# The Charlotte Observer.

### CHAS. R. JONES, Editor & Proprietor

# [ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS MATIER.]

### THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1880.

"God has not breathed the breath of life into the nostrils of the man, or set of men, who can again thwart and de-YORK HERALD.

### THE NECESSATY OF EDUCATION.

The necessity for public education of the youth of the country, like Banquo's ghost will not "down" at any man's bidding, and it will not do to say that this is thepoor man's measure. The richest man in Charlotte is, or ought to be, as much in favor of the general education of the masses of the people, as the poorest vagabond on the streets. In fact it has

been the experience of the people of both the North and the West, where public education has become a part of the government of the States, that public schools are a failure as long as they are carried on for the benefit exclusively of the poor, but that success in the highest degree comes, when through the better classes of the people the standards of the schools are raised, and they grade to attract all classes of society, to make their benefits commensurate with their cost. Because this is not so, the public schools of North Carolina, as they are now carried on, may be said to be failures in every sense of the word, and the five thousand, five hundred dollars, now contributed for the public schools in Charlotte, does not yield that measure of benefit which its importance would seem to indicate.

According to the estimate made by Maj. Robt. Bingham some years ago there were only two hundred and fifty students at college in North Carolina, out of the two hundred thousand young men and girls in the State whose ages would imply that they ought to be enjoying the advantages of our colleges, and not one young person in fifty was attending the higher classes of our schools, and the census of 1870 revealed the fact that there were more persons in North Carolina, over the age of 21, that could neither read nor write, than

Hale's Weekly shows very clearly by the published correspondence between Gov. Jarvis and Col. Fitch, for the The Resignation of the Prince Sent to "said Wallace and his associates," who made an offer to purchase the Western North Carolina Railroad, that the whole thing was a farce from beginning to end, exactly the view THE OBSERVER took of it when the proposition was feat a Liberal administration. made. Fitch was engineered by the Republicans in and out of the Legislafeat the fairly and legally expressed will of this people—mark that !"-HON. W. H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA. IN NEW position and as a sort of stepping stone resignation to the Emperor, who reout of the difficulties in case the Best project should by any means fail. Col. Fitch could not, at any rate did not, show his power of attorney for "said Wallace," nor even tell where he lived

> or carried on business. Grant's friends are endeavoring to start a boom for him in Massachusetts, and it is reported that they are succeeding. We apprehend that the third term will receive very little real support in the Bay State.



#### SYNOPSIS OF YESTERDAY'S PRO-CEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, April 7.-SENATE.-The secretary of the Senate, Colonel Burch, called the Senate to order and chancellor probably does not care ards of the schools are raised, and they are favored by all classes of the people. read a note from Vice-President Wheel-er, stating that he would be absent is adopted or not, but its rejection af-

Wallace submitted a resolution that annoved the Hon. Allen G. Thurman be chosen doubted to preside during the absence of the change of the imperial constitution af-Vice-President. Adopted.

Thurman was escorted to the chair ject he has at heart. Of the 58 votes by Ferry, and on taking his seat thank- distributed among the 23 members of ed the Senate for this renewed mark of this body, Prussia possesses 17. That their confidence and esteem.

Wallace submitted a resolution instructing the secretary of the Senate to inform the President of the United States and the House of Representatives of the action of the Senate. Adopt-

After the transaction of some unimment of being out-voted on some much portant business, Saunders submitted a resolution providing for inquiry into the expediency of removing the Santee Indians to the Ponca reservation in Ne- or two kingdoms. To obviate, therebraska. After considerable discussion the resolution went over.

Saulsbury gave notice that he would lor, and it can easily be doubted that o-morrow call up as a privileged quesrather than part with this altogether tion the report of the committee on indispensable Prince, the States will privileges and elections in the Kell gg- | readily consent to a representation in | spofford case.

the Federal council more in accordance The Senate then resumed the consid- with the principle by which the popueration of the Ute Indian agreement, lar deputies are sent up to the Reich-There was a general discussion of the stag, to-wit: In proportion to the numwhole Indian question, in which Kirk- ber of inhabitants in the respective 475 wood, Hill, White, Beck, Burnside, In-States in any State in the Union. Such facts galls, and others participated, pending .... WHITAKER'S INJURIES.

### PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Mr. J. II. Haverly has bought the "Widow Bedott" outright from the dramatizer, Mr. Locke. The price paid the Emporer-The Causes Which was \$30,000.

BISMARCK.

Brought It About.

in office.

LONDON, April 7.- The Daily News Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague is described in its leading article this morning hints as looking as stately and handsome as that the Conservatives will-co-operate ever. She has not gone into general with the Home Rulers in order to desociety this winter.

Of the 23 members of the Georgia LONDON, ENGLAND, April 7.-A Democratic committee, which met at Berlin dispatch says the Bundes-Atlanta, Monday, 4 were for Thurman, ruth passed the stamp law, but with certain modifications. These were not 3 each for Bayard, Hancock, Hendricks agreeable to Bismarck, and he sent his and Field, 1 for Tilden, 1 for Pendleton, and 4 for the nominee.

fused to accept it, using the word The Missouri Legislature has been "never." Bismarck again sent in his polled as to presidential preferences. resignation, saying that the vote in the Of the Democrats, 55 are for Seymour, Bundesruth was the sole ground for 26 for Tilden, 11 for Bayard, 9 for Thurhis action, but that his health was such man, 6 for Hendricks and 5 for Hanthat he considered it necessary to with- cock. Of the 15 Republicans, 13 are for draw from public life. Bismarck will Grant and one each for Sherman and confer with the Emperor to-day. The Blaine.

The new Legislature of Maine pro-LONDON, April 7.—A Berlin correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that de States and the constitution of that vides that the constitution of the Unit-State shall be read as a part of the exerthe resignation of Prince Bismark crecises of the public schools, at least once ated an excitement there which overshadowed the interest taken in the Eng- in each term, by every scholar who has reached the age of 14.

lish elections. Upon a second thought, however, the alarm which the an-A very prominent Republican politi-cian of Cincinnati has told a reporter nouncement occasioned subsided in a great measure, is being the general conof the Enquirer of that city: "There viction that Prince Bismark would not is no use trying to conceal the fact that actually retire and leave so much im-Garfield wants the presidential nominaportant work unfinished. His threat to tion at Chicago. His friends up in the do so is regarded as an attempt to bring Reserve, and particularly in Cleveland, about certain changes in the Federal are working night and day to obtain it council. The correspondent says: "The for him, and they expect to have the Northern Ohio delegates votes for him."

are favored by all classes of the people. A common maxim now is that public schools must be of sufficiently high grade to attract all classes of society, to dent pro tempore. Wallcase submitted a resolution that him. Nor can it be

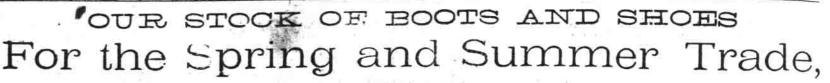


PRODUCK.

BALTIMORE—Oats steady: Southern 44a5, Wes-tern white 43a45, do-mixed 41a42, Pennsyl-vania 44a45. Provisions quiet; mess pork 12.25a 12.50; bulk meats—loose shoulders 444, clear rib sides 644, ditte packed 5a748; bacon—shoulders 514, clear sides 744, hams 101/sa1216, Lard—re-fined tierces 8. Coffee very dull; Rio cargoes 1348a1544. Sugar dull; A soft 91/2. Whiskey dull at 1.081/sa.09. Freights quiet. is to say, a little less than a third of the Legislative influence appertains to it, while her proportions of the imperial population is about five-eighths of the whole. What has how happened might very well occur again, and Prus-sia might find herself in the predici-

ment of being out-voted on some much more momentous question than the present one by petty principalities and dukedoms, even when seconded by one or two kingdoms. To obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency, is unquestionably the aim of the chancel-indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency, is unquestionably the aim of the chancel-indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency, is unquestionably the aim of the chancel-indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency is unquestionably the aim of the chancel-indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency is unquestionably the aim of the chancel-indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency is unquestionably the aim of the chancel-indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency is indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency is indukedom is an obviate, there-fore, such an untoward contingency is indukedom is an obviate, there-fore is a down is a specific the set of the shore the set of the set of the shore the set of the shore the set of the set of the shore the set of the set of the set of the set of the shore the set of the set ribs 6.40, short clear 6.60. Whiskey steady at 1.07.

CINCINNATI—Flour steady: family 5.20a5.60. fancy 5.85a6.50. Wheat strong at 1.20. Corn quiet at 41. Oats steady at 37. Pork dull at 10.50a 10.75. Lard dull at 7. Bulk meats dull; should-ers 4, clear ribs 6 30, clear sides 6.65; bacon quiet; shoulders 478, ribs 7, sides 714. Whiskey in good demand at 1.05. Sugar quiet; hards 10a42, New Or-leans 71428142. Hogs quiet; common 3.50a4 30, light 4.30a.60, packing 4.25a4.65, butchers 4.65a 4.75.



Is now very full, and is particularly adapted to the wants of all classes, both in the city and surrounding country. We keep Goods of THE VERY BEST MAKES, warrant every pair of them, and will sell them at prices as low as they can be made by close buying by one thoroughly posted in the business. Our stock of Ladies' Fine Button Boots, Congress Gaiters, Slippers and Newport Ties, and of Gents' Hand-Made Goods, in Congress Gaiters, Prince Alberts, Navy, and Strap Ties, cannot be surpassed in GOOD QUALITY, Style and Beau'y of Finish. Buy only the best. Shoddy Goods are always the dearest.

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A. E. RANKIN & BRO.,

are a lasting shame and disgrace to the the conclusion of which the Senate past history of North Carolina, and a adjourned. blot on our civilization. Shall we sit down quietly until the juggernaut of progress shall have crushed out the little spark of vitality which we still have left?

No! Let us have schools and colleges, reaching through all classes of society, and from the old field school to the collegiate grade, and because of the training influence that they exert in behalf of the best interests of society, and then let the management of these schools be in the hands of the most capable men, assisted if you please by the most capable women in the community; to accomplish which every man should realize, to a certain extent, that a certain amount of responsibility on the House calendar. rests on his own shoulders.

The charge of bribery in the Washof Representatives, against Mr. Spring- emy er, was not sustained when the matter was brought before that body by Mr. Manning, of Mississippi, on a question of personal privilege. The charge, it will be remembered, was that Springer received an offer of \$5,000 for his influence and vote in favor of Donnelly. The Herald correspondent says, and others confirm the statement, that when he got through with Mr. Manning he received the hearty congratulations of of Illinois, with regard to the employalmost all the members of both sides of ment of contract surgeons, was rethe House.

fought on the 7th day of October, 1780, of the gentleman in charge of the bill and the Battle of Guilford Court House was not fought until the 15th of the following March, something over six months. The length of time between the two battles, and their distance apart causes the reflection that the present generation is very much ahead of their grand-fathers. Under the same circumstances the two battles would be fought to-day within a week of each other. Out in Virginia, during the late contest between the States Stonewall Jackson taught the world some lessons in war which will not be forgotten soon, and among these was the necessity for striking quick, active blows, in rapid succession.

The New York Herald prints oral expressions of opinion made to a representative of that paper by nearly all the members of Congress from the three important States of Virginia, Louisiana and Mississippi as to the sentiments of their constituencies respecting the nomination of Mr. Tilden. The pretty uniform tenor of the statement is that,

House.-The House having refused The opinion Expressed that He Into dispense with the morning hour, the Speaker announced that the pending question was upon the reference of the bill authorizing the Secretary of War to contract with San Antonio and Mexican Border Railroad company for the immediate construction of a railroad from San Antonio, Texas, to a point on the Rio Grande, at or near Loredo.

After some discussion the bill was referred to the committee of the whole. Slemmons, of Ark., from the committee on railways and canals, reported the bill for the construction of railroad bridges at or near Shreveport and Monroe, La. Referred to committee of the whole

Scales, of North Carolina, from the committee on the militia, reported the bill to organize and discipline the militia of the United States. Placed

McCook, of New York, asked leave to offer a resolution asking the Secretary of War for information with regard to the hazing of the colored cadet, burne-Donnelly case before the House Whitaker, at West Point military acad-

Aiken, of South Carolina, objected. He said he represented the district from which Whitaker came, and was competent to see that the latter was protected. He thought it best to await the investigations of the West Point authorities, especially as the latest reports seemed to show that it was a bogus outrage.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the army appropriations bill.

The pending amendment of Sparks, jected.

Sparks said he should demand a vote in the House. The chair decided that The battle of King's Mountain was he could not do so without permission (Clymer). The latter said he would not promise to give such permission. Sparks thought that as the amend ment came from the committee on military affairs, Clymer should allow a vote upon it in the House.

Clymer said he had received no request to that effect from the committee on military affairs.

Sparks, advancing towards Clymer in threatening manner: "If the gentleman from Pennsylvania insinuates that that amendment does not come from the committee on military affairs he lies, and that is all there is about it." Great confusion and excitement which he chair tried in vain to quiet.] Clymer. "Ob, you cannot insult me.'

When quiet was restored, Sparks's words were read from the clerk's desk, and the committee rose and reported them to the House.

Sparks explained that he was laboring under excitement, and that if Clymer did not intend to insinuate that he (Sparks) was trying to deceive the House, he would withdraw and apologize for the offensive words.

Clymer disclaimed any intention of making any such insinuations, and the quarrel was amicably settled.

After some further unimportant amendments to the bill, Sparks, of Illinois, by direction of the military Upon motion made by Senator Hill's in the judgment of the Democrats of committee, offered a supplementary counsel that the case be stricken from these three Southern States, it would be section providing that no money ap-not merely impolitic, but fatal to put propriated by the act shall be used in was instituted by plaintiff's attorney Lake Shore. bsistance, equipment, transportation

## flicted them Himself.

that

fecting the Bundsrath is the real ob-

NEW YORK, April 7.-The Herald publishes an account of the outrage on the colored cadet, Whitaker, at West Point Academy, in which it is insisted that he inflicted the injuries upon himself. The dispatch is dated West Point, at 1.08a1.10. Freights to Liverpool dull. and reports that Dr. Alexander, post surgeon, declared his belief that he was shamming unconsciousness when found in his room. The doctor had Whitaker taken to the hospital, or rather had him walk there, and then, pursuant to direction, Gen. Schofield had him stripped

and thoroughly examined. The result of this examination was that not a bruise was found on him. It was further ascertained that his nose had not bled as he stated. "You are not hurt; you can go on duty," said the doctor,

occupying his room in the barracks as occupying his room in the barracks as if nothing had happened. Gen. Scho-field is also reported to have stated that Whitaker had no enemies among the wise -; France 1,177. Whitaker had no enemies among the cadets, and that there was no indication so far that any one of them had a hand in inflicting the injuries. The Herald's theory is that Whitaker took this way of escaping the consequences of his own deficiencies and avoiding

the disgrace of failure. WEST POINT, N. Y., April 7.—Gen. Schofield says: It has been fully demonstrated that the outrage on Cadet Whitaker was not committed by members of the cadet corps. The general had an interview with Whitaker today, and told him that he was suspected of having mutilated himself. Whitaker denied it indignantly, and demanded a court of inquiry, which was granted, and it will convene Friday morning.

## Municipal Elections.

NEW YORK, April 7.—A special from Columbus says: The municipal election to-day was the quiestest ever held in this city. The entire Democratic ticket, including mayor and aldermen, was elected without opposition, the ne-groes voting with the Democrats. An unusually large vote was polled and

there was little or no excitement. MILWAUKEE, April 7.- The Republican city ticket was elected by about 3,500 majority, being the first Republican government Milwaukee has ever Madison elected a Republican had. mayor, council divided. Oshkosh elected Democratic ticket by a small majority. Eanclaire elected the Republican ticket by a large majority.

CINCINNATI, April 7 .- Unofficial footngs give E. Shelby, Republican, for city comptroller, a majority of 3,800, and elect an entire Republican board of education, with majorities from 200 to 2.000. In Indiana all the constitutional amendments were carried. This will make the State election come off in November.

Miss Raymond Against Senator Hill.

WASHINGTON, April 6.-The case of Jessie Raymond against Senator Hill came up in the Circuit Court to-day.

NEW YORK-Southern flour quiet; common to fair extra 5.40a5.90, good to choice do 8.00a7.25. fair extra 5.40a5.90, good to choice do 6.00a7.25. Wheat closed heavy; ungraded winter red 1.331/3a 1.35. Corn heavy; ungraded 531/3a54. Oats weak at 40a41 for No. 3. Coffee cull; Rio in cargoes 131/3a16, in job lots 131/3a171/3. Sugar quiet; Cuba muscovado 75/8, fair to good refining 71/3a34, prime 77%; refined in fair demand; stan-dard A 91/3a14. Molasses firm: New Orleans 44a60; Porto Rico 45. Rice in good demand; Carolina 61/2a71/2. Wool steady; domestic fleece 50a65, pulled 33a62, unwashed 18a42. Texas 21a40 biga71/2. Wool steady; domestic fleece 50a65, pulled 33a62, unwashed 18a42, Texas 21a40. Pork tower: old 11.90; new 11.50; middles dull; long clear 7, shortclear 7.35, long and short 7.20. Lard closed active at 7.50a.55. Whiskey nominal

COTTON.

GALVESTON-Dull; middling 1238c; low mid-1218; good ordinary 1138; net receipts, 116; gross -; sales -; stock 38.647; exports coastwise -.

NORFOLK-Quiet; middling 121/2c; net receipts 1.259; gross —; stock 13,816; exports coastwise 1.233; sales 50; exports to continent —.

BALTIMORE-Dull; middling 12%c; low middling 21sc.; good ordin's 117sc.; net receipts -; gross ; sales 40; stock 14.060; exports coastwise spinners -; exports to Great Britain -; to Continent -

and Whitaker at once repaired to his quarters and put in an appearance at the 9 o'clock recitation, and is to-night Bosron-Quiet: middling 125%c: low middling 125%c: good ordinary 12c: net receipts 362; gross -; sales -: stock 13,613; exports to Great Britain 1,821.

PHILADELPHIA-Dull; middling 13c.; low middling 12%; good ordinary 11%; net receipts 412; gross 543; sales -; spinners 479; stock 18,025; experts to Great Britain 2,000.

SAVANNAH-Quiet; middling 121/2; low middling 121/8c; good ordinary 115/8c; net receipts 514; gross -; sales 200; stock 20,269; exports coastgross wise 11; continent -; Great Britain 3,228.

NEW ORLEANS- Easy; middling 1236c; low mid-dling 12; good ord'y 1158c; net receipts 2,518; gross 2,766; sales 3,000; stock 261,365; exports Great Britain -; continent 74; coastwise 1,285.

MOBILE-Dull; middling 12%c; low middling 12; good ordinary 114; net receipts 102; gross 108; sales 500; stock 87,252; exports coastwise 50; Great Britain -.

MEMPHIS-Easy; middling 1244c; receipts 826; shipments 874; sales 1.150; stock 92,-187.

AUGUSTA- Dull; middling 1248c.; low mid-dling 12c., good ordinary 111/2c; receipts 126; shipments -; sales 34; stock

CHARLESTON-Quiet; middling 12%c.; low mid-dling 12%c.; good ordinary 12%c.; net receipts 485; gross -; sales 400; stock 30,229; exports coastwise -; continent 2,075.

NEW YORK-Cotton quiet; sales 201; Middling Uplands 1256; Mid Orleans 134c; net receipts 474; gross 3,412; consolidated net rec'ts 6,243; exports Great Britain 4,749; continent 2,149; France ---

LIVERPOOL—NOON—Cotton easier. Middling Up-lands, 73bd; Middling Orleans 7 7-16d; sales 6.000, speculation and export 1,000; receipts 5,800 American 4,750. Uplands low middling clause: April delivery 7 5-32d, April and May do, May and June do, June and July 7 3-16d, July and August 7 7-32d, August and September 714d, September and October —, November and Decem-ber 65gd. Futures steady.

5 15 p. m.-Fucures closed barely steady.

FUTURES. NEW YORK-Futures closed steady. Sales 219,

April May June 12.45a.46 12.50a.51  $12.63 \\ 12.73 \\ 12.80a.81$ July..... August September.... 12 .448.44 November \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* .44a.4 11.43a.45 December....

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK-Money 1.06. Exchange 4.8514. governments weak. New 5's 1.031/2. Four and a half per cents 1.083/4. Four per cents 1.0678. State bonds dull

NEW YORK-Stocks closed heavy and depressed. New York Central..... Brie.... 1.311/2 ......... 1 0784

CORNER COLLEGE AND SECOND STS., CHARLOTTE, N. C. THANKING his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in the past, he begs to in-form them that he has made arrangements with

LARGE PROFITS form them that he has made arrangements with the distillers in the mountains that enable him to keep a fuil supply of North Carolina Corn Whiskey and Apple Brandy on hand, and he is prepared to offer special inducements to close buyers, and thinks he can make it to their interest to see him before purchasing elsewhere. ET All ONDERS will have his best attention and the lograet market prices May be realized from small investments by opera-ting in GRAIN AND COTTON FUTURES through the MOBILE PUBLIC COTTON AND GRAIN EX-

tralo. Jan. 18. M. SCHLOSS, Proprieto

## St. Charles Hotel.

STATESVILLE, N. C.

THIS HOUSE is now under the management of A Mrs. Dr. Reeves, formerly of the National Ho tel and Boyden House, Salisbury, N. C., whose aim

