CHARLOTTE OBSERVER

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Liberal reductions for clubs.

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JOB PRINTING.

The Observer Job Department has be thoroughly supplied with every needed want, and with the latest styles of Type, and every manner of Job Work can now be done with neatness, dispatch and cheapness. We can furnish at short notice BLANKS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, CARDS, TAGS, RECEIPTS, POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, HAND BILLS, PAMPHLETS, CHECKS, &c.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The copartnership of ELIAS, COHEN & ROESSLER was dissolved by mutual consent on January 1st, 1878, Captain J. Roessler withdrawing. Elias & Cohen are authorized to collect all debts due the late firm and pay all liabilities.

ELIAS & COHEN,
J. ROESSLER.

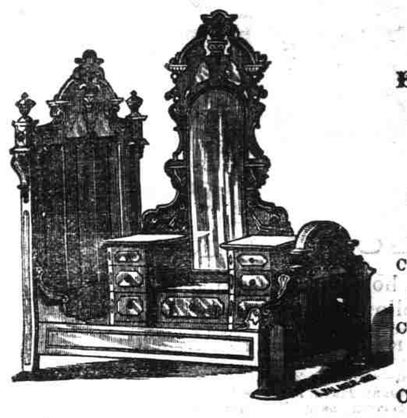
Notice.

All debts due the late firm must be settled at once, as longer indulgence cannot be granted. We will continue the business at the old stand.

ELIAS & COHEN.

BURGESS NICHOLS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL



DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE,

BEDDING, &C.

—A—

FULL LINE

—OF—

CHEAP BEDSTEADS, LOUNGES,
PARLOR & CHAMBER SUITS.
COFFINS of all KINDS on HAND.

No. 5, West Trade St.,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

jan3

The Charlotte Hotel,

UNDER THE NEW MANAGEMENT OF

J. RILEY DAVIDSON,

HAS been Refurnished and Refitted in first-class style, and offers inducements to Travellers and Residents in its excellent table, supplied with the best the market affords prices to suit the times. An active corps of waiters in attendance at meals, and no pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable.

Moderate Terms for Monthly Boarders.

OUR MOTTO IS TO PLEASE.

apr1

DO NOT BUY YOUR

FURNITURE

until you have seen the elegant stock of goods now in my warerooms. The assortment is the largest and most complete ever offered in Charlotte,

AND IT WILL PAY YOU

TO INSPECT IT AND GET MY PRICES.

Respectfully,

E. G. ROGERS,

FURNITURE DEALER,

Removed next door to Post Office.

Jan 5

Dr. J. H. McADEN,

Druggist and Chemist,

Now offers to the trade a full stock of *Lubin's Extracts* and *Colognes*, English Select *Spices*, Colgate Honey and Glycerine *Soap*; English, French and American Hair and Tooth *Brushes*.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Carefully prepared at all hours, both night and day, at

J. H. McAden's Prescription Store.

New Stock. New Goods.

REMOVAL.

I have removed my stock of Hardware, Stoves and Tinware to the NEW AND ELEGANT STORE ON TRADE STREET, lately occupied by J. Mc. Alexander as a Boot and Shoe Store. My Fall Stock of HARDWARE, in all its varieties, Stoves, Tin-ware, Hollow-ware, Wooden-ware, &c., is now open to the inspection of the public, at prices which are unprecedented in the Charlotte market.

The Popular ZEB VANCE STOVE a specialty.

H. T. BUTLER.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

A Bill Refusing to Provide a Sinking Fund—Supreme Court Decisions—A Proposed Steamship Line from New York to Rio Janeiro—The Freedmen's Bank — Confirmations — Senator Jones Makes His Speech on Silver.

General News and Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Jan 21.—Conkling presented a large number of petitions from citizens of Ulster, Livingston, Orange and other counties in New York in favor of the remonetization of silver. Laid on the table, the bill having been reported to the Senate.

Beck, of Kentucky, submitted a concurrent resolution declaring that it is unnecessary and inexpedient to impose the taxes at this time asked for by the Secretary of the Treasury to provide $37,000,000 for a sinking fund, and directing the Sec'y not to purchase any more bonds for liquidation of the public debt until directed to do so by Congress. Laid over for the present and ordered to be printed.

WASHINGTON, Jan 21.—The sub-committee of the Elections committee heard Bisbe's (Republican) contest from the second Congressional district of Florida on the application to take further evidence. No conclusion was reached.

Schleischer, sub-committee of the committee on Foreign Affairs, heard State Senator General Ford, of Texas, on the border affairs.

General Chalmers, member of the House, introduced into that body his Pacific Railroad bill, looking to the termination of the road at Vicksburg, Miss.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Jan 21.—In the case of the Home Life Insurance Company against Brame, from the Louisiana circuit, the Supreme Court now decides that the company cannot recover of Brame for the killing of one McLemore, the assured, by which the company was damaged to the extent of the amount of the policy, holding that on principle and authority the action cannot be maintained in such a case. Mr Justice Hunt delivered the opinion.

A bill has been agreed upon by General Bussey and Major Tupper, a committee from New Orleans, providing for a steamship mail line from New Orleans to Rio Janeiro and intermediate points, and the same from New York. This bill was presented to-day by Eustis, in the Senate, and Gibson, in the House of Representatives.

General Bussey will be heard on Thursday next by a joint meeting of the Senate and House committees on Postoffices and Post Roads, to whom the bills have been referred.

Rev Wm B Derick, colored, of Richmond, has been in consultation with leading members of the House of Representatives, urging that the general government take charge of the Freedmen's Savings Bank property, and pay the depositors. Dr Derick holds that the government and the depositors have both been wronged, and that some one ought to be punished. He thinks this the proper course.

Collector Fernald, of the fourth district of Virginia, has his official papers to renew his bond. He has answered all charges. He continues in office, and while making his new bond his old bondsmen are held.

The nomination of Potts for postmaster at Petersburg, and Mrs Jones for Ashland, Va, were withdrawn from the Senate, to-day, on account of technical terms in their phraseology, and corrected nominations of the same persons were substituted.

HOUSE—Nothing was done except the introduction of the usual Monday batch of bills for reference to the committees.

The bill introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr Eustis, of Louisiana, directs the Postmaster General to contract for mail service between the United States and Brazil, as follows: First, for a monthly line of steamships between New York and Rio Janeiro, touching at such intermediate ports as the Postmaster General shall consider expedient and necessary. Second, for a monthly line of steamships between New Orleans and Rio Janeiro, touching at such intermediate ports as the Postmaster General shall consider expedient and necessary. The bill provides that the service shall be for the term of ten years, and shall be performed with American built and owned vessels, of not less than three thousand tons register, to be of iron and of approved construction, and capable of a speed of thirteen knots per hour, and that the said vessels shall be built or accepted under the direction and inspection of some naval officer, to be designated by the Secretary of the Navy, and that said vessels shall at all times be subject to the use of the government, at a reasonable charter therefor. The bill further provides that the compensation for the service upon said lines shall be fixed at a rate of two dollars per mile for the distance which the mails are actually transported, and also provides that the government of Brazil shall contribute to the maintenance of the lines.

Confirmations: Henderson, collector of customs at Pearl River. Postmasters: Potter, Warrenton, Va; Rinker, Leesburg, Va; Stillwell, Humbolt, Tenn; Brister, Water Valley, Miss; Delaney, Alexandriana, Va.

SENATE—The Senate resumed the consideration of unfinished business, being the resolution of Matthews, declaring the right of the government to pay the interest and the principal of the bonds in silver.

Mr Jones, of Florida, spoke at some length as to the power granted Congress by the constitution to coin money, regulate its value, etc, and argued that at the time the acts of 1869, "to strengthen the public credit," and of 1870, "to authorize the refunding of the national debt," were passed, the silver dollar was a legal tender coin of the country, and Congress had no power to exclude it from the coinage of the country. He claimed that there could be no legal tender under the constitution except gold and silver.

He then referred to the argument that Germany, England and other European countries had demonetized silver, and asked, had it come to this, that the policies of European governments were to control the American republic? He had heard of such alliances before, but they were always to crush out the liberties of the people. The policy of demonetizing silver began with kings and emperors, and ended with a republic. He denied that it could be called repudiation to pay the bonds in silver, and said repudiation was revolting to the people. He then referred to the condition of affairs at the close of the late civil war, and said it was necessary then for a time to abandon that system of finances which existed previous to the war. But the necessity soon passed away, and now the cause of all the distress throughout the country must be sought for in our present financial system. He spoke of abundant crops, and said the troubles and embarrassments now existing over the land were not brought about by natural causes. They were the work of man. He reviewed at some length the various financial acts of Congress, and in regard to that of 1869, "to strengthen the public credit," said it should have been called an act to increase the burdens of the people, as it was intended to bind them to the payment of the debt in coin. He hoped it was the purpose of Congress now to lift up silver, the much abused metal, which God had decreed should serve man as money. It has been urged that the act of 1873, demonetizing silver, was passed because silver was not reliable, because it fluctuated in value. He denied that this was true, and said from the organization of the government down to 1873 there was no legislation respecting coinage which showed that there had been any variation whatever in our silver coin. If any coin should have been abolished on account of being unstable in value it should have been gold.

He spoke of the advantage of silver money, and said there was a large channel in the business of the country which silver alone could fill. It was emphatically the money of the people.

In conclusion he advocated the adoption of Mr Matthews' resolution, because he thought it was for the true interests of the country, though, of course, he entertained the greatest respect for all who differed with him.

The Senate adjourned to attend the mock funeral of Victor Emanuel.

WASHINGTON, Jan 21.—Col Adair, a delegate of the Cherokee Nation, was before the House committee on Territories to day, and spoke for more than an hour in opposition to the bill to establish the territorial government of Okalohoma, in the Indian Territory. He argued that the proposition was in the interest of land speculators and in violation of treaties and the decisions of the Supreme Court, and read from the writings of Presidents Washington, Madison, Jefferson and Jackson, and of Vice President Calhoun, in support of the treaty rights of Indians.

Wallace vs Loomis et al, bondholders of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, from the southern district of Alabama. Affirmed.

THE GREAT WAR.

Next to the Last Foot-Hold o the Turks Gone—The Russians Enter Adrianople Without Opposition—Women and Children Fleeing to Constantinople—Great Suffering and Distress—The Reported Conditions of Peace.

LONDON, Jan 21.—A Russian official telegram, dated Kezantik, Friday, states that the Turkish peace delegates arrived at Hermanli, Thursday, and were received with military honors by order of Grand Duke Nicholas. They started with escort for Kezantik, where they were expected to arrive Saturday.

The *Standard's* Constantinople correspondent denies that the surrender of Adrianople has been agreed to in consequence of the demand of Russia. He asserts that the Turks decided not to defend the place because it was considered untenable.

The same correspondent, telegraphing Sunday evening, says that it has been impossible to communicate by telegraph with Adrianople for three hours. It is probable that the Russians have entered it.

The correspondent of the *Times* at Pera, telegraphing Sunday, announces that the Russians have entered Adrianople.

The *Times'* Athens correspondent says the troops at Chalcis have been ordered to march to the frontier immediately.

The *Daily Telegraph's* correspondent at Pera says negotiations have been commenced. It is stated that the Turkish plenipotentiaries have been instructed that they may offer to make Batoum a free port, cede the territory on the Asian frontier nearly as far as Kars and dismantle the fortifications of Kars and Erzeroum. They may also propose the following programme for discussion by an European conference: The Balkans to be considered the southern limit of Bulgaria; Roumania to be independent; the Dardanelles to be open to men-of-war of all nations, and the settlement of the Montenegrin and Servian questions to be temporarily deferred. Difficulties have already arisen. It is reported that Russia has demanded that Adrianople be included in Bulgaria; also the cession of Batoum, and the opening of the Dardanelles to Russian and Turkish men-of-war only.

The *Daily Telegraph* prints the following, dated Constantinople, yesterday: "Mr Master, agent of the English Relief Fund, has just arrived here with a train full of refugees from Adrianople. These unhappy people have been in open cattle trucks three days. Many perished from cold weather. Last night fifteen were found dead in the trucks. The sufferings of all are described as awful. Mothers are reported in their frenzy to have thrown away their living babies rather than see them die in their arms. As the train moved from Adrianople, numbers of people tried to cling to the outside and frame work of the carriages and many attempted to ride on the buffers. At one station where hundreds of people had congregated without food for two days, men threatened Mr Master with violence if bread was not given to them. Yesterday there were 15,000 women and children out in the snow at Charlon. Three trains full are hourly expected to arrive at Constantinople. It is not known where they will find shelter. The snow is several inches deep and is still falling, and the cold is intense. All that can possibly be done is being effected by the Administrators' Relief Fund, but many lives are being sacrificed."

BELGRADE, Jan 21.—The Servian troops captured Pristina, and also reoccupied Kershumli after an engagement in which the Turks lost four hundred killed and wounded. Four hundred and fifty Turks were captured.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Henri Regnault and Antone Becognier, distinguished physicians of Paris, are dead.

It is stated that a number of the Italian residents of New York have made charges against the Italian consul, De Lucca, resident in that city, to the home government, and asked his removal. His offense is stated to be overcharging for passports, money orders, etc.

Cleopatra's needle arrived at Gravesend, England, yesterday.

The directors of the Mercantile Savings Bank of Boston are exacting sixty days notice from depositors.

Waterhouse Bros., manufacturers of Flock's "shoddy" over-coating and suitings, in Passaic, N. J., have suspended business. The shoddy mill closed Saturday night. Two hundred and fifty hands are out of employment. The overcoat and suiting mill is still running. It is reported that if the settlement is made with the creditors, the mill will resume.

The necessary requirement of a good baking powder are purity, wholesomeness, and reliability. When pure it is always uniform in its results in producing light, easily digested bread, rolls, biscuits, and cake. Dooley's Yeast Powder has a well-earned reputation for perfect purity and thorough reliability.

Now and Then.

It is only now and then that such men as Hon Alex H Stephens, Ex-Gov Smith and Ex-Gov Brown, of Ga., endorse a medicine for the throat and lungs, and when they do it is pretty good evidence that the remedy must be good for the cure of coughs, colds and lung affections. They recommend the GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP, and their testimonials are to be be seen round the ten cent sample bottles of the Globe Flower Syrup, for sale by all druggists in Charlotte. A sample bottle relieves the worst cough and will cure sore throat. Regular size bottles, fifty doses, $1.

New Advertisements.

LIQUID FLOWERS.

The great French Invention taught perfectly in one hour. This wonderful invention we guarantee to instruct any person so they can make flowers and foliage equal to the specimens and before any payment is made. All are invited to call and see the process of making the flowers.

Terms, $5, including a complete set of tools. Specimens can be seen at the Caldwell House, next door to Tryon Street Methodist church. Agents wanted for adjoining towns and counties.

jan20 tf

PERUVIAN GUANO,

—A FINE ARTICLE.—

Copy of Analysis of the Peruvian Guano.

Direct Importation

Ex. Cargo Hudson, Baltimore,

By W. M. HARERSHAW, F. C. S.

Water @ 100 per cent.	2.62 per cent
Containing Nitrogen 6.28 per cent. Equal to Ammonia, 7.63 per cent.	
Organic and Volatile,	25.11 "
Alkaline Salts, &c,	43.72 "
Phosphates,	20 28 "
Sand and Insoluble,	8.27 "

For sale in lots of 10 tons @ $50.00 per 2240 lbs delivered to Steamer; in lots of 50 tons @ $48 00 per 2240 lbs delivered to Steamer; in new bags; actual weight.

J I MIDDLETON & CO.,
jan19 eod3w 7 South St., Baltimore.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Tuesday, January 22nd,

Re-appearance in Charlotte after an absence of over two years, of the celebrated

BERGER FAMILY

and their

GREAT COMPANY OF STAR ARTISTS.

Lady Orchestra,

Ladies' Silver Cornet Band,

Swiss Bell Ringers,

Vocalists and Commedians.

THE MOST ELEGANT COMPANY IN AMERICA,

And a corps of artists, who, in their respective specialties,

Have NO EQUALS in the World,

Will appear

as above and offer a programme comprising songs duets, refined humorous delineations, character sketches, orchestral overtures, Swiss Bell music, Cornet Band Quicksteps, and Solos on the Cornet, Violin, Saxophone Zilophone, etc., etc., and introducing the latest and most attractive novelties of the day.

13 Talented Artists Will Appear

POPULAR PRICES.

The management respectfully announce that in view of the stringency of the times, and yielding to the general demand for low prices, notwithstanding the fact that the company they bring this season is the strongest in point of artistic talent, and the most expensive they have ever travelled with, they announce the following scale of prices: Admission 75 and 50 cents. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR RESERVED SEATS which can be secured at the Central Hotel News Stand. jan16 1w

H. Morris & Bros.

MD STEELE is with Messrs H Morris & Bros. where he would be glad to see his friends or receive their orders.

Ten Cent Column.

FOR SALE—A choice lot of Cedar Posts. Orders can be left at Mayer & Ross.
jan22 2t R B WALLACE.

For Sale: Fifty shares of stock in the Merchants & Farmers National Bank. Apply to Dr J M MILLER.
jan20 3t

HOUSE for RENT—A residence on Fifth street, with four rooms and basement. Apply to J L DEATON.
jan19 3t

STORE FOR RENT—For the year 1878 the store room in the Grier & Alexander building, adjoining W N Pratber & Co's.
dec29 tf J L MOREHEAD.

GLOVES.

IN OUR

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

WE

TO-DAY!

Offer our Entire Lot of 50 and 75 cent

Colored Berlin (lined) and Town-made

CLOTH GLOVES,

at the

CLOSING PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Our $1.00 and $1.25 at

CLOSING PRICE, 50 CENTS.

The Grand Rush Continues.

COME EARLY.

E. D. LATTA & BRO.

A LANDMARK GONE.

THE WELL-KNOWN FIRM OF

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS

HAS THIS DAY CEASED TO EXIST,

and the business is now carried on by the undersigned in his own name. I assume all just liabilities of the old firm and overtake all claims due it.

I enter the commercial battle-field with grateful thanks to the citizens of Charlotte and the public in general for the very many marks of confidence they ever evinced towards our firm, and to me personally, and my greatest aim in the future will be to so conduct myself and my business as to remain worthy of a continuance of their favors and esteem.

To those indebted to the old firm, I call upon "not to be backward" in coming forward to settle, and start their accounts with me. Very respectfully,

S. WITTKOWSKY.

TO THE CUSTOMERS OF THE OLD FIRM:

I beg to say that the business will be carried on, in all its branches, as heretofore, and that I have greatly replenished my Stock, which is now splendidly assorted with new and seasonable Goods. *S. WITTKOWSKY.*

Jan 19, 1878.