



Tuesday, December 11, 1877.

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor & Proprietor.

"Free from the dotting scruples that fetter our free-born reason."

NOTES AND NEWS.

Die Lewis has turned up again. This time he wants straw pillows for babies.

The old copper cent of our fathers, it is decided at Washington, is not a legal tender.

Worth, the great man milliner of Paris, employs twelve hundred assistants.

Hon G C Walker was but thirty-five years old when elected Governor of Virginia.

Washington succeeded, not so much by grinding his hatchet as by keeping his mouth shut.

I am quite satisfied with the manner in which Mr Hayes wrote my message.—Samuel J. Tilden.

Mr Stubbs is discontented. Whether he gets his wife a new dress or not, he says, she is certain to "kick up" about it.

John James Patterson has been offered \$2,000 to lecture twenty times in Massachusetts and New York on the condition of the South.

The message of Governor Kemper is pronounced by the Richmond Dispatch to be the grandest message that ever emanated from a Governor of Virginia.

Referring to brother Kimball, brother Dana observes that still worthier of praise than wiping out a church debt is refraining from running a church into debt.

"Dr" Joseph Walker, the vinegar-bitter man, who confesses to an income of \$8,000 a year, has been arrested in New York for refusing to support his wife.

The Washington Star says: Lydia Thompson was on the Avenue promenade every fine day last week, but as she wore clothes nobody recognized her.

During the late heavy rains at Pittsburgh, two men who fell into a sewer were swept away and came out at the river. The journey was rapid and fragrant, but both were saved.

The Nashville American thinks three weeks is not too much for the congressional holiday. Sheridan always said it took him a week to get drunk, and a week to get sober, and a week to repent.

Governor-elect Holliday's term as Governor of Virginia commences on the first of January next. He has a pointed Mr Chas R Taylor, a young lawyer of Alexandria, Va, his private secretary and aid.

Brigham Young's elegant palace car, bought by his dutiful son Johnny and presented to his father, has now been seized by the original owners, for the very good reason that the Prophet's scap grace son never paid for his costly present to the old man.

CAUSES OF DISEASE.

The Philadelphia Inquirer states that the highest death-rate ever known in Philadelphia was that of 1876, the year of the great exhibition, when the population was larger than at any other period of the city's history, and when disease and death were engendered by overcrowding, mental excitement, inattention to diet, and other causes growing out of the occasion.

The death-rate of the present year in Philadelphia, with a lessened population and the causes of death removed, has been below that of the year 1876, but slightly above that of the year 1875, when the population was about equal to what it now is. The diseases generally ascribed to malaria, such as scarlet and typhoid fevers, were the cause of about the same number of deaths for the week ending November 17 of the present year as for the week ending November 25 of last year. But the great difference is shown in connection with the diphtheria, (now so prevalent throughout the country,) the week mentioned of 1876 having recorded 9 deaths from this disease, while the week mentioned of 1877 shows 20 deaths, or more than double the number of that of the centennial year.

In regard to all malarial diseases a writer, who is said to be a distinguished physician, after referring, in a communication to the New York Tribune, to the alarming prevalence of these diseases in that city and Brooklyn says: "A student of statistics has recently investigated the causes of the varying death-rate of our different cities. He concludes, for instance, as to Chicago, that its excess of deaths is due to organic poisons in the air, emanating from slaughtering-houses, glue factories, stagnant water and like nuisances." He adds: "There is never any question about these matters with people who have studied the figures; they always find the same form of equation—so much dirt equal to so many deaths." The same eminent medical authority declares that diphtheria as well as typhoid fever sometimes results from sewer gas, a good deal of which penetrates through water pipes and defective traps into a large number of city houses. This poison is most to be dreaded in winter time, because then it is shut up within doors and constantly inhaled by the occupants of close, furnace-heated rooms. This does not account, however, for the fact that diphtheria and typhoid fever prevail with equal fatality in the pure air of the country as in the impure air of the city. At the same time, as a general rule, cleanliness and ventilation are essential to the healthfulness, as they certainly are to the comfort of every household.

THE PRESIDENT AND MR. CONKLING

The reports of a reconciliation between the President and Mr Conkling have been overthrown by the speech of the latter in the executive session of the Senate last Thursday, regarding Mr Hayes' nominations, particularly those for New York. The "Achilles of the Senate" unburdened himself, on that occasion, of all the bile which has been accumulating in his system since the convention which nominated Mr Hayes finished its work at Cincinnati, and emptied it all upon the devoted head of him who occupies the White House. The opportunity had never before presented itself fairly, and Mr Conkling was not slow to avail himself of it.

This assault is not without its lesson. It carries with it a moral which Mr Hayes may well take to heart and act upon. It teaches him that, pursuing the course he adopted in the beginning and has since followed so consistently, there is no hope for friendship between him and the implacables of his party, represented by Conkling and Blaine in the United States Senate. These men know no half way ground. They follow the most extreme tenets of their party, and whoever fails to go to the same extent that they do in party practices, is looked upon by them as their sworn enemy, and one who is outside the household of political faith. So great, too, is their influence in the party of which they are members, that it is remarked upon as a noteworthy fact that on the occasion in question, for the first time since the meeting of Congress in October, a member has risen on their side of the Senate to defend a Republican President from the assaults which have been committed upon him by Senators of his own party. Senator Matthews, of Ohio, did, last Thursday, enter into a defence of Mr Hayes against the rabid attack of the Senator from New York; but up to that time his only representatives in that Republican body had been gentlemen of the Democratic side. It short, it is becoming more and more apparent that Mr Hayes has next to no followers in the Republican party as represented in Congress. Excepting Stanley Matthews there is no Republican Senator upon whom he can lay his hand as a friend, and with each official act of his those to whom he would naturally look as his supporters are being more and more alienated from him, until to-day Mr Hayes finds himself a President without a party. The best men regardless of political lines, support him cordially in the major part of his official acts, but Conkling and Blaine have shorn him of all party strength as such.

He occupies a position such as few Presidents have ever occupied in the history of the United States, and such as no man has ever been known to occupy long. He can not do it. He must cast in his destiny with one or the other of the great parties of the nation. Events have proven that there is no moderate Republican party. The Greeley contest in 1872 gave such proof of this as was alike convincing and humiliating. But for the Democrats he would have received no vote at all; as it was he had barely a corporal's guard. Since that time the party lines have been more sharply drawn than ever before, and to-day the country witnesses just what it witnessed nearly seventeen years ago: these two great parties arrayed in solid phalanx against each other; a few persons split off from one or the other upon labor, financial, temperance or other side issues, but the entirety of both is still to all intents and purposes complete and likely to remain so. As this being the case the party affiliation of Mr Hayes is contracted to one or the other of these two great parties. Before his term expires, unless some great and unforeseen revolution takes place in parties, he must throw himself into the arms of the radical Republicans or into those of the National Democracy. He is almost sure to go with one or the other. The nature of the case is such that he cannot easily resist both.

SUFFERING THE CONSEQUENCES OF HIS INJUSTICE.—That is an interesting piece of gossip which our Washington correspondent gives this morning, concerning Col Walter Taylor, of Norfolk, Va., who has recently published a book claiming all the glory of Gettysburg for the "magnificent Virginians" thus disparaging the claims of other States to honorable bearing in that engagement. Col Taylor is a mercantile man in Norfolk and it is said that on account of the publications which have been made bearing on this matter, his North Carolina trade, which seems to have been large, has been diverted into other channels, and great financial loss to him is the consequence. Col Taylor has dealt most unjustly by our people in the book which he has published and the result is not to be wondered at when we consider how it comes about.

Wendell Phillips is not an admirer of President Hayes. He describes him to a reporter of the Cleveland Leader, as "a political Rip Van Winkle, an old-fashioned Northern snob—that class which, before the war believed that all the honor and all the gentlemen resided in the South. They never could get dirt enough to satisfy their own morbid appetite for submission." Mr. Phillips expresses the belief that for the next few years there will be no Republican party, but that in time new divisions will call the Northern earnestness into action, when the negro vote will come to the front and an impartial administration will follow.

The Charleston News and Courier says a good thing in submitting "that, if Senator Patterson should deliver a course of lectures in New England, there would be an exquisite regard for the eternal fitness of things in the engagement of Judge Thomas Jefferson Mackey as advance agent and stage manager."

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Col. Walter Taylor—M. C. Butler—W. P. Kellogg—Doorkeeper Polk in Trouble—Fears of His Dismissal—Similar Case of R. B. Hoakney in 1858—Bills, &c.

WASHINGTON, D C, Dec 7, 1877. Apropos of the issuing of Col Walter Taylor's book, in which he would not only take all the glory of Gettysburg to the "magnificent Virginians," but disparage other States, comes the story of his loss, financially, from the disputes between himself and the North Carolina papers. A gentleman from Norfolk, a personal friend of Col T, informs me that since this newspaper discussion has arisen about the merits of the Virginia and North Carolina troops, the greater portion of Col T's North Carolina patronage has fallen off. His great passage along the North Carolina counties adjacent thereto, especially, has been altogether withdrawn. This is attributed to the articles written by him reflecting on the North Carolina troops, whom, it would seem, are not slow to resent an imputation on their courage.

M. C. BUTLER, the new Senator from South Carolina, sits on the extreme right of the Democratic side on what is known as the "bob-tail" row. In debate before his resignation, that every one is anxious to see him. He is the first Senator that the stranger asks to have pointed out. Instead of that fierce, blood thirsty villain that the Radical members of the Senate would have us believe him, the stranger is surprised to find a modest, unassuming man, without a speck of blood about him, despite Senator Wadleigh's assertion to the contrary that his "hands were reeking with gore." Senator Butler is now in his forty-first year, and the very picture of health and vigor. In personal appearance he and Kellogg are not unlike. Senator Butler, however, has a much more prepossessing face, a manlier countenance, and altogether a more intellectual look. His hair and moustache have a dash of gray in them. He impresses one as having great determination. He will, perhaps, before the recess, move an inquiry into his alleged connection with the so-called Hamburg massacre.

WILLIAM PITT KELLOGG, the new Senator from Louisiana, is a Vermontor by birth. He received his education at Norwich University. In his nineteenth year he removed to Illinois, and after three years study was admitted to the Peoria bar. Entering politics he was chosen in 1860 a presidential elector on the Lincoln and Hamlin ticket. The next year he was appointed Chief Justice of Nebraska by Mr Lincoln, but resigned after a few months upon being elected to the congress of the State of Illinois. He was elected to the Senate in 1865, appointed by President Johnson, collector of the Port of New Orleans. In July, 1868, he was elected to the United States Senate, and served till March 3rd, 1873. Since then he has acted a prominent part in the politics of Louisiana, having been Governor for two years. He has long been considered the wisest and most tricky of the carpet bag electors. By his efforts the notorious returning board was shielded and protected in their infamous work. He is here to-day a representative of that board, and the positions that he and Hayes occupy are the best evidence of what success the board achieved. Senator Kellogg is now in his forty-eighth year. He is of a rather delicate frame, stands some five feet and six inches, has a thin nose, perhaps one hundred and forty pounds. He has a sharp face, prominent chin and a receding forehead, upon which a tuft of gray hair falls, a la Conkling. As he sat at his desk, behind a huge bookcase, he was the observed of all observers on the Republican side of the chamber.

SOMETHING of a stir has been created at the capitol by the discovery that liquors were being openly sold in the Senate and House restaurants. By the joint rules of the two houses liquors of all kinds are proscribed within the sacred domain of the capitol building.—Through these rules have never been respected, and are not now, yet until within a short time the keepers of the restaurant, have a single necessary appearance it would seem that they were grown careless by reason of their fancied security, they have thrown off all disguise and hence the present trouble.

The old custom was to go into the restaurant and ask for "cold tea," "Roman punch," &c, and the French waiter would return with whiskey strait, or a mint julep, "not in a glass but in a coffee cup, tea cup, etc. To all appearances it would seem that you were sipping your tea or coffee. A temperance man having gone into the House restaurant lately was somewhat surprised when the waiter brought him whiskey instead of cold tea. But even this precaution of sipping at the table has been done away with, and liquors were sold outside. This coming to the ears of a Baltimore minister, who is also a temperance man, at last found his way into the newspapers, and was brought to the attention of the House by a resolution of inquiry. For the present the drinking in the capitol building has ceased, and the Congressional solons and the average Congressman are now wending their way to Sanderson's, there to refresh their overworked body's with the "nectar of life."

THE DOORKEEPER'S TROUBLE.—It was only a few weeks ago that attention was called to the business which was in the hands of Mr Polk, Doorkeeper of the House, managed his department. Now he is in the depths of despair and may be removed. Under the law so many, and no more, employees are to be employed in the Doorkeeper's department. Through the impertinence of members he has, it is alleged, put on his bill, and the law is being enforced. The men called for their monthly pay on the first of the month, and found no money. Mr Polk immediately discharged the surplus, and the men are clamorous for their pay, but have been as yet unable to obtain it.

Some think that Mr P will have to pay it out of his own pocket, while others say that the men should be paid even if it is necessary to pass a bill for their relief. At all events it is a pretty muddle. It seems unfortunate that the Democrats should be so unlucky in their choice of door keepers. In the last House, it became necessary to discharge Fitzhugh, of "bigger-man-than-old-Grant" fame. Patterson succeeded in those general elections, but Mr Polk, Democrat, of New York, will on Monday offer a resolution to investigate him. A case similar to Col Polk's occurred in the Thirty-Fifth Congress and it may be claimed as a precedent for action in the present affair. In that Congress R B Hackney was door-keeper. He put more men on the roll than the law called for. After an investigation by the committee of accounts, to whom the matter was referred, they unanimously agreed to recommend his dismissal and he was so dismissed by the House, May 17, 1858.

MR Robbins has introduced a bill asking for \$10,000 or so much as may be needed, for a survey of the Yadkin river between the North Carolina Railroad bridge and Bean's Shoals, in Surry county, in order to ascertain the cost of removing obstructions in said river, so as to make it a useful highway.

CONKLING AND THE ADMINISTRATION.—Mr. Conkling, who has been spoiling for a fight with the administration, pitched in to-day with an hour's speech in executive session. The burden of his song was a good deal of carping and small flings at the President for the manner of making his nominations, which Mr. Conkling seemed to think did not faithfully reflect the beauties in the tenure-of-office act. The speech roused up Mr. Stanley Matthews, who came back in defence of the President with an spirit which he has so far been slow to exhibit. The debate was without any special significance, except to show that no compromise has been effected between Mr Conkling and the administration, and that the President has at last a friend in the Senate who is willing to take up the cudgel in his behalf. The Democratic Senators have been amazed that up to this time the President has been without a defender on this side of the chamber to answer Conkling.—Wash. Cor. Louisville Courier Journal, 6th.

PASSING AWAY.—The recent painful death of Mr. Conigland of Halifax, calls to mind the fact that he is the fourth of the able counsel engaged in the impeachment trial of Gov. Holden in 1869, who have passed away from earth; Gov. Graham and Gov. Bragg, of the prosecution, and Mr. Boyden, and now Mr. Conigland, of the defense.—Raleigh News.

A young lady in Poughkeepsie sued her faithless lover for breach of promise of marriage, and the gray deciever pleaded that he had not the age, and so plaintiff lost the case. Young men will, therefore, see the necessity of getting engaged very young in order to escape legal liability; young girls will beware of fledglings, who can win their young and untried affections, and then go back on them with impunity.

Sound Reasons for Faith.—The American people are shrewd and observant. They are not often deceived by sham pretensions; but when they are, they soon discover their error. If Hostetter's Stomach Bitters had been a sham, they would long since have discarded it; but finding that there was not a claim put forth in its behalf that its curative properties did not justify, they gave it the preference; to every article of its class. There has only served to strengthen their belief, and has increased its popularity to an extent that no other medicine has ever attained. Successful proprietary medicines. It ranks foremost among the standard preparations of the day, and is endorsed by the medical fraternity and the newspaper press. It overcomes all fever, Stomach and other malarial disorders with wondrous certainty, tones the system, banishes dyspepsia, remedies constipation and liver complaint, relieves cold, rheumatism and affections of the bladder and kidneys.

SPECIAL NOTICES. How it is Done. The first object in life with the American people is to "get rich"; the second, how to retain good health. The first can be obtained by energy, honesty and saving, the second by good health. The first is the great goal. Should you be a dependent sufferer from any of the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, &c., such as Stomachache, Flatulency, Belching, Sour Stomach, Habitual Constiveness, Dizziness of the Head, Nervous Prostration, Low Spirits, &c., you need not suffer another day. Two doses of August Flower will relieve you at once. Same in bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Positively sold by all first-class druggists in the U. S.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC. NEW YORK, October 1st, 1877. I have devoted twenty years of patient study to the liver and its relations to the human body, in search of a remedy which would restore it, when diseased, to its normal condition. The result of that labor has been the TUTT'S LIVER PILLS.

TO CAUTION THE PUBLIC, and protect them from vile imposition, I have adopted a new label which bears my trade-mark and notice of its entry in the Office of the Librarian of Congress, also my signature, thus: THE GENUINE TUTT'S PILLS exert a peculiar influence on the system. Their action is prompt, and their good effects are felt in a few hours. A quarter of a century of study of the Liver has demonstrated that it exerts a greater influence over the system than any other organ of the body, and when diseased the entire organism is deranged. It is especially for the benefit of this organ that I have spent so many years of toil, and having found the remedy which has proved the greatest benefit to the great majority of afflicted, shall they be any longer imposed upon?

TO COUNTERFEIT THIS IS FORGEBY. Before purchasing, examine the label closely. THE GENUINE TUTT'S PILLS exert a peculiar influence on the system. Their action is prompt, and their good effects are felt in a few hours. A quarter of a century of study of the Liver has demonstrated that it exerts a greater influence over the system than any other organ of the body, and when diseased the entire organism is deranged. It is especially for the benefit of this organ that I have spent so many years of toil, and having found the remedy which has proved the greatest benefit to the great majority of afflicted, shall they be any longer imposed upon?

DR. PIERCE'S FOUNTAIN Nasal Injector, or DOUCHE. This Cut Illustrates the Manner of Using. It is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried high up and perfectly applied to all parts of the affected nasal passages, the sinuses or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhical discharge generally proceeds. The want of success in treating Catarrh heretofore has arisen largely from the impossibility of applying remedies to these cavities by any of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the way of effecting cures is entirely overcome by the invention of the Douche. It is a pleasant and so simple that a child can understand it. Full and explicit directions accompany each instrument. When used with the "Head" by a few applications.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried high up and perfectly applied to all parts of the affected nasal passages, the sinuses or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhical discharge generally proceeds. The want of success in treating Catarrh heretofore has arisen largely from the impossibility of applying remedies to these cavities by any of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the way of effecting cures is entirely overcome by the invention of the Douche. It is a pleasant and so simple that a child can understand it. Full and explicit directions accompany each instrument. When used with the "Head" by a few applications.

DOCTOR PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery. CURES DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD. In the wonderful medicine to which the attention of the medical profession has been directed, the discoverer believes he has combined in harmony more of Nature's own curative properties, which have been hitherto in the hands of the ignorant, than were ever before combined in any medicine. The essence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Catarrh, and the early stages of Consumption, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. What it cures the severe Cough, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood. It is a great tonic, blood-purifying, and cures all kinds of skin diseases, such as Eruptions, Mercurial disease, Mucous Discharges, and other ailments. It is a powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. It restores color, strength, and health, and leaves the liver strengthened and healthy.

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TOYS. A large and handsome selection of Children's toys, dolls, wagons, drums, games, etc. The stock embraces everything you want for your children or yourself.

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BREAD AND CAKES. Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies every day. GROCERIES. Our assortment of Fancy Groceries is unsurpassed—Foreign and Domestic Pickles, Chow-chow, Sardines, Pie's Feet, Tea, Coffee, Sugar of all grades, Lard, Flour, Sea-Food and other yeast products. Condensed Milk, and a fine lot of Goshen Butter, Cheese, etc.; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

Real Estate, Mining and Immigration Agency. Land and Houses, and providing homes in the Piedmont regions of North Carolina and South Carolina, and being connected with the "SOUTHERN RECORD," circulated in this country and Europe twice a month, I will advertise, free of cost, all farms and mines, placed in my hands, for sale.

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NOTICE TO MERCHANTS. DR. JOHN H. McADEN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST. No. 1 Parks Building, East Tryon Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Now offers to the trade an unusually large and well selected Stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS AND WINDOW GLASS. We have just received our Fall Stock, and with three stories well filled we are now prepared to fill all orders on short notice. All Goods are bought for cash, at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES. SELECT ENGLISH SPICES, just received: Cinnamon, Mace, White Pepper, Cloves, Nutmeg, Allspice, Mustard, Pepper, etc., whole and ground. Nelson's and Coxe's G-Letine, Italian Vermorelli and Macaroni Tapioca, Sago, Bermuda Arrow Root, German Sweet Chocolate and Corn Starch. Believing that the trade of this country will support the higher grades of Spices than have heretofore been found outside of European markets, we have perfected arrangements for giving such goods to the public. We shall endeavor to keep constantly in stock selections from the choicest goods to be bought in the market, and will sell at low prices. J. H. McADEN, Sept 12] Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

MRS. P. QUERY. Has returned from New York, and is now ready to show the Largest and Handsomest Stock of Fine MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, EVER OFFERED IN CHARLOTTE. Ladies will find me at my New Store in the Central Hotel building, where they will find the cheapest stock of goods in the city. Fine Millinery, Hosiery, Gloves, Neck Wear, Corsets, Cloaks, Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, White Goods, and all the novelties of the season. Bought in the last few days, from 15 to 25 per cent cheaper than goods bought 3 or 4 weeks ago and be will be sold cheaper for cash than any house in the city. MRS. P. QUERY.

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JUST RECEIVED. SECOND STOCK OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL CLOAKS. Also the best line of BOULEVARD SKIRTS. In town, at reduced prices. We sell Arthur James' Intrinsic NEEDLES, the best in use, 4 papers for 25 cents. WE HAVE NOW A BARGAIN COUNTER, piled with cheap Goods, which is the SENSATION OF THE DAY. Call and see them, at Barringer & Trotter's. 20c a Number—\$2 a Year. WIDE AWAKE—an illustrated Magazine for Young People, is the very best publication of the kind in our country, as well as the cheapest. For an agency, send to P. LOTHOFF & CO., Boston.