February 27. INTRODUCTION OF BILLS. The following bills were introduce read first time and otherwise dispose

of as indicated: of as indicated:

By Mr. Graham, of Lincoln, to amend chapter 202, laws of 1874-75, to protect the State's interest in railroads. [The bill provides that the Governor, when in his opinion it may become necessary, may have the affairs of railroads in which the State has an interest investigated by the board of internal improvements, and take such other action as he may deem necessary to protect the interests of the State.] Referred.

By Mr. Dortch, a bill to create a railroad commission, and to define its road commission, and to define its duties. Referred.

PERSONAL PRIVILEGE. Mr. Williamson read the following extract from the Senate proceedings of Wednesday, as published in The Obser-

or:

"Mr. Williamson said that the idea conveyed in the last paragraph of Mr. Caldwell's resolution (introduced yesterday) was totally and wholly false. He was free to say, however, that the allegation of corrupt combination was made by Mr. Carroll, of the House, and he was free to say, further, that he himself (Mr. Williamson) believed that the unsage of the bill was secured by the passage of the bill was secured by corrupt intuenees to was in 1 2220 Mr. Williamson said that in this he

was misrepresented, by the reporter imperfectly hearing him, and read the following as the language he believed he used on that occasion:

he used on that occasion:

"I pronounce the assertion that I had charged a corrupt influence was used in the passage of the so-much-laiked of railroad did to be a slander but that I would transity admit that I believe that a combination was formed—not, a corrupt one but one perhaps legitimate in legislation. "Only this and nothing mor," as to the injustice done me."

Mr. Caldwell charged Mr. Williamson with insinuating what he dared not directly charge. He (Mr. Caldwell)

directly charge. He (Mr. Caldwell) preferred a bold and open assault, and wanted no insinuations, coupled with disclaimers of intent to impugn Sena-tors' motives. He demanded that Mr. Williamson come out and openly make his charge.

his charge.

Mr. Williamson regretted the course pursued by the Senator from Guildford (Mr. Caldwell.) but he did not propose to retaliate. He had simply availed misself of a constitutional right in offering his protest. He hoped however, there would be cast minus him (Mr. Williamson) no more redections, and with this he took leave of the and with this he took leave of the

BILLS ON THEIR PASSAGE. On motion of Mr. wasten the On motion of Mr. whating the crules were suspended and the bill to make the killing of stock on the Carolina Central Hailroat Indicately research its third reading, as amended by the committee to what it had become first ed and went to the House for owned reference or all road freights with made the special order for 11 o'clock on Saturday. order for 11 o'clock on Saturday.

Air. Buil, from the special commutee on the subject, reported a bill for the collection of the tax on liquors on the principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle. Agreed to This bill is the special order for 12 m. to-morrow, (Friday, 1998

(This motion was largely sustained, and will save a vast amount of time otherwise squandered in suspending the rules, &c:

THE TAX QUESTION.

The special order, the bill (Mr. Alexander's) to provide for levying, equalizing and collecting State taxes, was taken up for consideration.

Mr. Alexander processed to explain the provisions of his bill. He had been led to the consideration of the matter in looking to the wants of the people in looking to the wants of the people when his county men proposed to send him to the Senate. A compromise of the public debt, the education of the people, and the condition of the public roads presented themselves in succession—all demanding the expenditure of large sums of money which he looked for in vain, and was met by the cry of an impoverished, over burdened people. In seeking the means of refier he was first struck with the inequality of taxation, and in the interest of reform he began the examination of it. Mr. Alexander then proceeded to recite the results of the present system of Alexander then proceeded to recite the results of the present system of valuing taxable property for revenue purposes, and showed glaring abuses. The next discovery was the extent to which instanced one class of securities amounting to \$225,000 the compose on which are collected in the State, not one dollar of which appeared on the tax list. Most of the abuses here recited pertained to his own county, and it was to some extent the case with all other counties. To such an extent had this concealment been carried, that it now assumed the impudent shape of interest drawn from county treasuries and not given in for taxation. Whilst his own county was much to blame in this matter, she still gave in more taxable property by 33½ per cent. than most other counties of the State. Mr. Alexander next examined the system of giving in taxes, and showed that in the

ander next examined the system of giving in taxes, and showed that in the main it was mere guess work; so of the mode of assessment—the assessors failing to go on the land they are called upon to value. His bill, he said, proposed to remedy these evils and to provide a system by which property shall be fairly valued, with the improvements thereon down to \$100 in value. By the present system the middle class paid the bulk of the taxes, whilst from moneyed men the State get what she could. The extraordinary burdens of the merchant tax was dwelt upon. paid the bulk of the taxes, whilst from moneyed men the State got what she could. The extraordinary burdens of the merchant tax was dwelt upon. The bill under consideration was not to be confounded with the machinery bill. It was simply a bill to provide by general law for the levying equalizing, and collecting the taxes—a system unconnected with the merce machinery bill—equitable and just, giving no advantage to any one.

It was were to bit the bear of the constitution advantage to any one.

It was were to bit the bear of the constitution, and if such should be done, it forces the State to pay the whole debt. That capital would not come to a country where the public debt is of doubtful amount, and where, consequently, it is not more than the State can be and reliable man on to bear. That the amount of the debt is not more than the State can bear.

The amendment was the safe as in 160. That the safe as the work of the office. That the work of the office. That the work of the office. That the secretary could not have a \$500 clark but minst employ a competent amount, and where, consequently, it is not bear. That the amount of the constitution.

The amendment was the safe as in 160. That the only fixed by the same as the work of the office. That the safe as in 160. That the safe as the work of the office. That the pay of good bank officers was not less than \$2,000 or \$2,500. That the safe as in 160. That the only fixed by the safe as in 160. That the only fixed by the safe as the work of the office. That the safe as the work of the office. That the safe as the work of the office had increased. That no two men could do the work of the office. That the safe as the work of the office had increased. That safe as the work of

ander next examined the system of

massachus t. s. New York, Ohio, Michigan and indiana, whilst other States had incorporated in their laws many of the features of this.

Mr. Henderson said the committee of finance had fully considered the bill of Mr. Alexander but had come to the conclusion that though good in many respects, it would not be notice or pedient to adopt it at this time. The committee had adopted many of the suggestions of the bill, and thought it better to wait and see how they would work before adopting more of them. Some features of the bill he was unwilling to shoulder a burden to work before adopting more of them. Some features of the bill he was unwilling to shoulder a burden the proposal industry of finance had adopted many of the suggestions of the bill, and thought it better to wait and see how they would work before adopting more of them. Some features of the bill he was unwilling to shoulder a burden the proposal industry of finance had adopted the state. He did not think the bonds of his amendment and against the bill. He was unwilling to shoulder a burden the proposal industry of finance had adopted the state. He did not think the bonds of his amendment and against the bill. He was unwilling to shoulder a burden the proposal industry of finance had adopted the state. He did not think the bonds of his amendment and against the bill. He was unwilling to shoulder a burden the proposal industry of the State. He did not think the bonds of his amendment and against the bill. He was unwilling to shoulder a burden the proposal industry of the state. He did not think the bonds of his amendment and against the bill. He was unwilling to shoulder a burden to be stated to a motion of Mr. Show ander a seed the time for the proposal the further consideration of honesty. That there was fedure to be a burden to be

he bill for the present, and it went er i co stitution exempting the State irons wit, would be repealed, and then well known

CALENDAR. The consideration of the calendar was resumed.

Mouse bill to authorize the use of an abridged edition of Moore's History of the State in the public schools passed its final readings.

House bill to incorporate the State University Railroad Company: passed its final reading and was ondered to be envelled. House bill for the protection of fish in the Yadkin and Catawba rivers passof its final readings; enrolled the line of the final readings; enrolled the line of the supplemental to the act chartering the Chester, Lenoir & Caldwell Railroad Company passed its third reading, amended, and goes to the House for concurrence.

CORRECTION.—The following paragraph, from the debate on the Wilmington, Charlotte & Western Railroad in yesterday's Senate proceedings was erroneously put into the mouth of Mr. Liwin (who would willingly have bolted it), but it belongs to Mr. Bynum, who is prepared to take the responsibil-

ity of the publication:
"Mr. Erwin followed. He also referred to the advantageous connection at:
Charlotte without breaking bulk. He referred to the original charter. It was a western enterprise, advocated and passed as such, and he insisted it was but a matter of ordinary good faith to see that justice was done to the western

DE L. H. MCADEN. House bill to provide convicts (50) for the Rabum Gap Short Line Railroad, passed its final readings and was ordered to be enrolled. House bill in relation to birds also passed and was ordered to be enrolled.

the treasury, and showed that during the months January and February there had been paid out nearly \$50,000 for this purpose, much of which was squandered, and little of which really squandered, and little of which really went to the relief or support of the afficted, and it was shown that with the saving of this vast amount, steadily increasing, the additional asylums can soon be finished, and the insane receive proper treatment. It was contended to amend so as to subject the being required to the counties by the counties to the counties by the counties to the c that the counties, by being required to provide for the outside insune, the waste and abuse complained of would be Yeas—Messrs, Anderson, Angey Aradiceles and abuse complained of would be avoided. It was also contended that if the State was required to support, directly from the treasury, the outside insane, it was equally its duty to provide for idiets and all other afflicted persons not otherwise provided for. The advocates of the bill held it to be strictly constitutional. While that instrument made it mandatory that they should be supported by the State, it could not be pretended by the State street by the State, it could not be pretended by the state of the State of State

These views were supported Messrs. Erwin, Henderson, Scales, Williamson and Bynum. W Those opposed to the bill urged its inhumanity and then sympathy for the afflicted; that the asylum was crowded and that whilst all the counties were required to contribute to the support of those in the asylum, it was unfair and unjust to the counties have a counties to the support of the sylum.

the subject reported a billifor the collection of the tax on liquors of the principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the bell punch, and asked that it be principle of the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the special order for 12 m. to morrow, (Fridge 1) 13 m. and asked that the counties having no particular to the public charges not now in asylums were unprovided for.

These views were enforced by Messrs

Everett, King, Hoyle and Leach.

The discussion was one of the ablest of the session.

Mr. King moved an amendment as a substitute providing that the counties be allowed from the public treasury \$50 per capita for the support of their outside insane. Rejected, 25 to 22. per capita for the support of their out-side insane. Rejected, 25 to 22. The question their recurred upon the third-reading of the bill, and it passed by a vote of 27 to 21. Anjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. February 27.

Bill to amend the charter of the Yad-kin Railroad Company. This amend-ment allows the railroad to construct branches from Salisbury to Wadesboro and Rockingham, and authorizes con-solidation with other railroads. It also gives the road 150 convicts. Passed. Bill to establish a public ferry on the Great Pee Dee river. Passed.

the question from politics.

Mr. Atkinsonnekt look the foor in opposition to the bill. He thought the state was not now able to pay the amount provided for and had lost the means to do so by no fault of its own.

Mr. Carter, of Buncombe, was in favor of the bill. He thought there was press danger in further delay. That

there was danger that the whole delt would be enforced. That the power of the State to pay had been reduced, but the debt was reduced in proportion.

That wilese the debt was settled, capital would not come into the State.

Mr. Atkinson was not to be driven into a support of the bill by the fear of the State becoming liable to snit, nor by the threats that no prosperity would come to the State austif the debt was arranged.

Mr. H. R. State austif the debt was arranged.

ranged.

Mr. Norment thought this was a matter which each member should consider personally. If such a proposition was made to members as individuals they would accept it; that the State is able to pay the compromised debt. He favored the hell-bunch, a re-assessment of lands; a dog tax, and farming out convicts as means to raise the revenue.

Mr. Moring spoke against Mr. York's amendment and in favor of the bill.

The House was not here to send questions.

Mr. H. R. Statems—

Dear Sir. Since second years I have got a sore and very principle of the post as long time, and they couldn't was a let for a long time, and became all wall from your Vegetine, and it hears to hear and bought its una bottle of vegetine; and all they are the pain left me, and they are sufficiently and stables and then a houst one other bottle, and sufficiently and stables are all wall from your Vegetine, and I went and bought its una bottle of vegetine; and and became all wall from your Vegetine, and I went and bought its una bottle of vegetine; and and became all wall from your Vegetine, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and the sufficient part of the pain left me, and the sufficient part of the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and it hears to hear the pain left me, and then a houst for a long time.

Mr. H. R. Statems—

Dear Sir. Since vector the pain left me and very min to the pain left me, and they couldn't want to me and

Carter, of Warren Garter, of Yancey Carroll, Cary, Clarke, Click, Colwell Cooke, Covington, Bavis, of Catawba, Davis, of Haywood Davis of Madison, Deans, Dimsdale, Dixon, Ellison, English) Etheridge Ferrell! Foard, Forbes,

OUTSIDE LUNATICS.

The bill to repeal the act for the maintenance of lunatics outside the asylum, the special order for 8 o'clock, was put upon its third reading.

The bill led to a debate extending to two and a haif hours.

The advocates of the measure dwelt upon the great drain being made upon the treasury, and showed that during the months. January and February Wheeler, White, Woodhouse and Young Wheeler, White White, Woodhouse and Young Wheeler, White Wheeler, White Wheeler, White, Woodhouse and Young

Mn Vaughan's amendment was voted

The hill passed its second reading.
Yeas.—Messrs. Anderson, Angier Ardrey, Armstrong, Barringer, Bateman, thorities, which were amply able to do rison, Hewett, Hobbs, Holt, Horton

Leatherwood, Lindsay, Lockhart, Lowry, Mears, Mebane, Melson, Moore,
McCorkie, McCehee, Norment, Oliver,
Orchard, Osborne, Powers, Rawley,
Reid of Maconalisis of McDewell, Reynolds, Richardson of Columbus, Ritchey,
Reberson, Scott, Smith, Taylor, Venable, Wheeler, White, Wimberly, Weodhouse, and Young-91.

Nays.—Messrs. Atkinson, Berry, tale,
Carson, Chadwick, Council, Ewing, Henderson, Leach, Lewis, Miller Newell,
Paxton, Turner, Vaughan, Waddell,
Wynne, and York—19.

NIGHT SESSION-CALENDAR Bill to allow the Dan River and Coalfield Railroad to change its gauge

Passed. The bill to regulate the salaries and fees of State officers came up as the special order for 8 o'clock. The bill was read, the question being on the amendment proposed by the committee giving the Secretary of State \$800 and fees.

too much. Mr. Foard said that he was credibly informed that the fees of the secretary amounted to \$3,000, and he was also informed that one man could do the work.

Mr. Jones asked Mr. Foard from whence he obtained his information, and he answered that he got it from the

gentleman who drew the bill.

Mr. Mebane opposed all amendments, as the session was so near its close as to render delays dangerous.

Mr. Christ also opposed the aneddment as he thought the fees too high. He then went into a fees too high.

the fees of the secretary.

Mr. Amis opposed the amendment as he thought the amount was fully sufficient to run the office.

Ar. Brown, of Mecklenburg, said that taking the year round no two men could do the work of the secretary's office, and such was the evidence before the committee; that competent clerks in Charlotte could not be gotten for less than \$1,500. He believed that men ought to be paid enough to keep them honest, and he deprecated undue haste.

Mr. Atkinson said that while the fees of the secretary had been increased the

of the secretary had been increased the work had also been increased. He thought the Senate had put the pay too low, and suggested \$2,500 as about

right. Mr. Foard again spoke against the amendment. Mr. Cobb protested against the idea that the House was precluded by the action of the Senate. That the House should act independently, and not because another body had done anything. Mr. Cooke then explained the machinery of the bill. He finished his remarks by a strong argument in favor of the bill, and called for the elimination of bill, and called for the elimination of the bill. He finished his remarks by a strong argument in favor of the bill, and called for the elimination of the bill, and called for the elimination of the bill, and called for the elimination of the bill. He finished his remarks by a strong argument in favor of the bill. He finished his remarks by a strong argument in favor of the bill. He finished his remarks by a strong argument in favor of the bill, and called for the elimination of the bill. He finished his remarks by a strong argument in favor of the bill, and called for the elimination of the bill, and called for the elimination of the bill. and capable officers. He could get a plow boy who would take the office for \$250, but would not guarantee his effi-

Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, again spoke briefly in favor of the amendment, and Mr. Mebane against it.
Mr. Lockhart favored the amendment

Patent Medicines.

amendment and in favor of the bill. The House was not here to send questions back to the people, but to decide them. He thought Mr. Atkinson was misrepresenting his people in refusing material and the send of the debt.

Mr. Tork's amendment was lost.

Team Messis. Atkinson, Bernard, Bernard, Cornell Council Days Friend.

Berry Carson Chadwick Christinas, Coffield Conneil, Dunn Ewing, Foy, Henderson, Hobbs, Leach, Lowis, Melson, Miller, Newell, Paxton, Turner, Wimberly Winde, and York 28.

Nays—Messrs Amis, Anderson, Argier, Ardrey, Armstrong, Barringer, Bateman, Battle, Bingham, Bird, Bizzell, Blaisdell, Blalock, Blocker, Bonner, Bost, Brown, of Mecklenburg, Brown, of Mecklenburg,

PATENTED PROCESS."

VEGETINE THE Last FEOUR over sold in Charlotte. THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation in my family for several years, and think that for Scrofula or Cankerous Humors or Encumatic affections it cannot be excelled; and as a blood purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I have ever used, and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours respectfully. Yours respectfully, MRS. A. A. DINSMORE,

EVON STATE THE STATE OF STREET

WHAT IS NEEDED.

Confectioneries. ALL HAVE OBTAINED RELIEF. BANANAS. South Berwick, Me., Jan. 17, 1872.

Dear Sir—I have had expense in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine without obtaining any relief. In September last I commenced taking the Vegetine, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained iffeen pounds of fesh. There are several others in this place taking vegetine, and all have obtained relief.

Yours truly, THOMAS E. MOORE, Overseen Card Hooms Portsmouth Co.s' Mills.

Prepared by

S. B. B. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS. Vegetine is sold by all Druggists.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S Celebrated American

WORW SPECIFIC

VERMIFUGE. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes. or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils filate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul particularly

sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy, not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and dis-turbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist, DR. C. McLANE'S, VERMIEUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY in any form; it is an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant. The genuine DR. McLane's VER-MIFODE bears the signatures of C. McLane and FLEMING BROS. on the and for Chryslans, :0:-

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS 311 Broadway, New York

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the that flesh is held to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Billious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Head-ache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND PENERS No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. equaled. BEWARE OF INITATIONS.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression Dr. McLane's Liver Pills. The box Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLane and FLEMING BROS. C. McLann's Lavan Palls, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pal, the market being full of imitations of the mane MicLane, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

The Carocaviesore) and

trai Reilroad an indictable PAMILY GROCERIES.

reeding atong the sides of I have now in store a full supply of Groceries and amily supplies west about the will

TURKEYS! TURKEYS! TURKEYS! TURKEYS! Pure Bronze, very large and fine.

S. M. HOWELL SEED OATS, &C.

BOO Bushels Seed Oats.
56 Bushels N. C. Irish Potatoes.
Com. Flour and Wheat Bran.
Baled Hay, Shucks and Fodder. HEAVY GROCERIES, &C. Just received and for sale by A STATE & SMALLIAMS & FINGER

Feb. 20, 1879. C O T T ON ORDERS AND CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

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BALEXANDER & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. St. 2 and a representation College Street, Charlotte, N. C.,

We handle more general country produce than any house in the city, and still solicit further concenting nations from all parties who are willing to be satisfied with the best job we can put up on this market. All those who cannot be pleased with our best efforts, are respectfully requested to send their goods to somebody eige. GEOCERIES CHEAPER THAN EVER.

NEW FEATURES! Theatrical People and Ching-Come to the for Bacon, Corn, Sugar, Coffee, Mo lasses, and other Family Groceries.

Just received, a few barrels of Berry Fester's (Duyle county).

BEST RYE, WHISKEY.

Also a fine lot of Country Hams. I sell for each.
All goods delivered in the city free of charge.
W. H. CRIMMINGER.
Trade Street,
April Next door below Wilson & Black's old stand. AD/15. 70111

NOTHER FRESH ARRIVAL OF

CHOICE HAMS,

Breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef and Tongues. Also, Magnolia and P. T. George's Hame, Lard In tabs, kettles, buckets and kits.

> Leroy DAVIDSON. Smokers who are judges pronounce our SENIOR

5 cent Cigar the best yet. LEROY DAVIDSON.

Try Blackmur's Twin Pure Smoking Tobacco, at Leroy DAVIDSON'S.

splendid line of Kegs, from 1 to 10 gallons Churns, Buckets, Cedar water cans (brass hoops); Leroy DAVIDSON.

No other house in the city can make any claim to GROCERIES

Complete in every respect.

Consumers of tea will find the only first class stock of TEA in the city at LEROY DAVIDSON'S. Beal Estate.

REAL ESTATE, MINING AND IMMIGRATION AGENCY.

ply provides to submiriting the ques log to an election of dar the qualifier voters of either munities upon the polition of openally of sa Advertise free of cost, all properties placed in my.

hands and manufactures also in the second of the continues and the continues are the continues.

For selling and buying Mines, Lands and Houses,

be upon real estate only. all divitios in Draytone 3 M storen esentatives. tence question, asht the be

THE WORLD'S STANDARD Tropped ne sig for themselves. itespectfully. bhelly Auror please out 7. FAIRBANDS' SCALES

is tong Creek township, on the 25th uit. sweet little, Moline Bebeern ein draghter of Lackson and Gamentipe Stewart. the seventh read to the glorious school on carth to the glorious school in Paradi

PATENT MARINIONET DE WERS SAUU IN CTOH MART BABCH 75L Coffee Mills, Spice Mills, and Store Pixtures Gene

appropriate green or tradecas I. C. Ball. The Improved Type Writer.

List WH 18 1/2 / Oscillating Pump Co's Pumps. end for Circulars. Host as Joh Honer PATRIANKS & CO. IT

NAME OF STREET BIT Broadway, New York For sale by Leading Hardware Deale

not all to Alledical land and

these days of political trickers, a true friend i the time of need, is a friend indeed; and such a friend is

BALSAM FOR LUNGS It is a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS,

and all diseases of the Lungs, Chest and Throat This well known remedy has been used for thirty years and has cured thousands of cases, many of which were given up as hopeless.

No case, however obstinate, can resist the healing properties of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. Land Remember that it is the persistent use of the alsam that cures the worst cases. JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,

8 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

For sale by L. R. Wriston & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

SMITH'S WORM OIL.

of the postal service

ATMENS, GA., December 8, 1878. A lew nights since I gave my son one dose of the Worm Oil, and the next day he passed sixteen large worms. At the same time I gave one to my little girl, four years old, and she passed eighty-six worms from four to fifteen inches long.

W. F. PHILLIPS.

Worm Oil for sale by Druggists generally. Prepared by E.S. LYNDON, Athens, Ga.
Price 25 cents.



only purely VEGETABLE remetly known to sci-ence, that has made radical and PERMANENT CURES of Syrattis and Schorula in all their 1 14 theretically removes mereticy from the henmatism, and speedily cures all skin dis-

be diviggists generally.

.b. Kaitroads. ..bolio CONDENSED TIME. NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

TRAINS GOING EAST. Leave Charlotté, 8.45 a m 6.55 p m Greenshere, 8.20 a m 5.30 a m Arrive Goldsbore, 5.25 p m 9.30 a m 4.10pm

No. 2—Connects at Salisbury with W.N.C.R.R. for all points in Western North Carolina, daily except Sundays At Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West. At Goldsboro with W. & W. R. for Wilmington No. 4. Connects at Greenshore with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West.

TRAINS GOING WEST. No. 3. No. 7. Daily Daily Date, Nov. 10, '78. Na. 1 Dany. Leave Goldsbord, 9.50 a m 5.35 p m Releigh, 3.50 p m 8.28 p m 6.47 a m 4rrive Charlotte, 12.25 a m 10.50 a m 5.30 am

No. 1 Connects at Greensboro with Salem Branch Al Charlotte with C. C. & Al R. R. for all points South and South-west; at Alp Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. Railroad for all points South and South-east.
No. 3—Connects at Sansbury with W. N. C. R. R. daily except Sunday. At All-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. for all points South and South-west.
At Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and South-west.

THE RALKS BRANCH. Leave Greensboro, daily except Sunday, 8.50 p m
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Leave Columbia 8 30 P. m. GOING NORTH, NO. 4

Leave Augusta.

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Leave Augusta.

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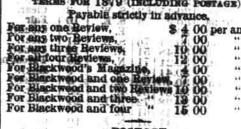
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