

The Charlotte Observer.

CLAS. H. JONES, Editor & Proprietor

ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N.C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1880.

AN APPEAL FOR IRELAND.

We publish below an authoritative appeal for the relief of the distressed people of Ireland, and ask its careful perusal:

To the People of America.

Knowing, as we do, the immense number of famines in Ireland, and how intimately acquainted during the past few months, with the condition and prospects of the people in the distressed districts, we deem it our duty to lose not a moment in laying before the American people the true state of affairs in Ireland, and we think it right to make known to them our readiness to receive, and administer any funds which the people of America desire to contribute in alleviation of this distress. It has therefore been decided to establish in New York a central fund, to be called the "Irish Famine Relief Fund," so as to afford organizations and contributors in all parts of the Union an opportunity of sending their contributions for the relief of the distressed with the least possible difficulty and delay. Mr. John E. Develin, of the firm of Develin & Miller, has kindly consented to act as the honorary secretary of this fund, and Messrs. Develin, Morgan & Co., bankers of Wall Street, have undertaken to act as treasurers to receive subscriptions and to forward them to Ireland. Although all Ireland is at present passing through a period of great distress, poverty, famine and pestilence, and that the following districts: The counties of Mayo, Sligo, Donegal, and portions of the counties of Sligo, Clare, Kerry and Cork. A rough calculation, based on our own observation and the best trustworthy information at our disposal, leads us to believe that we shall have over and above the greatly increased pauper populations of the Irish poor-houses, about two hundred and fifty thousand of the Irish people, in a condition of hopeless pauperism; where, as a timely relief so administered as not to pauperize or degrade the people will place them in a position to avail themselves of the spring work, when we hope that the intensity of the distress will abate, and that all sums thus received shall be immediately transferred to the treasurers of the National Land League, Ireland, namely, W. H. O'Sullivan, M. R. for America county; J. G. for Canada; and Patrick Esq., merchant, Dublin, and shall be used by them solely for the purpose of the relief of the distress in Ireland.

Without wishing to cast any discredit upon or to interfere with the operation of other relief committees, we think it right to point out that no other body is possessed of local organization in famine districts, whereas our organization has been established in every town and village in the distressed counties, and that whereas other associations siting in Dublin or elsewhere at a distance from the scene of distress will, as in past times, be obliged to employ an expensive staff to collect information and to distribute relief, we have already possessed ourselves of accurate information as to the condition of the people, and that we have at our command an efficient staff willing to carry out the work absolutely free of expense. So that we are in a position to undertake that every dollar confided to our care will be expended in purchasing food for the starving people.

We trust that serious and anxious relief funds throughout the country will at once place themselves in communication with the Honorary Secretary of the Irish Famine Relief Fund, Mr. John E. Develin, 23 Park Place, room 58, who will be glad to give further information, and that all subscriptions collected for relief purposes may be at once forwarded to the treasurers (Messrs. Develin, Morgan & Co., Bankers, Wall Street, New York City.

JOHN DILLON.

January 18, 1880. Although North Carolina, and especially in Mecklenburg county, there are hundreds of people who would be glad to contribute something to relieve the distress existing there. The immortal Gaston has said of North Carolinians: "Plain and arless but true, and their hearts open faster. At the knock of the stranger, or the tale of disaster."

And this "appeal" comes not to "strangers" Scotch-Irish blood, mingled with English, pulsates today in the veins of three-fourths of our people, and, before it has been given, will go back to our kindred. Ireland is a part of England, and whatever may be done by Parliament, the Irish or of distress is an English appeal. As yet it is as wide and as deep, and as imperative as the ties that bind the brotherhood of man.

The appeal is not sectional, it is not Catholic, it is not Protestant, nor is it intended to be confined to Irishmen, or the descendants of Irishmen, but it is an appeal to the better part of our nature, and our aims may be given under the pledge of the Redeemer, when he said, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it unto me."

If America had not a single Irishman or Irish descendant living within her borders, she would still have a kindly sympathy with Ireland; and all the more kindly and deeper would that feeling grow with the growth of Ireland's woes, and Ireland's wants. The wolf of starvation does not devour the residents of the towns and cities, and there are willing hands to earn the bread so sadly needed, but there is no one to employ them, and in their day of distress, the stretched out hands and looks across the wide ocean to America, rather than to England. Thousands of dollars to relieve the distress have already gone from our country, but more is yet needed, and who can wonder that the discontent and dissatisfaction are rising in Ireland, and that the cry is ready to speak out, in that unhappy "Emerald Isle," when the first helping hand fails them from abroad, while England, whose first and supreme duty should be to save her subjects, looks on in cruel apathy, awaiting, as it seems, the coroner's jury, and refusing to believe in the appalling distress which pervades thousands of Irish homes, and sends the cry of actual death from hunger, and pestilence.

In order to make our remarks practical, the Observer will undertake to establish an Irish Relief Fund, and will take pleasure in forwarding any contributions received to the proper committees for distribution.

THE SITUATION IN MAINE.

Our dispatches to-day indicate that another government has been chosen in Maine. This, we believe, is the fourth governor the people of that rich State have had since the 7th day of January. Down here in North Carolina when we have elected one governor in four years, we think we have done well, but up in Maine they are compelled to have one every four days.

While The Observer has never attempted to say which side was in the right, and which in the wrong, it does say that the common sense of the business men of the country—take no stock in the desperate measures of the politicians of either side. The country demands peace, and whether Davis or Smith is recognized as governor, the great mass of the people are interested more in having an honest, economical government, either in Maine or California, than they are in which set of politicians come out on top.

But seriously, we regard this Maine embroglio as an affair very much to be regretted, no matter how it may end. It is but the echo of what was seen in the South only a few years ago. In North Carolina in 1868, we saw a State government inaugurated and clothed with the panoply of State sovereignty, which never had the sanction of the people of the State. Men were put into office not only without regard to the will of the people, but in defiance of that will. Forty thousand of the best people were officially disfranchised, and eighty thousand freedmen were clothed with the ballot, to vote for delegates to a convention, which was to say whether they were to be allowed a vote or not. A wild mob seized the reins of the State government, and the United States authorities were called upon to assist, and did assist with military force to retain in power, many shameless adventurers and wily scoundrels, and camp followers. In other Southern States even more shameless perversion of the people's rights was submitted to, because the mailed hand of military power wielded the sword, and obeyed the partisan hate of the conqueror toward the conquered.

The people of the North were careless or indifferent about our fate. So they were when the eight by seven commission installed Mr. Hayes into office as president, over the rightfully elected person, because it was the South that was cheated. How is it now? It cannot be claimed that the present disturbance in Maine is any part of the Republican party that grew out of the war. It is merely a struggle between the politicians of both sides for the power and prestige of success, and the emolument that grow out of that success. It is more, it is the demoralization of the example of what was done in the South. The villainy of the Louisiana outrage, when the soldiers of Gen. De Trobriand marched into the State house and installed five members who were legally elected, has been repeated in Maine. Then it was the armed hand of the Federal government, now it is the armed force of the military government. Next it will be the mob, then chaos—then the empire, and all because the people have been thrust by the Republican party that there is no higher duty than service in its ranks, and that everything is fair in war and in politics. Were it possible we would like to draw the veil of oblivion over the whole past, and return once more to honest government, and full, fair and free elections, but we do not happen to live up in Maine.

THE STATE DEBT.—Under the refunding bill, passed by the last Legislature, we learn through an associated press dispatch that Mr. Worth, the Treasurer of the State, has funded between five and six millions of old bonds in the new 4 per cents, bearing interest from July 1st, 1880. This is believed to be considerably over half that will probably ever be presented.

Decision in an Important Railroad Suit.

NEW YORK, January 17.—In the argument yesterday before Judge Blatchford, of the United States Circuit Court, for dissolution of the injunction in the suit of the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Company against H. S. McComb and the Southern Railroad Association, to restrain the defendants from selling or parting with any of the first or second mortgage bonds of the Mississippi Central Railroad Company, it was held that the injunction should still remain, but that the plaintiff should pay to the United States Trust Company the amount of the coupons on \$450,000 of the second mortgage bonds of the Mississippi Central Railroad Company to await the issue of the suit pending.

Southern Railroad Matters—Financing in Bonds.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 20.—The failure of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad directors to confirm the contract made with the Central Railroad directors, has led to a decline on the stock of the latter from \$2 to \$1. Col. W. Cole, president of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, contracted on part of his company to pay the Central Railroad stockholders six per cent, per annum for the first seven years, and afterward 7 per cent, in perpetuity. Col. Cole's board of directors, not only failed to confirm his contract, but sold out the controlling interest in their road to the Louisville and Nashville road, bonds of the new received here. It causes great excitement in railroad circles.

A New York dispatch says that in consequence of the above news there has been great excitement in the stock market.

Drunch Brawl in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 19.—Arthur Jordan, a negro, who had induced a respectable white girl, the daughter of a wealthy citizen, to elope with him, had been each night, in all at Warren, was this morning taken from the jail by a masked party and hanged on a tree in a neighboring territory.

Local News Items.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the case of Lucy Rhet Horton, charged with adultery with her husband, Mr. H. Morgan, son of Senator Morgan, of Alabama, by shooting him in the shoulder on Jan. 16, she was acquitted. The grand jury for the action of the grand jury in the sum of \$1,000.

DUAL GOVERNMENT.

TWO GOVERNMENTS HOLDING OFFICE IN MAINE.

The Republican Legislature elected a Governor, His Honor, Joseph L. Smith, 47,573, and the Fusion Legislature refused admission to the Capitol—Holding a Session on the Sidewalk.

From the latest dispatches published in Sunday morning's Observer, it was learned that the Republican Legislature of Maine had met at 2:30 p. m., Saturday night, and that the committee on the gubernatorial vote reported as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 138,506; necessary to a choice, 69,253. Daniel F. Davis received 68,907, Joseph L. Smith 47,573, Alonzo Garcelon 21,851, and Bion Brabury 204, the rest being scattering votes for several candidates. There was no choice.

The House then proceeded to the selection of two names to be sent to the Senate. The whole roll being called, each member, as his name was called, came forward and deposited a ballot. As Spraul, of Venzie, who had deserted the Fusionists, came forward, there was tremendous applause. He voted for Daniel F. Davis. The result of the balloting was: Daniel F. Davis 88, Bion Brabury 87, Alonzo Garcelon 1. The names of Daniel F. Davis and Bion Brabury were sent to the Senate.

The Senate was crowded as it has not been yet during the controversy. When the vote was taken for Governor, 19 votes were thrown, all for Davis, who was declared elected, by the president, to be the legally chosen Governor of the State.

Several Fusion members were present but none in their seats, and none participating.

The announcement of the vote was followed by applause, and a joint convention was then held for the purpose of electing seven executive councillors, which resulted in the election of the following by a vote of 102: 1st district, Roscoe L. Bowers; 2nd, Frederick Rolin; 3d, Joseph T. Hinckley; 4th, William Wilson; 5th, James G. Pendleton; 6th, Lewis Barker; 7th, Samuel N. Campbell.

Hon. Samuel J. Chadbourne was chosen Secretary of State, receiving 105 votes. Afterwards Mr. Chadbourne, together with Barker, Bowers, Pendleton and Wilson, of the council, were qualified.

At 9:45 p. m. another convention was formed, this time for the most interesting event of the evening, the government. The people had waited for this, not a man moving from the densely packed hall. A committee representing both branches, waited upon the Governor-elect, and reported that he would forthwith resign, and that he would take the oath of office. As he entered the hall, attended by the council and several distinguished gentlemen, the audience rose to a man, and the air was rent with deafening applause, steadily increasing in volume until the capitol building fairly rocked. Men jumped upon the seats, upon each other's shoulders, pounded with canes, and manifested their joy in ways indescribable. The Gov. Davis stood at the right of the president and turned towards the audience, the applause broke out again, and three cheers followed for Davis, for Blaine, for Boutelle, Chamberlain, Nash and Spraul.

After quiet had been restored, Davis, in an impressive manner, took the oath of office and delivered the following orders: "Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives, I have the honor to send you and your fathers, have been assembled to deliberate upon the wants of the Commonwealth and its laws. In all these years the safeguards of the Constitution have been steadily maintained, and we have agreed strong enough to carry our good State safely through every danger. Annually the persons elected by the people have been summoned by proper authority to meet and organize in ways in accordance with the will of the majority. For the first time in our history this rule has, in part, been reversed, hence the unparalleled excitement and popular indignation. The organization of the Legislature has, for that reason, been delayed.

"Under such circumstances you have shown great forbearance. You have kept strictly within the law. I am confident that you will be able to obtain the opinion of the Supreme Court. That opinion has been rendered, and to-day you completed the organization of the fifty-first Legislature.

"The resolution of a difficult problem is a striking illustration of the strength of Republican government, where only a majority can rule, and that all good citizens will joyfully build it as we build it. I shall take early opportunity to express to you my views upon State affairs."

Cheering followed and did not subside until the gubernatorial party took the oath of office.

The Governor took possession of the executive chamber without any interference. The only obstacle placed in the way by Fusionists during the day was the refusal of the Deputy Secretary to give to the gubernatorial returns, but certified copies of the clerk's returns were substituted. At 7:45 p. m. both branches of the Legislature adjourned until Monday at 11 o'clock a. m.

A dispatch to the Herald from Bedfordford says: "The Bedford Light Infantry received orders this morning to be ready to go to Augusta at a moment's notice. Fifty men volunteered to join the expedition to-day."

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

NOMINATION OF CENSUS-TAKERS.

An Important Day's Proceedings—Bills, &c., Presented.

WASHINGTON, January 19.—SENATE.—Ferry introduced a joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution, that suffrage shall not be restricted on account of sex or any other cause, subject to the veto of the citizens of the United States. Referred to the judiciary committee.

After presentation of numerous petitions and memorials, Thurman from the committee on the judiciary reported with amendment. House bill to provide for circuit and district courts of the United States, at Macon, Ga. Placed on calendar.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows: By Mr. Ferry, a joint resolution proposing to amend the constitution so as to extend the franchise to all citizens without reference to sex.

By Mr. Pratt, to request the President to communicate with foreign powers upon the subject of the interoceanic canal, with a view to a mutual understanding as to route, neutrality, &c.

By Mr. Morgan, to grant certain public lands in Alabama in aid of the Warrior and Tennessee Rivers Railroad Company.

On motion of Mr. Morrill, his resolution instructing the finance committee to inquire into the practicability of refunding any part of the public debt at less than four per cent interest was taken from the table and referred to that committee.

HOUSE.—Immediately after the reading of the journal, the Speaker proceeded to call States for bills, under which call, Bailey, of New York, introduced a bill for the interoceanic canal, which was referred. It requests the President to invite the co-operation of the governments of the principal maritime nations of Europe in the selection of the route of the isthmus ship transit which shall be used to serve most largely to the general interests of the maritime nations, and to communicate to such governments the desire of this government for an understanding relative to the neutrality of such interoceanic transit.

Vance, of North Carolina, to repeal the duty on salt.

Cobb, of Indiana, for the distribution of unappropriated monies of the Geneva award.

Townsend, of Illinois, proposing a constitutional amendment in regard to the election of President and Vice-President, providing for their election by a majority of the votes of the people for or for the abolition of the electoral college.

NOMINATION OF CENSUS SUPERVISORS.

The President this evening sent to Senate the following nomination of census supervisors: Alabama—Wm. M. Moore, first district; Samuel Thompson, second; Fred. G. Bromberg, third; Sidney Kirland, fourth; Harrison Reid, fifth; Georgia—Thos. J. Simmonson, first district; Wm. H. Murray, second; Wm. Clifton, third; Chas. R. Johnston, fourth; Wm. A. Harris, fifth; Louisiana—Edward F. Parker, first district; Benj. C. White, second; N. W. Trezevant, third; Hyde A. Kennedy, fourth; Mississippi—Geo. M. Buchanan, first district; Wm. Hardy, second; Jno. R. Lynch, third; North Carolina—H. D. Robertson, first district; Jas. H. Caldwell, second; Walker Mearns, third; Samuel L. Patterson, fourth; South Carolina—Caldwell J. Pridemore, first district; Henry Hammond, second; Jas. L. Breeden, third; Tennessee—Henry R. Gibson, first district; Wm. W. Good Posture, second; Francis M. Paul, third; Thos. H. Fine, fourth; Wm. A. Smith, fifth; Texas—Geo. W. Van Vleck, first district; Perry M. Graham, second; Wilson H. Andrews, third; Jas. H. Torbett, fourth; Edward H. Callaway, fifth; Francis A. Vaughan, sixth; Virginia—First district, Lemuel C. Bristow; second, Robert Bolling; third, J. Grattan Cabell; fourth, Stuart F. Lindsay; fifth, Rufus A. Ayres.

WEST VIRGINIA DISTRICT.

George R. Latham, second; John B. Laidley.

NOMINATIONS.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: James Russell Lowell, of Massachusetts, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to England; John W. Foster, of Indiana, Minister to Russia; William H. Hunt, of Wisconsin, Minister to Spain; Philip H. Morgan, of Louisiana, Minister to Mexico, and Lewis Richmond, of Rhode Island, United States Consul at Belfast; Henry W. Leonard, of New Jersey, Consul at Cambray; Ed. H. Murray, of Kentucky, to be Governor of Utah Territory; Stephen H. Simmonson, Assistant Appraiser at New York; Robt. M. Kelly, Pension Agent at Louisville, Ky.

SKIN DISEASES CURED.

Prof. Heba's Treatise on Diseases of the Skin, describing symptoms of all skin diseases, with directions for their cure. Sent free on all addresses. Address, with stamp, E. S. Webster, 60 N. 5th Street, Phila., Pa.

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SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER THE TRADE ONE OF THE BEST LINES OF Boots and Shoes to be Found in the City of Charlotte, AND AT PRICES AS LOW AS THEY CAN BE MADE by close buying by one who is thoroughly posted in the business. We have an elegant assortment of LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN'S Fine shoes of the Best Makes, GENT'S HAND-SEWED BOOTS and SHOES ARE OUR SPECIALTY, AND WITH A FULL LINE OF THESE, WE CAN SUIT AND FIT ANYBODY. A. B. RANKIN & BRO., Trade Street, under Central Hotel.

Riquors.

CHARLOTTE DEPOT

Portner's Alexandria BREWERY.

I would respectfully inform the citizens of Charlotte, and vicinity, that I have opened in this city, on Trade Street, next door to the office of the Carolina Central Railroad a

BRANCH OFFICE AND DEPOT

of my Tivoli Lager Beer, where I will constantly keep on hand my celebrated

Tivoli Lager Beer

In kegs, as well as bottled in convenient style, for family use and for shipping. The reputation of this beer is established; in fact it has received the highest prizes at the North Carolina and Virginia State Fairs. Our bottled beer is especially pure and strengthening, and is highly recommended by the medical fraternity for delicate persons, and those needing a tonic. Delivered daily in any part of the city free of extra charge.

ROBERT PORTNER, Nov. 18.

TO THE CHARLOTTE PUBLIC!

COMPETITION IS THE LIFE OF TRADE.

I desire the Charlotte public to know that the

BOUNDARY AVENUE

Beer Bottling Establishment has reduced the price of

First Class Lager Beer

to seventy-five cents per dozen bottles, and that I will in the future, as in the past, try to derive the utmost advantage to the public by offering free of charge to any part of the city our strictly first class beer.

I have ordered and will receive in a few days a supply of new patent bottles, for the convenience of my customers.

F. C. MUNZLER, Nov. 19.

DURHAM WHISKEY.

(ANALYZED BY DR. W. H. TAYLOR, STATE CHEMIST OF VIRGINIA, AND PRONOUNCED PURE AND RECOMMENDED AS A BEVERAGE OR MEDICINE.)

The attention of the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country is again called to this Fine Whiskey, now so popular both North and South. We have the endorsement of many distinguished and reliable New York City, Washington, D. C., New Orleans, San Francisco, and many other cities, and we can confidently recommend the "Durham" to be equal to any Whiskey distilled in our country.

Call for "Durham" at W. R. Cochran's Central Hotel Saloon.

ELISON & HARVEY, Sole Proprietors, Oct. 21 - dt.

LAGER BEER

HAPPY JOE FISCHER.

GOLD AGENT FOR THE ATLANTA BREWERY

"Let us see who never drank Beer before, Go to Joe Fischer's and drink the more."

FRESH FROM THE ATLANTA BREWERY, ON ICE ALL THE WAY.

I have an arrangement with the Atlanta Brewery, by which I am able to keep on draught, and for sale by the keg

PURE ICE COLD LAGER BEER

Brought in by door in an ice-cold refrigerator direct from the Brewery.

Persons in Charlotte, or at a distance, can buy beer from me at bottom rock prices, and warrant it to be as pure and fresh as just from the Brewery. My facilities this summer for the delivery of beer are better than ever, and as the sole agent in Charlotte of the Atlanta Brewery, I respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

Wines and the best Liqueurs on draught or for sale by the quantity all the time.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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