

There seems to be little doubt that the disagreeable state of affairs which has been existing at Washington since the commencement of the extra session of Congress, will very soon be brought to a close by the Democrats passing the appropriation bills, with the provisions recommended by the joint caucus committees, the provisions being, as already stated by publications in THE OBSERVER, that no part of the money appropriated to the use of the army shall be used for the pay, transportation, equipment or subsistence of any troops used for police purposes to keep peace at the polls; and that no part of the appropriation made for the legislative, judicial and executive expenses of the government shall be used to make provision for supervisors or deputy marshals of elections; and still further, that a separate measure be passed embodying those sections of the vetoed appropriation bills which provide for amendments of the law concerning the method of drawing juries and for the total abolition of the juror's test oath. It is believed, and with good cause, that the President will not withhold his signature from the bills in this shape, and while these provisions do not accomplish all that the Democrats desire, they come as near this as it is possible to bring them, and do in some measure counteract the evils against which the Democratic party has been all the while contending.

Whatever may have been thought in the beginning as to the policy proper to be pursued in reference to the war measures which the Democrats have sought to have expunged entirely, it is quite clear that if we can gain the concessions which the caucus committees recommend, good sense and good policy demand the passage of the appropriation bills. That the Democrats have not gained all that they sought is quite true, but it is none the less to their credit that they sought it to the utmost of their ability. If they pass the appropriation bills now, they may be, indeed they doubtless will be, twitted with having "backed down"; but let that pass. When it is all over it will be found that the Democrats have gained before the people much more than they have lost. As to their "backing down," the point has been well made that the party has never, in any authorized manner, declared that it would not vote the appropriations unless the President acceded to its demands. Numbers of Democrats have said as much as this, but they spoke only for themselves; the party has never authorized them to speak for it. Besides, even if it had, it would argue nothing against the party, any more than it does against the individuals, that they have seen good reasons for changing their grounds. Some of the leaders of the party who were outspoken in the beginning in their declarations that they would never vote for passing the appropriations, unless the President would sign the riders with the bills, have since the time of those declarations changed their minds and made the concessions contained in the report of the caucus committees. This is neither disreputable nor discreditable; it is no compromise of principle; it is only a change of form of action after a change of the circumstances which in the beginning governed them.

In point of fact the advantage in this contest, though they have not gained all they sought, is with the Democrats, whatever final disposition is made of the appropriation bills, and the sequel will show it. They have fairly and squarely committed the Republican party to the bayonet policy. They have pinned the Republican Senators and Representatives to the point, on the floors of the Senate and House, and made them endorse the army at the polls; they have made the President declare himself, in effect, in favor of the policy of intimidation and force, while the Democrats have all the while stood in the attitude of defenders of free elections. The Louisville Courier-Journal brought out the issue distinctly and covered the whole ground when it said in its issue of the 20th ult.:

"It is we, we, the Democrats, who have caught you, you, the Republicans in a trap. We have you committed to Grant, and Grantism, a year before your time. We have you committed to the rule of the bayonet. We have you committed to jury test-oaths—by which your own judges and your own prosecuting attorneys cannot sit upon the juries they instruct and plead. We stand on you there. We shall pass your beggarly appropriation bills. We shall take you on your own issue, and we shall see whether you can consolidate the North upon the ruin of the South, and ultimately, the murder of the men, women and children of the South, upon a scheme to make our government a military despotism."

"This is just the amount of it. We shall pass your beggarly appropriation bills." It is not these that we are contending over. We are fighting for a great principle. Superior forces and a hostile Executive have stood in the way of our compassing our ends but we have taken our position and have forced you into ours. We quit the congressional contest and appeal to the people, the final source of all power. We shall see how they will decide this issue between the parties. They are not so dull as not to be able to see the point, however much designing politicians may undertake to obscure it, and there is little danger to be apprehended on account of the character of the decision which they will render in 1880.

It is very doubtful if the Warner silver bill will get through the Senate. Some of the Democrats, who insist that it should not be made a party measure, decline to vote for it, and there are fears that there is a sufficient number of these to defeat the measure.

THE FEDERAL COURT AND THE APPROPRIATIONS.

An advertisement in yesterday's and today's Observer informs witnesses and jurors that they need not attend the session of the United States District Court to be held in this city next week "as the condition of the judiciary appropriation is such that they cannot be paid." Doubtless the statement of Marshal Douglas is in accordance with the facts. This is not the first time that the money necessary to run this court has not been forthcoming. Witnesses, jurors and others will remember that within the past two years the appropriations have expired while the courts were in session at Statesville and at Asheville, the result being much inconvenience, hardship and annoyance. We merely recur to the matter now to point out that the present state of affairs, so far as relates to the court here next week, is in no way attributable to the delay on the part of the present extra session of Congress in passing the appropriation bills. The expenses of the court here next week, if paid fully, would be paid out of the appropriations made for that purpose by the Forty-Fifth Congress, which appropriations run to the end of the two years ending June 30th, 1879. And, it may be added, if the Forty-Fifth Congress had passed the present appropriation bills, or if the extra session of the Forty-Sixth Congress had passed them the first day it met, not a dollar of the appropriation could have been used for the expenses of the court here next week, for the reason that in no event would any part of that appropriation have been available before the first day of July prox., the bills now in dispute providing for the expenses of the government for the two years beginning July 1st, 1879, and ending June 30th, 1881.

NOT ASHAMED.—The New York Tribune having in an evil moment remarked: "It should be understood that we are not ashamed of our past," the Louisville Courier-Journal hits it thus between the eyes: "We suppose not. The stealing of \$8,000,000 from poor, defenseless negroes is nothing to be ashamed of, of course. Neither is the plunder of Southern whites, the disfranchisement, again and again accomplished, of Democratic voters anything to be ashamed of, of course. Nor do we suppose the Republican party is ashamed of the enormous crime of stealing the presidency, and its habitual use of fraud, perjury and force in 1876-77; nor is it ashamed of its bold robbery of the public funds, its enormous waste of the public money, wrenched from the tax payers by grinding taxation, on political favorites. Nor is it ashamed of the scrubby and dishonest and drunken officials it has put in office; of the hideous corruption it has fostered everywhere, nor of its dishonest and anti-republican programme for 1880. The Republican party has passed beyond the feeling of shame. It is the embodiment of meretricious cheek."

LITTLEFIELD LOOSE AGAIN.—And so Littlefield will not pay a visit to North Carolina in company with the Raleigh chief of police. This is not the first time he has defeated the ends of justice, and unless he dies soon it will not be the last. The general tenor of the associated press dispatch from Jacksonville is to the effect that Littlefield is a much persecuted and ill-used man, and it would seem that the people took very kindly to the poppy-cock with which he regaled them after the trial. Not able to get a fair trial in North Carolina, indeed! A fair trial is exactly what he doesn't want, and the fact that he knows that is exactly what he will get if he comes back here is the cause of his morbid inclination to stay away.

THE NEW STATE BONDS NOT TAXABLE.—As there seems to be a difference of opinion as to the question whether the new 4 per cent. bonds used for the purpose of compromising the debt of the State, are liable to State, county or corporation tax, the following section from the laws of North Carolina will definitely settle the question: Section 3, chapter 89, laws 1879: "The said bonds shall be exempt from State, county or corporation tax or assessment, direct or indirect, general or special, whether imposed for purposes of general revenue or otherwise."

STATE NEWS. Goldsboro truckers are now shipping beans. A recent exodus meeting, held at Goldsboro, was a failure. The negroes did not seem to take kindly to the project. Seven convicts made their escape from the guard on the Spartanburg & Asheville Railroad, near Tryon City, last Monday evening. At Transylvania court which met last Monday, there were three murder cases on the docket, but all were continued until next term.

The sweet-gum plate factory of Messrs. S. H. Gray & Co., at Newbern, is no insignificant enterprise. They turn out 25,000 to 30,000 plates per day (sometimes more), which are sent to New York and bring into the State over \$25,000 per annum. The millers and mill owners of eastern North Carolina held a meeting at Kinston on the 27th ult., and perfected an organization by the election of T. S. Hooker as president. The Goldsboro Messenger says they meet there again on the 14th of June.

The Goldsboro Messenger states that at a meeting of the stockholders of the Goldsboro, Snow Hill & Greenville Railroad Company, held at Snow Hill, Greene county, on the 31st ult., L. W. Humphrey and H. F. Grainger, of Wayne, Jas. B. Cherry and E. C. Yellowly, of Pitt, and W. J. Jones, of Greene, were put in nomination and all unanimously elected directors. L. W. Humphrey was subsequently elected to the presidency of the road.

The Wilmington Review states that Rev. W. M. P. Moore, of Summerville, Brunswick county, was preparing to go to Sunday school, last Sunday, when he fell to the floor, speechless and insensible, and died almost instantly. He was sixty-six years of age at the time of his death, and had been in the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church for the period of forty years. Deceased was the father of Mr. Walker Moore, who for a short while, about two years ago, was a resident of Charlotte.

THE ALTERED PROGRAMME.

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS NOW PROPOSE. Uninteresting Senate Day—Fidel Day in the House—McCrary to Get the Judgeship—Interesting Personal and Committee Items.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—SENATE.—The Senate proceeded to consider the unfinished business, being the House bill to establish post routes. The amendments to the bill made in committee of the whole were agreed to and the bill passed. The Senate then took up the bill to amend the act creating the Northern judicial district of Texas, and pending the consideration thereof, went into executive session and afterwards adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House resumed the consideration of the bill amending the statutes relative to the removal of causes from State to Federal courts. Townsend having withdrawn his demand for the previous question, the morning hour is being consumed by the delivery of a speech by Cox, of New York, in favor of the repeal of the test oath laws.

At the conclusion of Cox's remarks the House adjourned. THE DEMOCRATIC PLAN OF ACTION. The result of last night's joint meeting of the Democratic caucus committees was the adoption of the altered programme suggested by the Republican committee, and the Democratic members of both houses will meet in caucus at 3 o'clock this afternoon to consider the advisory committee's report, which will then be presented.

THE DEMOCRATIC PROGRAMME. The Democratic members of the House and Senate held a joint caucus this afternoon to receive the report of the joint advisory committee regarding the appropriation bills. After several hours deliberation the following programme was agreed upon. The House committee on appropriations will immediately proceed for the repeal of the three bills which follow the army appropriation bill, vetoed by the President with the following new section in place of the section upon which the veto was based: "That no money appropriated by this act is appropriated or shall be paid for the subsistence, equipment, transportation or compensation of any part of the army of the United States to be used as a police force to keep peace at the polls at any election held within any State."

The bill extending the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation act of June 19th, 1878, for one year from the 30th inst. for the same sums and purposes therein specified. The bill will contain no general legislation except that portion of the recently vetoed bill known as "the McMahon amendment" providing for the removal of certain laws regulating the payment of pensions. Last year's bill, which it is thus proposed to re-enact, provided for the salaries of all United States judges, district attorneys and United States marshals, and the compensation for "judicial expenses," which, however, were subsequently provided for in the sundry civil appropriation bill; hence it was agreed that the committee on appropriations shall report a bill making appropriations in detail for estimated judicial expenses except per diems of supervisors and deputy marshals of elections, and containing also the clause agreed upon last Saturday: "That no officer shall be appointed and no litigation incurred for any purpose not specifically appropriated for by Congress. This supplemental appropriation bill is also to embody those sections of the vetoed appropriation bill which provide for amendments of the law respecting the method of drawing juries and for the total abolition of the juror's test oath. The bill will also provide that no money therein appropriated shall be used for fees, salaries, compensation or expenses of any person appointed under title 26, revised statutes, which comprises the Federal election laws; also that no liability shall be incurred for any object for which specific appropriation shall not have been made by Congress.

McCrary nominated for his judgeship.

The President sent to the Senate today the nomination of Geo. W. McCrary, Secretary of War, to be judge of the eighth United States judicial circuit, to succeed Judge Dillon, resigned, to take effect September 1st. CONFIRMATIONS EN MASSE. In executive session of the Senate this afternoon all the pending nominations, some three hundred in number, for appointments and promotions, were called up and confirmed en masse. No opposition was made and the long conference concerning them is now practically ended, although Loyd's action will be subject to the bare possibility of reversal in case a motion to reconsider is entertained during either of the next two executive sessions. The nomination of Secretary McCrary, as Judge of the eighth circuit, was laid before the Senate and referred in the usual course to the judiciary committee.

McCrary's probable successor, Murat Halstead, of Cincinnati, and ex-Secretary Ramsey, are talked of for the vacancy created by Secretary McCrary's nomination. BAYARD'S BILL CONSIDERED IN COMMITTEE. The Senate judiciary committee considered today Bayard's bill to repeal sections 82 and 83 of the revised statutes, but took no decisive action thereon.

THE WARNER BILL. At a regular meeting of the Senate finance committee to-day, the Warner silver bill was taken up, but the consideration of it was postponed until next Friday, when a special meeting will be held.

KNOTT'S REPORT FINISHED. Chairman Knott, of the House judiciary committee, has finished his report on the President's veto of the army interference bill, and it was thought he would submit it to-day. He doubtless would have done so had not many members been absent.

"God Bless the Good Duke of Argyle." NEW YORK, June 3.—The Cunard steamer Seythia arrived this afternoon among her passengers were George Douglas Campbell, Duke of Argyle, his son, Lord Walter Campbell, and his two daughters, Lady Mary and Lady Elizabeth Campbell, with their attendants. They leave to-morrow for Canada and will return to England about the middle of July.

An Arctic Explorer Out of Pocket. LONDON, June 3.—A dispatch to Lloyd's List dated June 1st, says: "The steamer A. E. Nordenskjold has sailed hence for Behring's Straits by way of the Suez Canal, in quest of the steamer 'Egga' containing the Swedish arctic explorer, Professor Nordenskjold, and party."

The universal testimony of all mothers, who have once used it, is that it is the best medicine for children teething of suffering with diarrhoea or summer complaint.

NEW ORLEANS JACKSON'S BEST SWEEP NAY TOBACCO.

LITTLEFIELD LOOSE.

Discharged on the writ of Habeas Corpus—Makes a Speech on the Occasion.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., June 3.—The extradition case of Gen. M. S. Littlefield, of this city, who was arrested by a warrant of Gov. Drew, upon a requisition from the Governor of North Carolina, and subsequently released on a writ of habeas corpus, terminated here to-day. The hearing, which was before Judge Archibald, of this circuit, began Friday. The judge, in a long and able opinion, decides that Gen. Littlefield is properly released and cannot be molested. The case excited much interest and the opinion generally prevails that the decision is right, both in law and equity. The general, who is a member of the bar of this county, asked and was granted permission to say a few words after the rendition of the opinion. He said that he did not fear to stand a trial for any charge against him that could be laid by the State of North Carolina, but he did want some assurance that he could have a fair trial on a charge upon which he already has had three examinations in the city of Raleigh without conviction of wrong-doing. He only desires that he play an examination or trial in the interest of justice rather than for the promotion of party or personal ends.

WEST VIRGINIA LAWLESSNESS. Arrest of Seven Members of a Desperate Gang. WHEELING, W. VA., June 3.—Excitement at Littleton, incident to the arrest of seven members of a desperate gang, infested Wetzel county, is very great. The names of the prisoners are Amos Hemeleek, George Ulom, John Ulom, John Steward, John Hostalter, Eloy Butcher and John Redmen. The men were to have been tried yesterday, but no justice of the peace could be found willing to risk his life in doing so, for several were notified by the Redmen that they would be killed if they assisted in bringing any of the gang to justice. The services of Justice Lonester, of the Center District, have, however, been obtained, and the trial has been set down for to-day. Gov. Matthews has taken the case into his own hands, and is determined to have the lawless crushed out. The prisoners have secured the services of Fountain Smith, of Fairmont, as their counsel. A number of the gang attacked the house of a prominent citizen of Mannington late Monday morning, but finding the occupants well armed and prepared to receive them, desisted from their efforts and rode off.

BRIEF FOREIGN ITEMS. The German consul general at Alexandria, Egypt, will proceed to Cairo, to demand a reply to the protest of the German government against the Khedive's decree of April 22d.

The trial of Alexander Solovieff, who attempted the assassination of the Czar of Russia, will commence before the Supreme tribunal Friday next. On the 14th of May, President Brodo, of Peru, left Lima with the consent of Congress, to take command of the Peruvian army, and Vice President Gen. La Puerta took charge of the executive in his stead.

No Case for Prosecution. LONDON, June 3.—A Paris dispatch to the Times says: "Investigation into the expressions alleged to have been used by Manager Forcade, Archbishop of Aix, with reference to M. Jules Ferry's education bill, has shown the charge to be unfounded or at least to furnish no sufficient cause for prosecution."

English Commercial Failures. LONDON, June 3.—Henry Dore, grocer, of Hulme, has failed; liabilities stated at £100,000. Rawthorne & Monk, cotton manufacturers, of Preston, have failed; liabilities stated at £27,000. Fletcher & Ryder, merchants, of Liverpool, engaged in the South American trade, have failed; liabilities believed to be heavy.

The Fight Between Rice and Bishop in Ohio. COLUMBUS, June 3.—Delegates to the State Democratic and Greenback conventions which meet to-morrow are arriving. The contest for governor on the Democratic ticket overshadows all other interests. The fight at present is narrowed down to Rice and Bishop.

Baron Rothschild Dead. LONDON, June 3.—Baron Lionel Nathan Rothschild, chief partner in the banking firm of Rothschild & Co., is dead.

Last Sunday, in Philadelphia, the mercury told 98 degrees in the shade, which is a very lively figure for the first day of June. It got no higher than 100 there the hottest day last summer.

The Death-litae of Our country is getting to be fearfully alarming, the average of life being lessened every year, without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant ailments. A common thing of the year especially, a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are apt to overlook the dangers attending it and often find too late, that a Fever or Lung trouble has already set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, who had BOSCHER'S GERMAN STRUP been taken, a cure would have resulted, and a law bill from a doctor been avoided. For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, BOSCHER'S GERMAN STRUP has proven itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicine. Every Druggist in this country will tell you of its wonderful effect. Over 950,000 bottles sold last year without a single failure known.

Right time to operate in Stocks. By recent communication with prominent stock operators, we learn that now is a favorable time to take advantage of the stock market, by the new organization of the New York and Philadelphia, and the New York bankers, who have been so remarkably successful heretofore. This system is founded on correct rules of finance and is universally approved by the shrewdest operators. The orders of these great firms are massed into one investing profits per rate every month. In this way equal advantages of largest capital and best skill in manipulating the market, are secured. This firm's new circular has "two unerring rules for success" and will ensure you a profit of \$250.00 or more on every \$500.00 you invest. Send for a copy of the circular to the market. Stocks and bonds wanted. Deposits received. Apply to LAWRENCE & CO., Bankers, 57 Exchange Place, N. Y. City.

Forwards of thirty years Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. An old and well known remedy. 25c per bottle.

Chasing Under Disappointment. It is said that the reason why Butler sought the gubernatorial nomination was because he had not been fairly treated by the Republicans. The best advice for a candidate is to be fair to all parties. Try it and be convinced. Beware of counterfeits. June 1st.

To all who are suffering from the errors and infirmities of youth, the early use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great medicine was discovered by Dr. J. C. Williams, a South American. Send a self-addressed envelope to Dr. J. C. Williams, Station D, New York City. June 25.

Deal bravely with the Stomach.

If it proves refractory, mild discipline is the thing to set it right. Not all the mucous discharges and hollows ever invented can do half as much to remedy its disorders as a few wineglassfuls—say three a day—of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will afford it speedier relief, and eventually banish every dyspeptic and bilious symptom. Sick headache, nervousness, salivaceousness of the complexion, furrow upon the tongue, vertigo, and those many indescribable and disagreeable sensations caused by indigestion, are too often perpetuated by injudicious dosing. An immediate abandonment of such medicine and ill advised experiments should be the first step in the direction of a cure; the next step the use of this standard tonic alterative, which has received the highest medical sanction and won unprecedented popularity. June 1st.

Case Attainable by the Rheumatic. Yes, although they may despair of relief, it is attainable by rheumatic sufferers, for there is a remedy which cures off by means of increased activity of the kidneys—important channels for blood purification—the acrid element to which rheumatism is the most eminent attribute the painful symptoms—a theory completely borne out by urinary analysis. The name of this grand dependant remedy for consumption, which causes contamination of the blood, is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. A preparation likewise celebrated as a remedy for indigestion, which causes contamination of the blood, is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The press also endorses it.

A Word with Fractured People. The climate of some parts of the South seems to peculiarly foster three special scourges of the general health: these are rheumatism, periodically recurring fever and consumption, or premature decline always. The result of all of them, when not rapidly fatal, is complete prostration of the whole system, and in most cases, utter inability to derive restoration from the nourishment of ordinary food. Then the doctors all say the only thing the stomach and pancreas and liver, can accept and turn into vitalizing blood and solid fibre is Cod Liver Oil, and the most eminent authorities on the Hypochondriac of Lime and Soda. This is a liver nutrient that the Oil alone, and is besides a splendid tonic, and then it has not the least disagreeable taste or odor, and is acceptable to the most sensitive stomach. June 25.

They Abide Steadfastly in Good Works. General G. T. Beauregard, of Louisiana, and J. A. Early, of Virginia, still continue to faithfully and energetically discharge their duties as commissioners on behalf of the State and People, and will give the next grand semi-annual drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery (the 100th in number of drawings) their personal supervision, and assume the sole management of the distribution which opens promptly at noon on Tuesday, June 17th, 1879, at the opera house in New Orleans. For further information address, see it is too late, M. A. Dupplin, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans. June 1st.

Summer Resorts. SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS. WESTERN N. C. Long and favorably known for their anti-dyspeptic and alterative tonic waters, opened 20th March 1879. Board \$2 per day, and reduced rates for a longer time, and families. Invalids will have the advantage of different mineral waters, and in addition, the Turkish hot-air, vapor and medicated baths, if desired. Springs situated 7 miles north of Hickory on the Western North Carolina Railroad, over the Atlantic and North Carolina R.R. For further information, address the proprietor, E. O. ELLIOTT, M. D. mar25 31av su tu thu

WARM SPRINGS, WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA. HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORT.—HOT and cold water, unsurpassed mountain climate, unequalled scenery, and magnificent hotel accommodations for eight hundred guests. Hot baths, in conjunction with climatic influences, almost specific for rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous and constitutional diseases, diseases of the skin, kidneys and bladder, and maralarial disorders. Send for descriptive circular. Dr. Wm. H. HOWERTON, Proprietor. June 1st.

H. J. ALSAUGH'S CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, LOCATED ten miles west of Taylorsville, on the Lenoir road, in Alexander county—climate as healthy as any where in North Carolina. Rooms furnished with or without board at low terms. Provisions cheap. For further particulars address, H. J. ALSAUGH. Little River P. O., Alexander co., N. C. may 28 1m

Cleveland Mineral Springs WILL OPEN JUNE 1, 1879. These Springs are 2 miles from Shelby, N. C., and one mile from C. C. Railway. Hacks will be at Springs station on arrival of every train. Band of music and other means of amusement for the comfort and enjoyment of guests. THE TABLE will be furnished with the best that the market affords. Rates to suit the times. S. M. POSTON, Proprietor, Shelby, N. C. L. S. WILLIAMS, Superintendent. May 14—dtd

New Advertisements. AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 50 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. \$25 TO \$5000 Judiciously Invested in Wall Street, lays the foundation for substantial fortunes every week, and pays an immense percentage of profits by the new capitalization system of operating in stocks. Full explanation on application to Adams, Brown & Co., Bankers, 21 Broad Street, N. Y.

DEAR SIR: Please write for large, illustrated Catalogue of RIFLES, SHOT GUNS, REVOLVERS. Address Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburg, Pa. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER See that each plaster has the word CA-P-C-I-N-E cut through it, and insist on having no other. Ask your physician as to its merits over all others.

NEW RICH BLOOD! Parson's Purgative Pills make new Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 25 cents. Send to C. GINSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

FOR SALE. HORSES FOR SALE. Jacob Thomas, from Tennessee, has twenty head of good harness and saddle horses, and a few Mules, at Wadsworth's Livery stable. Call and see them. m2v-3t.

FOR SALE. The Bourgeois and Minion type on which this paper was lately printed. It was made by the old American type foundry of Philadelphia, and was not discarded because no longer fit for use, but only because it became necessary to use a different style of type for good service for several years to come. It will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, and in lots of 50, 100, 200, 500, or without cases. Address OBSERVER, Charlotte, N. C. oed5

FOR SALE. That valuable property in this city known as the Tannery of Alexander, Allen & McFee. This Tannery is conveniently located, and has all the latest improved machinery. Bark and hides low and in abundance. For particulars address, A. ISAACS, Attorney for Alexander, Allen & McFee, Greenville, S. C. May 24, 1879—d1av3m4w4m

WELL IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE. Any person desiring to purchase a well improved City Lot, House with nine rooms, and modern conveniences, in a well watered brick kitchen, within five minutes walk of the public square, can be accommodated by applying at THIS OFFICE. dec1-1v

A Card. To all who are suffering from the errors and infirmities of youth, the early use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great medicine was discovered by Dr. J. C. Williams, a South American. Send a self-addressed envelope to Dr. J. C. Williams, Station D, New York City. June 25.

Hand Mirrors, Dressing Combs, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Cologne, Manicure-knives and Fine Soap, DE. T. C. SMITH'S DRUG STORE.

Boots and Shoes.

PEGRAM & CO., 1st National Bank Building. CHARLOTTE, N. C. Have now in store a nice and complete stock of

SPRING BOOTS, SHOES, Hats, Trunks & Traveling Bags.

With them you can find THE BEST STOCK IN CHARLOTTE.

ZEIGLER BROS'S Celebrated Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes A SPECIALTY. They also keep Miles', Bur's, Holbrook & Ludlow's, and other best brands. Gents will find there the Miller, McCullough & Ober, Canfield, and Miles' hand-made Boots and Shoes. Also

THE CELEBRATED AND POPULAR PEGRAM SHOES. Call care before buying. Orders have personal attention. April 9, 1879. PEGRAM & CO.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES! AND AND AND AND AND AND

HATS! HATS! HATS! HATS! HATS! HATS!

AND AND AND AND AND AND

GROCERIES.

Next door below Wilson & Black's old stand, ap 15.

Also a fine lot of Country Hams, I sell for cash. All goods delivered in the city free of charge. W. H. CRIMMINGER, Trade Street, ap 15.

HAMS, HAMS, HAMS, HAMS, HAMS, HAMS.

25 TIERCES.

R. M. MILLER & SONS, May 7.

WE retail nothing but choice goods. Guaranteed every article we sell and will cheerfully refund your money when our goods are not found as represented. A good stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

on hand. We make specialties of Corn, Flour, Meal, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Chickens, Hams, and general Country Produce. Solely correspondence from parties wishing to buy or sell. Respectfully, P. E. ALEXANDER & CO., Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C. May 3.

ATTENTION!

LADIES. LADIES.

JUST received a full line FINE ORANGES, LEMONS, PINE APPLES, BANANAS, Choice Candies and Plain Candies, Choice Jellies, Mustard and Canned Fruits, and Pickles of every description. A fresh supply of GRAHAM FLOUR, OAT MEAL, and fresh Crackers of every description.

CREAM CHEESE. FIFTY BARRELS OF THE CELEBRATED BRIDGEWATER FLOUR. FLOUR. FLOUR.

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF CHEAPER GRADES. CHEAPER GRADES. Sugars, Coffees and anything that can be found in a first-class Grocery House. June 1.

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\$2.00 MARSHALL \$2.00 HOUSE HOUSE

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