



Thursday November 2, 1876.

CHAS. R. JONES, F. BREVARD McDOWELL, Editors & Proprietors.

Free from the dotting scruples that fetter our free-born reason.

National Democratic Reform Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT, SAMUEL J. TILDEN, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, THOS. A. HENDRICKS, OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR, ZEBULON B. VANCE, OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, THOS. J. JARVIS, OF PITT.

The old cry of the re-establishment of the whipping post, when the democrats get into power is raised among the credulous colored people.

The Petersburg Index-appeal says: "John Pool, the infamous, has taken the stump in North Carolina in support of Hayes, Settle and Brogden."

Governor Chamberlain may write and telegraph letters by the hundred now, but he can no longer impose upon the country as to the real state of things in South Carolina.

Register! Do you know that unless you are registered you cannot vote? That is so.

The Republican party of North Carolina has been entrusted with power once. What did it do? It robbed the treasury; increased the public debt from \$15,000,000 to \$40,000,000; suspended the writ of habeas corpus; and waged war upon the citizens of Alabama, Caswell, and Orange.

WELCOME.—We call the attention of our readers to the able and manly card of Mr. W. H. Bailey, of this city, in which he declares his adherence to the principles of the great reform party that is now struggling for honest government and constitutional liberty.

There is now no doubt but that the Republicans at Washington City look upon the Hayes contest as virtually ended in defeat. The National Republican of the 30th ult., trying to inspire courage to the members of its party, who seem to be dispirited over the gloomy prospect says: "Pluck! gentlemen, pluck! The 'hurrah' of the hour is with the Opposition. There are a few Republicans who seem to have been overcome by it, and become dispirited."

ANOTHER SINNER CONVERTED.—Major Marcus Erwin, a prominent Republican in Western North Carolina, delivered a speech at Asheville, on the 28th of October, defining his political position. He comes out squarely for the Democratic ticket, and puts in some heavy blows against the leaders of the Radical party in North Carolina.

VICTORY IN THE SOUTH.—The platform of the National Democratic Party is reconciliation and reform. Every Democratic Convention which has assembled since the war, has placed itself firmly upon these broad, comprehensive and patriotic planks.

The present Presidential campaign so far has been fought under the aegis of that document which is near and dear to every American freeman. We have believed that if ever this country was to be restored to its ante bellum condition of freedom, prosperity and happiness to the people of all sections of the Union, the battle had to be fought under the banner of civil liberty and constitutional freedom.

The era is at hand when we can shake off the incubus of corrupt officials and misgovernment; when the corruptionists and the thieves can be removed to the rear, and when honest patriots can come to the front, and in the name of an injured people, drive the money changers, and that sell doves from the temple, in which the framers of our government worshipped.

Can we be mistaken in the belief that the election which is to take place next Tuesday is to hurl the party which has brought the country to the door of bankruptcy, from power? All the outward signs unmistakably point in that direction.

The Petersburg Index-appeal says: "John Pool, the infamous, has taken the stump in North Carolina in support of Hayes, Settle and Brogden. This drives the last decent man in the State from the Radical party, and thus gives a few more votes to swell the majority of Tilden and Vance."

Register! Do you know that unless you are registered you cannot vote? That is so. May be your name has been dropped from the registration books. Go and see. It won't do to risk anything about it.

The Radical tell the negroes that if the Democrats are elected that they will be placed back in slavery. As the Constitution of the United States and of North Carolina prohibit slavery no one who is not either a knave or a fool would make such an assertion.

Wm. B. Cox, Esq., Chairman, &c.

Sir.—We have received yours of this day, calling our attention to an order issued by J. B. Hill, U. S. Marshal, and published in the Daily Constitution of to-day, asking our opinion upon the same for the use of the public.

The question asked involves the highest constitutional rights of freemen, and we will answer it only in the light.

We know of no such freedom from arrest secured to any United States officer, while holding an office under the federal government as that claimed in the following paragraph: "No deputy marshal or supervisor is subject to arrest by any state authority while on duty, and any attempt to make such arrest must be ignored and resisted."

JUDGE SETTLE CALLS FOR TROOPS.—BOLD AND SHAMELESS LYING.—The Examiner & Chronicle, the leading Baptist newspaper in the United States, in its issue of October 26, 1876, says: "Judge Settle, the Republican candidate for Governor of North Carolina, has written a letter to the President, in which he represents that the Western counties of the State, bordering upon South Carolina are subject to incursions from the armed rifle clubs of the latter State, who combine with the Democrats of the counties referred to, and threaten the peace of that portion of the State. He asks that Federal troops may be sent there at once in order to protect Republican voters."

A young lady in Chase city woke up with a terrible dream one night recently. She dreamed that a young man with a soft beard, was pressing his face against hers, when she woke she found it was only the cat. Then she was mad.

Card From W. H. Bailey, Esq. Patriotic and Manly Words—Grantism Repudiated—He will Support Tilden and Vance.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 1876. Maj. W. H. Bailey:

DEAR SIR:—Your request, so urgently made to me for the expression of my views as to the duty of good citizens in the election to take place next month, I cannot well forego for although my opinion has been sought by me before and on account of my personal relations with the Republican candidate for Governor, as well as my desire to avoid politics altogether, I had declined to answer. The eloquent appeal which you made to my patriotism, has moved me to give in rough some of the views I entertain of the situation with great distrust that I should be able to throw any new light upon the subject.

I believe that personally both Hayes and Tilden, Settle and Vance, are unimpeachable, but a merely honest man cannot satisfy the requirements of the times. The people demand that the Augean stable shall be cleaned, and that can only be done by the election of men not merely of good character, but of great, energetic patriots who will see that it will be done.

The administration of President Grant has become, in plain Saxon, a stink in the nostrils of all honest men. Need I recur to all or any of the acts which will associate his name with the Nero and Calligulas of a once powerful nation. Let me single out one thing fresh in the memory of Mr. E. B. Wilson, Commissioner Pratt, of the Treasury Department, entered into a laudible combination to bring to punishment the revenue officials who had entered into an unlawful conspiracy with the distillers of St. Louis to defraud the government to the extent of millions.

And what significance can be attached to it, except that thereby the President intended to give warning to their successors that if they were guilty of crime for government pets to steal, but the highest political crime to cause them to be brought to justice? Now, does Mr. Hayes approve such conduct? We know not.

Again, the President listening to the counsel of such men as Chamberlain, issues a proclamation as to a State of this Union which is false, and deluges the State with Federal troops. We all know that whether in this instance the whites or blacks were to blame for sporadic riots, there was no resistance to law, no defiance of lawful authority by the white race.

Yet, on the eve of an election which may decide our destiny as a nation for weal or woe, when thousands of colored men were rallying to the bright standard of honor and reform borne aloft by Hampton, and the flag of insurrection—erected by every Judge nearly in the State—is set up by an infamous carpet-bag Governor, is seized at by his willing ally, the President, and as noble a race of white men as the sun ever shone on are arrested, their arms taken away, while the negroes are armed by the State's government to shoot defenceless whites. Oh! is it not "the bloodiest picture in the world?"

When and where do we ever read of, in the histories of peoples civilized or savage, such an instance of recreancy to blood, lineage and caste? Is not that heart, especially that southern heart, cold and callous indeed, which is not stirred to its very depths when he contemplates this premeditated and cold-blooded attempt to enslave the white race, and that by a man who is not only a Federal officer, but a citizen of the community? Does Mr. Hayes approve of all this? We know not.

Again, who are Mr. Hayes' main supporters in this campaign? The Chandlers, the Camerons, the Blaines, and worst of all, the Mortons. These, and such as these, have done all that in them lay to corrupt every avenue of the government—ecclesiastical, political, and judicial—in the hands of the South—are they the men whom honest Republicans wish to see our next President surrounded and advised by?

And yet, if elected, Mr. Hayes is bound to feel that to these and such as these he would owe that honor. Then, we have immediately before our eyes two gross and inexcusable traditions of constitutional liberty, namely: 1. The right of the citizens to bear arms. 2. The denial of the power to quarter troops upon a people in time of profound peace. Besides these unlawful usurpations for which, or the like of which, precious blood has flowed, and for which and such like priceless heritages our ancestors established this great empire.

There are now thousands of office-holders working actively for Mr. Hayes and I have been informed reliably that the salaries of at least the subordinate officials have been assessed to swell the election fund.

Will that genial and amiable gentleman muster up the will and courage to drive the whole horde into "outer darkness"? Did any man, so situated, ever do so? Complaint is made by demagogues of a "solid South." Is there any fairer or more honest "John" than a type of our class who, though purged with plunder, like the horse leech of the bible, continues to cry "more!"

Compare the present condition of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, &c., with their condition under the rule I have described, when their credit was destroyed, their energies to a great extent paralyzed, and organized theft, disorder and tumult prevailed—now under Democratic rule they are prospering, are to prosper, law, peace and order reigns supreme.

Then is it not natural that those yet down-trodden and despoiled by the horse-leeches should desire to attain to like prosperity with their emancipated sisters. And this, and this only is the extent of a "solid South." These are some of the reasons which, after a struggle with my pride, impels me, if I live to vote for Tilden.

As to the State ticket I had fully expected in the earlier part of the canvass to have voted for Settle. I know him to be personally the worthy son of a worthy sire, nor do I believe, if left to himself, that his heart would allow him to do an intentional wrong.

But I greatly fear that if elected, that a power behind the throne, alien to our feelings and sympathies, professed politicians, who fatten upon official pap, will control and direct action as the ship is controlled by the movements of the rudder.

The case of the Charlotte post-office illustrates my idea. It has been treated by tried Republicans to do justice or see it done in that matter, and to all appeals has harnessed a deaf ear. He has the will and power, and yet he has not shown the moral courage expected, or at least hoped for from him to exercise it.

It is no party secret that there exists a larger combination of Republicans in this State banded together to control the policy and patronage of that party, known as the "Greensboro Ring," and it has been believed, and I think is now demonstrated, that Judge Settle, belongs to, or at least is controlled, by that imperium in imperio, a despotism as complete and far more dangerous than an oligarchy.

Again, I have not heard that Judge Settle has denounced the administration of President Grant, especially his late action with reference to South Carolina, nor of the tyrant Chamberlain. My regard for Judge Settle forbids me to say more—suffice it that I expect to vote for the third time for Hon. Z. B. Vance to be our next Governor.

Perhaps it would not be inappropriate to say through you a few words to my COLORED FRIENDS. What can they expect to gain for themselves and posterity by a "solid" vote for the Republican party? Let them divide their vote, at the moment that is done the conflict of race disappears. They cannot expect to control the government; then is it not the wiser policy to maintain the balance of power between the two parties? They are not allowed to hold scarcely any of the offices; and in the Newbern District, overwhelmingly Republican because overwhelmingly colored, the Republicans have verified scripture at least in one instance, "by taking from them even that which they have," and have added insult to injury by taking down the name of Mr. O'Hara from the electoral ticket—a finer orator than any white man of the party, except the silent Achilles of Asheville. Northern schemers are already agitating the question of their removal, while Southern whites will oppose it to the bitter end. Theirs is a common destiny with the whites. They are entirely equal before the law, then are they doing justice to their posterity by voting "solid"?

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR GOVERNOR. Table with columns for 1872 and 1876, listing counties and vote counts.

CLOTHING! JUST RECEIVED. Large stock of fine and nobby suits at reduced prices. Baltimore Branch. Clothing House, Trade Street, Adjoining McAden's Drug Store.

INSURANCE. FIRE INSURANCE. A PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE JUST OPENED AT THE OLD STAND OF GRIER & ALEXANDER ON TRADE STREET, IN CHARLOTTE. W. J. BEST & CO. JUST RECEIVED AND IN STORE, One Car Load Oats, 300 lbs. Fresh Mountain Butter, Large Lot Mountain Apples, (red and green skins) W. J. BEST & CO. LAGER BEER, WINES, ALES AND PORTER, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC. MALT HOP TONIC. BELFAST. \$3.50 per dozen. 20 cts per bottle. JOSEPH FISCHESER, Tryon Street.

Public Notice. IS hereby given, that under and in pursuance of the power and authority contained in that certain deed of trust bearing date the first day of July, eighteen hundred and one, in that behalf contained in the deed of the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company of the one part, and R. A. Lancaster, W. K. Easley and Alfred Austell of the other part, and in compliance with the directions in that behalf contained in the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, made at October Term, 1875, in a certain cause in equity there pending, in which Skipwith Wilmer and Auguste Richard are complainants, and the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company and others are defendants (and in and by which decree the undersigned John H. Fisher was appointed a trustee under the said deed of trust in the place of the said W. K. Easley, who was deceased, and with all of the rights, power and authority under the said deed of trust which were possessed by the said W. K. Easley in his lifetime, and in compliance also with the decrees of the Circuit Courts of the United States for the District of South Carolina, and of the Western District of North Carolina, confirming the said decree made by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia: We, the undersigned, will on the fifth day of December next, at the legal hours of sale, to wit, ten o'clock a. m., and ten o'clock p. m., on that day, in front of the county Court House of Fulton county, in the city of Atlanta in the State of Georgia, sell at public auction, the real estate comprised in the said Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railway Company, extending from the city of Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, to the city of Charlotte in the State of North Carolina, together with all its franchises, lands, buildings, machinery, rolling stock, materials, and other property real and personal, wherever situated and in whatsoever manner held, and whether owned by the said company at the time of the date of the said deed of trust, or thereafter acquired.

Terms of such sale shall be as follows: 1st. The premises will be sold in one parcel to the highest bidder for cash. 2d. Ten per cent. of the purchase money of the said premises, to be required at the time and place of sale and immediately after the premises shall be struck down, and the purchaser will be required at the same time to sign a memorandum of the purchase. 3d. The residue of such purchase money will be required to be paid to the said trustees at the office of John H. Fisher, as Receiver of the said railway, in the city of Atlanta, on or before the sixth day of December next, when and whereto the deed of the undersigned, for the said premises will be ready for delivery. 4th. The bidders may be kept open after the premises shall be struck down, and in case any purchaser shall fail to comply with any of the terms of the sale, the premises struck down to him will be again put up for sale upon the same terms of sale. Provided, however, that if the holders of any of the four thousand two hundred and forty-eight bonds secured by the said deed of trust, should, at the sale, become the purchasers of the said premises, it shall not be necessary for them to pay the purchase money therefor, so far as concerns the proportion thereof, until, as soon as the bidders, they would be entitled to receive if the amount of such purchase money were distributed pro rata equally among all of the holders of the said four thousand two hundred and forty-eight bonds; but, in such case, the bonds held by them with the coupons annexed thereto, shall be brought into the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, and the sale to them will be reported to the said court by the undersigned, and a conveyance by them to such bondholders will be withheld until the said court shall give directions in relation thereto, and in relation to the disposition to be made of the proceeds of such sale. JOHN H. FISHER, R. A. LANCASTER, ALFRED AUSTELL, Trustees. October 4th, 1876. oct3 till det5

By the Governor: J. B. NEATHERY, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION: The above mentioned unknown is described as about twenty-five years of age, short, build heavy, height medium, with a short stubby beard covering his face, eyes inflamed and of a reddish cast. L. W. PERDUE. CHAMPION TEA HOUSE. FANCY TEA, OF every kind, ROASTED COFFEE, Fresh Every Day, CHOICE PIC NAMS, FANCY FAMILY FLOUR, WARRANTED TO PLEASE, MESS MACKEREL, No 1 Home, very large, PEPPER, SPICE, GINGER, CLOVES, LOBSTERS, CROSSE & BLA K WILLS WHITE ONIONS and CROW CROW, SPICED ONIONS, Salmon, Sardines, Fine Apples in cans and Glass Jars, Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Fresh Crackers all kinds, Butter and Cheese. oct29

THE LATEST HEAD QUARTERS. DELICIOUS CALIFORNIA PEARS. SELECT APPLES. A SPLENDID LOT FRENCH CANDY, JUST TO HAND THIS DAY. A GOOD ASSORTMENT CAN COGNAC, NUTS, RAISINS, &c. SOMETHING HARD TO BEAT. CHEWING TOBACCO. CALL AT NO. 1. Andrews & Jones. FREE LUNCH. Every day from 10 to 12 o'clock, at the MOZART SALOON. oct19

Coal, Coal, Coal. REDUCTION IN PRICE. I will receive in a few days another large lot of Anthracite Coal, and those who desire to purchase their winter supply, I offer special inducements, both in quality of coal and in price. All coal sold by me is guaranteed to be of the best quality and full weight. FRANK E. PATRICK, Office, Cotton Cotton Office. LAGER BEER AND ALE. On draught, also in bottles at 125 to 150 at the MOZART SALOON. oct19

Vertical text on the far right edge of the page, including "CLOTHING!" and "CLOTHING!" repeated vertically.