FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1880.

FOR PRESIDENT: HORATIO SEYMOUR OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: WM. H. ENGLISH OF INDIANA.

"God has not breathed the breath of life into the nostrils of the man, or set of men, who can again thwart and defeat the fairly and legally expressed will of this people—mark that!"—Hon. W. H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA, IN NEW YORK HERALD.

INDEPENDENT JOURNALISM-THE OBSERVER.

We allude to this subject to-day more p ricularly to refer to the issue of the WEEKLY OBSERVER which goes | practical results, they have, beside, a out to its readers this week. It has now the largest bona fide circulation of any paper in North Carolina, with possibly three or four exceptions. As it has no canvassing agents it has won its way to popular favor by sheer force of merit. It is now the largest paper in the State, and this week, of its fifty with the news of the past week. It is just such a paper as deserves a welcome in every North Carolina home, where it is impossible to get a daily in ment. It is well for men to have someits stead, and its steady increase in circulation since 1874, when it first took form and shape under substantially its present management is unmistakable evidence of its popularity.

Judged by a critical standard there is little room for improvement in excellence, but there is still room for a few more subscribers, and if our friends will only take the trouble they could easily more than double its circulation and usefulness by increasing the number of its readers. Journalism is a profession as much if not more intricate than either of the other learned professions, and if popularity may safely be measured by success the WEEKLY OB-SERVER is all that the term implies. THE DAILY OBSERVER is a very costly experiment, and the only wonder conected with its publication is that it has been kept up to the standard erected by its management in 1874, but when it is considered that in the expense of conducting the Daily nearly all of the expenses of publishing the WEEKLY are met as well as incurred, it will be seen how easily it is possible to excel most of the country weekly papers, and still keep within the reach of subscribers in the matter of the subscription price.

While THE OBSERVER is a party journal, owing and claiming allegiance and fealty to the great Democratic party, it claims to be independent in the expression of its views, and hews to the line no matter where the chips fall. The time was when Old Tom Ritchie issued his political brutum fulmen, from the sanctum of the old Richmond Enquirer, in the shape of a party manifesto, and the Democratic party of the nation bowed its submission. These times are past. There is a general spread of intelligence among the masses of the people, and they crave the news, asking at the same time to be allowed to form their own opinions. In nothing is this more apparent than the smashing of political slates as arranged by designing politicians. In old times, nominations for public office were mainly determined by wire-pulling, and the check-book of the nominee, and the vote of conventions and political syndicates, so-called, was merely the result of certain previous moves on the political chess-board, where pawns, bishops, knights and castles, were exchanged for others of like value. Sly and covert measures in the interest of the personal or political aggrandizement of some wire-puller, were openly advocated, and conventions, as well as the ballot boxes were made to record the deliberations of secret conclaves. The average man went to the cross-roads politician to find out how to vote on any given question, and nine times out of ten this individual had been previously furnished with a cabalistic key to show him on which side his interests could best be subserved.

To-day the independent newspaper, far-reaching in its influence, goes out into the high-ways and by-ways of politics, and appeals to the intelligence of the masses of the people. The remarkable growth of the independent press in this country within the last decade or so, is evidence of the wonderful growth of independent thought and action among the intelligent and thoughtful geology, mineralogy and botany, salary masses. Prior to the new civilization which has been left to us as a legacy of the war an independent newspaper was a caricature upon the profession of journalism, and an unknown quantity in a partisan political contest. To-day men of both parties seek its columns for information, and not for opinions. Today it is sought by all leaders of parties to find out in which direction political opinion is likely to crystalize. The mission and opportunities of such a journal have been very much enlarged and improved over the former mere party journals that simply registered the decrees of political machines.

It is because THE OBSERVER within certain prescribed political boundaries, onment for not less than ninety days, any one found guilty of the misde-It is because THE OBSERVER within gree that it has gained the weight. influence and popularity which it now enjoys. Bowing before the will of no man or clique, and fighting its battles under the standard of truth its mission has been enlarged, its success assured, and it stands to-day to the Democratic party of North Carolina as a beacon light to warn the Democratic voters of shoals and quicksands, and its march is onward and upward.

The proportions of the boom of the Hon. Thos. Settle for the nomination for Vice-President, on the Republican ticket, are not as magnificent as his Democratic friends in North Carolina desire. They would like to have an opportunity of defeating him again, as they did in 1876.

## OBSERVANCE OF THE 20TH.

We observe with pleasure a general lisposition throughout the State to celebrate the 20th of May. This disposition has been growing for several years, and the Adjutant-General has done much to encourage it by annually ordering out the State Guard for parade. If there is any day in the calendar of North Carolina history that should be observed, it is the 20th; if any deed that should be commemoraanniversaries to pass by unnoticed. There will always be found those who good to come out of such observances, and it may be true that there is no profit in them, of the kind measured by the yardstick, but fortunately this is not the stand ard of public good, as it is not of private worth. Immertal doctrines and heroic deeds are at the basis of our history as a free commonwealth. Full of utility as is their outcome, and abundant and widely-scattered as are their beneficent charm for the imagination, and they carry an inspiration to sturdy loyalty. An incitement to earnest maintenance of the institutions which make this country what it is for us, is found in a frequent recurrence to the early events in its career. The self-sacrificing devotion and nobility of spirit of our revocolumns, forty-three of them bristle lutionary forefathers may be exaggerated in the popular belief; but, even if the belief be an illusion, after all there is nothing to be gained by a disenchant-

> more to find it. A very important meeting-important to the people of this section of North Carolina-was to have been held in New York vesterday. It has been for some time a somewhat open secret that the owners of the Richmond & Danville Railroad have been trying to effect the purchase of the Atlanta & Charlotte Air-Line. These negotiations by previous arrangement, were to have culminated yesterday, one way or the other. This we have from persons here who are in a position to know. Should the sale be made as contemplated, it would put an end to the Virginia Midland scheme of building a connection | frauds in the late election on the subject to Charlotte

Henry Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, the most ardent of Tilden's supporters, is in New York, having a private conference with the old man. He tells a New York World reporter that he has dined with Mr. Tilden every day for a week, but he has not seen any one cut up the food for the old man once, although when alone he may have such assistance in getting the good square meal Henry knows he is still able to eat. Those who put their trust in the story of the old man's paralysis will be hopelessly deceived.

Whether or not the recent bolt of the Grant delegates in Chicago was a brilliant piece of political manævering, so far as the vote of Illinois is concerned, affected the ex-President's chances in other parts of the country. In Washington there is serious talk of withdrawing him from the race, but as the Post remarks, like Macbeth, he is in so far that whether he goes over or turns back makes little difference.

The Associated Press dispatch pubhad recommended an appropriation for a public building in Charlotte, did not give the amount of the appropriation. A letter to the Baltimore Sun says the sum is \$100,000. The public building in Raleigh cost, we believe, something like \$400,000, but we can manage things that sufficient testimony had been takhere better than they do in Raleigh, and would be satisfied with a building costing \$100,000, if that sum be judiciously

The New York Tribune epitomizes the Grant boom when it asserts: "One end of the third term combination rested on the solid South and the other end on the unit rule, and both supports have broken under the pressure."

SOUTH CAROLINA UNIVERSITY. Election of Professors for the Agricul-

tural College. COLUMBIA, May 12.- A full meeting of the board of trustees of the South Carolina University was held at the Governor's office to-night. The following gentlemen were elected as the faculty of the Agricultural College: Wm. Porcher Miles, of Virginia, president and professor of English literature, salary \$2,500; Dr. Joseph LeConte, of the University of California, professor of \$2,500; Col. Benjamin Sloan, of Adger Collge, professor of mathematics and University, Baltimore, professor of chemistry, salary \$2,000; Mr. Jesse Jones, of Charleston, foreman of the mechanical department, salary \$750. The election of a foreman of the farm

in August next.

State Medical Convention. WILMINGTON, N. C., May 12.-There is a full attendance upon the medical convention now in session here, and the session thus far has been very pleasant. The first important measure yet brought before the body is a communication from the Edgecombe County Medical Society, the substance of which meanor of practicing medicine or surgery in this State contrary to the statute which incorporated the State Medical Society and established the State Board of Medical Examiners. That statute makes it a misdemeanor for any one to practice medicine and surgery in North gaged in practice prior to the passage of the law in question. The Edgeconice Society also asks for the passage of a law creating a board to examine drug-gists in this State, and also for a law requiring that in all cases of death, berequiring that in all cases of death, before burial, the certificate of a physician
shall be furnished, and when no physician attended, that the certificate of a
justice of the peace shall be furnished.
The whole subject was referred to a
special committee of five, to report at
this session. The following are the
committee: Drs. S. S. Satchwell, John
McDonald, W. T. Ennett, Thos. J. Moore
and H. M. Alford.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

SYNOPSIS OF YESTERDAY'S PRO-CEEDINGS. WASHINGTON, May 13.—House.—
The House met at 10.80 in continuance of Wednesday's session. The Speaker announced the appointment of Culberson, of Texas, as a member of the commitee to investigate the alleged corrup-Donnelly vs. Washburne, in the place of Reagan, of Texas, resigned.

The House then went into commit-tee of the whole, Cox, of New York, in ted, it is that performed a hundred and the chair, on the legislative, executive five years ago. We cannot afford to all and judicial appropriation bill. Owing low these deeds to be fergotten, nor the perhaps to the small attendance of members the reading of the bill was not inter u pted until the clauses were reached relating to the office of the can see, or affect to be able to see, no commissioner of internal revenue. At this point Dibrell, of Tennesse, offered an amendment providing that the salaries of storekeepers and gaugers at all distilleries that mash less than sixty bushels of grain per day shall not exceed fifty dollars per month while the distilleries are in operation, and thirtyfive dollars while not in operation, and at all other distilleries the stoorkeepers and gaugers shall not receive exceeding fifty dollars while the distilleries are not in operation.

Baker, of Indiana, opposed the amendment, asserting that the effect of it would be to injure the faithful and honest administration of the internal

A vote on the amendment resulted 51 to 32, and the point of no quorum was raised by Baker. A call of the roll was then ordered, which showed the presence of a quorum. The question recurred upon the amendment, which Garfield characterized as the moonshine amendment, and it was agreed to, 81 to 68. Pending further debate the committee rose and the session of Wednesday came to a close and that of Thursday was commenced. Herbert, of Alabama, asked unani-

mous consent to take from the Speakthing human to venerate even if they er's desk the Senate bill appropriating have to look back a hundred years or \$40,000 for the erection of a public building at Montgomery, Ala. A request of this character is very rarely granted when it relates to a bill of this importance, and Herbert felt much complimented when his request was granted and the bill passed.

At 3:15 the House went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. After considering the bill as far as the 40th page, without making any changes, the committee rose and the House took a recess until 7:30 p. m., the evening session to be for consideration of the reports from the committee on Indian affairs.

SENATE.-Gordon presented a memorial of the Press Association of Georgia in reference to the oppressive duty on Referred. Blair presented the views of the minority of the committee on the alleged

of disfranchisement in Rhode Island. Laid on the table. Platt said as he was not now a memsign the minority report, but as a former member thereof he wished to state

that he fully concurred in the report. The bill to abolish all tolls on the Louisville and Portland canal after July 1, 1880, was read a third time and passed. The bill to provide additional accommodations for the congressional library was taken up and discussed, but at the expiration of the morning hour went over without action.

The Senate then resumed the consid-

eration of the Kellogg-Spofford resolu-

tions, Mr. Hampton, of South Carolina, having the floor. Mr. Hampton said he was not a lawyer, but proposed to discuss the matter on generally recognized principles of justice and right, endeavoring to free himself from partisan feeling. There were cases, and this was one, where Senators should lay aside sectional prejudices and party alleit is admitted that it has very seriously giance. He did not impute to Mr. Spofford or his friends any improper motives, and therefore he was pained to differ from them and from his party associates with whom he held so many views in common. They would at least credit him with sincerity in this difference. Mr. Kellogg's credentials were presented in January, 1877, and referred to a committee in March; Mr. Spofford's ties consented to the consideration of lished yesterday announcing that the certain evidence taken by other inves-House committee on public buildings | tigating committees. The Senate also | Blaine men. A motion to adopt the passed a resolution authorizing the committee has full authority to investigate all the merits of the case. Mr. Spofford at one time filed a request for more evidence which was denied by the committee on the ground en. This ruling Mr. Hampton thought unjust, but it was undoubtedly fully competent for the committee to decide when to stop taking testimony. If a committee abuses its power in this respect, an appeal can be taken. The Senate at that time announced its deliberate judgment that Mr. Kellogg was entitled to his seat, yet it is now ciaimed that that action had no binding effect. Mr. Hampton could not admit the principle that the settlement of the contested case on its merits could be overthrown at will upon the accession of a majority of a different party. If this case can be re-heard now, what is to prevent its being heard again and again? In all litigation there must be some end of the strife, and in the spirit

of law, this case should rest where it is. Mr. Hampton then cited a number of authorities and precedents in this country and England to show that it was a well established principle that when a case was once settled upon its merits. it could not be re-opened. The consequences of leaving titles to seats forever open to question were more disastrous than to have an occasional case wrongly settled. The whole weight of authority seemed to him (Hampton) to show that the Senate acted judiciously natural philosophy, salary \$2,000; Dr. and that its action was final. He had Wm. Burney, of the Johns Hopkins carefully avoided the political aspect of the case. He dared not trust himself to enter too deeply into that question. All his sympathies were with the contestant and with the State of Louisiana, which had suffered so great a wrong; was postponed until the regular meeting | but the Senate had no power to redress the wrong; time, the great healer, could alone assuage her wounds. He hoped national Grand Lodge of Colored Mathe wrong; time, the great healer, could the people of that State, with whom his | sons of North America is in triennial own people had so much in common. would not miscontrue his action.

At the conclusion of Hampton's speech Carpenter took the floor and occupied the remainder of the afternoon with an argument in support of Kellogg's rights to the seat.

The Senate then adjourned. The debate will be continued to-morrow by Pendleton, who obtained the floor at the conclusion of Carpenter's remarks.

The ways and means committee this morning adopted a substitute for the resolution of Phelps, which provides for the adjournment of Congress on the 31st of May, and instructed Gibson Carolina who has not a license from such board, unless such person was enthe income tax bill

It is a Well Known Fact. among physicians that Buchu Juniper and Parera Brava in combination are the best remedies in the world for any disease of the Bladder or Kidneys, and that no less than one half of the human family, both male and female, suffer from derangement of those organs and neglect or fallure to use proper remedies hurry many to untimely graves. Numerous combinations have been tried for Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Bright's Disease, Weakness in Back and Hips, produced by derangement of Bladder and Kidneys, but none with such happy results as Bankin's Extract of Buchu and Juniper. If you suffer from any disease of those organs, get a bottle-one or two will relieve you.

Prepared only by Hunt, Bankin & Lamar, Atlants, Ga. Sold by Wilson & Burwell, and L. R, Wriston & Co., FOREST FIRES.

Great Destruction of Property in the Oil Region of Pennsylvania. BRADFORD, PA., May 13.-A fire again started in the timber land at the head of Foster Brook Valley yesterday. That section is thickly studded with derricks and tanks. The wind was blowing a gale and the fire swept over the ridge, consuming everything in its path. Contion in the contested election case of tinuing, the fire swept down Tram Hollow, a prolific portion of the oil field, burning rigs, small tanks and buildings. The villages of Oil Centre and Middoughville, with the exception of one or two houses, were entirely destroyed. At 10 o'clock last night the 25,000-barrel tank of Mitchell & Jones was in flames. No villages being located near, the danger from that source was not great. At Baker's Trestle, en the Kendall & Eldred Railroad, a 5,000-barrel tank also took fire. The town of Duke Centre, a place of one thousand inhabitants, was threatened, but was still safe at mid-

A LITTLE BOX.

The Infernal Little Trick Sent by Mail to the New York Spanish Consul-

NEW YORK, May 13.- A dastardly attempt was made yesterday by some par-ty or parties to kill Spanish Consul General Hypolito d'Uriaste. It appears that when his letters were brought to his office among them was a package about 8 inches by 3. The consul at-tempted to open it when it exploded and balls of fire shot out, burning the carpet and the consul's coat and hands. but doing no other damage. An examination showed that the box contained gun powder, large percussion caps, an dwhat was supposed to be nitroglycerine, and arranged to explode when the top was taken off. It was post-marked Philadelphia and New York, and supposed to be a Cuban plot to kill the Spanish official.

The Town of Stuyvesant, New York, Burned.

HUDSON, N. Y., May 13.—The village of Stuyvesant, eleven miles north of this city, was destroyed by fire this morning, involving a loss of over \$200,-000. The fire caught from the store house of the New York and Catskill Steamshlp Company. Among the buildings burned are the postoffice, railroad depot, Stuyvesant iron foundry, St. Mary's church, and all the buildings on both sides of the railroad track, covering a radius of more than a square mile. Among the fine residences destroyed is that of Senator Wendover. A tramp giving the name of James Smith was arrested and lodged in jail here charged with causing the fire.

The General Conference--- Election of

CINCINNATI, May 18.-The General Conference to-day voted to elect two missionary secretaries, and to authorber of that committee, he could not | ize the board of managers to employ such additional assistance as they deem necessary. The election of these secretaries proceeded by ballot, in the same manner as for Bishops. The first ballot resulted in the choice of Rev. Dr. J. M. Reed, the present incumbent, and Rev. C. H. Fowler. A ballot was then taken for corresponding secretary of the Church Extension Society, the canaidates being Rev. A. J. Kynett, the present incumbent, and Rev. Honier Eaton. The result will be announced at the next session of the conference.

The English Strikers.

London, May 13 .- About 12,000 weavers at Blackburn struck yesterday, and algreat part of the remainder will probably quit work to-day, but the element of bitterness which characterized the last strike is not present in this one, nor is it certain that a majority of weavers would have decided in favor of the strike had the question been submitted to a ballot. An early disintegration of the strike is therefore expected.

West Virginia Republicans.

WHEELING, May 13.—A. W. Campbell was elected delegate at large. A contest occurred in the selection of delewere presented in October. Both par- gates in the third district. Two reports were made, the majority by the Sherman men and the minority by the minority report gave rise to a long and committee to take full and original evi- excited debate, but was finally carried. dence. There was no doubt that the | The delegates to Chicago were instructed to vote for Blaine.

Gladstone's Letter.

London, May 13.-A Vienna dispatch says the publication of Granville's note and Gladstone's letter is much appreciated here. Granville recently warmly assured Count Karolye that the British government was animated by a most sincere desire to cultivate friendly relations with Austria, and he expressed satisfaction at the Austro-German understanding.

Ex-Senator Bayard's Condition.

WILMINGTON, DEL., May 13.—Ex-Senator Jas. A. Bayard is much weaker to-day, and apparently sinking rapidly He resists the efforts of his attendants to give him nourishment, and it is feared that without an effort on his part to rally his life can be prolonged but a few days.

Explosion of a Powder Mill.

POTTSVILLE, May 13.—The Mahoning powder mill, near Ashland, exploded this morning, killing Elwood Benseman, and injuring five others. It is not known whether any more were killed or not, as the mill is on fire and cannot be approached.

An ex-Governor Seriously Ill.

NASHVILLE, May 13 .- Ex-Gov. Henry S. Foote, superintendent of the United States mint at New Orleans, is reported ly ing at the point of death at his residence five miles from this city. He has been afflicted with cancer of the scalp and confined to his room for several weeks.

Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Colored Masons.

session here, with representatives from eight States and delegates still expected from several other States.

Death of a Tobacconist.

DANVILLE, VA., May 13.-W. W. Keen, a well known tobacco dealer, planter and speculator, died this morn-

ADVERTISING CHEATS. It has become so common to write the begin-ning of an elegant, interesting article and then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such cheats and simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bittters in as plain honest terms as possible, to induce people to give them one trial, as no one who knows their value will ever use anything

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Rev. Sylvanus Cobb thus writes in the Boston Christian Freeman:—We would by no means recommend any kind of medicine which we did not know to be good—particularly for infants. But of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic pains, quiet sleep, and its parents unknown rest at night. Most parents can appreciate these blessings. Here is an article which works to perfection, and which is harmless; for the sleep which it affords the infant is perfectly natural, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." And during the process of teething, its value is incalculable. We have frequently heard mothers say they would not be without it from the birth of the child till it had finished with the teething slege, on any consideration whatever. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle.

OUR STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES

For the Spring and Summer Trade.

Is now very full, and is particularly adapted to the wants of all classes, both in the city and surrounding country. We keep Goods of THE VERY BEST MAKES, warrant every pair of them, and will sell them at prices as low as they can be made by close buying by one thoroughly posted in the business. Our stock of Ladies' Fine Button Boots, Congress Gaiters, Slippers and Newport Ties, and of Gents' Hand-Made Goods, in Congress Gaiters, Prince Alberts, Navy, and Strap Ties, cannot be surpassed in GOOD QUALITY, Style and Beauty of Finish. Buy only the best. Shoddy Goods are always the dearest.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.,
Trade Street, under Central Lotel.

BURGESS NICHOLS, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

BEDDING, &C. A FULL LINE OF Cheap Bedsteads,

Parlor & Chamber Suits. COFFINS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Burial NO. 5 WEST TRADE STREET. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

BACK ACHE IS AT ONCE CURED BY BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS.

IT IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS. In every way Superior to the Ordinary, Slow-acting Porous Plasters.



REGISTERED.

## Boneset Bourbon Tonic

An elegant Combination of boneset and other fine Tonics with a ripe OLDKENTUCKY WHISKY. From our large stock of pure, whiskies, we select the best for this purpose. Our tonic MUST BE FINE OR NOTHING. We have no use for false pretenses. For Dyspepsia, Malaria, Debility, the Feebleness of Delicate Women. The Prostration of overworked Clergymen and Physicians, the morbid secretions which causes Bad Breath, and all Bronchial Weakness, it is a delicious and reliable remedy.

CHAMBERS & BROWN, Louisville, Ky.

mar@deod6m-wew6m

Miscellancons.

COTTON FACTORY

740 ACRES OF LAND.

and machinery belonging thereto, Cotton Gin and Press, Saw Mill and Grist Mill, all in successful operation, the factory running Thirteen Hundred Spindies. With the factory, gin, mills, and thirty tenement houses, will be soid as part thereof, about Two Hundred and Fifty acres of Land, on which said factory and mills are situate, the same lying on both sides of the South Fork of the Ca tawba, and embracing, besides the factory site, another good water-power on the opposite side of

property is two miles from a depet on the Air-Line Railroad. The residue of said tract of land, to-wit: About Five Hundred acres, will be sold, cut into three or more tracts of convenient size, and is valuable agricultural land. TERMS OF SALE:-The factory, mills and land attached will be sold and purchaser required to pay \$8,400 cash, and the residue of the purchase money on one, two and three year's time with in-terest at 8 per cent., bond and good security required, and also mortgage on the property. Pos-session given immediately. On the remainder of the lands, one-fourth cash will be required, and the deferred payments upon the same terms as

Railway.

Under Decree of Foreclosure.

Hallway Company, and Andrew V. Stout, and Timothy H. Porter, Trustees, and James L. Dawes, and J. Brander Matthews, Trustees, are defend-ants, the undersigned, commissioners appointed by the said decree, will sell by public auction to the highest bidder, at the court house door, in the city of Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, on MONDAY, the 31st DAY of MAY, A. D., 1880, at 12 o'clock, M., the entire railroad as the same exists and is now used, known as the Carolina, Central Railway, as well the portion now na Central Railway, as well the portion now built and completed, extending from the city of Wilmington, in said State of North Carolina, to tue town of Shelby, in said State, a distance of about 242 miles, as also that portion uncomplete and yet to be built, and to extend from the said town of Shelby to the town of Rutherfordton, in said State, a distance of about 30 miles, with all railways, rights-of-way, depot grounds, and other lands, tracks, bridges, viaduets, culverts, fences, and other structures, station-houses, engine-houses, car-houses, ware-houses, freight-houses, wood-houses, the station of the structures of the station of the es, and other buildings, machine shops, and other shops, all locomotive engines, tenders, cars, coaches, and other rolling stock and equipments, all zationary engines, machinery, tools, implements, fuel, and materials of all kinds, and all the corporate franchises, rights, and privileges, of The Carolina Central Railway Company; also all the shares of the capital stock of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company held and owned by the said Carolina Central Hallway Company, and all the right, title, and interest, which the said company has and owns in and to the stock and property of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company,

TERMS OF SALE: Purchaser must pay in cash, on the day of sale, One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal instalments at one, two and three months from the day of sale, with interest from that day, at the rate of six per centum per annum, the purchaser can anticipate any or all of the said deferred payments, and make payment in full of the purchase money at any time before maturity; payment of that portion of the purchase money not hereby required to be paid in cash may be made in whole or in part, either in cash or in the bonds, or past due coupons thereof, secured by the first mortgage from said Carolina Central Railway Company to said Andrew V. Stout and Timothy H. Porter, Trustees, of date May 17th, 1873, to the extent of the pro rata per centage of the par value of the said bends and coupons, which the holders thereof will be entitled to receive upon the distribution of the proceeds of the said sale under the order and decree of said court. Possession will be delivered to the purchaser so soon as the sa'd sale delivered to the purchaser so soon as the sa'd sale shall have been confirmed by the court, and ene half of the purchase money paid to the commissioners, and the purchaser shall have assumed all the outstanding contracts and liabilities of the Receivers heretofore appointed in the said c use, and indemnified them against the same.

NATHAN A. S'ELDMAN, JR.

JUNIUS DAVIS,

apr8—3tw for 6suc.w Commissioners.

as one of the corporators thereof; and also all other the property and estate, real and personal, of every kind and description, of the said Carolina

Central Rallway Company.

Board Wanted.

BOARD for Lady and Gentleman. Private fam-lly preferred, Address ENQUIRER, Observer Office,

Commissioners.

Groceries.

WHOLESALE

GROCERS.

MILLER'S PATENT

FAMILY FLOUR

FINEST

TO BE OLD

BY v'rtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Gaston county, I will expose to public sale at Ballas, Gaston countr, North Carolina, On Monday, 7th June, 1880, 12 o'clock Noon, the following valuable property, to-wit: The

STOWEVILLE COLTAN FACTORY,

the factors, the purchaser in all cases having the option to pay the cash in full. SALE AT DALLAS. 7th of JUNE, 1880, NOON. K. L. GAITHER. SALE OF THE

IN THE WORLD. CAROLINA CENTRAL

College and Fourth Streets. BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance, of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, State of North Carolina, made in a cause there pending, wherein Edward Matthews, for himself and others, is plaintiff, and The Carolina Central JUST RECEIVED,

10 Barrels

CHOICE NORTHERN DEACH BLOW

POTATOES.

Call Early and Secure a

BARREL.

Chas. R. Jones. OBSERV+R BUILDING.

Professional.

DR. R. C. DAVIS. A GRADUATE OF THE

Medical University of New York.

Having permanently located in Charlotte, of-fers his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity. Office in Charlotte Hotel. may 11—d&w2w\*

Musical.

McSMITH MUSIC HOUSE,





BAND INSTRUMENTS,

ORGUINETTES. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Price H. McSMITH.

Tiquors.



CHARLOTTE, N. C.

McD. ARLEDGE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Whiskies and Tobaccos,

THANKING his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in the past, he begs to inform them that he has made arrangements with the distillers in the mountains that enable him to keep a full supply of North Carolina Corn Whiskey and Apple Brandy on hand, and he is prepared to offer special inducements to cose buyers, and thinks he can make it to their interest to see him before purchasing elsewhere.

All ORDERS will have his best attention and the lowest marks prices. MCD, All E. G.

F. C. MUNZLER.

Kespectfally.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. Fresh bottled Lager Beer delivered to any part of the city every morning at 75 cents per dozen bottles. All orders left at J. Fischesser & Co's. Ice House, in rear of T. L. Seigle & Co. will receive prompt attention.

BOUNDARY AVENUE BEER GARDEN

Is now open to the public, and I will in the future, as in the past, make it THE FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT

for the citizens of Charlotte. Open from 3 to 8 o'clock p. m | Ice-cold Lager Beer always on hand. | apr27. Tobacco, &c.



noted for its good smoking qualities, the best of used in this brand. Ask your nearest merchant for a sample pack age; or, if you are a dealer, write to me for circu-lars and wholesale prices. Address J. S. TOMLINSON, Hickory, N. C.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND STORED IN MY ICE HOUSE, on Corner Trade and Trade

A CAR LOAD OF

Northern Ice!

Am now prepared, on short notice, to fill all orders

either from the city or adjoining towns, that

may be entrusted to my care and hope by PROMPTNESS, POLITINESS, AND CLOSE

ATTENTION TO BUSINESS,

To merit a SH/RE of the Public Patronage. Respectfully.

J. T. JULIAN.