THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1880.

FOR PRESIDENT: HORATIO SEYMOUR

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: WM. H. ENGLISH OF INDIANA.

"God has not breathed the breath of life into the nostrils of the man, or set of men, who can again thwart and defeat the fairly and legally expressed will of this people—mark that!"—Hon.
W. H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA, IN NEW YORK HERALD.

### Democratic Executive Committee Sixth District.

The members of the Democratic Executive committee for the sixth congressional district are requested to meet in Charlotte on the 29th of April, 1880, to decide when and where the convention will assemble to nominate a candidate for Representative and to take such other action as they may deem R. T. BENNETT, Wadesboro, N. C., April 12th, 1880.

### THE WHITAKER CASE AND SOCIAL EQUALITY.

For a legislative body to attempt to regulate matters which belong to spciety-to settle questions which are purely social, is the height of folly. Nothing could be more absurd and senseless than the bill recently introduced into the Senate by Senator Allison, of Iowa, providing that in addition to the number of cadets at West Point, now authorized by law, the President shall each year appoint two colored cadets at large, since its purpose is to enforce social intercourse between the white which must be left to themselves for adjustment. If social ostracism with the colored man was practiced only at West Point, there might be some ground for the howl which has been raised against it, but it exists everyin the North, Even Senator Allison himself does not, we venture to say, make Senator Bruce's stay in Washington as pleasant as it might be. The the unwritten laws of society.

In saying this much, no reflection is intended to be made on the colored people as a race. It is a prejudice which exists, and which nothing but time will eradicate; and intelligent colored men know and feel this as well as the whites, and do not desire the kind of social intercourse that it is proposed to bring about by Senator Allison's bill. Beecher and other enthusiasts may cry out against it, but it will do no good: the place to bring about reforms of this kind is certainly not West Point. The only possible result of enforced association would be to break up the institution. Of course the colored people are entitled to all the benefits and colored cadets to all the protection which the constitution affords, and if the ecent persecution of Whittaker shall be discovered to have been done or instigated by students, it will not be more thoroughly condemned in the North than in the South; but if they go there they must abide by the consequences of the social ostracism which will surely follow.

The Philadelphia Record says: "Col-"onel Thomas M. Holt, of North Caro-"lina, who is at present in this city, ex-"presses the sentiment of the Democra-"cy of his State as being overwhelm-"ingly favorable to Mr. Bayard for the "Presidency. Colonel Holt is a promi-"nent and sagacious politician, thorough-"ly familiar with the currents of opin-"ion in North Carolina, and his sound "judgment as a successfull manager of "large business interests entitles his "opinions to no small weight." Col. Holt's opinions are indeed entitled to ferred. weight, and it is true that the Democracy of North Carolina are favorable to the numination of Mr. Bayard, because they want in the presidential chair a pure and incorruptible statesman, but if Col. Holt means to say that Mr. Bayard is at this moment preferred Democratic party. He then named the above all others as a presidential candidate, we must differ from him. While conceding to Mr. Bayard every claim to his character, we sincerely believe that as between himself and Mr. Seymour, the party in this State would choose the latter, because, while presenting qualities equal to those of Mr. Bayard, he at the same time possesses the elements of superior strength with the party at large. Either would receive the most earnest and active support of the Democrats in North Carolina.

"There is no parallel in political histrated by Mr. Gladstone," says the New York Mail. "He is a great classical scholar, a religious polemic of the very highest order, an enthusiastic and eloquent defender of the wronged and oppressed of every race, and, with all, the ablest of living statesmen on financial questions. In fact, even so long ago as 1853, when Chancellor of the Exchequer, his speeches on the budget which he introduced were said, by Lord Russell. to contain the ablest expressions of the true principles of finance ever delivered by an English statesman."

The Philadelphia Times says, editorially: "The one thing irrevocably settled in regard to the next Presidency is that Mr. Tilden can't be elected. Sooner or later he will abdicate, but it won'd be until he is entirely prepared to whisper in the cars of his immediate friends the name that is to illumine the Democratic banners of 1890."

It is said that there is some talk of removing Gen. Schofield as officer in charge of West Point, and restoring Gen. Hancock to the command of the

If the Democrats in Congress could be relieved of such wishy-washy, nerveless and unreliable personages as the senops of YESTERDAY'S PRO-Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, a sigh of CEEDINGS. relief would go up from all parts of the country. This remark is not suggested by anything that Mr. Stephens has said or done, or failed to say or do, in Congress lately, but by the steady growth of the opposition to him in his district-We are entirely unable to discover what possible claim he has upon the Democracy of Georgia. His conduct in currying favor with the opposition might be pardoned if by adopting their course he should bring some material advantage to his immediate constituency, but the record of his public services show that he has done less in this direction than some of the more inconspicuous members of Congress, He certainly deserves nothing for his services in the late war, for, from the beginning to the end, he was a drawback to the cause of the Confederacy, which he pretended to espouse with an ardor equal in intensity to that of any of its staunchest supporters. We note with real pleasure the disposition to rebel against the dictatorship which he has

Attention has recently been called to the fact that Massachusetts disfranchises a large proportion of her voting population by imposing a poll tax and other qualifications. Gen. Ben. Butler, in arguing the Boynton-Loring case from the fifth district of that State, before the election committee a few days ago, referred to the fourteenth amendment, passed to prevent the South from unjustly restricting the colored vote, and said the question which Congress would have to grapple with very soon was whether Massachusetts shall have of dollars. Leaves are cut from the more than her share in national representation in the face of an amendment | rants for millions of dollars are missing proposed by one of her own representatives and accepted by the State, but which she now seeks to nullify by en-136,000 voters in that State.

exercised in the Augusta district, and

which has been for years a matter of

wonder to the people of other States.

We are happy to be able to announce after the 1st of May, we shall be able to furnish a much larger quantity of teleties are obtained through the Associaproposition is, therefore, not only ab- nection, we remind our readers of the the government were being unwarrantsurd, but thoroughly inconsistent with | fact that while the price of printing paper has increased nearly a hundred per them at the same price.

Fowle booms. Several of the counties have declared for Jarvis; as yet, we beconventions have been held.

### PENNSYLVANIA, DEMOCRATS.

Probability of a Harmonious Meetiug-A Committee Appointed to Adjust the Difficulties Between Ran-

HARRISBURG, April 28.-The Demohouse to-day, all hope of a compromise between the contending Philadelphia or Wallace and Randall delegations being at an end. Matters were very lively all the morning in the hotels and committee rooms. Great difficulty was experienced in gaining admission to the hall of the convention, and a large hand. Randall's people seem to have districts. thorough control of all entrances to the hall, and many visitors received their delegates were issued. So strict were the doorkeepers that it was impossible hall he was greeted with the most en- and the House took a recess. thusiastic cheering. He had not been elected a delegate, but appeared as a sideration of the municipal code for the substitute. Senator Wallace is also District of Columbia. present as a delegate. LATER.-About 1 o'clock Speaker

Randall had another short interview with Senator Wallace, which ended in an arragement to compromise the disputes between their respective factions, by appointing a committee to whom all differences should be re-

At 1:10 the convention was called to order, and Mr. Cassidy announced that he brought glad tidings to the convention and to all people of the Commonwealth. He said the leaders at the last moment had agreed upon a plan to adjust all the differences in Philadelphia in a manner creditable to the entire would be referred without debate.

Speeches were made by Randall, Wallace and others, after which the conventhe suffrages of the party and delight- tion took a recess until 5 o'clock, at ing in the praise and commendation of which time the committee of six appointed to settle all contests, will re-

> o'cleck, but the committee of six was ment. Earl Spencer will be Lord Presinot ready to report, and it took a fur-ther recess until 8 o'clock.

# Sporting News.

NASHVILLE, TENN., April 27.-The third day's races of the Blood Horse Association was favored with clear and tory to the remarkable combination of Young's Bootjack, Bell's Bugler second, Orrerey, master of the house; Mr. gifts and acquirements which is illus. Cottrell's Ascender third—time, 50% Shaw Lefevre, secretary to the admiral-

In the second race, mile and a half dash, Belle Meade stake, No. 1, \$500 for three year olds, Brooklyn won by a short head, Boulevard second, Malone's br. f. third and the favorite, Bancroft,

fourth—time, 2:42½.
Third race, mile dash, for all ages, for a purse of \$200, was won by Beatitude easily, Ella Rowett second, Gold Bug Warfield was the favorite-time

# Ohio for Sherman.

COLUMBUS, April 28.-The Republican State convention convened in this | the missing workman who had been city to-day and effected a permanent lodging in the basement and under the organization. The committee on platform reported resolutions which instruct the delegates at large and request the district delegates to vote at Chicago for Secre-tary Sherman, and to use all honorable means for his election. The resolutions were agreed to with cheers.

Connecticut Democratic Convention. HARTFORD, April 28. The Demo-cratic State convention was organized in this city to day. After the selection of delegates at large to the Cincinnati convention, the committee on resolu-tions reported a platform and called for minster's chestnut colt, Mancaster, secthe nomination of a candidate at Cir. ond; R. C. Naybor's bay colt, Abbat, cinnati who will unite the party.

# FORTY-SIXTH CONCRESS.

Blaine submitted a resolution calling on the President for copies of correspondence between the United States and Great Britain relative to the alleged outrage upon American fishermen at Fortune Bay. Adopted.

Bills were introduced and referred as By Maxey, for the relief of David G. Burnett, late president of Texas.

By Morgan, to enforce an observance of the constitution of the United States

in regard to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States. Referred to the select committee on that subject.

Davis, of West Virginia, presented the report of the majority of the select committee appointed to investigate the accounts of the treasury depurtment. Ingalls, of Kansas, presented a minori-

Mr. Davis, in some remarks upon the results of the committee's labors, said the books of the treasury department showed many and great discrepancies, amounting some years to nearly \$100,7 years between 1860 and 1871. In November, 1870, the register of the treasury, by order of the secretary, changed the figures and amounts as previously reported to Congress so as to apparently increase the public debt by \$10,000,000. In 1873 there was a similar change of \$20,000,000, and in 1874 of \$75,000,000. In 1870 the figures of the register and secretary agreed; now they largely disagree. The testimony shows that three items amounting to \$6,293,827 were added to the public debt by order of the secretary, when none of the said three A comparison of the debt statements for 1869 and 1870 shows that the public debt, instead of being decreased, as it should have been, by the dropping of the Pacific Railroad bonded debt, was increased between \$90,000,000 and \$100,-000,000. The erasures and alterations on the treasury books amount to thoubooks and not accounted for, and war-

and cannot be found. failed to discover a single fact that had and colored cadets. These are matters forcing restrictive laws to disfranchise not been known to Congress and the country since 1871. All of the discrepaucies referred to in the majority report have been repeatedly explained and shown to be corrections-the reto the readers of THE OBSERVER that | sult of a careful revision and analysis of the treasury books by competent clerks in the secretary's office. The alterations and erasures referred to are where, and not more at the South than graphic news than has heretofore ap- innocent and were rendered necessary peared in our columns. These facili- by errors and omissions incident to all business transactions.

> ted Press which is becoming a most nority, confirmed Ingalls's statements valuable medium of news. In this con- and said the good name and credit of ably aspersed.

> The Senate then resumed consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. cent. THE OBSERVER is still furnished | The amendment of the Senate committee providing for a continuance of the Indian commissioners, abolished by the The State newspapers have begun to bill as it came from the House, was measure and compare the Jarvis and agreed to. Without final action on the bill the Senate adjourned.

> House.-Under a call of committees Cox, of New York, from the committee lieve, none for Fowle; but only a few on foreign affairs, reported a bill for the appointment of a commission to ascertain and report a basis for a reciprocal treaty between the United States and the British colonies. Placed on the House calendar.

Bills are reported from the committee on public buildings and referred to committee of the whole, for the erection of public buildings at Augusta, Ga., Greenville, S. C., Key West, Fla., Oxford cratic State convention met in the opera | Miss., and Dallas, and Graham, Jefferson, Tyler and Galveston, Texas.

Bills were also reported as follows: By Persons, of Georgia, from the committee on agriculture, a bill recommending the continuance of the United States etomological commission.

By Robinson, of Massachusetts, from the judiciary committee, a bill to divide number of special doorkeepers were on the State of Louisiana in two judicial

A resolution was adopted appropriating \$3,000 to defray the expenses of ticket of admission before those of the | the committee on the Mississippi levees. The House then went into committee of the whole on the bill amending for telegraph messengers to pass in and | the internal revenue laws, which was out, and great difficulty was expe- explained by Carlisle, of Kentucky. Afrienced in reaching the telegraph of ter disposing of ten of the feighteen fice. When Speaker Randall entered the sections of this bill the committee rose

The evening session is to be for con-

### ENGLISH AFFAIRS. ---

Appointments Under the New Gov-LONDON, April 28.—The Standard

says Beaconsfield took leave of the queen yesterday. The following appointments have finally been made: Duke of Argyle, lord of the privy seal; Earl of Kimberly, secretary of State for the colonial department; Jno. Bright, chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster; Marquis Ripon, Viceroy of India, (he was offered the viceroyalty either of Ireland or India.) The report that Lord Derby was

offered a seat in the cabinet is untrue. The absence of advanced Liberals has, after long negotiations, been met by conceding a seat in the cabinet to Mr. Chamberlain, who will probably be president of the board of trade. Sir Charles Dilke accepts the position of The convention reassembled at 5 under-secretary for the fereign departdent of the council instead of the Duke of Argyll, as reported yesterday. It is, officially announced that the late ministers will go to Windsor to-day by the 12:15 p. m. train. Lord Cranbrook attended the India office for the last time

yesterday. dash, for a purse of \$300, was won by lord high steward; Earl of Cork and ty; Mr. W. P. Adam, chief commissioner of works and buildings.

# CABLE FLASHES.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 28.—The plague has appeared in Volsk district, in the government of Saratoff. The famine also prevails; in Dor district the granaries are empty and an absolute dearth of money. Many deaths from starvation are reported in various por-London, April 28.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says there is reason to believe

guard room of the winter palace until the day of the explosion, was arrested here Saturday. His name is Shevitch A. Lithian, and he is a nephew of the governor of the province of Katonga. He was placed in the palace by the executive committee six months before the explosion. He has confessed the deed. Three other arrests of higher rank have been made. LONDON, April 28 .- The race for two

third: 17 ran.

# KELLOGG'S CASE.

the Bargain.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Senate

was engaged most of the afternoon in

the discussion of the Spofford case. After a speech by Senator Jonas, of Louisiana, against the right of Kellogg to occupy the seat which he is filling, Mr. Blaine took the floor, and charged that there was a bargain at the time that Mr. Kellogg and Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, were admitted that their cases were to stand together, and no subsequent attempt should be made to disturb either of them. He read Cmar25 from an editorial in the Charleston News and Courier to sustain his assertion. This intimation of a bargain was the cause of great excitement, and Mr. Bayard demanded that Mr. Blaine's words be taken down and read from the desk. Mr. Bayard then very promptly repudiated any idea of a bargain on the Democratic side in this matter, so far as he had any knowledge. Senator Builey, of Tennessee, a member of the committee on privileges and elections, was equally decided in denouncing as entirely unfounded any insinuation or intimation to the effect that the Democratic Senators had been cognizant of any arrangement or agreement by which Kellogg was to retain his seat without question. Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, demanded to know of Mr. Blaine if he meant to imply that he was a party to any such agreement, and Mr, Blaine promptly replied in the negative, and said that neither Mr. Butler nor Mr. Kellogg could have been parties to the agreement, as they were not then sworn in as membersof the Senate. Senator Hill made aftery and impassioned speech, during which he was frequently interrupted by Senators on the Republican side, in which he items appeared on the treasury books. held that all the facts were so notoriously against the right of Kellogg to hold his seat as to searcely call for argument. He stated that the committee on privileges and elections at the time Mr. Kellogg was admitted absolutely refused to examine witnesses. although repeatedly besought to do so. Subsequently Mr. Kellogg denied this assertion of Mr. Hill, and said that by agreement between himself and Mr. Spofford all the testimony which was considered material was put in before the committee. Mr. Kellogg also took the committee, said the majority had pains to deny that there had been any he and Mr. Butler were admitted. Mr. Blaine again renewed his charge that a bargain had been made, and, with characteristic ingenuity and disingenuous ness, undertook to torture the debate. as given in the official Record, into such construction as to sustain his point. As was said privately on the floor this afternoon, Mr. Blaine can only have one object in insisting on this point, namely, to drive certain Senators on the Democratic side to vote for the unseating of Kellogg against their own convictions of what is right, rather than to vote according to their conscience and subject themselves to the imputation of carrying out an improper bargain. It is known that Mr. Blaine and others on the Republican side are extremely anxious that the Democratic majority shall unseat Mr. Kellogg, as in that event they would expect to make an immense amount of party capital. But it is quite possible that the Democratic Senators who do not believe Mr. Kellogg should be disturbed have sufficient moral courage to be indifferent to the insinuations

SOUTH CAROLINA REPUBLICANS.

and inuendoes of Mr. Blaine.

Meeting of the Convention Yesterday -Resolution Adopted Instructing the Delegation to Vote for Grant.

COLUMBIA, April 28.—The Republican State Convention met in the Hall of the House of Representatives at noon to-day. A temporary organization was effected with closed doors, no reporters being admitted. E. W. M. Mackey (white,) of Charleston, was elected temporary chairman, and Harry Noah, (white,) of Richland, temporary secre-

II. S. Shrewsbury, (colored.) of Chesterfield, offered the following resolution which was adopted by a large majority, there being but few dissenting votes Resolved, That the delegation to represent the State of South Carolina in the National Convention at Chicago to nominate candidates for the offices of President and Vice-President of the United States, are hereby instructed and solemnly pledged to vote as a unit to the end of the contest for the worldrenowed and most available candidate. U. S. Grant, and that upon all questions arising in said convention they are earnestly recommended to vote in like manner, to the end that the true interests of the constituency they represent may be subserved.

# New Advertisements.



HOUSTON COUNTY, PERRY, GA, Jan. 28, 1880. In the year 1863, there were two negro prisoners confined in the juil of this county, who were very badly afflicted with that loathsome disease Syphillis. In my official capacity as Ordinary, I employed Capt. C. T. Swift, then a resident of this place, to cure them, under a contract "no cure no pay." He administered to them his now justly celebrated Syphilitic Specific, and in a few weeks I feit bound, under my contract, to pay him out of the county treasury, as he had effected a complete and radical cure In testimony of the above, I have hereunto set my official signature and seal

A. S. GILES, Ordinary Houston County, Ga.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Feb. 14, 1879.
GENTS: We take pleasure in saying that the S.S. S. is giving good satisfaction. We have had excellent results from a number of cases. One gentleman who had been contined to his bed for slightly warm weather. The first race for two year old colts, half mile dash, for a purse of \$300 type were last the first race great chamberlain; Earl of Sydney, praise of it. It also acts as well in primary as in

Prepared only by the SWIFT SPECIFIC COM-PANY, Atlanta, Ga. Sold by T. C. Smith and L. R. Wriston & Co. Call on your druggist for a copy of "Young Men's Friends" apr27-d&w1m.

# Tobacco. &c.



Tobacco grown in Western North Carolina is oted for its good smoking qualities, the best of sed in this brand. Ask your nearest merchant for a sample package; or, if you are a dealer, write to me for circulars and wholesale prices. Address

J. S. TOMLINSON, Hickory, N. C.

BOARDING BOARDING can be obtained by applying to S. B. MEACHAM, apri4 Near Air-Line Depot.

# OUR STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES For the Spring and Summer Trade.

Is now very full, and is particularly adapted to the wants of all classes, both in the city and surrounding country. We keep Goods of THE VERY BEST MAKES, warrant every pair of them, and will sell them at prices as low as they can be made by close buying by one thoroughly posted in the business. Our stock of Ladies' Fine Button Boots, Congress Gaiters, Slippers and Newport Ties, and of Gents' Hand-Made Goods, in Congress Gaiters, Prince Alberts, Navy, and Strap Ties, cannot be surpassed in GOOD QUALITY, Style and Beauty of Finish. Buy only the best. Shoddy Goods are always the dearest.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.,
Trade Street, under Central Hotel.

BACK ACHE IS AT ONCE CURED BY BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS. IT IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS.

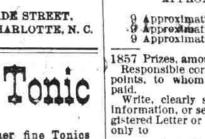
In every way Superior to the Ordinary, Slow-acting Porous Plasters.

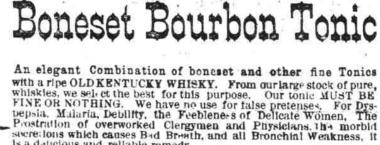
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BEDDING, &C. A FULL LINE OF

Cheap Bedsteads, Parlor & Chamber Suits.

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Burial bes a fine supply. NO. 5 WEST TRADE STREET.





CHAMBERS & BROWN, Louisville, Ky.

Liquors.

McD. ARLEDGE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Whiskies and Tobaccos.

CORNER COLLEGE AND SECOND STS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. THANKING his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in the past, he begs to in-

form them that he has made arrangements with the distillers in the mountains that enable him to keep a full supply of North Carolina Corn Whiskey and Apple Brandy on hand, and he is prepared to offer special inducements to close buyers, and thinks he can make it to their interest to see him before purchasing elsewhere.

before purchasing elsewhere.

All ORDERS will have his best attention

F. C. MUNZLER,

BOUNDARY AVENUE

BEER GARDEN

THE FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT

MAYOR'S OFFICE, March 31st, 1880.

registrars and inspectors for said election, for

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held on the first Monday of May, being the 3rd day of the month, 1880, at the usual pelling places in the several wards in the city of Charlotte, for a

Mayor and a Board of Aldermen, for the said city:
Ward No. 1—Registrar, F. A. McNinch; inspectors, J. W. Wadsworth, R. M. Miller and Chas, A.

Ward No. 2—Registrar, Walter Brem; inspectors, Wm. M. Wilson, McD. Atledge and G. W. Bryan.

Ward No. 3 – Registrar. B. P. Boyd; Inspectors H. McGinn, Jno. E. Brown and H. Edwards.

Ward No. 4—Registrar, B. P. Waring: inspectors, J. M. Sims, Wm. B. Nesbit and W. F. Snider.

M. R. ALFXANDER Sheriff, F. I. OSBORNE, Major.

F. I. OSBORNE, Mayor.

lowest market prices.

Descriptfully.

MCD. ARLEDGE.

# SPRING MILLINERY.

M RS. McNELIS would respectfully inform the Ladles of Charlotte and vicinity that she has just returned from the North, with the Largest and most Beautiful STOCK OF MILLINERY EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,

Hats, Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Silks & Satins Authorized by the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

In all the new Shades. Also, a nice line of HAIR GOO S, which will be kept constantly on hand. These Goods were selected with taste which cannot be surpassed, and will be sold at prices that defy DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

MRS. R. M'NELIS, TE NEAT AND STYLISH WORK A SPECIALTY. 21

REGISTERED.

# McSMITH MUSIC HOUSE, CHARLOTTE; N. C.

Musical.





# BRANCH OF LUDDEN & BATES

BAND INSTRUMENTS, ORCUINETTES. ALL KINDS OF

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC. &c.

Send for Illustrated Catalogus and Price H. McSMITH, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

A CARD TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. ROBERTSON, 19 SOUTH EUTAW STREET BALTIMORE, MD.,

From fifteen years experience in hospital and private practice, guarantees a permanent cure in all diseases of the Urinary Organs and of the Nervous System—viz: Organic and Seminal Weakness, System—viz: Organic and Seminal Weakness, Impotency (loss of sexual power), Nervous Debility and Trembling, Palpitation of the Heart, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Pains in the Back and Nocturnal Emissions, etc., all resulting from abuses in youth or excesses in manhood. Diseases recently contracted cured in five to ten days, and the poison entirely eradicated from the system. Alse all skin and blood diseases quickly cured. Dr. Robertson, a graduate of the University of Maryland, refers to any of the leading physicians of Baitimore. Special attention given to all female complaints and irregularties.

All consultations strictly confidential, and medicines sent to any address. Call or write, enclosing stamp for reply.

# Totteries.



SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FOR TUNE-FIFTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION CLASS E, AT NEW ORLEANS.

11th. 1880-120th Monthly Drawing

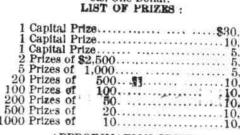
LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY. This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, for the term of twenty-five years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is piedged, which piedge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which it has since added a Reserve Fund of \$350,000. serve Fund of \$350,000.
Its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTION

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$30,000. 100,000 Tickets at Two Dollars each. Half-Tics ets, One Dollar.

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will take place monthly on the second Tuesday.

It never scales or postpones. Look at the follow



APPROXIMATION PRIZES:

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.
Write, clearly stating full address, for further Information, or send orders by express or in a Registered Letter or Money Order by mail, addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, Louisiana or same person at

No. 319 Broadway, New York.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of General G.

T. Beauregard and Jubal A. Early. N. B. - This Company has NO AGENTS in the BRITISH POSSESSIONS, and all persons pretending to be so and soliciting orders by circulars THE PUBLIC WILL TAKE NOTICE.

1st. That the Postmaster General has RE-

SCINDED his order against the delivery of Mails to this Company. 2nd. That this is the only Lottery Company which has ever been declared legal by a United States Court.

3rd. That United States Circuit Court Judge Brown has declared its drawings not fraudulent. 4th. That Registered Letters will henceforth be delivered and Postal Orders paid as formerly. and Fairest in the World

 $19th \equiv$ POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE

Commonwealth Distribution Company,

AT MACAULEY'S THEATRE, In the City of Louisville, on THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1880.

These Drawings authorized by Act of the Legisature of 1869, and sustained by all the Courts of Kentucky occur regularly on the last day of every month (Sundays excepted), and are supervised by rominent citizens of the State.

The Management call attention to the grand opportunity presented of obtaining, for only \$2, any of

THE FOLLOWING PRIZES:

10 Prizes, \$1,000 each,.... 0.000 20 each..... Prizes, \$300 each, Approximation Prizes \$2,700 1,960 Prizes......\$112.400 Whole Tickets. \$2; Half Tickets, \$1; 27 Tickets,

350; 55 Tickets, \$100. All applications for club rates should be made to the home office.

Full list of drawing published in Louisville Couler-Journal and New York Herald, and mailed to all ticket-holders. Remit Money by Mail or Ex. Press. Address R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or at Nos. 307 & 309 Broadway, New Yerk.

SALE OF THE CHIPIOTTE N.C. BEER, CAROLINA CENTRAL Railway. Fresh bottled Lager Beer delivered to any part of the city every morning at 75 cents per dozen bottles. All orders 1-ft at J. Fischesser & Co's. Ice House, in rear of T. L. Seigle & Co. will receive prompt attention.

Tailway.

Under Decree of Foreclosure.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance, of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county. State of North Carolina, made in a cause there pending, wherein Edward Matthews, for himself and others, is plaintiff, and The Carolina Central Hallway Company, and Andrew V. Stout, and Timothy H. Porter, Trustees, and James L. Dawes, and J. Brander Matthews, Trustees, are defendants the understrued, commissioners appointed Is now open to the public, and I will in the fuants, the undersigned, commissioners appointed by the said decree, will sell by public auction to the highest bidder, at the court house door, in the city of Wilmington, in the State of North Caro-lina, on MONDAY, the 31st DAY of MAY, A. D., 1880, at 12 o'clock, M., the entire railroad as the for the citizens of Charlotte. Open from 3 to 8 o'clock p. m. Ice-cold Lager Beer always on hand. same exists and is now used, known as the Caroll ELECTION NOTICE. na Central Raliway, as well the portion now built and completed, extending from the city of Wilmington, in said State of North Carolina, the town of Shelby, in said State, a distance about 242 miles, as also that portion uncomplete and yet to be built, and to extend from the said By virtue of a resolution passed at a late meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Charlotte, I am authorized to advertise that there will be an election by ballot, held in the city on the first Monday in June, A. D., 1880, at the usual polling places, to ascertain the sense of the qualities of the control of the city on the sense of the control of the city on the sense of the control of the city on the city on the city on the city of the city on the city of the town of Shelby to the town of Rutherfordton, in said State, a distance of about 30 miles, with all railways, rights-of-way, depot grounds, and other lands, tracks, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, and other structures, station-houses, engine-houses. car-houses, ware-houses, freight-houses, wood-houses, and other buildings, machine-shops, and other shops, all locomotive engines, tenders, cars, coaches, and other rolling stock and equipments, all gationary engines, machinery, tools, implements, fuel, and materials of all kinds, and all the corporate frequences rights and privileges of The fied voters, on the question of establishing and maintaining by taxation in the city, public graded schools. I am further authorized to state that the maximum rate of taxation shall be one-tenth of one per cent. or ten cents on every one hundred dollars worth of property in the city, and thirty porate franchises, rights, and privileges of The Carolina Central Railway Company; also all the shares of the capital stock of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company held and owned by the said carolina Central Railway Company, and all the right, title, and interest, which the said company has and owns in and to the stock and property of the Wilmington Pathers Potter Company. cents on each poll. At the time designated for the aforesaid election, there shall be elected by ballot two school commissioners from each ward. There will be new registration books opened on the first day of April, A. D. 1880, and the same shall be kept open until syndown on the Sabradashall be kept open until sundown on the Saturday previous to said election. I do hereby appoint as erty of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company as one of the corporators thereof; and also all other the property and estate, real and personal, of every kind and description, of the said Carolina Ward No. 1—F. A. McNinch, registrar; inspec-tors, J. W. Wadsworth, R. M. Miller and Charles tors, J. W. Wadsworth, R. M. Miller and Charles A, Frazier.

Ward No. 2—Walter Brem, registrar; inspectors, Wm. M. Wilson, McD. Arledge and G. W. Bryan.
Ward No. 8—B. P. Boyd, registrar; inspectors, I.
H. McGinn, J. E. Brown and H. Edwards.
Ward No. 4—R. P. Waring, registrar; inspectors, J. M. Sims, Wm. B. Nisbet and W. F. Snider.

apri F. I. OSBORNE, Mayor. Central Raflway Company.

TERMS OF SALE: Purchaser must pay in cash, on the day of sale. One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal instalments at one, two and three months from the day of sale. with interest from that day, at the rate of six per centum per annum; the purchaser can anticipate any or all of the said deferred payments, and any or all of the said deferred payments, and make payment in full of the purchase money at any time before maturity; payment of that portion of the purchase money not hereby required to be paid in cash may be made in whole or in part, either in cash or in the bonds, or past due coupons thereof, secured by the first mortgage from said Carolina Central Railway Company to said Andrew V. Stout and Timothy H. Company to said Andrew V. Stout and Timothy H. Porter, Trustees, of date May 17th, 1873, to the extent of the pro rata per centage of the par value of the said bonds and coupons, which the holders thereof will be entitled to receive upon the distribution of the proceeds of the said sale under the order and decree of said court. Possession will be delivered to the purchaser so soon as the said sale shall have been confirmed by the court, and one half of the purchase mosey paid to the commissioners, and the purchaser shall have assumed all the outstanding contracts and liabilities of the Receivers heretofore appointed in the said cause, and indemnified them against the same.

NATHAN A. STEDMAN, JR.

JUNIUS DAVIS.

Eapr8—Stw for 6suc.w Commissioners.

Eapr8-Stw for 6suc.w