

THE WEATHER TO-DAY.—For the South Atlantic and East Gulf States stationary or higher pressure, stationary temperature, winds mostly from the South-west, and clear or partly cloudy weather, possibly occasional showers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. The thermometer at the drug store of Wilson & Burwell, registered as follows, yesterday, at the hours indicated: 9 a. m., 76; 12 m., 80; 3 p. m., 85; 6 p. m., 86.

LOCAL DOGS. The Air-Line Railroad gets a good travel on the Atlanta end of the road. The doctors are not making enough money to pay for the shoes which their horses wear out.

The hour for the beginning of the mayor's court has been changed from 9 o'clock a. m. to 8.

Nine days of July have passed away, and thus far it has dealt more mercifully with us than June did.

After this date no more street lights until the dark of the moon in October, except on Sunday and Wednesday nights.

The utility of awnings, ice and soda-water were perceptible again yesterday, and the afternoon nap was as hard to fight off as a regiment and a half of long-legged gallinippers.

Manning, of the Danville News, is informed that the young man, concerning whom he enquires is not sick, neither has any wild beast devoured him. He is again at the old stand and as happy as ever.

The case of A. J. Crews vs. the First National Bank of Charlotte, from Burke, was argued in the Supreme Court Saturday, J. F. Hoke appearing for the plaintiff and G. N. Folk and Battle & Mordecai for the defendant.

The farmers are going over their corn for the third time, and by the middle or last of next week the crop will be "laid by." Corn and cotton are both looking remarkably well, notwithstanding the latter crop had a bad start. Since the first of June the season has been excellent.

Another Sprinkling Project. Mr. Jas. Duncan was taking up subscriptions yesterday for the maintenance of another street sprinkler, which he proposes to start out on its mission of mercy in a few days. Since the Hornet Fire Company withdrew their sprinkler from the streets, last Saturday at noon, the dust has reigned undisturbed.

Three Burials at One Time. Three children, all aged about eighteen months, were buried at the same time Sunday afternoon in the burying ground at Center Church, in the southern part of Iredell county. One of these was a child of Dr. Walter Mott; another, the child of Mrs. J. H. Thompson, until recently a resident of this city, and the third a child of a widow lady, Mrs. Lips. The children are said to have died of that fell destroyed meningitis.

Cabarrus Court. Gentlemen who returned yesterday afternoon from Concord report the court busily engaged upon the civil docket. The Albright case, which was set for hearing yesterday was postponed until Friday and the witnesses dismissed until the morning of that day. The railroad cases, moved from Mecklenburg—actions brought by certain citizens of Charlotte against the Carolina Central Railway Company—were set for hearing Wednesday, and the witnesses notified to be in attendance at that time.

Excursion to the Mountains. As we have previously stated, Bruner, Trot & Co., of Monroe, will run an excursion train over the Carolina Central, Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio and Western North Carolina Railroads to Henry's on the 23d inst., leaving Wilmington at 6:35 o'clock in the morning of the 23d and Charlotte at 7 on the morning of the 24th, arriving at Henry's at 5:30 on the afternoon of that day. Fare from Charlotte and return, \$2. Tickets for sale at the Central Hotel and at the cigar store of J. M. Meador & Co.

I. O. B. E. Mr. Beerwald, Deputy Grand Master of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, assisted by Deputy Grand Sergeant-at-Arms, M. Baerwald, both of Atlanta, Ga., were in the city Sunday, and installed the officers elected for the second term in Charlotte Lodge No. 280, at 10 o'clock in the morning in the Masonic Temple.

The following is a list of the officers installed: L. Ash—President. R. M. Kohn—Vice-President. A. Schick—Recording Secretary. J. M. Meyer—Financial Secretary. D. Goldberg—Treasurer. A. D. Prince—Lecturer. H. Baumgarten—Monitor. L. Leon—Assistant Monitor. A. Nathan—Warden. W. Kaufman—Guardian.

The lodge is in a prosperous condition and is constantly receiving acquisitions to its membership.

The Directors of the North Carolina Railroad. The Raleigh papers announce that Gov. Vance has commissioned the following gentlemen as directors of the part of the State for the North Carolina Railroad: Donald McRae, Wilmington; W. F. Hornsby, Goldsboro; Gen. Robt. F. Hoke, Raleigh; Mr. Jao. W. Grabam, Hillsboro; Julius A. Gray, Greensboro; Kerr Craige, Salisbury; A. Barwell and C. J. L. Morehead, Charlotte.

The stockholders' meeting takes place next Thursday at Salisbury.

Personal. Col. Jas. Anderson, Superintendent of the Spartanburg & Union and Spartanburg & Asheville Railroads, is in the city. He will enter upon his new field of labor next week.

Ex State Treasurer Jenkins returned to the city yesterday after two weeks' absence in Gaston, where he has been attending to the building of a residence near Gastonia.

Capt. N. Vedder, paymaster in the United States army, stationed at Atlanta, was in the city yesterday, having just visited the post at Morganton.

Mr. J. G. Hall, an enterprising merchant of Hickory, and a director of the Western Insane Asylum, is in the city.

A New Departure in Duck Eggs. Mr. Frank Snider has a duck which has just produced the most remarkable and outlandish looking eggs of which any duck was ever guilty. The egg is small, and in color is sort of a cross between a watermelon green and a navy blue; but what distinguishes it more particularly from any other egg is the fact that on one end of it is a projection which looks more like the handle of a squash than anything else we have ever seen. It is, all in all, the queerest and most unnatural looking egg ever exhibited at this office, and one of which any well regulated duck ought to be heartily ashamed.

Summer Absentees. Sol Cohen, Esq., left yesterday afternoon for Cape May, where he will spend the remainder of the summer. During his absence Richard Tiddy, Esq., will act in his stead as chairman of the committee on passive membership in the chamber of commerce.

Mrs. H. Foust is spending a month at Tryon, Polk county, the present head of the Spartanburg & Asheville Railroad. This is at the base of Tryon mountain, 21 miles from Spartanburg. The air at this place is exceedingly salubrious, and quite a number of persons from different parts of this State and South Carolina are summering there.

Kicked by a Mule. Saturday morning last a negro named Elisha Parks, employed on the farm of a gentleman in Morning Star township, received a painful and serious injury by being kicked by a mule. He was hitching the mule to a plow, early in the morning, preparatory to beginning his day's work, when, in reaching down to fasten the trace chain, the chain struck against the leg of the mule, causing it to kick. The full force of the blow fell upon the man's left leg, just below the knee, breaking the bone and tearing the flesh in a very painful manner. Other persons were near, and the injured man was carried home and properly cared for.

Sunday Services. Last Sunday was not an excessively hot day and all the churches being open the citizens generally turned out and filled them quite as well as usual. The services generally were of a very interesting character. All the pastors were in their places except those of the First Presbyterian and Episcopal churches. In the former church Rev. Dr. Wm. Flinn, of New Orleans, preached morning and evening; in the latter, Rev. E. A. Osborne officiated, preaching in the morning a sermon which indicated taste and care in its preparation. In the afternoon the baptismal service was held in the First Presbyterian Church, two children receiving the rite of baptism. In all the other churches the services were after the usual order.

The City Revenue Bill. By an order of the board of aldermen, made at their meeting on Saturday, the revenue bill passed at that meeting goes into effect to-day. As previously stated the bill is in all essential respects the same as that which existed last year, the tax on real estate being still one-half of one per cent, and the license tax on all kinds of businesses, and certain kinds of property which is liable to become a nuisance, is the same, except as follows: The tax on hotels having over fifty rooms has been increased from \$75 to \$100; the tax on dogs has been made \$1 and \$2; the tax of \$5 on one horse, and \$10 on two horse drays, hauling only for the owner thereof, has been removed.

The bill further provides that within thirty days from this date all persons residing in this city on the first Monday in February last, and all bodies politic and corporate, who owned or possessed property at the time mentioned, shall return to the city clerk a full, true and perfect list of their taxable, polls, real and personal estate, and of their net incomes, received during the fiscal year, next preceding the first Monday in February.

As soon as the list is completed and revised by the mayor, the city constables shall proceed to collect the tax assessed. On this point section 9 provides:

"That in collecting the taxes herein prescribed, the city constables shall diligently use all or any of the powers now vested, by law, in the sheriffs or tax collectors of the State, as he is empowered to do by the 4th section of the amended charter of the city."

Penitents and Among Strangers.—A Touching Incident. A few days ago a respectably dressed white woman, very far advanced in years, applied at the house of a Mr. Roberts, a laboring man who lives just beyond the eastern confines of the city, for something to eat, representing her self as being very hungry. She was met at the door by a daughter of Mr. Roberts, a little girl 13 years of age, who kindly asked her in, gave her a seat and supplied her wants. Her interest being excited she made some inquiries of the old woman and drew from her this story: Her home is in Baltimore. Some weeks ago she learned of the fatal illness of her son, in Augusta, Ga., and, securing transportation, came South in time to see her son die. She had no money and he left nothing, and she found herself among strangers. Without the means of getting back to her home, she was furnished her a ticket from that city to Columbia, and from that city the railroad authorities gave her a pass to Charlotte.

Arrived here she could get transportation no further. She sought aid of several persons, to convey her on her way, but unsuccessfully, and finally in despair, taking herself beyond the limits of the city, she made the woods her home. Gathering up leaves in a pile, she made these her bed and here slept for three nights. On the fourth night, a colored woman found her in the woods, and carried her home with her. During the three days while she made her home in the woods, she went about from house to house in the vicinity begging food and getting what she needed to sustain life.

The little girl heard her story with much interest, and during the recital remembered having heard of the Home and Hospital, an institution founded in this city by a number of benevolent ladies, for the care of the aged and infirm. With a spirit of true philanthropy, she hurried into the city, and made application at the hospital for the admittance of the old woman. This was granted, and, getting the loan of a horse and buggy from some one, she went back, got her guest and drove her to the hospital, where she was comfortably provided for and where she yet remains.

The facts in the case having come to the ears of a gentleman of the city, he went to the hospital, saw the woman and conversed with her. He found her to be 77 years of age, an intelligent though uneducated woman. She told him much the same story she had told the little girl, together with something of the history of her life in Baltimore, where she follows the occupation of a tailoress. The details of her struggle with the world, of her visit to Augusta and her efforts to get back to her home, are very touching, and even the outline here given cannot be entirely devoid of interest.

The point in the case, however, around which the principal attraction centres, is the commendable course pursued by the little girl toward this old and friendless woman. If he who gives a cup of cold water to a disciple in the name of a disciple shall not lose his reward, how assured is the reward of this warm-hearted, sympathetic little child!

Amendments to the Charter of the City of Charlotte. Below we publish the "act to amend the charter of the city of Charlotte," passed by the last Legislature and ratified the 5th of March. It has never been published before, and we give its full text:

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact: SECTION 1. That the Charter of the City of Charlotte be amended by adding the following sections, to wit: SECTION 2. Any person violating any ordinance of this city shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, but the punishment therefor shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars or imprisonment for thirty days.

Military Movements on the Cape Fear. The following is from the Wilmington Review of Sunday: "Lieut. Alexander, of the Charlotte Grays, and Lieut. John D. Williams, of the Lafayette Light Infantry, are both here on reconnaissance in regard to a simultaneous movement that they expect to make on the 20th of this month from this city to the river shore. The Charlotte Grays will probably try it on at Wrightsville, at first, but will finally gravitate toward Smithville. The Fayetteville company will go direct to Smithville. Capt. Walter Coney, of the Wilmington Light Infantry, will probably try it in the tented field on the sea beat shore, with his company about the middle of next month. Who wouldn't be a soldier?"

Lieut. Alexander has returned home and reports having made all the arrangements for the excursion of the Grays. They will leave here next Monday evening in a special coach attached to the regular train; arriving in Wilmington Tuesday morning, they will spend the day there, going to Smithville Wednesday, accompanied by a party of ladies and gentlemen from Wilmington. Thursday they will spend at Wrightsville Sound, returning thence to Wilmington and thence home. The Grays have in anticipation an elegant trip which will no doubt be realized. They have arranged for fifty tickets, and as they do not expect more than thirty members of the company to participate in the excursion, will sell the remaining twenty to outside parties. These tickets can be bought very cheaply and any one desiring to take this pleasant trip can do so at very little expense by purchasing a ticket from Lieut. Alexander and accompanying the Grays.

The Western Insane Asylum.—How the Work is Progressing.—The Appropriation, &c. From Mr J. G. Hall, one of the commissioners of the Western Insane Asylum, at Morganton, we learn that the work on the building is progressing satisfactorily. The number of laborers employed on the work at present is forty-five, a part of whom are engaged in making brick, while the remainder are at work laying them as fast as they are made. The commissioners have been fortunate in finding a very superior quality of clay, from which they make a substantial pressed brick. About one hundred and twenty five thousand are made a week.

Mr Hall thinks that the Legislature made a mistake in not giving a larger appropriation than \$30,000 a year for the prosecution of this work. Had the commissioners a larger sum from which to draw, better machinery could be purchased, and the labor employed to greater advantage. In addition to this fact, the cost of superintending forty five hands is about as great as it would be, were there twice that number employed. He estimates that, working at the present rate, it will take five years before the building can be completed. The State has, of course, determined that the asylum shall be built, then why not make the appropriation \$60,000 a year, and have the work done more rapidly and with greater economy?

The work can only be carried on till about the middle of October, when it will be stopped by the cold weather. By this time the commissioners hope to have a half million of brick left over to begin on next spring, as soon as the weather will permit.

The only persons employed besides the regular laborers, is a master builder, a superintendent of the brick yard and a secretary and treasurer.

The Woodstock Utterances. President Hayes on the Speeches of Chamberlain and Blaine.

WASHINGTON, July 6, 1877. During a conversation to-day between the President and a Western Senator, incidental allusion was made by the latter to the speeches delivered yesterday by Messrs. Chamberlain and Blaine, when the President said he had not yet read, but only heard something of their remarks, especially in condemnation of his Southern policy; he had a high respect for these gentlemen, and, as far as he knew, the personal relations between them and himself were of a friendly character. At all events he entertained for them the most kindly sentiments. When he claimed for himself the utterance of political opinion he certainly could not object to such a course on their part.

A VARIETY OF IDEAS. Their ideas of his public duty were different from his own, but of that he did not complain. He, however, had acted from a sense of duty, in order to accomplish a complete reconciliation in the South, and had done so from the best lights which were afforded and the best judgment he could command, and with a full view of the situation and with a earnest desire to produce satisfactory results. He would not quarrel with those who questioned the soundness of his judgment or the honesty of his motives. He was willing to leave to time the vindication of his course.

ERRORS IN THE ACCOUNTS OF A LATE STATE OFFICIAL.—State Auditor Brewer, of Alabama, has discovered errors in the accounts of his predecessor amounting to about \$30,000. The Shelby (Ala.) Sentinel, democrat, says of this amount \$30,000 will probably be recovered, and that Auditor Brewer's republican predecessor did not steal any of the missing money, but thinks that the circumstances should convince the people, as well as President Hayes, that the only party in Alabama that can furnish efficient and accurate officers is the democratic party.

FOURTEEN ounces make a pound, is the name commercial arithmetic. Dooley Brothers stick to the old table, and when the public buy Dooley's Yeast Powder they get full weight and running over. Each can is marked and invites a test. The article is also the purest and strongest in the market.

Economic Aspect. The economic aspect is a strong point in favor of Dooley's Yeast Powder. Extracts, Vanilla, Orange, Rose, Almond, Lemon, etc. They are three times the strength of the ordinary extracts; the best sold nearly twice as much as those sold for the same size.

SPRING TRADE 1877. Smith & Forbes, 13 High Street, Boston, Mass., and Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C.

WE are now receiving in our CHARLOTTE HOUSE, a full line of all grades of BOOTS and SHOES. Having introduced our BOOTS and SHOES in the States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, with success beyond our expectations we have recently established a house at Headquarters, NO. 13, HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MASS., which will enable us to fully compete with other Jobbing Houses North, and to extend our trade into other States.

We sell only by the case from our BOSTON HOUSE, and all orders forwarded there will receive prompt attention, and, if preferred, be shipped and billed direct. The former reputation of our CHARLOTTE HOUSE, unsurpassed in the South for the amount and variety of its large Stock, shall be maintained, and we shall constantly keep on hand in both houses a full line of all grades of BOOTS and SHOES. Having made this arrangement we have no hesitancy in going into large towns or cities to show our Goods, feeling assured that we are able to give to prompt paying customers as good terms as any other house North or South.

We solicit your orders or personal inspection to either of the above houses.

SMITH & FORBES. TRADE STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C., and 13 HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

Call and see the New Arrival of FRESH GOODS

H. MORRIS & BROTHERS'. 20,000 Yards of New Styles of Calices, only 7 1/2 cents per yard.

5,000 Yards of Beautiful Edging & Insertings, from 5 cents to 75 cents per yard.

Ladies' Linen Suiting, 25 and 30 cents per yard. Another Lot Gents' Blue Flannel Suits, only \$12.00. Handsome Ladies' Slippers, only 75 cents per pair. Mosquito Netting, all colors, 75 and 85 cents. 100 pairs No. 1 Ladies' Kid Gloves, only 75 cents. Don't fail to call and secure the greatest bargains of the season. July 4

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS. JULY 9, 1877. PRODUCE.

Baltimore.—Oats dull but steady. Eye steady. Provisions quiet. Mess pork, 14 1/2. Bacon, shoulders, 6 1/2; clear ribs 8 1/2; hams, sugar-cured, 12 1/2. Refined lard, 10 1/2. Coffee firm; job lots, 17 1/2. Whiskey held at 1 1/2. Sugar steady at 1 1/2.

Louisville.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat firmer and prices unchanged. Corn dull; white, 64. Oats unchanged. Pork quiet at 13 7/8. Bulk meats, quiet and unchanged. Bacon steady; 5 1/2, 7 1/2 and 8 1/2 for shoulders, clear ribs and clear sides; sugar-cured hams quiet at 10. Lard quiet; choice leaf in tierce, 10 1/2. Whiskey quiet. Bagging dull at 1 1/2.

Norfolk.—Steady; middlings, 11 1/2; net receipts, 52; sales, 30; exports coastwise, 22.

Baltimore.—Firm; middlings, 12 1/2; gross receipts, 918; sales, 140; exports coastwise, 125.

Boston.—Quiet; middlings, 12 1/2; net receipts, 30; gross, 47.

Wilmington.—Nominally firm; middlings, 11 1/2; net receipts, 38; exports coastwise, 177.

Philadelphia.—Quiet and firm; middlings, 12 1/2; sales, 100; exports, 157.

New Orleans.—Steady; middlings, 11 1/2; low middlings, 11; good ordinary, 10 1/2; net receipts, 162; gross, 581; sales, 100; exports to Great Britain, 3,800.

August.—Firm; middlings, 11 1/2; net receipts, 1; sales, 217.

Charleston.—Quiet; middlings, 11 1/2; net receipts, 9; exports coastwise, 22.

New York.—Quiet; uplands, 12 1/2-16; Orleans, 12 1/2-16; sales, 258; consolidated net receipts, 1,385; exports to Great Britain, 10,843; to the Continent, 1,830.

Liverpool.—Noon.—Firm and fractionally dearer; middling uplands, 6 5/16; middling Orleans, 6 1/2; sales, 10,600; speculation, 2,000; receipts, 450—all American. Futures—132d better; uplands, low middling clause, July and August delivery, 6 9/32, 5-16, 9-32d; August and September delivery, 6 11-32, 3/4; September and October delivery, 6 7-16; new crop, shipped October and November, 5 1/2, 6 1/2; November and December 6 1/4.

5 P. M.—Sales of cotton to-day included 7,250 American. Futures easier; uplands, low middling clause, August and September delivery, 6 11-32, 3/4; September and October delivery, 6 13-32d.

New York.—Futures closed barely steady; sales, 81,000. July, 12 07/16c. August, 12 10 1/16c. September, 11 98c. October, 11 47 1/8c. November, 11 21 3/4c. December, 11 29 3/4c. January, 11 42 3/4c. February, 11 54 3/4c. March, 11 68 7/8c.

FINANCIAL. New York.—Money abundant at 1. Sterling heavy at 7 1/2. Gold flat at 1.05 1/2. Government firm. States steady.

OSERVER OFFICE. CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 9, 1877.

The Market. The market closed steady at prices given below, but so irregular, that quotations can only be considered nominal.

The following quotations are averaged from prices given by a majority of the cotton buyers:

Stained..... 61 1/2c. Tined..... 61 1/2c. Ordinary..... 61 1/2c. Good Ordinary..... 61 1/2c. Low Middling..... 61 1/2c. Middling..... 61 1/2c. Good Middling..... 61 1/2c.

Receipts for the day, 17 bales. Receipts in all ports, 327 bales. Consolidated, 1,689 bales.

Exports to Great Britain, 10,843 bales. Exports to France, none. Exports to the Continent, 1,830 bales. Exports to the Channel, none. Stock, 232,469 bales.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING AT KAUFMAN & BRO.

WE HAVE MARKED DOWN Men's \$5, \$6 and \$7 Pantaloon, for \$3.00 and \$4.00. Men's \$12, \$15 and \$18 Suits, for \$9, \$11 and \$14.00. Linen Sacks, .....65 and 75 cents. Fine White Vests, ..... \$1.00 and \$1.25. 100 lines of Men's and Boys' Suits, marked down from one-third to one-half their value.

Straw Hats will be sold regardless of cost. KAUFMAN & BRO. CORNER OF TRADE AND TRYON STREETS, CHARLOTTE, N. C. June 22.

GREAT BARGAINS. can now be had in FINE MILLINERY, Neck Ties, Bib Collars,

LINEN SUITING and TRIMMING, LINEN COLLARS and CUFFS, just received and selling at the LOWEST prices for Cash.

MRS. P. QUERY. Large & Well-selected Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES. FOR LADIES, GENTS, BOYS, MISSES & CHILDREN, AT LOWEST PRICES.

ALSO, SOFT & STIFF HATS Of the Latest Styles.

TRUNKS & TRAVELING BAGS VERY LOW WE ARE CLOSING OUT ALL REMNANTS & ODD LOTS AT PRICES REGARDLESS OF COST.

A Call is most Respectfully Solicited. July 3

A NICE LOT OF LACE AND GAUZE MOSQUITO CANOPIES, AND

PATENT IRON FIXTURES Just received by

Alexander, Seigle & Co.