The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, - - Editor and Proprietor

"Free from the doting scruples that fetter our free-born reason."

TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1879.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

It would appear that Mr. Randall has manifested extraordinary tact in the selection of the committees of the House. While, as a matter of course, there are some who are disappointed and displeased as to the manner in which they were assigned, we have seen no newspaper statement which does not assert that the appointments are generally satisfactory. He satisfied the Tammany and anti-Tammany wings of the party, the hard and the soft-money branches, and all other clashing factions. The Greenbackers were disposed of in a manner which pleases them greatly, and even the Republicans, with the exception of Robeson, of New Jersey, seem to be entirely satisfied. Of the fifty-two chairmanships, twenty-six were given to the North and twenty-six to the South, and in all respects Mr. Randall seems to have discharged his difficult and exceedingly delicate duties in a manner which increases his already high reputation as an adroit and far-sighted political manager.

As to the North Carolina members, they were, taken as a whole, dealt with quite liberally. They were given two chairmanships, and all of them, excepting Martin and Russell, were placed on two committees. Mr. Martin is on the committee on the causes of labor depression; Mr. Kitchin is on the committees on public buildings and on expenditures in the naval department; Mr. Russell is on the committee on war claims; Mr. Davis on the committees on banks and currency and public expenditures; Mr. Scales is chairman of the committee on Indian affairs, as he was in the Forty-Fifth Congress, and is a member of the committee on militia; Mr. Steele is on the committees on public lands and agriculture; Mr. Armfield is on the committees on elections and mines and mining; Mr. Vance is restored to the chairmanship of the committee on patents and is placed on that on coinage, weights and measures.

On the whole the North Carolinians fare well in the Forty-Sixth Congress. In the Senate Mr. Ransom has two chairmanships, Mr. Vance one, and both are on several leading committees besides.

THE SECREST CASE.

There is much complaint among the newspapers growing out of the recent decision of the Supreme Court granting a new trial to Hoke C. Secrest, the wife and child murderer. The point upon which the case was sent back was totally immaterial, yet for the sake of a mere form more than a hundred witnesses are compelled to again undergo long journeys, heavy expense and great inconvenience, and another addition is to be made to the already heavy bill of cost with which Burke is saddled. All this, however, is the least part of the just complaint against all this delay. The blood of a murdered woman and child are crying aloud for vengeance and outraged justice is demanding the punishment of this most foul crime. The end, however, is not yet, and not yet even in sight. The next term of McDowell court, which occurs in the fall, will bring about a continuance or a change of venue in all probability. This will gain six months' time for the criminal. If he is again tried next spring, there will be another appeal to the Supreme Court, and no one can tell but there may be granted another new trial. The defendant is alleged to have friends and relatives with means which they are willing to spend in his behalf, and if so justice may be baffled indefinitely and defeated in the end.

Oh, the laws are fearfully abused when press and people have to openly demand that justice which the law should execute speedily and without reminder; and we repeat what we have said more than once before, that we have fallen upon evil times when judicial methods are in such contempt that the people are forced to believe (as they are now rapidly coming to believe) that there is no certainty of the punishment of notorious criminals except by that "species of wild justice" administered by Judge Lynch.

CONCEALED DEADLY WEAPONS.—The Wilkesboro *Witness* has made the important discovery that the new law against the carrying of concealed deadly weapons is even more sweeping in its character than has been supposed. It quotes the fourth section of the act, which provides as follows:

Any person being off his own premises, and having upon his person any deadly weapon described in section one, such possession shall be *prima facie* evidence of the concealment thereof.

That is to say a man lays himself liable by walking along the street, night or day, with a pistol in his hand, or strapped around his waist, outside of his clothes, as has been suggested. That is the wording of the law.

A RACKET AT A CONVENTION.—Republican meetings in Virginia are very exhilarating entertainments. At a meeting of this sort, held at Prince George court-house last Friday, for the purpose of nominating candidates for county offices, there was great disorder and during a fight between two Conservatives a pistol was discharged by some person unknown, badly wounding a negro in the leg. The court-house furniture was broken and during the progress of the melee the meeting adjourned informally without having transacted any business.

In the House, last Friday, Mr. Vance, of North Carolina, introduced papers relating to the claims of James and Noah Roberts and V. S. M. Chapman which were referred to the committee on claims; also papers relating to the petition for relief of Anson B. Sams, which were referred to the committee on military affairs.

WELL SPOKEN.—The *National Republican* says:

The Democrats are now endeavoring to repudiate the outspoken, fearless and candid *Southern States*, but it won't do. They can no more get rid of it and the responsibility of its utterances than they can of an obtrusive and clinging wart.

The *Republican* has named the *States* well. "An obtrusive and clinging wart." No designation could be more apt or fitting. It is an excrescence upon Southern journalism and one which clings to it without belonging to it "Wart" is the most appropriate of all names for it. Henceforth let it be known by the appellation which its metropolitan patron has given it. Let it be called the Okalona *Wart*.

UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT ON THE CZAR'S LIFE.

A Number of Shots Fired at Him While He is Walking Near the Palace.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Department of State to-day received a telegram from the United States charge d'affairs at St. Petersburg, Col. Wickham Hoffman, announcing an attempt made on the Russian Emperor's life. This morning while his majesty was walking near the imperial palace, a would-be assassin discharged five shots at the Czar, fortunately without effect, his majesty being untouched. The assassin was arrested.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 14.—While the Czar was taking his usual morning walk, early to-day, near the palace, four shots from a revolver were fired at him. The Czar was unhurt. The man who fired the shots was arrested by the crowd which the firing had attracted. The city is being decorated in token of thankfulness for the Czar's escape.

Increase in the Eastern Complications.

LONDON, April 14.—A special from Vienna to the *Daily Telegraph* says: "The resumption of the negotiations relative to the mixed occupation of Eastern Roumelia, which stopped when the Porte proposed that instead of mixed occupation, the powers should agree to the nomination of Aleko Pasha as governor, the Porte agreeing to the prolongation of the international commission for one year, and to abstain during that period from occuping the points it has the right to garrison, has only increased the state of dire confusion that prevailed when they were suspended a few days ago. Germany has refused to send her commander in chief and staff, and it is stated that another power, which had a leading part in the whole business, has also rejected the offer of chief command. Russia has also raised new difficulties."

Supreme Court Decisions.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—In the case of the New Orleans Canal and Banking Company against the City of New Orleans, the United States Supreme Court to-day affirmed the judgment of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, which, it is held, does not invade any right of the city given to it by the constitution or laws of the United States.

A decision was also rendered in the case of David N. Barron, administrator, vs. Logan Hunter, appealed from the United States Circuit Court for the District of Louisiana. The court holds that the Circuit Court had no jurisdiction and orders its judgment reversed and the cause remanded to the State court from which it was taken.

In the case of the Board of Supervisors of Calhoun county vs. W. B. Galbraith, from the United States District Court of Mississippi, the court holds that since the irregularities on which the county bases its refusal to pay its bonds were committed by its own servants, it would be estopped from taking advantage of them even if if the recital in the bonds themselves of their conformity to the statute were not alone conclusive. The judgment is affirmed with costs and interest.

A. C. Britton vs. the police jury of the parish of Concordia, from the United States Circuit Court of Louisiana; judgment affirmed with costs by a divided court.

Mark D. Brainard, of Montgomery, Ala., and Jas. S. Fowler, of Nashville, Tenn., were to-day admitted to practice in the Supreme Court.

British Troubles at Khyber Pass.

LONDON, April 14.—The *Times'* Lahore correspondent telegraphs as follows: "There is no doubt that bad feeling is growing against the British amongst all the tribes interested in Khyber Pass. They complain that the British are acting as though they intended to keep the pass in spying out the hill fatsnesses. Emissaries from Yakoob Khan have also doubtless been busy among the tribes. Our conduct and intentions must be explained, and the frontier affairs placed in the hands of the most capable officials, otherwise we may have a combination against us which at the present moment would be most inconvenient."

Failures, Foreign and Domestic.

LONDON, April 14.—The old established firm of Charles Gumm & Co., ship and insurance brokers, at No. 17 Change alley, E. C., has failed.

SCRANTON, PA., April 14.—The directors of the Scranton Trust Company and Savings Bank have made a voluntary assignment to H. S. Pierce, president, for the benefit of the creditors.

Towed in Leaking.

NORFOLK, April 14.—The brig Fleetwing, from Sagua Legrande, for Portland, with molasses, encountered a hurricane lasting four hours off Hatteras, and was obliged to cut away her masts. She was towed in here leaking.

Voted the Wrong Ticket.

A colored voter in Mobile, Ala., had been employed by a merchant to take some kerosene oil to the Mobile & Ohio Railroad depot for shipment. He informed the gentleman who employed him that he was going to vote the Democratic ticket—wouldn't think of voting any other. On his return from the depot he was asked for the receipt for the kerosene oil. Putting his hand into his pocket he pulled out a citizen's ticket. "This isn't the receipt," exclaimed the merchant. "Bless de Lord!" was the response, "I done gone an' voted de kerosene oil ticket!"

Nebraska's Extravagant Government.

The Omaha *Herald's* statement of the appropriations made by the last Nebraska Legislature gives the total as $760,679.33, or $280,679.33 more than can be raised by taxation under any circumstances, and gently remarks that "born in fraud, Nebraska had scarcely put on her garments of statehood before the riot in robbery began, and it still continues." It may be mentioned that the maximum estimates made of the cost of a State's government for Nebraska while it was still a territory was but $30,000 a year.

Mem. from Society Journal: "Miss S—— appeared to positive disadvantage because of cloudiness of complexion and—must we write it?—Pimples spoiling an otherwise beautiful countenance." [She should by all means procure and use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture. Rep.]

THE ARMY IN THE SENATE.

SPEECHES BY BLAINE, WITHERS AND WALLACE.

The Greenbackers Defrauded of Their Morning Hour in the House—A Resolution Against General Legislation Defeated.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—SENATE.—The Senate, after the usual morning business, resumed the consideration of the army appropriation bill, and Blaine proceeded to address the Senate.

He said the Democrats, instead of striking out the eight words offensive to them, viz: "Or to keep the peace at the polls," repealed the whole section of which those words were a part, and then re-enacted it, thinking to get credit for originating it; but this law was passed in time of war and signed by Lincoln when he had a million men under his control and could have controlled elections without any such aid. The purpose of the law was to insure fairness in elections, and the Democrats now bear witness to its fitness for that purpose by trying to re-enact it. He derided the idea of military interference, and said there were only 2,797 soldiers east of Omaha, and only 1,155 in the Southern States—about 70 to every million people. The Democratic cry of military despotism would injure the standing of the country abroad, but a European would laugh at it if he knew there was only one soldier to every seven hundred square miles of territory in the South. This was not the real issue. The ulterior purpose of the other side was to prevent the general government from being represented by its civil officers at elections in which it was specially interested, and over which the constitution gives it full control. He would not profess to know what the President would do when these bills came to him, but it seemed to him that the dead heroes of the Union would rise from their graves if he should consent to be intimidated and outraged in his proper constitutional power by threats like these. The appropriate response from his lips would be, "Is thy servant a dog that he should do this thing?"

Withers, of Virginia, said Blaine's remarks would not produce much effect on either the Senate or the country. It was not a question to be decided whether there are soldiers enough to dominate control elections, but whether, under and the operations of existing laws, it was not possible for the executive to distribute and use the soldiery so as to destroy the freedom of elections. It was not to confront a present danger but to remove from the present or any future President the temptation the existing law would offer to destroy the liberties of the country and erect on the ruins of the republic a despotism supported by arms. He argued that the presence of troops at the polls was incompatible with free government, and this was the principle on which the pending bill was based. The Democrats did not propose to shape their course as to what may or may not be the position of the President. He should not attempt to take away a particle of the spinal marrow attempted to be given to the President by the Senator from Maine. He would not interfere with any agency to infuse strength to his spinal cord.

The debate was closed by Wallace, of Pennsylvania, who declared that the single issue in this bill is, shall the executive longer possess the power to place troops at the polls. Their presence is a menace upon the right of free elections. This right is fixed and certain. It comes to us from England, and is part of our system of laws. Its protection rests with the States and the Federal government, has nothing to do with it.

After an argument of considerable length the Senators closed by saying that this legislation places a check on the military power in the interest of the people. We must restore the original principles from which four years of war have diverted the government; bring the military to strict subordination to the civil power; permit a free system of laws, to be based upon free ballot, and expunge a standing menace upon free institutions.

HOUSE.—Immediately after the reading of the journal, the Speaker proceeded to the call of States for bills for reference, beginning with the State of Maine. The first response was made by Ladd, of Maine, who introduced a bill to put the coinage of gold and silver on the same footing. A point of order was hereupon raised by Conger, of Michigan, that the introduction of bills required one day's notice, and that no such notice had been given. The Speaker, after quoting several rules bearing on the subject, overruled the point of order.

An appeal from the decision was taken by Conger, and a motion to lay the appeal on the table was made by Cox, of New York.

The question was debated by Stephens, of Georgia, who expressed the opinion that the decision was clearly right, and that at all events the object of the bill could always be attained by presenting a petition on the same subject—a course which he himself pursued this morning in regard to an object of legislation which he desired to promote.

Conger is now debating the question, thus indirectly obtaining his object, which is the consumption of the morning hour.

LATER.—After a brief argument by Reed, of Maine, in support of the point of order, and by Cox, of New York, against it, Conger called for tellers on the motion to lay on the table. Thereupon Springer, of Illinois, remarking that he wished to expedite the decision of the question, called for the ayes and nays, which were ordered, and on which Conger's ludicrous comment was that he was glad to see the delay was being occasioned on the Democratic side of the House. The appeal was laid on the table—yeas 139, nays 75, but the morning hour was taken up in the objection, discussion, and in taking the vote.

A motion to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution giving as the judgment of the House that the business interests of the country require that no legislation changing the law in regard to currency or tariff should be undertaken at the present session of Congress, was defeated by a vote of 108 to 117.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Among the confirmations to-day were the following midshipmen to be ensigns: Chas. C. Rogers, Tennessee; T. M. Potts and Robt. C. Ray, of District of Columbia; C. J. Boush, Virginia; Richard Henderson, North Carolina; L. K. Reynolds, Alabama; Benj. Tappan, Arkansas.

Fire Record.

CINCINNATI, April 14.—A special says the planing mill of W. H. Riffenburg, at Hobart, Ind., was burned Saturday night. Loss, $10,000.

Slack & Delgruyler's brewery, Charleston, W. Va., was burned this morning. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $5,000.

Death of an Eminent Physician.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—Dr. Isaac Hays, editor of the *American Journal of Medical Science*, who has been on the staff of that journal fifty-two years, died yesterday, aged eighty-three.

A Report Denied.

LONDON, April 14.—A Reuter's despatch denies that the Sultan has offered to depose the Khedive.

POSTPONED.

The Hearing of the Virginia Cases to be Had the Next Term.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—With the consent of counsel on both sides, the hearing of the argument upon petitions of the State of Virginia for writs of *mandamus, habeas corpus* and *certiorari*, in the Rives mixed jury cases, has been postponed until the first Tuesday of next term. They are then to take precedence of all other business. It is the desire of the attorney-general that the argument should be heard by a full bench of justices, and if all are not present the day to which the cases have been assigned, the hearing will be again postponed to the first day when there shall be a full bench.

A case from Tennessee involving similar questions is set to be argued at the same time.

No Other Judges Indicted in Virginia.

RICHMOND, April 14.—The grand jury of the United States Circuit Court adjourned to-day *sine die*. No action was taken in the matter of indicting the county judges in this district for not having mixed juries. The telegram sent hence on Friday on the subject was based upon a statement made by the acting assistant district attorney of the United States court.

Fatal Shooting at Laurinburg.

WILMINGTON, April 14.—A special to the *Star* says D. J. Williams, a merchant of Laurinburg, N. C., while engaged in closing his store, Saturday night, was shot and killed by H. Oglesby. The shooting was the result of an old grudge. Oglesby is in jail.

Celebrating Jefferson's Birthday.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., April 14.—The one hundred and thirty-sixth anniversary of Thomas Jefferson's birthday was celebrated here to-day by a large procession.

A Moneyed Bird's Nest.

[Cleveland Leader.]

Yesterday the men engaged in cleaning Monumental Park of the debris and rubbish, while taking down the sparrow's nests in the trees, came across one in which they found a $5 bill neatly woven. The money was crumpled, but good, and the half-dozen workmen quietly "divided," and went into the task with renewed zeal, expecting to find a few more bills hidden away somewhere in the nests. Strange to say, they found a lady's fine gold chain in another and a number of other articles of less value.

Children cry for it, but they stop crying at once after they have taken a single dose, Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup cures all the pains our little ones are subject to. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Ease Attainable by the Rheumatic.

Yes, although they may despair of relief, it is attainable by rheumatic sufferers, for there is a remedy which carries off, by means of increased activity of the kidneys—important channels for blood purification—the acrid element to which pathologists the most eminent attribute the painful symptoms—a theory completely borne out by urinary analysis. The name of this grand depurent is Hostetters, a preparation likewise celebrated as a remedy for constipation, which causes contamination of the blood with the bile—and a certain means of relief in dyspepsia, fever and ague, and nervous ailments. It is, perhaps, the finest tonic extant, and is highly recommended as a medicinal stimulant by distinguished physicians and analysts who pronounce it to be eminently pure and very beneficial. The press also endorses it.

A Really Beneficent Discovery.

The disgust so generally felt for the taste and smell of Cod Liver Oil is almost proverbial. It seems to be peculiarly nauseous to the consumptive and scrofulous patients, to whom the whole medical profession know it is specially beneficial. Endeavors have mainly been made to disguise its objectionable characteristics, by mixture with coffee, brandy, or by the process of deoderization, which impairs its efficacy as a nutrient.

But in union with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, as we find it in Scott's Emulsion. It retains its healing and nourishing properties. It moreover combines with the other chemical agents, to produce not only a medicine of agreeable flavor, but one of the most powerful and pleasant tonics, that ever gave vital vigor to the nerves and brain.

apr1 2w

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

jan 25

New Advertisements.

THE LAST CHANCE!

50 Beautiful Chromos

AT AUCTION

TO-NIGHT,

At 7 o'clock,

BY MAXWELL & HARRISON,

AUCTIONEERS.

April 15.

1879 1879

THE FOUR REVIEWS

AND

BLACKWOOD.

Authorized reprints of—

The Edinburgh Review (Whig),
The Westminster Review (Liberal),
The London Quarterly Review (Conservative),
The British Quarterly Review (Evangelical),
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE.

These reprints are not selections; they give the originals in full, and at about one-third the price of the English editions.

No publications can compare with the leading British periodicals above-named, reprinted by the Leonard Scott Publishing Company. In respect to fidelity of research, accuracy of statement, and purity of style, they are without any equal. They keep pace with modern thought, discovery, experiment, and achievement, whether in religion, science, literature, or art. The ablest writers fill their pages with most interesting reviews of history, and with an intelligent narration of the great events of the day.

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POSTAGE.

This item of expense, now borne by the publishers, is equivalent to a reduction of 20 per cent. on the cost to subscribers in former years.

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per cent. will be allowed to clubs of four or more persons. Thus: four copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent, to one address, for $12.80, four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $48, and so on.

PREMIUMS.

New subscribers (applying early) for the year 1879 may have, without charge, the numbers for the last quarter of 1879 of such periodicals as they may subscribe for.

Or, instead, new subscribers to any two, three or four of the above periodicals, may have one of the "Four Reviews" for 1878; subscribers to all five may have two of the "Four Reviews," or one set of Blackwood's Magazine for 1878.

Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to clubs can be allowed unless the money is remitted direct to the publishers. No premiums given to clubs.

To secure premiums it will be necessary to make early application, as the stock available for that purpose is limited.

Reprinted by

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
41 Barclay Street, New York

New Advertisements.

REMOVAL.

Having secured the commodious Store Room on Trade Street, two doors below Messrs. Cuthbertson & Long's, recently occupied by Mr. B. N. Smith, we desire to call the attention of the public to the fact that we are now open and prepared to sell select

FAMILY

GROCERIES,

TO THE

CASH TRADE

At prices as low as can be found at any house in the city. In addition to our stock of Groceries, we are constantly supplied, from our Mountain Store, with

FRESH BUTTER,

EGGS, CHICKENS,

And such articles of produce as every family needs.

We have now in stock a lot of choice

WHITE MEAL,

COUNTRY BACON AND FLOUR,

And many other articles that we make special prices on. We invite both city and country buyers to give us a call, and we promise nothing shall be lost by it.

Respectfully,

F. B. ALEXANDER & CO.

Charlotte, N. C., April 12, 1879.

Boots and Shoes.

PEGRAM & CO.,

1st National Bank Building,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Have now in store a nice and complete stock of

SPRING

BOOTS, SHOES,

Hats, Trunks & Traveling Bags.

With them you can find

THE BEST STOCK

IN CHARLOTTE.

ZEIGLER BRO.'S

Celebrated Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes

A SPECIALTY.

They also keep Miles', Burt's, Holbrook & Ludlow's, and other best brands. Gents will find there the Miller, McCullough & Ober, Canfield, and Miles' hand-made Boots and Shoes. Also

THE CELEBRATED AND POPULAR

PEGRAM SHOES.

Call sure before buying. Orders have personal attention.

April 9, 1879. PEGRAM & CO.

BOOTS! BOOTS!
BOOTS! BOOTS!
BOOTS! BOOTS!

SHOES!
SHOES!
SHOES!

AND AND
AND AND
AND AND

HATS!
HATS!
HATS!

SPRING STYLES!

THE LARGEST STOCK EVER EXHIBITED IN CHARLOTTE.

This stock of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, &c., embraces every grade, and will be sold as cheap as the same Goods can be sold by any house in the South.

MERCHANTS

Will do well to call and examine this stock, as it is especially adapted to the trade of North and South Carolina, and will be sold at wholesale or retail on most reasonable terms.

VISITORS

To Charlotte are invited to call and examine our stock, as they will find it most complete in every respect, and cheaper than ever before.

W. S. FORBES, Agent,
Smith & Forbes' Old Stand, Trade St.

$200 IN CASH WILL PURCHASE

A Power Printing Press, Guernsey make, old style, size of bed 26x40 inches. Was in use until replaced by a new one. Address J. C. BAILEY, editor Enterprise and Mountaineer, Greenville, S. C.

ja 14 tf

Crockery and Glassware.

ENLARGEMENT

—OF—

CHINA CHINA

CROCKERY

—AND—

GLASSWARE

BUSINESS.

MR. A. W. LUDOLF,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

a man of unlimited experience in this business, having traveled for 17 years in the West and South selling Crockery, &c., for some of the most extensive Crockery houses North, has been associated with

JOHN BROOKFIELD
JOHN BROOKFIELD,

OF THIS CITY,

in the above business, and the firm thus constituted will be known as JNO. BROOKFIELD & CO.

Mr. Ludolf left last Tuesday for the North to lay in the most extensive stock of

QUEENSWARE,

China, Glassware, Lamps and Lamp Goods, Decorated China and Porcelain, Silver and Silver Plated Ware, Fine Fancy Goods, Wood and Willow Ware, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Bar Fixtures, and many other goods too numerous to mention, for our Wholesale and Retail trade. In future we will handle

SHOW CASES, &C.

Particular attention paid to having goods decorated to order, with any name or monogram, &c., on each article of China.

Give us your orders. We sell nothing but first class goods, and sell as cheap as you can buy at the North anywhere.

LOOK OUT

For Mr. Ludolf's return, as it will be a treat to examine his line of fine goods.

JNO. BROOKFIELD & CO.,
Trade Street, near College,
March 27. Under Democrat Office.

Miscellaneous.

VEST POCKET CURE
25 DYSPEPSIA 25
CLERGY & DOCTORS
TESTE.

Bishop D. S. Doggett (Southern Meth.)

It is an excellent corrective of indigestion. Have used it with prompt beneficial results.

Rev. Dr. Mangum, Prof. University of N. C.

I concur with Bishop Doggett in his estimate of the Vest Pocket Cure.

Rev. E. A. Yates, P. E. N. C. Conference.

It has benefitted me. Send another package.

Rev. Leroy M. Lee, D. D., Meth. Hist'n.

I am never without it at home or abroad. It is an antidote to indigestion. Uneasiness after a meal or purging is checked and the bowels regulated. Its merits are attested by numbers of high character. I have seen a "tried-everything" dyspeptic of fifteen years relieved by one dose.

Rev. Drs. Jeter, Broaddus, Dickinson (Bap.)

It is endorsed by the direct personal testimony of men of national fame and of strictness of speech. It is not too much to say that no medicine ever had such support in its favor as a specific. The word of any one of the eminent divines who underwrite this antidote to dyspepsia has deserved weight. Their united witness joined with the experimental use and approval of the preparation by well-known physicians, removes all doubt. It is, beyond question, a wonderful therapeutical agent. —Editors Religious Herald, Va.

Rev. R. L. Dabney, LL. D., Ham. Sid. Col., Va.

It is highly esteemed here by the regular Medical Faculty and the people. It is excellent for indigestion and flatulent colic—sedative, soporific, tonic, slightly aperient, without nausea.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

For sale by:

DR. T. C. SMITH, Charlotte, N. C.

ODELL, RAGAN & CO., Greensboro, N. C.

THEO. F. KLUTTZ, Salisbury, N. C.

mar 20—d&w tf.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

$200 REWARD.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, March 10th, 1879.

WHEREAS; Official information has been received at this Department that N. B. TAYLOR, late of the county of Moore, stands charged with the murder of S. W. Seawell; and whereas, it appears that the said N. B. Taylor has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him;

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS J. JARVIS, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said N. B. Taylor to the Sheriff of Moore county, at the Court House in Carthage, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the tenth day of March, 1879, and in the 103d year of American Independence.

THOS. J. JARVIS.

By the Governor:
LEE S. OVERMAN, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

Taylor is about 33 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, well set and will weigh about 160 lbs., and when last seen wore a heavy beard.

mar 12d1w5t.

100 BUSHELS

SWEET POTATOES,

Choice and Fresh,

FOR PLANTING OR EATING,

Just received by

LeROY DAVIDSON.

Groceries.

GROCERIES CHEAPER THAN EVER.

NEW GOODS!

NEW FEATURES

Come to me for Bacon, Corn, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, and other Family Groceries.

Just received, a few barrels of Berry Foster's (Davie county)

BEST RYE WHISKEY.

Also a fine lot of Country Hams. I sell for cash. All goods delivered in the city free of charge.

W. H. CRIMMINGER.
Trade Street,
Next door below Wilson & Black's old stand.
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FOR FINE WINES,

And Pure Liquors, Three Years Old, go COCHRANE'S, Central Hotel Saloon.

DON'T FAIL

TO CALL AND

EXAMINE

The splendid line of

—WINDSOR MANOR—

PICKLES,

VIZ:

Autumn Cluster, Stuffed Mangoes, Tiny Tims Gherkins, Martynias.

Also the finest line of

CRACKERS

Ever seen in Charlotte, at

LeROY DAVIDSON'S.

Remember, this is the only first class stock of

GROCERIES

In town. Anything you want in Groceries can be found at

LeROY DAVIDSON'S

FAMILIES,

TRY OUR CELEBRATED

PIEDMONT PATENT FAMILY.

FINEST

FLOUR EVER SOLD

ON THIS MARKET. WE GUARANTEE IT.

R. M. MILLER & SONS.

apr13

Undertaking.

UNDERTAKING

The undersigned is now prepared to fill all orders for every class of Undertaking. Having on hand a full assortment of

COFFINS, CASKETS AND BURIAL CASES

Both Wood and Metalic.

PRICES AS LOW AS ANY.

Hearses furnished if desired.

Furniture of every Description Repaired at short notice.

W. M. WILHELM,
With E. G. Rogers, Trade Street.

june 20.

New Advertisements.

—FOR—

TEN DOLLARS CASH

we will insert a seven-line advertisement one week in a list of 269 weekly newspapers, or four lines in a different list of 337 papers, or ten lines two weeks in a choice of either of four separate and distinct lists containing from 70 to 100 papers each, or four lines one week in all four of the small lists, or one line one week in all six lists combined, being more than 1,000 papers. We also have lists of papers by States throughout the United States and Canada. Send 10 cents for our 100 page pamphlet. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York.

P. S.—If you will send us the names of a half dozen high-priced papers in which you would advertise JUST NOW, if a satisfactory inducement is made, we will submit a proposition, by return mail, which we think will please you. Money saved is money earned. Send copy of the advertisement you will use and state in what paper you saw this.

EMINENT DR. W. F. STEUART,

MARINE HOSPITAL, BALTIMORE,

Writes: I take pleasure in recommending Colden's Leibig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator as a most excellent tonic in all cases of debility, chlorosis, &c. I have tested it with universal success. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED ONE SALESMAN for each State. Salary from $75 to $100 per month and expenses. References required.

LA BELLE MFG CO.,
93 Clark Street, Chicago.

$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the "FIRESIDE VISITOR." Terms and outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$77 a month and expenses guaranteed to Agents. Outfit free. Shaw & Co., Augusta, Maine.