morning. I know I'm fat, but I've got business on hand and can't stand any nonsense."

After the load of hay had been weighed, she was offered 50 cents to step on the platform, while a dozen men made up a purse of two shillings each to give the one who guessed nearest her weight.

"290!" called out the weigh-master as the beam went up.

"That's my heft to a pound," added Mrs. South, and reaching out she seized that hat with the shake purse in it, crammed the money into her pocket, and continued:

"You can't make no side-show of me and all get a dead-head ticket!"

There was quite a row over her gobbling the cash, but she backed up to the scales, spreak out her fat hands, and remarked:

"Gentleman, if anybody thinks he can take the money away from me, here I am; I'm very motherly and tender-hearted, but I know my weight and clawing capacity!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

"JAMES ROBERSON'S" LAST ILLNESS.—A Jonesboro negro, while waiting for the train to go out last night, struck up with several old acquaintances. "How is James Roberson?" asked one after the usual "time of day" had been passed.

"Did'n you mean 'bout Jim?" queried the Jonesboro darkey.

"I aint heered fum Jim since he cut loose fum de chain gang. He ain't down wid de billiousness, is he?"

"Oh no! Jim ain't sick, an' he ain't bin sick. He dis wanted fer ter ride Mars. Bob Proctor's mule de udder Sunday, an' de mule 'peered to have anudder engagement. I done been fool wid dat mule before, an' I tole Jim he better not git tangled up wid her. But he 'lowed he wus a hoss-doctor; an' den he axed me fer a chaw of terbacker, an' got de bridle, and cotch de mule, and got on her—well, I spec I better go git my ticket. Dey tell me dis train goes a callyhootin."

"Hold on, you ain't tole us 'bout Jim," said one of his dusky auditors.

"I done tole you all I know. Jim got on de mule, an' she sorter hump herself, an' den dar wuz a scuffle, and when de dus' blow 'way I see de nigger on do groun', and de mule eatin' at de troff wid one uv Jim's galluses wropped roun' her hine leg. Den arterwards de kur'er he cum an' sed Jim died sorter accidental-like. Hit's des like I tell you; de nigger wuzn't sick a minit. Well, I got ter be gittin' on. So long, boys!"—*Atlanta Constitution.*

Hampton speaks in Charleston tomorrow. Preparations for a grand mass meeting and torch light procession has been made.

Another Lie.

There is a story started in Washington that Judge Black and some other Democrats have telegraphed to Hampton to withdraw at once from the contest for Governor in South Carolina, and that the Democrats and white men in that State refuse to vote at the election. We denounce this as a Radical lie.—There is no sane white Democrat in this sublunary sphere called earth, that is base enough or fool enough to give such advice to the *white race* in South Carolina, now struggling to preserve life and property, and political rights, against armed carpet-bag Grant-Hayes niggers who are trying to exterminate the white men and make anarchy in that State.

We call on the white men in South Carolina; we beg each one to go to the Federal tools of Grant and demand to be arrested. Let each white man compel the tools of the tyrant to hold him to bail for the CRIME OF BEING WHITE, for that is the only charge that can be made.

Then we implore the white men in South Carolina to submit to any outrage put on them. Don't fail to vote. Vote, white men, vote.—Take with you your friends, neighbors, and laborers, and vote. In the name and by the authority of the Great Jehovah, vote. If you are to die for being white, *die voting* for the liberty which your Revolutionary forefathers fought and died for, the liberty of free government, politica rights, religious liberty, and the supremacy of the white man in the land of Adams, Hancock, Henry, Washington; in the land of Eutaw, Cowpens and Yorktown.

No, white men, no Don't withdraw a single candidate.

Let Grant and his army and his tools do their worst! There is a God that judgeth on the earth and vengeance is His. These tyrants will come to grief as the tools of King George did when they sought by *troops* to subjugate the people of Boston and the colonies!

Vote, white men, vote. Let South Carolina be the place that will yet be revered in our land, because there the spirit of 1776, the spirit of liberty, made the Centennial year memorable by its obedience to right, its love of justice its devotion to liberty, its triumph over tyranny.

Vote, white men, vote! Let the tyrants beware, lest the National Guard shall yet fraternize with the People.

What Martha Washington Needed the First Year of Her Marriage.

[From the Troy Press]

In an old country house in New Jersey, not far from Philadelphia, owned by a family who claim a remote relationship to Martha Washington, the writer recently found among other relics of the past, most carefully hoarded, a memoranda of some toilet articles which George Washington sent to London for in 1759, the first year of his marriage. The following is an exact copy of this memoranda, which is curiously quaint.

1 Cap, handkerchief and tucker.
2 Fine lawn aprons.
2 Double handkerchiefs.
2 Pairs of white silk hose.
6 Pairs of fine cotton hose.
4 Pairs of thread hose.
1 Pair of black satin shoes of the smallest fives.
1 Pair of white satin shoes.
1 Pair calimanco shoes.
1 Fashionable hat or bonnet.
6 Pairs of kid gloves.
6 Pairs of mits.
6 Breast knots.
1 Dozen silk stay laces.
1 Black mask.
1 Dozen fashionable cambric handkerchiefs.
2 Pairs neat small scissors.
1 Pound of sewing silk.
1 Box real miniken pins and hair pins.
4 Pieces of tape.
6 Pounds of perfumed powder.
1 Piece of narrow white satin ribbon.
1 Tuckered petticoat of a fashionable color.
1 Silver tabby petticoat.
2 Handsome breast flowers.
9 Pounds of sugar candy.

So Martha used perfumed powder, breast knots, silken hose and satin shoes, like any modern lady who makes the slightest pretensions to fine dressing.

A Rich American comes to Paris, and goes to one of the great restaurants on the Boulevard for breakfast. The bill is 14½ francs. Next morning he goes to the same restaurant, orders precisely the same breakfast, and is charged 16¼ francs. He says nothing, but thinks a great deal, and returning on the third day to the restaurant gives exactly the same order, and calls for the bill. This time it is 18½ francs. This time he cannot avoid calling the attention of the proprietor to this singular occurrence. The proprietor, with a gracious smile, looks at the bill and answers blandly: "That is easily explained, sir. The first two bills were wrong. This one is right, but we never make our customers pay for any mistakes we have made."—*Paris Paper.*

Why doesn't Grant take command in person of the army sent to wage war in South Carolina? Let him mount his charger and lead the columns he is marching into the State. His presence might inspire the troops and strike awe into the hearts of the enemies of Grantism. With a staff composed of Secor Robeson, Post-trader Belknap, Measurer Babcock, and Don Cameron he would make an imposing appearance as he urged on his warriors. As the fight is for the continuance of Grantism, the founder of the system should be in the thick of it.—*New York Sun.*

SELF EVIDENT. When a man goes home these nights and is met at the door by his wife, who kindly informs him that he is drunk, and he offers to bet her a red muslin night cap against a thimble that he can stand on his head on the piano stool an hour while she revloves, it, the probabilities are in his favor.

Appointments of Col Steele and Capt Waring.

Walter L Steele, candidate for Congress and Robert P Waring, Electoral candidate, and others will address the people at the following times and places. Other appointments will follow in due time:

Wadesboro, Anson county, Tuesday, Oct 24th.

——, Anson county, Thursday, Oct 26th.

Laurel Hill Depot, Richmond county, Saturday, Oct 28th.

Democratic papers in the district will please copy.

Discussion invited.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

JUST —A— LARGE STOCK —OF— FINE AND NOBBY SUITS

AT REDUCED PRICES, AT THE

Baltimore Branch

CLOTHING HOUSE,

TRADE STREET,

ADJOINING McADEN'S DRUG STORE.

CLOTHING!

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

100 BOXES OF CRACKERS,

50 Boxes Cheese,
25 Cases Oysters,
25 Boxes Candy,
50 Boxes Soap,
500 Sacks Flour,
Bacon, Sugar,
Coffee, Molasses,
Salt, Rice, Hams,
Lard Grits, at

Mayer, Ross & Jones

oct22

Brick.

A Large lot Common and Pressed Brick, for sale, cheap by
R M MILLER & SONS.
oct28

NEW STOCK.

SUGAR, COFFEE,
MOLASSES, CHEESE,
GOSHEN BUTTER,
FAMILY FOUR,
LARD, BACON,
UNCANVASSED HAMS,
FISH, PICKLES, per bbl. and retail, and everything belonging to a first class Wholesale and Retail Grocery.

M M & S C Wolfe.

oct24

Glass and Putty.

GLASS, PUTTY, &c, at
SCARR & CO'S
oct24 Drug Store.

Sage and Pepper.

FRESH Powdered Sage, fresh Powdered Pepper, at
SCARR & CO'S,
oct24 Drug Store.

Mozart Billiard Saloon,

OYSTERS in every style, at the MOZART SALOON.
oct19

FREE LUNCH
Every day from 10 to 12 o'clock, at the MOZART SALOON.
oc19

JUST RECEIVED
At the MOZART SALOON, Imported Rhyne Wine on draught.
oct19

Flavoring Ext's.

EXTRACT of Lemon, Vanilla, &c., for household use, just received.
SCARR & CO'S,
oct24 Drug Store.

Hyacinths,

TULIPS, &c. A choice selection of Flower Bulbs, consisting of Hyacinths, Tulip, Crocures, direct from Holland, at New York Prices, for sale at
SCARR & CO'S,
oct24 Drug Store.

5 Crates,

ONE Thousand Pounds Mountain Cabbage 1,000 pounds Sliced Dried Apples, fresh Country Butter and Eggs, at
B N SMITH'S.
oc19

Astral Oil

GIVES the best light—is entirely safe—no change of lamps required—50 cents a gallon.
T C SMITH & CO.
oct22

Smokers are Finding

OUT that we keep the best five cent Cigar in the city.
T C SMITH & CO.
oct22

LAGER BEER AND ALE
On draught, also in bottles at 125 to 150 at the MOZART SALOON.
oct19

INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE.

"LONDON Assurance Corporation"—"Niagara"—"Georgia Home"—"National"—"Old North State"—"Lynchburg Insurance and Banking Company"—"Firemen's Fund" "Royal"—"North America."
ENYS HUTCHISON & SON, Agents
Office 2nd Story Parks' Building Tryon Street
nov19

A PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE

JUST OPENED

AT THE OLD STAND OF GRIER & ALEXANDER

ON TRADE STREET, IN CHARLOTTE

WE WILL be PLEASANT to SEE all OUR FRIENDS and the TRADE GENERALLY.

W. J. BEST & CO.

oct13

JUST RECEIVED

AND IN STORE,

One Car Load Oats, 300 lbs. Fresh Mountain Butter, Large lot Mountain Apples, (red and green skins)

W. J. BEST & CO.

oct13

LAGER BEER,

WINES, ALES AND PORTER,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

MALT HOP TONIC, $3.50 per dozen, 30 cents per bottle.

BELFAST GINGER ALE, $2.00 per doz., 20 cts pr bottl

JOSEPH FISCHESSER, Tryon Street.

Public Notice

IS hereby given, that under and in pursuance of the power and authority contained in that certain deed of trust bearing date the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy, and made by and between the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company of the one part, and R A Lancaster, W K Easley and Alfred Austell of the other part, and in compliance with the directions in that behalf contained in the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, made at October Term, 1875, in a certain suit in equity therein pending, in which Skipwith Wilmer and Auguste Richard are complainants, and the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company and others are defendant (and in and by which decree the undersigned John H Fisher was appointed a trustee under the said deed of trust in the place of the said W K Easley, who was deceased, and with all of the rights, power and authority under the said deed of trust which were possessed by the said W K Easley in his life time.) and in compliance also with the decrees of the Circuit Courts of the United States for the District of South Carolina, and of the Western District of North Carolina, confirming the said decree made by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia: We, the undersigned, will on the fifth day of December next, between the legal hours of sale, to wit, ten o'clock a. m., and four o'clock p. m., on that day, in front of the county Court House of Fulton county, in the city of Atlanta in the State of Georgia, sell at public auction, the entire railway of the said The Atlanta & Richmond Air Line Railway Company, extending from the city of Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, to the city of Charlotte in the State of North Carolina, together with all its franchises, lands, buildings machinery, rolling stock, materials, and other property real and personal, wherever situated and in whatsoever manner held, and whether owned and held by the said company at the time of the date of the said deed of trust, or thereafter acquired

The terms of such sale shall be as follows:

1st. The premises will be sold in one parcel to the highest bidder for cash

2d. Ten per cent. of the purchase money of the said premises will be required to be paid to the undersigned trustees at the time and place of sale and immediately after the premises shall be struck down, and the purchaser will be required at the same time to sign a memorandum of his purchase.

3d. The residue of such purchase money will be required to be paid to the said trustees at the office of John H Fisher, as Receiver of the said railway, in the city of Atlanta, on or before the twenty-sixth day of December next, when and where the deed of the undersigned, for the said premises will be ready for delivery.

4th. The biddings will be kept open after the premises shall be struck down, and in case any purchaser shall fail to comply with any of the terms of the sale, the premises struck down to him will be again put up for sale upon the same terms of sale. *Provided however* that if the holders of any of the four thousand two hundred and forty eight bonds secured by the said deed of trust, should, at the sale, become the purchasers of the said premises, it shall not be necessary for them to pay the purchase money therefor, so far as concerns the proportion thereof, which, as such bondholders, they would be entitled to receive if the net amount of such purchase money were distributed *pro rata* equally among all of the holders of the said four thousand two hundred and forty-eight bonds; but, that in such case, the bonds held by them with the coupons annexed thereto, shall be brought into the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, and the sale to them will be reported to the said court by the undersigned, and a conveyance by them to such bondholders will be withheld until the said court shall give directions in relation thereto and in relation to the disposition to be made of the proceeds of such sale.

JOHN H FISHER,
R A LANCASTER,
ALFRED AUSTELL. } Trustees.

October 4th, 1876.
oct3 till dec5

WHISKIES,

BRANDIES

WINES AND LIQUORS,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, AT THE

Only Wholesale Liquor House,

IN CHARLOTTE.

Elliott & Remley,

TRADE STREET.

sept5

We have a Fresh Lot

OF Genuine Havana Cigars, which we are selling at 12½ cents each,
T C SMITH & CO.
oct22

A Proclamation by the Governor.

$400 REWARD

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
Raleigh, N. C., Aug 23, 1876.

WHEREAS, Official information has been received at this Department that a colored man, name unknown, of the description given below, late of the county of Mecklenburg, stands charged with the crime of rape, or attempted rape, on Mrs Mary A Beatty.

And Whereas, it appears that the said unknown has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him:

Now, therefore, I Curtis H Brogden, Governor of the State of North Carolina by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of Four Hundred Dollars, for the apprehension and delivery of such person as shall be identified by Mrs Mary A Beatty, as the party who committed or attempted to commit a rape on her person on the 19th of August, 1876, to the Sheriff of Mecklenburg county, at the Court House in Charlotte, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 23d day of August, 1876, and in the 101st year of American Independence.

C H BROGDEN.

By the Governor:
J B NEATHERY,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION:

The above mentioned unknown is described as about twenty-five years old color black, build heavy, height medium, with a short stubby beard covering his face, eyes inflamed and of a reddish cast.
oct10

REFORM!

...O...

The Country Must Come all "O. K."

—AND THE—

CHEAP STORE,

has passed the following acts:

1 ALEXANDER 2 BUTTON GLOVES, 50 cents.

2 A fine lot of Poplin, only 20 cents.

3 The finest asst and cheapest lot Gents' and Boys Clothing ever brought to this city.

4 Come and price my Goods.

5 Look at my Gents' and Ladies' Boots and Shoes.

6 No time lost, but money saved by examining my Stock.

7 4-4 Calico, surpass all designs.

8 Goods must be sold.

9 Ladies' and Gents' Hats, latest styles

10 My Salesmen will serve all customers politely and will spare no pains to please all.

Respectfully,
A W LOYNS.
oct8

If Anybody Else

GOES to the Centennial, let them take a supply of our five cent Cigars along.
T C SMITH & CO.
oct5

Use Astral Oil

IN your lamps and save life and property—no change of lamps required.
T C SMITH & CO.

Select School.

DR and MRS CHAPMAN will receive a limited number of pupils—boys and girls—on Monday the 16th inst Hours from 9 A. M. until 2 P. M. School room on 6th Street, at Mr Pharr's, one door North of the residence of Gov Vance. Terms, in advance, six dollars per month.
oct13 tl nov1