The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, - - Editor and Proprietor

"Free from the doting scruples that fetter our free-born reason."

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1879.

GEN. SHERMAN ON SOUTHWARD EMIGRATION.

Gen. Sherman's recent tour through the South has been the occasion of an elaborate expression of his views with regard to the occupation of the section devastated by the late war, and in a letter written in reply to one from Capt. E. P. Howell, of Atlanta, Georgia,—of the editorial staff of the *Constitution*, of that city—he gives it as his opinion that the northerly part of what are known as the Southern States are more Northern than Southern in climate and general character; so that inducements are offered to settlers from the North unsurpassed by those of Western districts, to which people have flocked for years, until a wilderness has become a flourishing and wealthy civilized country. The one great objection to emigration to the South was the existence of slavery, which hindered settlers from making use of the immense natural advantages. But this preventive cause no longer obtains, and everything points to progressive and favorable development.

No man has had better opportunities for observation than Gen. Sherman. He went across Georgia by stage and back on horse back in 1843-'44, when Atlanta had no existence. In 1864 "I conducted," he says, "as all the world knows, a vast army from Chattanooga to Atlanta and Savannah; and just now have passed over the same district in railway cars." He has had similar facilities for observation in the West and Northwest. As to social ostracism, nothing of the sort exists; and Gen. Sherman, the terror and detestation of Georgians during the war, was received with generous Southern hospitality, as a gentleman and a fellow-countryman, the differences of fifteen years ago being forgotten or ignored.

Carpet-baggers are hated by Georgians, as by the people of every other Southern State, but this term does not apply, as we have often been at pains to set forth, to people who come South to settle and to make of themselves Georgians, Carolinians, Virginians, or what not, but to political tricksters who, immediately after the war, took advantage of the disturbed state of the country to bleed us by political machinery, and left with their ill-gotten gains as soon as they became known as thieves and blackguards. People coming from other States to live here are welcomed, and have as good a chance as natives to obtain wealth and influence. "Let the emigrant to Georgia," says Gen. Sherman,—and what he says of Georgia is equally applicable to every other Southern State—feel and realize that his business and social position result from his own industry, his merits and virtues, and not from the accidental place of his birth, and soon the great advantages * * * * will fill your country."

Gen. Sherman takes so lively an interest in this matter, that he takes pains to point out how agencies should be established and mills, etc., built, to induce immigration and to provide means for thoroughly utilizing the grand opportunities. He closes his interesting letter by asserting that the first century of our country has been its infancy, subject to the diseases of childhood, but that now having entered upon its young manhood, it should cast aside all puerile jealousies and animosities, and act with generous common sense, as Southerners are only too ready to do.

Upon the whole Gen. Sherman's letter in this case manifests a very different spirit from that which has marked the great part of his writings and speeches in reference to the Southern question since the war. It is gratifying to note this radical change in the sentiments of the general of the army—to observe that personal observation has brought him to see the South and the Southern question as it really is.

LEGISLATIVE OBSERVATIONS.—If a person did not know to the contrary, the number of bills now being introduced into the Legislature would lead to the conclusion that there is not now and never was a law in North Carolina. This law-making business is a wonderful thing anyhow, an annual crop of laws appearing to be as necessary as an annual crop of corn or potatoes.

There are 999 men who can talk loudly of high taxes and extravagance in government to one who is able to suggest a sensible and practical remedy. The remedy is what the people are interested in knowing.

The prisoners in Dedell jail are a very foolish lot of fellows. Every now and then they go out for a stroll, but unwisely choose their hour and thus lay themselves liable to be interfered with. They should know that the early morning, before daybreak, is much the most pleasant time to be out in the fresh air anyway, and that by changing their hours they may go forth and enjoy the beauties of nature unmolested. At any rate we drop this suggestion for their benefit, knowing that they must be very tired of being bothered and fooled with by a parcel of people continually running after them every time they go out to the country.

THE FEE AND STATE DEBT BILLS.—We print this morning the bill which has been introduced in the General Assembly by the committee on salaries and fees to establish the fees of the clerks of the Supreme and Superior courts, sheriffs and others. We print also the bill to compromise, commute and settle the State debt, introduced by the committee on State debt, and which will have the support of this very influential committee. No decisive action has been taken upon either of these bills, nor any action which would indicate what the ultimate fate of either will be. At present the bills are printed merely for the information of our readers.

CHEW JACKSON'S BEST SWEET NAVY TOBACCO.

THE TEST OATH FOR JURORS.

It greatly to be hoped that the Democrats in Congress will press their project for the abolition of the test oath for jurors in the Federal courts to the very utmost limit—even to the extent of tacking it on to one of the appropriation bills, if this is found necessary. It is quite true that the Republican Senators have virtually decided to oppose the measure to the death, even to the extent of defeating the appropriation bill to which it may be attached, but let them go their length against it if they choose, and even let them carry out their last threat if they will. The responsibility will be theirs if they choose to assume it, but assume it they will not. They are playing now at bluff, and it is the duty of the Democrats to see them out in their game. At all events the people have suffered quite long enough from the outrage upon justice and human liberty imposed by this, one of the last relics, of Republican supremacy.

The New York *Sun* observes that the anomaly and gross injustice of this test oath law are conspicuously illustrated in the case of Thomas Settle, now judge of the United States District Court for the district of Florida. After speaking of him and Holden as notable among the rank secessionists who, after the war, and after doing all they could to effect the independence of the Southern States, saw on which side their bread was buttered and hurried into the Republican fold, the *Sun* says:

Settle in his court excludes intelligence, moral worth, culture, and social standing from the juries, because the men who represent those qualifications cannot take the ironclad oath, which is one of the remaining features of Republican intolerance, when that party adopted the proscriptive forms and features of Cromwell's policy in England and applied it to the United States. And what is most remarkable in this connection is that the judge who most offensively enforces the exclusion from the juries could not take the oath himself if called on as a juror!

This is a centre shot; a blow from the shoulder between the eyes. A judge sitting on the bench, does not himself possess the qualification which he requires before a man can become a juror in his court! What a commentary!

AN OPINION FROM A HIGH AUTHORITY.

We have just seen the text of the editorial article of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*—Sam. Bowles' paper—upon the convention of Northern settlers which met in this city last month, and from it make an extract. The *Republican* is a firm administration paper; it is an able paper, and has always been regarded as frank, honest and straightforward. Its opinions upon any question carry weight with them, and its words of commendation in this case are valuable. The *Republican* says:

The idea that Northern men are ostracised in the Southern States of the Atlantic coast, at least, needs no better refutation than the testimony of the 80 men who met in convention at Charlotte, N. C., last week. Lawyer N. Dumont, formerly of this city, called these Northern settlers together from homes scattered from Virginia to Georgia, and their universal testimony was to the kindness shown them by neighbors, and the liberty given them to think and vote as they pleased. These sentiments were put into resolutions for circulation far and wide, with the assertion that the laws are generally as well enforced in the South as elsewhere. As for Southern outrages, the convention thought that if they were carefully sifted, it would be found that the same conduct would have gotten the complainants into trouble in any section. Rev. Dr. Mattoon, president of the colored university at Charlotte, and formerly a Presbyterian missionary to Siam from New York State, was the first man to sign the resolution.

All parties concerned are to be congratulated upon the re-establishment of friendly relations between the Carolina Central and Raleigh & Augusta Air Line Railroad companies whereby the Seaboard Air Line route, via Hamlet, is re-established. Our local columns tell the story of this having been done.

STATE NEWS.

The estate of the late J. G. Williams, of Raleigh, is valued at $450,000.

An incipient incendiary fire was checked in Wilmington Monday evening.

Two sea captains had a shooting frolic in Wilmington Monday. Neither was hurt.

Mr. James G. Moore, for many years a prominent merchant of Company Shops, died last Saturday.

Col. Duncan K. MacRae, is to lecture fortnightly in Wilmington under the auspices of the library association.

Alamance *Gleaner*: It has been nearly half a century since the organization of the Pleasant Hill temperance society. A book containing the minutes of its meetings and the list of names who have signed the pleege has been kept for forty-six years. Some time prior to this a number of the leading citizens in this vicinity from the counties of Chatham, Alamance and Randolph met and drew up the pledge in these words—"We, whose names are fixed to this agreement, do severally and unitedly promise that we will not in any case use ardent spirit ourselves, or procure or furnish it for others as an article of entertainment."

Wilmington *Sun*, of Tuesday: In a house on the corner of Eleventh and Wooster streets, occupied by two colored women named Sarah Allen and Virginia Ann Hines, a little child was found lying dead on the floor. The story of the affair is a most disgusting one. The child's parents are dead and it was sent to the house of these two women—one of whom was its aunt—for keeping. After starving it almost to death, they beat it throughout almost the entire Saturday night, each one taking it turn about with the switch, and finally left it lying on the floor where it was found dead in the morning. On the decision of the jury of inquest being announced, the women were arrested and sent to jail to await trial.

The Greenville (S. C.) *News* says: On Wednesday last John Allison, living near Dunn's Rock in Transylvania county, N. C., committed suicide by hanging himself. It is said that domestic troubles was the cause, and becoming weary of this life, he secured a pair of leather reins, proceeded to the woods near by, and put an end to his life in the following manner: He climbed a tree with the leather reins in his hand, securely fastened one end to a limb some distance from the body of the tree, formed a noose at the other end which he placed around his neck, and jumped off, his feet reaching to within six inches of the ground. He was found hanging in this position by his friends. From his appearance when found he suffered awful strangulation before death came to his relief, as his neck was not broken.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Naval and Indian Matters in the Senate.

The Bill to Tax Banks in the House.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—SENATE.—Sargent, of California, from the committee on naval affairs, reported favorably on the Senate bill to regulate applications for restoration to the active list of the navy. Passed. It provides that all applications of officers of the navy for restoration to the active list or for advancement to positions on the active list, and also similar applications on the retired list as well as pay therein, shall be made to the secretary of the navy, who shall thereupon order a board of officers, not below the grade of the applicant, to investigate his case and report thereon, and said report, with the recommendation thereon of the secretary of the navy, shall be forwarded to Congress for its action thereon. No such application shall be made except as herein provided. He also reported from the same committee adversely on the Senate bill authorizing the establishment of a naval station and depot at Port Royal, S. C., and it was indefinitely postponed.

Allison, from the committee on Indian affairs, reported back the resolution instructing the committee to inquire into the recent escape of Cheyenne Indians and the subsequent slaughter, together with a communication from the secretary of war and the interior on the subject. He said the committee was unable, from the papers, to make any intelligent report at this session, but believed it a matter of importance and should be inquired into. Therefore, on behalf of the committee, he submitted a resolution for a select committee of five to examine into the circumstances attending the escape, &c. Agreed to.

Whyte presented a resolution of the Baltimore board of trade and a remonstrance of ship owners of that city against the proposed amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill to establish Brazilian mail steamship lines. Ordered to be printed and laid on the table, the bill now being before the Senate.

The Senate passed the House bill creating a northern judicial district of Texas. The bill to supply additional library accommodations was discussed and the bill to restrict Chinese immigration was taken up.

HOUSE.—The House is in committee on the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill.

The House adjourned at 4:30, having made considerable progress on the bill.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

The committee appointed by the Republican members of the Senate to prepare a report to the caucus on the order of business for the remainder of the session agreed to-day that besides the annual appropriation bills the Edmunds constitutional amendment to prohibit the payment of disloyal claims should be pressed forward to final action.

NOMINATIONS.

Joseph Richardson has been nominated postmaster at Houston, Texas.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS.

At an informal meeting of the Potter investigating committee to-day, at the instance of the Republican members, it was agreed to issue subpœnas for Messrs. Coyle, of New York; Wooley, of Cincinnati; Solomon, of South Carolina, and Dunn, of Florida. No other business, although a meeting of the committee is called for to-morrow. It is not probable that anything interesting will occur until Monday next, at which time the above named are expected to arrive in the city.

FEDERAL INTERFERENCE.

An Important Decision by a Virginia Judge.

RICHMOND, February 12.—In the United States circuit court to-day, in the case of Adolphus Gilman, tried for the violation of the election laws in forcibly ejecting a deputy United States marshal from the polling room in the fifth ward of Petersburg, continued from yesterday, Judge Hughes ruled to the effect that deputy marshals at elections have no right in such room during the progress of the voting unless his presence is needed to quell an actual disturbance or if a supervisor be in actual need of protection, or if fraud be attempted. The evidence not being of a character to sustain such charge, the district attorney entered a *nolle prosequi* and the prisoner was discharged.

The German Reichstag—The Emperor's Speech.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The German Reichstag was opened to-day by the Emperor William in person. In his speech from the throne, he said he thanked the members for assisting in the suppression of the socialist agitation, and hoped they would continue to support the government as far as was necessary for the cure of the socialist evil. He announced the abolition of article five of the treaty of Prague, and referred with pleasure to the friendly relations with Austria and the results of the Berlin Congress. He declared that the relations between Germany and all the other powers are satisfactory, and that she would continue to use her influence in behalf of Eurepean peace.

Russian's Plague Disappearing.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 12.—The *Golos* publishes the following telegram from principal members of the Bourse at Astrachan: "According to official and private reports the epidemic has entirely disappeared. There have been no cases in this government for several days."

Republican Gain in a Town Election.

NEW BRIGHTON, L. I., Feb. 12.—Returns from yesterday's town election in this county show a decided Republican gain. The board of supervisors which was last year composed entirely of Democrats, will this year consist of three Democrats and two Republicans.

A Mob and a Resigned Receivership.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Louisville says a mob of two hundred men rode into Campbellsville, Ky., Saturday, in search of J. R. Robinson, who had been appointed receiver to collect the railroad tax from Taylor county in satisfaction of judgment of the United States Circuit Court at Louisville. The search was fruitless, Robinson, it is stated, has resigned the receivership.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Mrs. James W. Wallack, sister-in-law of John Lester Wallack, comedian, of New York, and daughter of the late Wm. R. Blanc, comedian, died at Long Branch, N. J., yesterday.

The coal miners at Ashland, Ky., who have been on a strike the past few months, have resumed work without any concessions having been made by the owners.

Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Diseases. It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are predisposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption, Hemorrhages, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the Breast, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, &c., who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Syrup. To such we would say that 50,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint. Consumptives try just one bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all druggists in America.

ENGLISH LABOR TROUBLES.

A Serious Interference with Trade.

LIVERPOOL, February 12.—Trade is quite paralyzed by the strike, which has now extended to the carters and the whole body of dockers, many of whom were already on the strike. The strike among the sailors has become more general and great difficulty is experienced in obtaining crews save at considerably increased rates.

Yesterday several ships were awaiting crews but the men were firm. It is said that there are thirty-five grain laden ships at Queenstown, and that the owners do not know where to send them. There are many reports of intimidation by dock hands and laborers and others to prevent the men from working until the dispute is settled. The Cunard company have all their vessels in the Huskisson dock, which is enclosed and have provided within the dock walls accommodations for the men brought from Glasgow. The local authorities maintain strict supervision with the police and military, and none but people on business are allowed within the enclosure along the whole line of the docks. There is to be another interview to-day between the ship owners' committee and the deputation from the strikers.

The Consumptive's Only Hope.

Verily, to most people, whose systems are failing or in any way out of order, Oil as a medicine, is the most disgusting and difficult to take. For stomachs do not revolt at the mere thought of Castor or Cod Liver Oil, yet, when those appalling symptoms of decay appear, which physicians and patients alike know are unerring signs of greater waste of blood and tissue than the nutritive powers are supplying, Cod Liver Oil, is the most trustworthy and effective remedy in the world. But repugnance to its taste and odor, reduces the nervous patient to despair. It is then that friends and doctors can do him the most inestimable kindness, he has ever known, by telling him of Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda; by truthfully assuring him of its entire freedom from unpleasant smell or odor, of its marvelous qualities as a nutrient, and the miracles it works, in giving tone and energy to stomach, nerve and brain.

Ease Attainable by the Rheumatic.

Yes, although they may despair of relief, it is attainable by rheumatic sufferers, for there is a remedy which carries off, by means of increased activity of the kidneys—important channels for blood purification—the acrid element to which pathologists the most eminent attribute the painful symptoms—a theory completely borne out by urinary analysis. The name of this grand deponent is Hostetter's, a preparation likewise celebrated as a remedy for chronic dyspepsia, which causes contamination of the blood, with the bile, and a certain means of relief in dyspepsia, fever and ague, and nervous ailments. It is, perhaps, the most tonic extant, and is highly recommended as a medicinal stimulant by distinguished physicians and analysts who pronounce it to be eminently pure and very beneficial. The press also endorses it.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a single vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, New York. oct9 4w

Quicken the Circulation.

Don't let the blood stagnate in your veins. You can prevent its doing so by increasing its volume and purity, by stimulating the digestive organs, and encouraging assimilation, with that matchless vitalizing agent, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. People not afflicted with any organic or inorganic disease, grow wan and haggard simply because their blood is thin, watery, deficient in nourishing properties and so meager in quantity that the extremities are very imperfectly supplied with it, and the superficial circulation extremely feeble. Hence the bloodless appearance of the countenance. But when the Bitters are used to enrich and quicken the blood, the rosy hue of health returns to the cheek, the frame acquires substance as well as vigor, the appetite improves, and no digestive qualms interfere either with its gratification or the subsequent tranquility of the stomach.

The Grand Central Hotel on Broadway, N. Y., is a big house, and it takes a great many people to fill it. In order to do the latter, and to please everybody, the hotel is now kept on the both plans the American at $2.50 to $3.00, and the European $1.00, and upwards per day. An elegant restaurant at moderate prices, is conducted by the hotel.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKET REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 12, 1879

PRODUCE.

CINCINNATI—Flour quiet; family 4.15a5.25. Wheat steady; red and white 90a97. Corn quiet and firm at 32½a34. Oats firm at 23½a24½. Pork firm at 10.00a25. Lard—steam 6.70. Bulk meats—shoulders 3.65, short ribs 4.80a85, short clear 5; bacon—shoulders 4½, clear ribs 5¼a⅝, clear sides 5⅝a½. Whiskey in fair demand and firm at 1.02. Butter quiet and unchanged; fancy Western reserve 16a18, prime to choice do 15a16, do Central Ohio 13a15. Sugar firm and unchanged.

BALTIMORE—Oats firm; Southern 30a34, Western white 32½a33½, do mixed 30a31, Pennsylvania 30a33½. Hay unchanged; prime Pennsylvania and Maryland 10a11. Provisions strong; mess pork, old 9.25, new 10.50; bulk meats—loose shoulders, new 4, clear rib sides 5, per car load, packed new 4½a5½; bacon—shoulders, old 4¾, clear rib sides, new 6, hams, sugar-cured, new, 9a10. Lard—refined tierces 7½. Butter in good demand; choice Western packed 18a20, rolls 12a17. Coffee strong; Rio cargoes 1.1a15⅝. Whiskey dull at 1.08½. Sugar quiet; A soft 8⅝a⅞.

NEW YORK—Flour—quiet, unchanged; No. 2, 2.35a2.60, superfine Western and State 3.15a3.50, common to good extra Western and State 3.62½a3.90, good to choice do 3.95a4.50; Southern flour unchanged; common to fair extra 3.90a4.85; good to choice do 5.00a6.25. Wheat—ungraded winter red 97a1.09, No. 3 do 1.05½. Corn—⅛ lower; No. 3, 42a4½. Oats—No. 3, 31½. Coffee lower; Rio quoted in cargoes 11a15¼, in job lots 11¼a16½. Sugar quiet and unchanged; Cuban 5½a6, fair to good refining 6⅛a⅜, prime 6¾; refined—standard A, 8¼a½, granulated 8⅝, powdered 8⅞, crushed 9⅛. Molasses steady; New Orleans 25a37, Porto Rico, old 22a25, new 30a38. Rice unchanged. Pork—mess on spot 8.85a9.00. Lard 6.95. Whiskey quiet at 1.07½. Freights quiet.

COTTON.

NORFOLK—Steady; middling 9⅝c.; net receipts 1,909; gross —; stock 21,667; exports coastwise 1,388; sales 560; exports to Great Britain —.

BALTIMORE—Firm; middling 9⅝c.; low middling 9⅛c.; good ordinary 8⅝c.; net receipts —; gross 332; sales 210; stock 10,105; exports coastwise 40; spinners 140; exports to Great Britain —; to Continent —.

BOSTON—Firm; middling 9⅝; low middling 9⅛c; good ordinary 8⅝c; net receipts 786; gross —; sales —; stock 2,625; exports to Great Britain —.

WILMINGTON—Quiet; middling 9⅛c.; low middling 8⅞c.; good ordinary 8⅜; net receipts 598; gross —; sales 180; stock 8,949; spinners —; exports coastwise —; to Great Britain —; to Connent —; to channel —.

PHILADELPHIA — Firm; middling 9⅝c.; low middling 9⅛c.; good ordinary 8⅝c.; net receipts 153; gross 495; sales 748; spinners 694; stock 7,321; exports to Great Britain 125.

AUGUSTA—Firm; middling 9c.; low middling 8⅝c.; good ordinary 8c.; receipts 290; shipments —; sales 360; stock —.

CHARLESTON—Quiet; middling 9⅝c.; low middling 9⅛c.; good ordinary 8c.; net receipts 843; gross —; sales 1,000; stock 60,006; exports coastwise —; Great Britain —; France —; Continent —; to channel —.

NEW YORK—Easy; sales 285; middling uplands 9 11-16, mid. Orleans 9 13-16; consolidated net receipts 22,370, exports to Great Britain 16,863; Continent 4,882; France 6,816; to channel 1,679.

LIVERPOOL—Noon—Dull and easier. Uplands 5 7-16, Orleans, 5 9-16, low middling uplands —, good ordinary uplands —, ordinary uplands —, sales 7,000, speculation and export 1,000, receipts 8,200, American 3,050. Futures weaker, sellers at last night's prices. Uplands low middling clause February delivery 5 15-32, February and March do, March and April do, April and May 5 7-16, May and June 5½, June and July 5 7-16, July and August —, August and September —, September and October —. New crop shipped January and February per call —, February and March —.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK—Futures closed steady. Sales 66,000 bales.

February	9.71a.72
March	9.76a.77
April	9.92a.93
May	10.08a.09
June	10.24a.25
July	10.31a.33
August	10.41a.42
September	10.22a.25
October	10

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK—Money 1.03½. Exchange 4.85½a6. Governments firm. New 5's 1.04⅝. State bonds dull.

CITY COTTON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
CHARLOTTE, February 13, 1879.

The market yesterday closed steady, as follows:

Good middling	[illegible]
Middling	8⅝a7
Strict low middling	8⅜
Low middling	8[illegible]
Tinges	8[illegible]
Lower grades	7⅝a[illegible]

CHARLOTTE PRODUCE MARKET

FEBRUARY 10, 1879.

CORRECTED DAILY.

COTTON TIES—	
New, per bdle	$2.25
Spliced, "	1.75
BAGGING, per lb.	11½a12½
CORN, per bush'l	40a45
MEAL, "	50a55
PEAS, "	50a55
OATS, shelled,	45a50
BACON—	
N. C. hog round	8a9
Hams, N. C.	10a11½
Hams, uncanvassed	9½
BULK MEATS—	
Clear Rib Sides	5⅝a6
COFFEE—	
Prime Rio	15a16½
Good	12½a14
SYRUP—	
Sugar-house	25
MOLASSES—	
Cuba	38a40
New Orleans	35a50
SALT—	
Liverpool fine	1.00a2.00
SUGAR—	
White	9½a10½
Yellow	7½a8½
POTATOES—	
Sweet	40a50
Irish	40a50
BUTTER—	
North Carolina	12½a15
EGGS, per dozen	12½a15
FLOUR—	
Family	3.00a3.50
Extra	2.75a3.00
Super	2.25a2.50

Patent Medicines.

45 YEARS BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS, PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURG, PA.

FOR THE CURE OF

HEPATITIS, OR LIVER COMPLAINT,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills, in cases of Ague and Fever, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a fair trial.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequalled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression Dr. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburg, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLANE, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec21

Groceries.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

I have now in store a full supply of Groceries and family supplies.

Just Received:

Magnolia Hams. Also a lot of very large Turkeys.

A STORE FOR RENT.

S. M. HOWELL

feb8

FRESH ARRIVALS, FOR SALE, WANTED.

10 boxes assorted Candies, 5 boxes choice Oyster Crackers, 5 boxes Family Washing Soap, largest 10c bars in the city.

Also 1 fine Milch Cow and one medium quali Cow with young calf, for sale low.

500 dozen PARTRIDGES WANTED.

dec26 B. N. SMITH.

NOTICE TO FARMERS!!!

am prepared to STORE COTTON in my fire proof building—either in basement or on the first or second floors—and will give warehouse receipts on which you can draw money if desired.

Charges moderate.

THOMAS H. GAITHER.

oct12

GROCERIES CHEAPER THAN EVER.

NEW GOODS! NEW FEATURES!

Come to me for Bacon, Corn, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, and other Family Groceries.

Just received, a few barrels of Berry Foster's (Davie county)

BEST RYE WHISKEY.

Also a fine lot of Country Hams. I sell for cash. All goods delivered in the city free of charge.

W. H. CRIMMINGER,
Trade Street.

Next door below Wilson & Black's old stand. ap 15.

COTTON

—ORDERS AND CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED—

—BY—

THOMAS H. GAITHER,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT.

oct12

Hardware.

CALL AT

H. T. BUTLER'S

Stove and Hardware Depot

CHEAP HARDWARE

OF ALL KINDS.

Buy your COOK STOVES from me, as I have 12 good reasons why they will do your work Quick and Easy, Cheap and Clean:

BECAUSE They are cheapest to buy.

BECAUSE They are best to use.

BECAUSE They bake evenly and quickly.

BECAUSE Their operation is perfect.

BECAUSE They always have a good draft.

BECAUSE They are made of the best material.

BECAUSE They roast perfectly.

BECAUSE They require but little fuel.

BECAUSE They are very low priced.

BECAUSE They are easily managed.

BECAUSE They are suited to all localities.

BECAUSE Every Stove is guaranteed to give satisfaction

Boarding.

CALDWELL HOUSE, CALDWELL HOUSE
CALDWELL HOUSE, CALDWELL HOUSE,

Corner Tryon and Sixth Streets,

Corner Tryon and Sixth Streets.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

S. P. CALDWELL, ... Proprietor.

This house is permanently established and offers all the conveniences and comforts of a first class boarding house. Persons visiting the city will find it a pleasant home. Permanent boarders wanted. Can be furnished with rooms.

RATES—Per day, transient, $1.25; per week, $6.00. Regular—table, $13.00; board and room per month, $18.00.

jan10

Holiday Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

—AT—

J. T. BUTLER'S. J. T. BUTLER'S.

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER AND

SILVER-

PLATED

WARE,

[GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.]

Gold-Head Canes and everything you want for Christmas, at

J. T. BUTLER'S.

dec24

WE DESIRE to call attention to OUR STOCK
WE DESIRE to call attention to OUR STOCK

—FANCY GOODS—
FANCY GOODS—

Ground and Cut Glass Bottles, the handsomest in the market. The latest styles of Perfume Boxes, including some novelties, which will pay you to call and examine.

FINE FLORENCE and CELULOID TOILET Cases

French Plate, Hand Mirrors, Russia Leather Pocket Books; also a full stock of English and American Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes.

L. R. WRISTON & CO.

dec13

AT THE CENTRAL HOTEL SALOON,

Cochrane keeps the best RYE WHISKEY, Standard Pure, Two Years Old.

FOR FINE WINES,

And Pure Liquors, Three Years Old, go

COCHRANE'S,

Central Hotel Saloon.

Livery Stables.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.

If you want first-class Carriages, Phaetons, Buggies or Saddle Horses, go to the New Livery Stable.

If you want a Carriage and Baggage Wagon to meet arriving or departing trains, go to the New Livery Stable.

If you want your horses well fed and well groomed go to the New Livery Stable.

Careful drivers, promptness and reasonable prices are our motto.

may28 R. CHAMBERS & CO.

For Rent.

FOR RENT.

The two stores in the Grier & Alexander building on Trade street.

jan26 tf J. L. MOREHEAD.

THE BEST STOCK OF

GROCERIES an CONFECTIONERIES

in the city, at

jan30 LeROY DAVIDSON'S.

Boots and Shoes.

DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES

1st National Bank Building, Charlotte, N. C.

Our stock of Boots, Shoes, &c., is acknowledged to be the best in the State, and we would be pleased to have you call and examine for yourself before buying. PEGRAM & CO.

dec1

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber, Trustee of SMITH & CORFES, begs leave to call the attention of the Charlotte public to the large stock of

BOOTS
BOOTS

—AND—

now in his hands for sale. It is believed to be the largest and best stock of goods South of Baltimore, and is well worthy the examination of anyone whether wanting one or a thousand pair. The stock embraces

AN INFINITE VARIETY,

from the finest to the coarsest shoe made. If you want a pair, or any number of cases, call, and your wants can be supplied.

In this connection the subscriber would state that if reasonable prices can be obtained, the whole stock, both Wholesale and Retail, will be sold

AT A BARGAIN,

either together or separately. Propositions for purchase are solicited.

J. M. B. REYNOLDS, Trustee
& Forbes.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 17, 1878—8weod.

Watches and Jewelry.

JUST IN TIME.

We have just received a fine selection of such Goods as you want for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

Such as fine Lockets and Chains, Fine Sets, Seal Rings, Initial Cuff Buttons, Scarf Pins and anything in the line you may want.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

HALES & FARRIOR.—

dec20

P. LASNE,

From Paris, France,

WATCH and CLOCK MAKER, GILDER and SILVER PLATER,

Trade Street, opposite First Presbyterian Church,

Nat Gray Store.

Every kind of repairs made at once at half price and warranted one year. Every kind of Jewelry or Bronze Gilding, Coloring, Silver-Plating and Galvanizing made at short notice and equally as good as new. Work done for the trade at low prices.

Apprentice wanted, with premium and good references.

Repaired work uncalled for will be sold at the expiration of twelve months for cost of repairs.

sept15

Confectionaries.

THE "RISING SUN."

"CONQUER BY THIS SIGN."

So thought Constantine when he became a convert, because a "*Pagan*" refused to absolve him from the guilt of his crimes, and the "*christian*" readily agreed, and specially manufactured for him a "sign" by which he was to "conquer."

Henry the VIII in turn rejected Constantine's *specialty* and became the "defender of the new Faith" with his six wives, *one* only outlying him. Seven hundred years before Constantine lived Solomon, who built a Temple with out-houses, court, &c., on 20 acres of ground, 700 wives, 300 ditto—a good sized population to the acre. The Queen of Sheba admired his *wisdom* much more than his magnificence, and significantly remarked that "the half of his greatness had not been told her"; but after he declared that "*all is vanity*," built high places for the worship of *heathen deities* and died. Napoleon Bonaparte, on his narrow escape from the inflowing tide of the Red Sea, while passing through on the spot where Pharaoh and his horse perished, exclaimed: "If I had perished *here* like Pharaoh, what a text I would have furnished Orthodoxy" and C. S. Holton to advertise his Confectionerie and Groceries at the "Rising Sun," on Trade street, opposite the Market House, where everything in the above lines may be found, including Ferry's Garden Seeds, Green and Canned Fruits, Nuts, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Pickles, fine Cigars and Tobacco, Toys, &c. C. S. HOLTON.

feb11

Democrat and Home copy.