

SUBSCRIPTION RATES... Weekly (in the county) in advance \$2.00

The Charlotte Hotel

UNDER THE NEW MANAGEMENT OF

J. RILEY DAVIDSON,

HAS been Refurnished and Refitted in first-class style, and offers inducements to Travellers and Residents in its excellent table, supplied with the best the market affords

Moderate Terms for Monthly Boarders.

OUR MOTTO IS TO PLEASE.

apr

ELIAS, COHEN & ROESSLER,

Anticipating a fine trade this season, have bought largely, and now have the pleasure of inviting your attention to

An Attractive Fall Stock,

At prices surprisingly cheap.

DRESS GOODS—Our stock is large, and so cheap that it is no longer economy to buy calico.

READY MADE CLOTHING—Our stock is complete, at prices that defy competition.

FANCY CASSIMERES—A nice assortment.

CARPETS—Beautiful in design, and cheaper than ever.

KID GLOVES—A specialty.

In fact our stock is larger and cheaper in every department than heretofore. Call and inspect it.

ELIAS, COHEN & ROESSLER.

BURGESS NICHOLS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

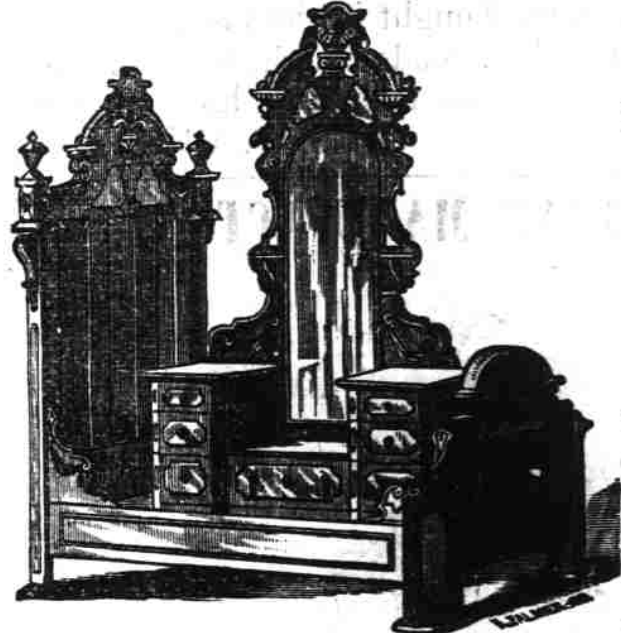
DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, BEDDING, & C.

FULL LINE

CHEAP BEDSTEADS, LOUNGES, PARLOR & CHAMBERSUITS, COFFINS of all KINDS on HAND.

No. 5, West Trade St., CHARLOTTE, N. C.



DO NOT BUY YOUR FURNITURE

until you have seen the elegant stock of goods now in my warehouses. The assortment is the largest and most complete ever offered in Charlotte,

AND IT WILL PAY YOU

TO INSPECT IT AND GET MY PRICES.

Respectfully,

E. G. ROGERS,

FURNITURE DEALER,

Trade Street, opposite the Market House.

oct 14

CENTRAL HOTEL.

This Well Known and Leading Hotel,

LOCATED IN CENTER OF THE CITY, OFFERS

UNSURPASSED ACCOMMODATIONS,

TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

THE FURNITURE IS FIRST-CLASS.

THE HOUSE IS CARPETED THROUGHOUT.

Gas and Electric Bells are in every room.

To Invalids, Florida Tourists or Persons Traveling

FOR PLEASURE, THIS HOUSE OFFERS EVERY FACILITY

FOR COMFORT.

TERMS—\$3.00, \$2.50 and \$2.00 per day, according

to location of room.

H. C. ECCLES, PROPRIETOR.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

To the Extra Session

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct 16, 1877.

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives:

The adjournment of the last Congress, without making appropriations for the support of the army for the present fiscal year, has rendered necessary a suspension of payments to the officers and men of sums due them for services rendered after the 30th day of June last. The army exists by virtue of statutes which prescribe its numbers, regulate its organization and employment, and which fix the pay of the officers and men and declare their right to receive the same at stated periods. These statutes, however, do not authorize the payment of troops in the absence of specific appropriations therefor. The constitution has wisely provided that no money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law, and it has also been declared by statute that no department of the government shall expend, in one fiscal year, a sum in excess of the appropriation made by Congress for that fiscal year. We have, therefore, an army in service, authorized by law and entitled to be paid, but no funds available for that purpose. It may also be said, as an additional incentive to prompt action by Congress, that since the commencement of the fiscal year the army, though without pay, has been constantly and actively employed in arduous and dangerous service, in the performance of which both officers and men have discharged their duty with fidelity and courage, and without complaint. These circumstances, in my judgment, constitute an extraordinary occasion, requiring that Congress be convened in advance of the time prescribed by law for your meeting in regular session. The importance of speedy action upon this subject on the part of Congress, is so manifest that I venture to suggest the propriety of making the necessary appropriations for the support of the army for the current year, at its maximum numerical strength of 25,000 men, leaving for future consideration all questions relating to the increase or decrease of the number of enlisted men. In the event of a reduction of the army by subsequent legislation during the fiscal year, the excess of the appropriation could not be expended; and in the event of its enlargement, an additional sum, required for the payment of an extra force, could be provided in due time. It would be unjust to the troops now in service, whose pay is already largely in arrears, if payment to them should be further postponed till after Congress shall have considered all questions likely to arise in the effort to fix a proper limit to the strength of the army. Estimates of the appropriations for the support of the military establishment for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1878, were transmitted to Congress by the former Secretary of the Treasury at the opening of its session in December last. These estimates, modified by the present Secretary so as to conform to the present requirements, are now renewed, amounting to \$32,496,764.93, and, having been transmitted to both houses of Congress, are submitted for your consideration. There is also required by the Navy Department \$2,008,861.27. This sum is made up of \$1,446,688.16 due to officers and enlisted men for the last quarter of the fiscal year; \$311,963.50 due for advances made by fiscal agent of the government in London for the support of the foreign service; \$250,000 due to the Navy Hospital fund; \$150,000 due for arrears of the pay to officers, and \$45,219.56 for the support of the marine corps. There will also be needed an appropriation of \$282,535.22 to defray the unincurred expenses of the United States courts for the fiscal year ending June 30, last, now due to the attorneys, clerks, commissioners, and marshals, and for the rent of court rooms, support of prisoners, and other deficiencies. Part of the building of the Interior Department was destroyed by fire on the 24th of last month. Some immediate repairs and temporary structures have, in consequence, become necessary, estimates for which will be transmitted to Congress immediately, and an appropriation of the requisite funds is respectfully recommended. The Secretary of the Treasury will communicate to Congress, in connection with the estimates for the appropriations for the current fiscal year, estimates for such other deficiencies in the different branches of the public service as require immediate action, and cannot, without inconvenience, be postponed until the regular session. I take this opportunity also to invite your attention to the propriety of adopting, at your present session, necessary legislation to enable the people of the United States to participate in the advantages of the international exhibition of agriculture, industry and fine arts, which is to be held at Paris in 1878, and in which this government has been invited by the government of France to take part. This invitation was communicated to this government in May, 1876, by the minister of France at this capital, and a copy thereof was submitted to the proper committee of Congress at the last session, but no action was taken upon the subject. The Department of State has received many letters from various parts of the country expressing a desire to participate in the exhibition, and numerous applications of a similar nature have been received at the United States Legation, at Paris. The Department of State has also received official advice of a strong desire on the part of the French Government that the United States should participate in this enterprise, and some has hitherto been, and still is, being made in the exhibition buildings, and the exhibition of the United States to the exclusion of other parties who have been applicants therefor. In order that our industries may be properly represented at the exhibition, an appropriation will be needed for the payment of the

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE AND SENATE SETTLING DOWN TO BUSINESS.

RAINEY, CAIN AND DORRALL SWORN IN.

OTHER PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, October 15.—It is asserted that Democratic Senators will be guided in their action upon the President's nominations for the Louisiana offices by the advice of Senators Spofford and Eustis. It is ascertained that these gentlemen have not yet made known their views. It is known that the President's nominations cannot be confirmed without Democratic votes, and in this view of the case it is expected that the President's Republican friends will favor the admission of Spofford and Eustis. The situation is curiously complicated. It seems certain that King must make himself acceptable to Spofford and Eustis to retain his place.

HOUSE.—After a struggle for precedence, the case of Rainey, of South Carolina, was taken up, when Mr. Cox sent to the chair to be read papers from Governor Hampton.

The committee appointed by the Republican caucus yesterday to contest the roll of clerk Adams are on the quai vive, and the proceedings in each case will be long.

Ben Butler was selected to manage the case of Darrall, of Louisiana. Darrall has certificates from Kellogg and Nichols, is on the clerk's rolls and has received pay to date. Butler thinks he has a good case.

Hale has charge of Rainey's case and is making a set speech.

SENATE.—During the morning hour, a large number of bills and petitions were presented and referred to appropriate committees. Among the petitions were many from various parts of the country in favor of increasing the compensation of letter carriers.

Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, for the removal of all disabilities imposed by the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States. It was referred to the committee on Judiciary.

The Senate, at 12:35, on motion of Mr. Edmunds, took a recess till 1:15 p. m.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

SENATE.—A resolution continuing the committees of last session until further orders, was adopted.

Beck introduced a bill to repeal the act of July 2nd, 1862 and such sections of the revised statutes of the United States as perpetuate the oath therein prescribed. Referred to the committee on the Judiciary. (The object of the bill is to repeal the iron clad oath.)

Bailey, of Tennessee, presented a petition of the Southern Methodist Publishing House, of Nashville, for indemnity for the use and consumption of its property in 1864-'65. Referred to the committee on claims.

The Senate is full except Morton and Sharon and the excluded Senators from Louisiana and South Carolina.

HOUSE.—The question as to swearing in the two South Carolina members, Rainey and Cain, occupied the attention of the House nearly three hours, Cox, of New York, Bright, of Tennessee, and other Democrats arguing that the question should be referred to the committee on Elections, as in the Kentucky case some years ago; and Mills, of Texas, and Potter, of New York, with Banks and Butler, of Massachusetts, and Hale, of Maine, arguing that, inasmuch as Rainey and Cain presented a prima facie case they were entitled to be sworn in and then to have the question of the validity of their rights referred to a committee.

The House took the latter view, 181 to 85, and Rainey and Cain were accordingly sworn in.

The objection was withdrawn in the case of Darrall, of Louisiana, and he was sworn in.

The case of Elam, of Louisiana, was discussed but no result was reached.

The President's message was read and referred to the committee of the whole.

GENERAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

It is said that formal charges have been made against collector Worthington, of Charleston, but no information is vouchsafed from the department.

Seaton, of North Carolina, has been appointed superintendent of the House holding room. Seaton is the son of the late Gen. Seaton, one of the proprietors of the old National Intelligencer of this city.

Gordon and Lapan called on the President. The Democratic caucus of Senators resolved to wait the indication of what the Republicans intend to do regarding the Senators from South Carolina and Louisiana, before adopting a line of action.

The Republican Senators caucused on the 15th inst. An incidental colloquy indicated an equal division as to whether the session will be long or short.

Gen'l Geo. York telegraphs: "The difficulties at Paso and San Elizero, are entirely between citizens of the State of Texas, Mexicans and Americans—and I have instructed Lieut. Tucker not to interfere with them, except to prevent inroads from the Mexican side."

Lieut. Col. Kurtz, of the Engineer Corps, is dead.

Probably the President will nominate, tomorrow, Harlan for the Supreme Bench, Theo. Roosevelt, collector of the Port of New York, and Mr. Benedict, surveyor of the port of New York. The Cabinet definitely settled today upon these appointments.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Formation of a Sisterhood—No Discussion of a Church and State Allowed.

BOSTON, October 16.—A message was received from the House of Bishops, informing the House of Deputies that the House of Bishops had adopted a canon for the organization of a sisterhood of deaconesses of the church substantially on the principle recommended by the lower house.

An exceedingly animated scene was created by Mr. Levenhore, of Minnesota, who introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the union of the Church and State is prejudicial to the best interests of religion; and the House of Deputies expresses its sympathy with the efforts now being made for the severing of the Church from the State in England.

Upon its being read by the secretary, a hundred at least, in unison, called upon the chair to have it laid on the table, which was done in short order, without affording any opportunity for discussion.

THE WAR.

Russian Preparation for the Winter—Sumna Partially Destroyed.

LONDON, October 16.—The correspondent of the Times at Simtza gives a favorable account of the Russian preparations for the winter campaign. Vast stores have been laid in at depots along the roads, but the mud is frightful. On the road two miles south of the Simtza bridge, it takes eight horses and twenty men pushing behind to get a light wagon through. The railway from Pratesto to Simtza is progressing rapidly.

A Times special from Rapia, states that the Portes has received intelligence that the Russians attacked Sumna and destroyed part of the town, but were beaten.

Duties on Spanish Vessels in United States Ports.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—A special dispatch from Madrid to the Standard says: "Several newspapers protest against the duty of 50 cents per ton on Spanish shipping entering United States ports, which comes into operation this autumn. They recommend retaliatory navigation duties."

Morton's Removal.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 16.—Morton was removed from Richmond to this city to-night, without an unfavorable result.

Time is money; emphatically so when Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup frequently cures colds, coughs, etc., in less than a day. Price, 25 cents a bottle. Sold every where.

"It is Perfectly Splendid!" "There's nothing like it." "I never could have baked my bread so good." "I speak too highly of it." "That's what they say of Dooley's Yeast Powder."

So lacking is the odor of Dr. Price's Peppermint Cure, that it is so strong that a handkerchief being put over the face will retain the odor after being washed. No one who has used Dr. Price's American Peppermint Cure can fail to notice the difference.

FALL, 1877.

Our preparations for the present season have been brought to a successful termination. Our stock is now full and complete in every department.

Two floors Crowded to their Utmost Capacity

with the latest productions of both Foreign and American Looms, manufactured in New York by the highest art of tailoring skill, with beauty of style, excellence of fit, and finish of garments displayed, unusual lowness in prices, all marked in plain figures; and our unequalled system of conducting business, place us far beyond the reach of any competition.

The wide spread reputation we enjoy as being leaders in our line of business, is thus fully sustained.

We request a personal inspection of our stock and prices, the information gained by so doing, will serve as a guide for future purchasers. With the people's interest at heart, we will continue the LEADERS OF LOW PRICES, and remain

Very respectfully,

E. D. LATTA & BRO.,

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS.

A Large and Complete Stock

OF

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Boots, Shoes and Hats,

Which we will sell cheaper than any other house in the city, OR ANYWHERE ELSE.

Give a call and you will be suited in quality, style and price.

KAUFMAN & BROS.

CORNER OF TRADE AND TRYON STREETS.

Spring's Corner, Charlotte, N. C.

sept 22

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS

THE LEADING

WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENT

OF THE STATE!

AS OTHERS SEE THEM.

A letter received from a gentleman, who recently visited Charlotte, contains the following in reference to our house, and we submit it to our patrons as an evidence of our ability to make all our promises good:

"The house of WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS seems to me as a wholesale establishment to stand pre-eminent in being able to supply such goods, and on as favorable terms to merchants as can be secured south of Baltimore. I reached this conclusion after a careful examination of their immense stock, and a personal interview with Mr. Wittkowsky."

A NOVEL SIGHT!

The Store House of Wittkowsky & Rintels, three floors, 54 by 94 feet, all packed and crammed full of Goods.

OUR FALL STOCK

The largest and most complete since 1872, is now ready for inspection both in the Wholesale as well as the Retail Departments, and we COURT AND DEFLY COMPARISON, let it come from whatever quarter it may—whether New York, Philadelphia, the ever present Baltimore drummer, or our local establishments.

IN WHOLESALE we are ready to DUPLICATE ANY BILL, no matter where bought. IN RETAIL we present the most complete assortment of the LATEST NOVELTIES ever offered in Charlotte.

To give the reader some conception of the immensity of our stock we cite as follows:

125 cases PRINTS, about 6,000 pieces.

30 cases BLENDING GOODS, about 1,000 pieces.

20 bags FLANNELS and LINENS, about 800 pieces.

30 cases HATS and CASIMERE, about 500 pieces.

\$25,000 of CLOTHING, about 3,000 suits.

600 cases SHOES, about 24,000 pairs.

150 cases HATS, about 900 dozen.

And Everything else in Proportion, at

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.

sept 22

WILSON & BURWELL,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C.

sept 22

Fox Rent.

HOUSE opposite residence of Gov. Vance on North Carolina Railroad. Six rooms. Low rent to good tenant.

Call on J. M. BURWELL, opposite Fox House.

Cabbage and Potatoes.

I have just received 2,000 lbs. Northern Cabbage, and 25 bushels of Potatoes. Both will sell at prices to suit the times. Call on J. M. BURWELL, Trade Street, opposite Fox House.

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