

FEDERAL INTERFERENCE WITH STATES. -The New York Tribune, (Republican) says:

BRUTAL TREATMENT OF PRISONERS BY REVENUE OFFICIALS

Complaints reach us almost every day through the State papers, of the overbearing and brutal treatment towards revenue citizens by the numerous revenue officials who infest the State. We are no apologist for violations of the revenue law, but we cannot sit idly by and see private citizens hand-cuffed like felons and struck like dogs, without raising our protest against it.

The Winston Sentinel gives an account of the treatment of some Xcon county men, that will cause the blood of every law-abiding and liberty-loving citizen in the State to boil with a just and righteous indignation. Remember these men were prisoners, and nothing will justify cruelty towards men who were hand-cuffed and unarmed.

On Monday, Dull, Ketner, Flynt, Watkins and the two Miller boys were hand-cuffed like common criminals. On Tuesday, Frank Butler, who had been living in the West for sometime, and had returned only a few days previous, was arrested and hand-cuffed; James Butler and the two Shields boys were also hand-cuffed. A low down fellow, named Shuman, knocked one of the Shields down, when he and another Marshall jumped on him and gave him a severe beating.

The names of the Secretary of the Interior should be pronounced "Shoddy" just as if you were driving a cow out of the front yard, you know. -New York Commercial.

Experience has taught the thrifty farmer, except that he must either keep good liquor and a back entrance or lose the paying part of the temperance trade. -Turners Falls Reporter.

If Hayes wants to be at war with the people for four years, all he has to do is to follow the incendiary advice of John Sherman. -Courier Journal.

A tramp was arrested in New Jersey last week, taken before a magistrate and sentenced for three months. The justice, in explaining the sentence, remarked that, while there was no evidence that the prisoner had been guilty of any crime, he thought it prudent to commit him, as he had the wild haggard look of a man about to start a newspaper.

Ex Senator Robinson, of South Carolina, has shown his faith in Hampton's cause by paying his tax to the that government. His tax amounted to \$100.

Those were brave and manly words of Gov Hampton, when speaking of the affairs of South Carolina, he said, "We have won the victory, and we intend to keep it."

Bill Aty, the famous Georgia wit was run over by a wagon a few days ago in Texas, and killed. He was a remarkable man, but perfectly filicitate, but replete with original ideas and humor. His witisms were embodied in a book by Charles H. Smith, known as the "Peace Papers," written shortly after the war.

It is a singular circumstance, nevertheless true, that the bayonet of the Federal power is the focus around which the worst adventurers and thieves of the country congregate and seek protection. They follow the bayonet like hangers on of a sutler's wagon or the confidence men, the procession of a circus. Remove the bayonets and you will remove the carpet-baggers and adventurers.

The only issue that divides the Democratic and Republican parties, is what is known as the Southern question. The Democrats claim that the flag should float in every part of the Union over States, and not provinces, and that the Southern States shall be left to govern their own affairs. The Republicans, on the other hand, hold that the Southern States should not have the rights that are accorded to all the States under the Constitution and laws of the country. Is it surprising with which party the Southern people side?

The New York Times, which has lately become the especial champion of the carpet-bag crew in the South, publishes usurper Chamberlain's letter to Stanley Matthews, in reply to the note of the latter requesting him to step down and out. The following is a copy of the usurper's letter:

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 7 1877. MY DEAR SIR: Your note of the 4th inst, was handed to me last evening by Colonel Haskell: I feel grateful for the interest you manifest in the public welfare here as well as in my personal good. To give you my views of the situation here, and any duty in connection therewith, with anything approaching fulness, would require a conversation. I can only say here, in substance, that I am wholly unable to see any line of conduct on my part consistent with personal honor or public duty which would permit me to yield my claims to the Government. I am equally unable to see any course which can be pursued by the National Administration toward the Government here which I represent, consistent with political or constitutional duty, which will not require it to support, against violence or overthrow, the lawful Republican Government.

I certainly wish most devoutly that I could relieve myself of this duty. I have been exposed to personal danger by day and night, constantly, for five full months, and I am wearied to death; but there are one or two things dearer to me than comfort or life - one is my honor as a public man and another is my duty to the Republicans of this State. Neither of these, in my judgment, would permit me to accept any accommodation or compromise which was not forced upon me by a power which it would be idle to resist. I desire to aid and relieve President Hayes, but this is a high and a death struggle, and I know that I should consign myself to infamy in the eyes of all Republicans here, who know the situation by fearful experience, if I were to accept any terms or do any act which could result in the success of the monstrous conspiracy against law and humanity which the Democracy of this State embody and represent.

There are better ways than this to conciliate and pacify the South. Let the present administration, while firmly standing by the law and the right for Republicans, manifest a spirit of charity and sympathy for our opponents here, as countrymen and citizens, in the thousand ways open to an administration, and peace will come and will abide - the peace of justice and the peace of the worth fighting for. To permit Hampton to reap the fruits of a campaign of murder and fraud, so long as there remains power to prevent it, is to sanction such methods.

All this I say, my dear sir, with feelings of profound respect for you, but as in duty bound to declare the truth as I understand it. Of one thing I am sure, neither you nor any moved by a sense of justice can understand the situation here and be willing, for any political advantage or freedom from embarrassment, to abandon the Republicans to the fate that awaits them whenever Hampton becomes the undisputed Governor of this State.

I despair of being able to set our case in its true light before those who have had no such experience, but I do feel that if I had the privilege of personal conversation I could do much more toward it.

I have written hurriedly and beg that you will believe me to be, yours, very truly, D. H. CHAMBERLAIN. Hon. Stanley Matthews, Washington.

A YOUNG GIRL'S STRANGE CAREER. -Miss Cora Dickson, a young girl of twenty-two, arrived in Paris the other day from South America. Her life has thus far been a chequered one. At the age of fifteen, she was the notorious home, she ran away from her father's house with a large sum of money. She cut her hair short and donned a boy's garb. After becoming in succession a cabin-boy, a clerk and a horse dealer, she turned up in Buenos Ayers, where she entered the army, still disguised. She distinguished herself in the service and became a soldier in some months. At a meeting of officers, she quarreled with one of those present. A duel followed, and she killed her adversary. On examining the dead man's papers she found she had killed her eldest brother, who had left home when she was two years of age. Horror stricken, she threw herself at the bishop's feet, who promised to intercede with her father.

MR. HAYES AND CARDS. -Cards are still played at the White House, though the gentlemen of draw poker played with all its pristine ferocity do not fascinate our pastoral President, who delights rather in the more innocent excitement of "old maid" and "beggar my neighbor." The other evening they were making up a party, but had only secured three players, when one of their number called heedlessly and perhaps innocently to Mr. Hayes: "Mr. President, shall we count you in?" An awkward silence succeeded, and Mr. Hayes turned red as fire, but Mr. Schurz seated himself at the piano and played some selections from the "Battle of Prague," and diverted the attention of the company till Senator Stanley Matthews and Mr. Charles Foster had removed the unfortunate individual and crucified him. -World.

Rev. Dr. Rueben Jones, of Virginia, is to preach the sermon and deliver the Literary Address on June 5th, before the Thomasville Female College.

Digests of Supreme Court Decisions.

Words falsely spoken, charging one with an infamous offence, or with an infectious disease, or in peaching his trade or profession, are per se actionable. Pegram v Stoltz.

When the words spoken do not on their face import such degradation, the plaintiff must aver some special damage, and must show by proof that he has in fact sustained a loss, in order to recover. Ibid.

If at the time of the utterance of the alleged slanderous words, the person concerned whom they are spoken is not liable to an infamous punishment by reason of the offence charged, the words are not per se actionable. Therefore, when the defendant in 1870 falsely in 1867 before the Board of Registrars of Davidson County, then acting under the provisions of the act of Congress, entitled "an act to provide more efficient government for the rebel States," which act ceased to operate in this State before 1870. Held, that the plaintiff, no special damage being alleged, could not recover. Ibid.

When a bank receives a check for collection and retains it for four days without presenting it for payment or giving any notice to the depositor of its non payment, the bank is liable if loss thereby ensues. Bank of New Haven v Kennan.

In such case, a promise thereafter made by the depositor to pay to the bank the amount due by reason of the loss, is nudum factum. Ibid.

When paper is placed in the hands of a bank for collection, the bank must take the necessary steps to secure its prompt payment by presentation at maturity. If it is not paid, the bank, in order to fix the liability of the drawer, must have it protested, and due notice of its dishonor given to the depositor. If it is not presented, the fact that it had been paid, does not excuse the liability of the bank. Ibid.

When one voluntarily assumes an agency to manage the interests of another, such agent will not be allowed to sacrifice the interests of his principal to his own. Therefore, when a bank receives a capital note, during the pendency of the trial, Young v Commissioners of Buncombe.

A witness in a criminal action has no claim upon the county, until the liability of the county for the costs is passed upon by the court. Ibid.

It is good for men to laugh heartily, but it sometimes makes his ribs sore. A. F. D. sends us a RIBSILE. Is "freezing politeness" separable from the state of the weather? Distillers of "crooked whisky," as a general rule, take it "straight".

A gallows once started into operation, is said to go at "break-neck speed". Avoid being too confident of your ability to discount a stranger at billiards. To test a young lady's love for you ask her to sew some shirts on your buttons. "Brace up!" was the cherry advice of a minister to a bashful couple he was about to marry.

When ducks shall prefer dry land to water, will the electricity in cats be utilized. To be "regular in your habits," does not necessarily imply a cocktail before breakfast. Never procrastinate your opportunity to get out of the way of a policeman's club in its descent. If you are anxious to keep the secret of your engagement from your father, do not ask him for money!

Being dunned by an apple woman for the amount of your bill is one of the abuses of the "credit system". Avoid speculating too wildly in Wall street and perhaps, in a monetary sense, you will not be "driven to the wall". Never delude yourself with the idea that wearing a hat a size too large, is indicative of unusual intellectual development. When the dogs of war shall be fed on the "rations" of human kindness, will a drunken man lose his affection for a lamp-post? Never become so absorbed in reflection upon the depleted condition of your pocket book as to put the lighted end of a cigar in your mouth.

The attachment of a dog for his master is often affecting in its feeling, but the tenacity of a "Sheriff's attachment" is quite another thing in its way. When young ladies shall not wear tight shoes, nor young gentlemen get tight in their boots, will oleagenerie be preferred to pure Goshen butter? When "Diognoses' tub" shall be found in a good state of preservation, would its sale at auction excite any competition among our fashionable "laureates". Always include your mother-in-law in your invitation to your wife to visit the opera, especially if the former has her life insured for the benefit of your children. When a miser shall overdraw his bank account upon an appeal for charity, will the popular pastime of treading on peoples' corns in crowded cars become obsolete? The uncertainty of the law is shown in suing for \$100,000 damages for breach of promise to marry, and getting 50 cents in satisfaction. With the privilege of paying your own costs. When a young man's breath smells of cloves, his handkerchief of clove, his clothes of lavender, his oiled hair parted in the middle, and his kid-covered fingers hold an eye glass, put him at once in the assignee category of "lady killers." -Danbury News.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Good Advice. Now is the time of year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, &c. Every family should have a bottle of Doan's German Syrup. Don't allow for a moment the cough to take hold of your child, your family or yourself. Consumption, Asthma, Pneumonia, Croup, Hemorrhage, and other fatal diseases may be prevented and cured by Doan's Syrup. These are the most dreaded diseases, yet it is much better to have it at hand when three doses will cure you. One bottle will last your whole family a winter and keep you safe from danger. If you are consumptive, do not rest until you have tried this remedy: Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by your Druggist T.C. Smith.

Prompt Relief. Those who suffer from NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, or MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM, can have prompt and permanent relief, by using NEURALGIA SPECIFIC. It is an internal remedy, and cures these painful affections, by correcting the fluids of the body, a disordered condition of which produces the disease. Go to your druggist and get a bottle, it will not like Magic.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. Vital weakness or depression: a weak chaotic feeling, no energy or courage! the result of mental over-work, dissensions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUNNIFREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy - stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used 20 years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price \$1.00 per single vial, or \$5.00 per package of five vials and \$2.00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUNNIFREY'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

MADCAP VIOLET, -BY- William Black, Price 50 cents.

TIDDY'S. THE PEOPLE. Are invited to scrutinize my Stock of Groceries and examine prices - which will convince them of the

CLOVER SEED, Orchard Grass, German Millet, TIMOTHY, Early Rose, Goodrich

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CORN, OATS, PEAS, TIMOTHY and N. C. HAY RODDER, SHUCKS, INDIAN ROCK LIMF, ROSENDALE CEMENT, CALCINED PLASTER, L AND PLASTER, SHINGLES and LATHS, LOW FOR CASH.

W. W. WARDS', CORNER COLLEGE and FOURTH STS

Notice of a Private Act.

Remember DR. McADEN has removed from the old corner of Tryon street, to the Park building, a few doors below, next to Parks and just above Elias, Cohen & Rosener's, where all are invited to come to get good articles at the lowest prices.

SALE OF B. & L. STOCK. BY Virtue of a deed of trust from J B A Young & Son, I will sell for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Charlotte, on Saturday the 7th of April, 1877, fifteen shares of Stock of Mechanics B & L Association. J. B. OSBORN, Auctioneer.

T. L. FILLETTE HAS JUST RECEIVED A FRESH LOT OF BIB COLLARS FOR LADIES BIB COLLARS FOR CHILDREN.

SILK AND LACE TIES, SCARFS, FIGHU'S COLLARETTES, COLLARS, RUCHINGS IN EVERY STYLE, LADIES' UNDER WEAR, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, KID GLOVES, BLACK ENGLISH GRAPE.

Illusions, &c., &c. A small lot of Trimmed and Untrimmed Bonnets and Hats. Home Made Shoes, AT RETAIL. SAMPLE & WETMORE.

Hand-Sewed Shoes for Ladies' Wear, Which are SUPERIOR to any like Goods offered in this market.

ALL WE ASK is a TRIAL of our GOODS to PROVE the ABOVE ASSERTION. If you think our styles are not as good Philadelphia made Shoes, come and see. Respectfully, SAMPLE & WETMORE.

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THE ECLECTIC reprints from all the best of Quotations, Reviews, Magazines and Journals, their choicest contents, including Essays, Scientific Papers, Biographical Sketches, Reminiscences of Travel and Adventure, Tales, Stories, and Poems. The field of election is very large, and it is believed that the Eclectic presents a greater variety and higher standard of literature than any other periodical can hope to do that depends exclusively upon home talent.

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Besides the 128 pages of reading matter, each number of the magazine contains a Fine Steel Engraving - usually a portrait - executed in the most artistic manner. Terms - Single copies 45 cents; 1 year \$5; 2 copies \$9; 5 copies \$20. Trial subscriptions for three months at \$4. The Eclectic and any \$4 Magazine to one address \$3. Postage free to all subscribers. Address E B BROWN, Publisher, 25 Bond Street, N. Y.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. THE Co partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Stenhouse, Macaulay & Co., is dissolved by the death of Mr R Macaulay, who will continue the Cotton business on his own account, is authorized to settle the affairs of the old firm, collect the debts, and Plantation supplies in the name of liquidation. STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO. February 5th, 1877.

B. N. Littlejohn, Cotton and Produce Commission Merchant CHARLOTTE, N. C. HAVING increased my facilities for storing and handling consignments, I am now prepared to receive and sell, or store Cotton, Grain, Flour and all kinds of Country Produce. Shipments, however small, receive prompt and careful attention, and are sold at once or kept on the market until disposed of. Returns made immediately. Consignments and correspondence solicited. Orders for Groceries and Plantation supplies filled at lowest market prices. Office in Jno W Hall & Co's Store, Sanderson & Blackwood's building.